Table S1The demographics of the sample stratified by the number of quality check indexes failed

Demographics	Failed none quality checks (<i>n</i> = 125)	Failed one quality check (<i>n</i> =54)	Failed two or more quality checks $(n = 31)$
	Mean (SD)/ Frequency (%)	Mean (SD)/ Frequency (%)	Mean (SD)/ Frequency (%)
Age	37.73 (11.07)	35.56 (11.39)	34.19 (9.31)
Female	53 (42.4)	19 (35.2)	6 (19.4)
Education	15.51 (2.11)	15.69 (1.88)	15.94 (2.73)
Individual income			
Less than \$9,999	10 (8.0)	4 (7.4)	0 (0)
\$10,000-\$29,999	31 (24.8)	13 (24.1)	4 (12.9)
\$30,000-\$49,999	38 (30.4)	15 (27.8)	6 (19.4)
\$50,000-\$69,999	25 (20.0)	10 (18.5)	11 (35.5)
\$70,000-\$89,999	10 (8.0)	8 (14.8)	9 (29.0)
More than \$90,000	11 (8.8)	4 (7.4)	1 (3.2)
Household income			
Less than \$9,999	3 (2.4)	1 (1.9)	0 (0)
\$10,000-\$29,999	22 (17.6)	9 (16.7)	3 (9.7)
\$30,000-\$49,999	25 (20.0)	12 (22.2)	7 (22.6)
\$50,000-\$69,999	27 (21.6)	12 (22.2)	11 (35.5)
\$70,000-\$89,999	14 (11.2)	11 (20.4)	6 (19.4)
More than \$90,000	34 (27.2)	9 (16.7)	4 (12.9)

Table S2The numbers of nonsystematic delay discounting responses using the cutoffs in Johnson and Bickel (2008)

	Criterion 2		
	Pass	Fail	
Criterion 1			
Pass	135	11	
Fail	30	34	