## **Supplementary Online Content**

Dhingra LS, Aminorroaya A, Oikonomou EK, et al. Use of wearable devices in individuals with or at risk for cardiovascular disease in the US, 2019 to 2020. *JAMA Netw Open*. 2023;6(6):e2316634. doi:10.1001/jamanetworkopen.2023.16634

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This supplementary material has been provided by the authors to give readers additional information about their work.

## eMethods. Details About Health Information National Trends Survey (HINTS) 2019 and 2020

Cycle 3 of HINTS 5 was conducted from January to April 2019, via an online web pilot survey and via mail-in surveys. The response rates for the paper-only mail-in survey and the web pilot survey were 30.2% and 30.6%, respectively. HINTS 5 Cycle 4 was conducted from February to June 2020, via a paper-only mail-in survey. The response rate for HINTS 5 Cycle 4 was 36.7%.

Accounting for patterns of historically observed nonresponse and noncoverage, HINTS used data from the American Community Survey conducted by the US Census Bureau and the National Health Interview Survey to calibrate the selection weights for participants. Each HINTS participant received a set of one full-sample weight and 50 replicate weights. The full-sample weights were computed by calculating household- and individual-level initial weights, accounting for historically observed patterns of non-response and calibrating individual-level weights to population counts. The replicate weights were computed according to the 'delete one' jackknife replication method. Because HINTS is conducted with a random sample of adults and weighted to the US population, these survey methods allow for inference of nationally representative estimates.

From 2019 onwards, HINTS included the following questions about the use of wearable devices for health monitoring:

track your health or activity? For example, a Fitbit, AppleWatch or Garmin Vivofit...

WearableDevTrackHealth: B9. In the past 12 months, have you used an electronic wearable device to monitor or

WearableDevTrackHealth	Value Label
-9	Missing data (Not Ascertained)
-7	Missing data (Web partial - Question Never Seen)
1	Yes
2	No

• FreqWearDevTrackHealth: B10. In the past month, how often did you use a wearable device to track your health?

FreqWearDevTrackHealth	Value Label
-9	Missing data (Not Ascertained)
-7	Missing data (Web partial - Question Never Seen)
-6	Missing data (Filter Missing)
-5	Multiple responses selected in error
-2	Question answered in error (Commission Error)
-1	Inapplicable, coded 1 in WearableDevTrackHealth
1	Everyday
2	Almost everyday
3	1-2 times per week
4	Less than once per week
5	I did not use a wearable device in the past month

• WillingShareData\_HCP: B11a. Would you be willing to share health data from your wearable device with your health care provider?

WillingShareData_HCP	Value Label
-9	Missing data (Not Ascertained)
-7	Missing data (Web partial - Question Never Seen)
-6	Missing data (Filter Missing)
-2	Question answered in error (Commission Error)
-1	Inapplicable, coded 1 in WearableDevTrackHealth
1	Yes
2	No

**eFigure.** Use of Wearables Among US Adults With Cardiovascular Disease or Cardiovascular Risk Factors Before and After Adjustment for Sociodemographic Differences



## **Use of Wearables Among US Adults**

Abbreviations: CV, Cardiovascular; CVD, Cardiovascular Disease; OR, Odds Ratio; US, United States

**eTable 1.** Demographic Characteristics, Cardiovascular Disease, and Cardiovascular Risk Factors in Health Information National Trends Survey Respondents, 2019 and 2020

Characteristic	Participa 2019 (N	nts of HINTS, and 2020 I=9303)	Participa (I	ants with CVD N=933)	Participa (N	ants at risk of CVD I=5185)				
	Number (%)	Weighted Percentage (95% Cl)	Number (%)	Weighted Percentage (95% CI)	Number (%)	Weighted Percentage (95% CI)				
Demographics										
Age Group										
18-49	2864 (31.4%)	50% (48% to 52%)	72 (7.82%)	17% (13% to 23%)	1292 (25.3%)	45% (42% to 47%)				
50-64	2829 (31.0%)	29% (28% to 31%)	228 (24.8%)	34% (20% to 40%)	1750 (34.3%)	33% (31% to 35%)				
>65	3431 (37.6%)	21% (19% to 22%)	621 (67.4%)	49% (43% to 54%)	2066 (40.4%)	23% (21% to 24%)				
Sex	, ,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		· · · · ·					
Male	3797 (41.8%)	49% (47% to 51%)	487 (53.3%)	57% (51% to 63%)	2122 (41.6%)	49% (47% to 52%)				
Female	5277 (58,2%)	51% (49% to 53%)	427 (46.7%)	43% (37% to 49%)	2976 (58,4%)	51% (48% to 53%)				
Race and Ethnicity			(101170)		(001170)					
Non-Hispanic	5187	63%	530	71%	2771	62%				
White	(62.2%)	(62% to 65%)	(67.5%)	(65% to 76%)	(59.3%)	(60% to 64%)				
Non-Hispanic	1158	11%	103	10%	807	14%				
Black	(13.9%)	(10% to 12%)	(13.1%)	(7% to 14%)	(17.3%)	(12% to 15%)				
Hispanic	1326 (15.9%)	17% (16% to 18%)	104 (13.2%)	12% (8% to 17%)	742 (15.9%)	17% (15% to 19%)				
Other	669 (8,0%)	8% (7% to 9%)	48 (6.11%)	7% (4% to 11%)	353 (7.55%)	7% (6% to 9%)				
	(0.070)		ular Risk F	actors	(10070)					
	933	8%	933		- (()					
CVD	(10.2%)	(7% to 9%)	(100%)	-	0 (0%)	-				
Any Cardiovascular Risk Factor	6042 (67.0%)	62% (60% to 64%)	818 (88.2%)	89% (86% to 91%)	5185 (100%)	-				
Hypertension	4088 (44.9%)	36% (34% to 38%)	723 (78.5%)	76% (71% to 80%)	3344 (64.7%)	55% (53% to 58%)				
Diabetes Mellitus	1974 (21.7%)	18% (16% to 19%)	406 (44.3%)	43% (37% to 48%)	1561 (30,4%)	26% (24% to 28%)				
Obesity	3044 (33.8%)	34% (32% to 36%)	390 (42 7%)	44% (38% to %50)	2643 (51.8%)	56% (53% to 59%)				
Cigarette	1053	13%	122	17%	916	22%				
Smoking	(11.5%)	(12% to 15%)	(13.4%)	(12% to 22%)	(17.9%)	(20% to 24%)				
		Socioeco	nomic Fac	tors						
Education										
Post- Baccalaureate Degree	1692 (18.8%)	12% (11% to 13%)	113 (12.5%)	7% (5% to 9%)	825 (16.3%)	10% (9% to 11%)				
College Education	5053 (56.1%)	58% (56% to 60%)	466 (51.7%)	55% (48% to 62%)	2781 (55.0%)	55% (52% to 57%)				

Up to High School	2258	31%	322	38%	1452	35%
Graduate	(25.1%)	(29% to 32%)	(35.7%)	(32% to 45%)	(28.7%)	(33% to 38%)
Household						
Income						
> ¢=0.000	4563	59%	321	37%	2364	55%
>\$00,000	(55.3%)	(57% to 61%)	(39.2%)	(31% to 43%)	(51.2%)	(53% to 57%)
\$20,000 to \$50,000	2155	24%	269	41%	1297	25%
\$20,000 to \$50,000	(26.1%)	(23% to 26%)	(32.8%)	(34% to 48%)	(28.1%)	(23% to 28%)
<\$20,000	1528	17%	229	22%	959	19%
<\$20,000	(18.5%)	(15% to 18%)	(28.0%)	(18% to 27%)	(20.8%)	(18% to 21%)
Residence						
Motropoliton	8163	86%	801	86%	4502	84%
Metropolitari	(87.8%)	(85% to 87%)	(85.9%)	(82% to 89%)	(86.8%)	(82% to 86%)
Non Motropoliton	1139	14%	132	14%	683	16%
Non-wetropolitan	(12.2%)	(13% to 15%)	(14.1%)	(11% to 18%)	(13.2%)	(14% to 18%)

Abbreviations: CI, Confidence Intervals; CVD, Cardiovascular Disease; HINTS, Health Information National Trends Survey

**eTable 2.** Demographic Distribution of Wearable Use in Individuals With or at Risk of Cardiovascular Disease

	Ir	Individuals with CVD Individuals at risk			Individuals at risk of CVD (N-5185)		
Charactoristic	Numbo	(N=933) Waightad		Numbo	(IN=DIOD) Weighted		
Characteristic	Numbe	Porcontaga <sup>a</sup>		Numbe	Porcontogo <sup>a</sup>		
	۲ (۵/ ۵۸		P value	۲ (۹/ ۵۸		P value	
	(70)**		nhiac	(70)**	(95% CI)		
Ago Group		Demogra	apriles				
Age Group	20			460			
19.40	30	34%		402	33%		
10-49	(41.770	(19% to 52%)		(35.6 %	(29% to 38%)		
	/2		-	/33			
50-64	42	18%	0.03	(25.0%	24%	~0.001	
50-04	(10.778	(11% to 27%)	0.05	(20.070	(22% to 27%)	<0.001	
	92		-	282		-	
<u>\65</u>	(15.2%	12%		(13.9%	14%		
200	(10:270	(9% to 17%)		(10:070	(12% to 17%)		
Sex	/			)			
	80			437			
Male	(16.8%	18%		(20.8%	25%		
	)	(13% to 25%)		)	(21% to 28%)		
	82	1001	0.92	737	<b>0-</b> 0 (	0.20	
Female	(19.5%	18%		(25.0%	27%		
	)	(12% to 24%)		)	(25% to 30%)		
Race and Ethnicity	,		•				
<b>F</b>	100	470/		683	000/		
Non-Hispanic White	(19.1%	17%		(24.9%	28% (25% to 24%)		
	)	(13% 10 24%)		)	(25% 10 31%)		
	21	260/		179	210/		
Non-Hispanic Black	(20.6%	20%		(22.3%	(190/ to 260/)		
	)	(11/01049/0)	0.53	)	(10 % 10 20 %)	0.05	
	15	24%	0.55	161	25%	0.05	
Hispanic	(14.4%	(11%  to  44%)		(21.9%	(19% to 31%)		
	)		-	)	(137010-0170)		
	8	12%		99	27%		
Other	(17.4%	(4% to 32%)		(28.4%	(19%  to  36%)		
	)	(170 to 0270)		)	(1070 10 0070)		
	101	Cardiovascular	Risk Facto	ors		1	
	124	18%	0.70	695	23%	0.007	
Hypertension	(17.4%	(13% to 24%)	0.78	(21.0%	(21% to 26%)	0.007	
	)	(,		)	(		
Diebetee Malliture	6/	13%	0.00	292	22%	0.04	
Diabetes Meilitus	(16.8%	(8% to 19%)	0.02	(18.9%	(19% to 26%)	0.04	
	)	. ,		)	. ,		
Obesity	/3 /18 00/	17%	0 60	(25.2%)	28%	0.00	
Obeally	(10.9%)	(11% to 25%)	0.00	(20.270	(25% to 31%)	0.09	
	) 12			)			
Cigarette Smoking	(10.3%)	5%	<0.001	(16.4%	21%	0.02	
	)	(2% to 10%)	20.001	)	(17% to 26%)	0.02	
	/			/			

Socioeconomic Factors							
Education							
Post-Baccalaureate Degree	33 (29.7% )	46% (32% to 60%)		289 (35.3% )	41% (34% to 49%)		
College Education	90 (19.5% )	19% (14% to 27%)	<0.001	719 (26.1% )	31% (27% to 34%)	<0.001	
Up to High School Graduate	36 (11.5% )	11% (6% to 19%)		165 (11.5% )	15% (11% to 18%)		
Household Income							
>\$50,000	86 (26.9% )	31% (24% to 39%)		800 (34.2% )	34% (31% to 38%)		
\$20,000 to \$50,000	39 (14.9% )	12% (6% to 21%)	<0.001	209 (16.3% )	20% (16% to 25%)	<0.001	
<\$20,000	25 (11.1% )	11% (6% to 18%)		84 (8.9%)	13% (9% to 17%)		
Residence							
Metropolitan	151 (19.2% )	19% (15% to 25%)	0.05	1071 (24.0% )	26% (24% to 29%)	0.21	
Non-Metropolitan	// 0.0   17 10%   (13.1% (5% to 20%)		0.05	117 (17.3% )	23% (18% to 28%)	0.21	
<sup>a</sup> Percentages represent row p	percentages (	Percentage of participa	nts reporting v	vearable use)		•	

Abbreviations: CI, Confidence Intervals; CVD, Cardiovascular Disease; HINTS, Health Information National Trends Survey

Frequency of Wearable	Participa 2019 (N	nts of HINTS, and 2020 I=2368)	Participa (N	nts with CVD I=168)	Participants at risk of CVD (N=1188)	
Use	Number Weighted (%) (95% Cl)		Number (%)	Number (%) (95% CI)		Weighted Percentage (95% CI)
Everyday	1148 (49.0%)	49% (45% to 53%)	70 (41.9%)	38% (26% to 50%)	586 (50.0%)	48% (43% to 53%)
Almost Everyday	499 (21.3%)	23% (20% to 26%)	33 (19.8%)	24% (14% to 36%)	244 (20.8%)	23% (19% to 27%)
1-2 times per week	218	9%	13	8%	97	8%
Less than once per week	(9.31%) 174 (7.43%)	(7% to 11%) 7% (5% to 9%)	(7.78%) 15 (8.98%)	(3% to 16%) 5% (2% to 10%)	(8.28%) 91 (7.76%)	(6% to 11%) 8% (5% to 12%)
Not in the last month	303 (12.9%)	12% (10% to 15%)	36 (21.6%)	25% (13% to 40%)	154 (13.1%)	13% (10% to 17%)

## eTable 3. Frequency of Use in Participants Using Wearable Devices

Abbreviations: CI, Confidence Intervals; CVD, Cardiovascular Disease; HINTS, Health Information National Trends Survey **eTable 4.** Univariable Demographic Predictors of Wearable Device Use in Individuals With Cardiovascular Disease

Characteristic	Individuals v	with CVD	Individuals at risk of CVD		
Gharacteristic	Odds Ratio	P-Value	Odds Ratio	P-Value	
	Demograp	ohics			
Age Group					
18-49	Refere	nce	Referer	nce	
50-64	0.42 (0.17-1.06)	0.07	0.65 (0.51-0.84)	0.001	
>65	0.28 (0.13-0.61)	0.002	0.34 (0.27-0.42)	<0.001	
Sex					
Male	Refere	nce	Referer	nce	
Female	0.97 (0.55-1.71)	0.92	1.16 (0.92-1.46)	0.20	
Race and Ethnicity					
Non-Hispanic White	Refere	nce	Referer	nce	
Non-Hispanic Black	1.65 (0.58-4.69)	0.35	0.68 (0.52-0.89)	0.007	
Hispanic	1.48 (0.55-3.97)	0.44	0.83 (0.58-1.19)	0.32	
Other	0.66 (0.18-2.43)	0.53	0.93 (0.61-1.43)	0.75	
	Cardiovascular R	lisk Factors		·	
Hypertension	0.91 (0.48-1.74)	0.78	0.75 (0.61-0.92)	0.007	
Diabetes Mellitus	0.52 (0.30-0.92)	0.03	0.76 (0.59-0.99)	0.04	
Obesity	0.86 (0.48-1.53)	0.61	1.24 (0.97-1.57)	0.09	
Cigarette Smoking	0.19 (0.09-0.41)	<0.001	0.73 (0.55-0.97)	0.03	
	Socioeconomi	c Factors		•	
Education					
Post-Baccalaureate Degree	Refere	nce	Referen	nce	
College Education	0.29 (0.14-0.57)	0.001	0.63 (0.44-0.89)	0.01	
Up to High School Graduate	0.14 (0.06-0.31)	<0.001	0. <mark>24</mark> (0.17-0.35)	<0.001	
Household Income					
>\$50,000	Refere	nce	Referen	nce	
\$20,000 to \$50,000	0.29 (0.14-0.63)	0.002	0.47 (0.35-0.63)	<0.001	
<\$20,000	0.27 (0.14-0.53)	<0.001	0.28 (0.19-0.41)	<0.001	
Residence					
Metropolitan	Refere	nce	Referer	nce	
Non-Metropolitan	0.49 (0.22-1.09)	0.08	0.81 (0.58-1.14)	0.24	

Abbreviations: CI, Confidence Intervals; CVD, Cardiovascular Disease; HINTS, Health Information National Trends Survey **eTable 5.** Multivariable Models for Wearable Device Use in Individuals With Cardiovascular Disease

	Model 1	а	Model	<b>2</b> <sup>b</sup>	Model 3 <sup>c</sup>				
Characteristic	Odds Ratio (95% CI)	P-Value	Odds Ratio (95% CI)	P-Value	Odds Ratio (95% CI)	P-Value			
		Demograph	ics						
Age Group	Age Group								
18-49			Reference	ce					
50-64	0.42 (0.16, 1.09)	0.08	0.62 (0.23, 1.69)	0.30	0.44 (0.18, 1.10)	0.08			
>65	0.27 (0.12, 0.63)	0.003	0.26 (0.09, 0.72)	0.01	0.22 (0.09, 0.56)	0.002			
Sex									
Male			Reference	ce					
Female	0.84 (0.46, 1.53)	0.60	0.95 (0.54, 1.69)	0.90	1.15 (0.61, 2.16)	0.70			
Race and Ethnicity									
Non-Hispanic White			Reference	ce					
Non-Hispanic Black	1.42 (0.49, 4.06)	0.50	2.19 (0.78, 6.13)	0.14	3.01 (1.04, 8.75)	0.05			
Hispanic	1.05 (0.41, 2.67)	>0.9	1.13 (0.40, 3.19)	0.80	1.54 (0.44, 5.39)	0.50			
Other	0.46 (0.11, 1.89)	0.30	0.80 (0.18, 3.65)	0.80	0.66 (0.15, 2.95)	0.60			
	Cardiov	ascular Ris	k Factors						
Hypertension		—	1.35 (0.53, 3.42)	0.50	2.11 (0.90, 4.97)	0.09			
Diabetes Mellitus	_	_	0.43 (0.22, 0.86)	0.02	0.42 (0.18, 0.97)	0.04			
Obesity	_	_	0.72 (0.32, 1.61)	0.40	0.70 (0.31, 1.55)	0.40			
Cigarette Smoking	_	—	0.13 (0.04, 0.40)	<0.001	0.09 (0.03, 0.29)	<0.001			
	Socio	economic	Factors						
Education		Γ	r	Γ					
Post-Baccalaureate Degree	—	—	—	—	Refere	nce			
College Education					0.39 (0.18, 0.84)	0.02			
Up to High School Graduate	—		—	_	0.27 (0.11, 0.63)	0.004			

Household Income							
>\$50,000		—			Reference		
\$20,000 to \$50,000		—			0.26 (0.12, 0.57)	0.001	
<\$20,000		_			0.29 (0.11, 0.76)	0.01	
Residence							
Metropolitan	_	_	_	_	Reference	Э	
Non-Metropolitan	_	_	_	_	0.60 (0.25, 1.46)	0.30	
<sup>a</sup> Model 1 represents a survey-weighted, multivariable logistic regression model adjusting for demographic							

characteristics (age, sex, and race and ethnicity).

<sup>b</sup> Model 2 represents a survey-weighted, multivariable logistic regression model adjusting for demographic characteristics and cardiovascular risk factors (hypertension, diabetes mellitus, obesity, cigarette smoking) <sup>c</sup> Model 3 represents a survey-weighted, multivariable logistic regression model adjusting for demographic characteristics, cardiovascular risk factors, and socioeconomic features (education, household income, and residence)

Abbreviations: CI, Confidence Intervals; CVD, Cardiovascular Disease; HINTS, Health Information National Trends Survey

**eTable 6.** Multivariable Models for Wearable Device Use in Individuals at Risk of Cardiovascular Disease

	Model 1	а	Model	2 <sup>b</sup>	Model	3°		
Characteristic	Odds Ratio (95% CI)	P-Value	Odds Ratio (95% Cl)	P-Value	Odds Ratio (95% Cl)	P-Value		
		emograph	ics					
Age Group								
18-49		r	Reference	ce	1	r		
50-64	0.66 (0.51, 0.85)	0.002	0.66 (0.50, 0.86)	0.003	0.70 (0.53, 0.94)	0.02		
>65	0.32 (0.25, 0.40)	<0.001	0.30 (0.22, 0.40)	<0.001	0.35 (0.26, 0.48)	<0.001		
Sex								
Male		-	Reference	ce		-		
Female	1.26 (0.99, 1.60)	0.06	1.23 (0.97, 1.55)	0.10	1.34 (1.05, 1.71)	0.02		
Race and Ethnicity								
Non-Hispanic White			Reference	ce				
Non-Hispanic Black	0.60 (0.45, 0.79)	<0.001	0.61 (0.45, 0.81)	0.001	0.74 (0.52, 1.06)	0.10		
Hispanic	0.70 (0.48, 1.03)	0.07	0.67 (0.46, 0.99)	0.05	0.73 (0.48, 1.12)	0.20		
Other	0.81 (0.53, 1.26)	0.40	0.83 (0.53, 1.31)	0.40	0.87 (0.54, 1.41)	0.60		
	Cardiov	ascular Ris	sk Factors	-		-		
Hypertension	_		0.93 (0.71, 1.24)	0.60	0.86 (0.65, 1.14)	0.30		
Diabetes Mellitus	_	_	0.89 (0.67, 1.18)	0.40	0.96 (0.70, 1.30)	0.80		
Obesity	_	_	0.87 (0.66, 1.16)	0.40	0.92 (0.69, 1.23)	0.60		
Cigarette Smoking	_		0.57 (0.41, 0.78)	<0.001	0.68 (0.48, 0.94)	0.02		
	Socio	economic	Factors					
Education			1		<b>.</b>			
Post-Baccalaureate Degree	—	—	—	—	Referei	nce		
College Education	_		—		0.76 (0.51, 1.13)	0.20		
Up to High School Graduate	_	—	—	—	0.35 (0.24, 0.5 <u>2</u> )	<0.001		

Household Income							
>\$50,000	_	_	_		Reference		
\$20,000 to \$50,000	_	_			0.64 (0.48, 0.87)	0.005	
<\$20,000					0.42 (0.29, 0.60)	<0.001	
Residence							
Metropolitan	_	_			Reference		
Non-Metropolitan	_				0.81 (0.57, 1.15)	0.20	
<sup>a</sup> Model 1 represents a survey-weighted, multivariable logistic regression model adjusting for demographic							

<sup>a</sup> Model 1 represents a survey-weighted, multivariable logistic regression model adjusting for demographic characteristics (age, sex, and race and ethnicity).

<sup>b</sup> Model 2 represents a survey-weighted, multivariable logistic regression model adjusting for demographic characteristics and cardiovascular risk factors (hypertension, diabetes mellitus, obesity, cigarette smoking) <sup>c</sup> Model 3 represents a survey-weighted, multivariable logistic regression model adjusting for demographic characteristics, cardiovascular risk factors, and socioeconomic features (education, household income, and residence)

Abbreviations: CI, Confidence Intervals; HINTS, Health Information National Trends Survey

**eTable 7.** Distribution of Demographic Characteristics, Cardiovascular Risk Factors, and Socioeconomic Features Based on Willingness to Share Wearable Device Heath Data With Clinicians in Participants With or at Risk of Cardiovascular Disease

Characteristic	Participants with CVD			Participants at risk of CVD				
	Not Willing (N=27)	Willing (N=137)	P-Value	Not Willing (N=227)	Willing (N=945)	P-Value		
Demographics								
Age Group			0.62			0.89		
18-49	4 (13.3%)	26 (86.7%)		82 (17.9%)	377 (82.1%)			
50-64	9 (21.4%)	33 (78.6%)		92 (21.5%)	335 (78.5%)			
>65	13 (14.6%)	76 (85.4%)		48 (17.4%)	228 (82.6%)			
Sex			0.61			0.24		
Male	12 (15%)	68 (85%)		75 (17.4%)	357 (82.6%)			
Female	15 (19%)	64 (81%)		148 (20.4%)	579 (79.6%)			
Race and Ethnicity			0.36			0.47		
Non-Hispanic White	15 (15.3%)	83 (84.7%)		117 (17.3%)	559 (82.7%)			
Non-Hispanic Black	1 (4.8%)	20 (95.2%)		28 (15.9%)	148 (84.1%)			
Hispanic	2 (13.3%)	13 (86.7%)		36 (22.6%)	123 (77.4%)			
Other	3 (37.5%)	5 (62.5%)		26 (26.5%)	72 (73.5%)			
		Cardiova	ascular Risk F	actors	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Hypertension			0.96			0.31		
No	9 (22.5%)	31 (77.5%)		105 (21.7%)	379 (78.3%)			
Yes	18 (14.8%)	104 (85.2%)		122 (17.8%)	565 (82.2%)			
Diabetes Mellitus			0.69			0.74		
No	15 (15.5%)	82 (84.5%)		171 (19.4%)	709 (80.6%)			
Yes	12 (18.5%)	53 (81.5%)		56 (19.4%)	232 (80.6%)			
Obesity			0.33			0.51		
No	14 (15.6%)	76 (84.4%)		104 (20.6%)	402 (79.4%)			
Yes	12 (16.7%)	60 (83.3%)		118 (18.1%)	534 (81.9%)			
Cigarette Smoking			0.74			0.85		
No	25 (16.8%)	124 (83.2%)		189 (18.6%)	827 (81.4%)			
Yes	1 (9.1%)	10 (90.9%)		34 (23%)	114 (77%)			
Socioeconomic Factors								
Education			0.81			0.10		
Post- Baccalaureate Degree	2 (6.2%)	30 (93.8%)		55 (19.2%)	232 (80.8%)			
College Education	15 (16.9%)	74 (83.1%)		124 (17.4%)	587 (82.6%)			
Up to High School Graduate	6 (17.1%)	29 (82.9%)		44 (27.5%)	116 (72.5%)			

Household Income			0.67			0.39
>\$50,000	13 (15.1%)	73 (84.9%)		135 (17%)	658 (83%)	
\$20,000 to \$50,000	5 (12.8%)	34 (87.2%)		52 (25.1%)	155 (74.9%)	
<\$20,000	4 (17.4%)	19 (82.6%)		14 (17.3%)	67 (82.7%)	
Residence			0.08			0.73
Metropolitan	25 (17%)	122 (83%)		204 (19.3%)	852 (80.7%)	
Non- Metropolitan	2 (11.8%)	15 (88.2%)		23 (19.8%)	93 (80.2%)	

Abbreviations: CI, Confidence Intervals; CVD, Cardiovascular Disease