

Supplementary Information:

Lifestyle factors and clinical severity of Parkinson's disease

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Supplementary Table S1. Demographics of the Fox Insight participants.

Full study group (n=35,959)	Patients with PD
Male (%)	18,349 (51.0%)
Female (%)	14,528 (40.4%)
Ethnicity:	
White/Caucasian (%)	32,332 (89.9%)
Black/African American (%)	369 (1.0%)
American Indian/Alaska Native (%)	393 (1.1%)
Asian (%)	691 (1.9%)
Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander (%)	47 (0.1%)
Hispanic/Latino/Spanish Origin (%)	1,692 (4.7%)
Mean AAO (SD)	60.4 (11.0)
Median AAO (IQR)	61.3 (53.6-68.1)
Mean AAE (SD)	65.7 (10.2)
Median AAE (IQR)	66.7 (59.6-72.6)
Mean Current Age (SD)	66.9 (10.2)
Median Current Age (IQR)	68.0 (60.8-73.7)
Mean Disease Duration until Examination (SD)	5.3 (5.6)
Median Disease Duration until Examination (IQR)	3.5 (1.2-7.6)
Mean Disease Duration until Current Age (SD)	6.5 (5.7)
Median Disease Duration until Current Age (IQR)	5.0 (2.5-8.9)

Supplementary Text:

Fox Insight study:

The Fox Insight study is an ongoing online, longitudinal health study of people with and without PD with targeted enrollment set to at least 125,000 individuals¹. The data is a rich data set facilitating discovery, validation, and reproducibility in PD research. The dataset is generated through routine longitudinal assessments (health and medical questionnaires evaluated at regular cycles); one-time health and disease questionnaires about symptoms, daily activities, and other factors; and, in a subgroup of people with PD, genetic data collection. Qualified researchers can explore, analyze, and download patient-reported outcomes (PROs) data and PD-related genetic variants at <https://foxden.michaeljfox.org>. The full Fox Insight genetic data set, including approximately 650,000 single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs) per participant, can be requested separately with institutional review.

Fox Insight participants were 18 years of age or older and provided informed consent. In the process of registration, participants were divided into two groups, PD patients and controls, the latter were asked about new diagnoses every three months. PD patients responded to health, non-motor assessments, motor assessments, quality of life, and lifestyle questionnaires. These questionnaires are based on the Movement Disorders Society – Unified Parkinson’s disease Rating Scale (MDS-UPDRS) Part II, the Non-Motor Symptoms Questionnaire (NMSQ), and the Geriatric Depression Scale (GDS).

The PD-RFQ-U on “Smoking and Tobacco” questionnaire was used to evaluate smoking, the PD-RFQ-U on “Caffeine” to evaluate coffee drinking, and the PD-RFQ-U on “Anti-inflammatory Medication History” for anti-inflammatory drug intake. The surveys on “Your Movement Experiences” (MDS-UPDRS Part II; The scores range from 1 to 5, with higher scores indicating more severe symptoms) and “Your Non-Movement Experiences” (NMSQ; Scores of 0 and 1) were used to assess the association between smoking, coffee drinking, and aspirin intake with motor and non-motor symptoms. Finally, the surveys on “Your Current Health” and “Your Mood” (GDS; Scores of 0 and 1) were used to examine the association between smoking and mood, anxiety, and depression. All of these data were self-reported by the patients.

For each environmental or lifestyle factor, the corresponding datasets were downloaded from the FoxDEN website (<https://foxden.michaeljfox.org/insight/explore/fox.jsp>) (log:18/10/2020).

Statistical analysis:

We performed multilinear regression models to investigate the relationship between environmental factors, age, disease duration, and motor/non-motor symptoms (R studio).

Regression model investigating environmental factors and motor/non-motor symptoms adjusted for AAE, gender, disease duration, and potential comorbidities (heart diseases and lung diseases for smoking, and heart diseases, arthritis, back pain, and surgeries with anesthesia for aspirin):

→ `glm(formula = MotorSymptomYes ~ AAE + Gender + DiseaseDuration (+ Comorbidity) + EnvFactorYes, family = binomial, data = data)`

→ `glm(formula = MotorSymptomYes ~ AAE + Gender + DiseaseDuration (+ Comorbidity) + EnvFactorDosage, family = binomial, data = data)`

→ `glm(formula = MotorSymptomYes ~ AAE + Gender + DiseaseDuration (+ Comorbidity) + EnvFactorDuration, family = binomial, data = data)`

→ `glm(formula = NonMotorSymptomYes ~ AAE + Gender + DiseaseDuration (+ Comorbidity) + EnvFactorYes, family = binomial, data = data)`

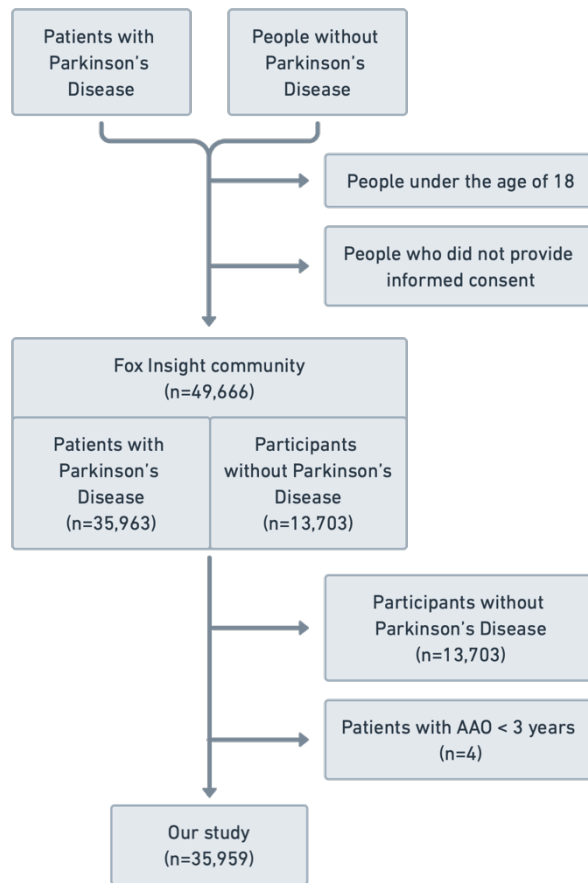
→ `glm(formula = NonMotorSymptomYes ~ AAE + Gender + DiseaseDuration (+ Comorbidity) + EnvFactorDosage, family = binomial, data = data)`

→ `glm(formula = NonMotorSymptomYes ~ AAE + Gender + DiseaseDuration (+ Comorbidity) + EnvFactorDuration, family = binomial, data = data)`

→ `glm(formula = MoodSymptomYes ~ AAE + Gender + DiseaseDuration (+ Comorbidity) + SmokingYes, family = binomial, data = data)`

→ `glm(formula = MoodSymptomYes ~ AAE + Gender + DiseaseDuration (+ Comorbidity) + SmokingDosage, family = binomial, data = data)`

→ `glm(formula = MoodSymptomYes ~ AAE + Gender + DiseaseDuration (+ Comorbidity) + SmokingDuration, family = binomial, data = data)`



Supplementary Figure S1. Workflow of the inclusion and exclusion criteria of participant recruitment from the Fox Insight study and for this study.

Supplementary Table S2. Clinical variables.

Your Movement Experiences	Your Non-Movement Experiences	Your Current Health	Your Mood
Tremor: Over the past week, have you usually had shaking or tremor?	Have you experienced constipation (less than three bowel movements a week) or having to strain to pass a stool in the last month?	Do you currently have depression?	Have you dropped many of your activities and interests?
Speech: Over the past week, have you had problems with your speech?	Have you experienced unexplained pains (not due to known conditions such as arthritis) in the last month?	Have you had anxiety?	Do you feel that your life is empty?
Saliva and Drooling: Over the past week, have you usually had too much saliva during when you are awake or when you sleep?	Have you experienced problems remembering things that have happened recently or forgetting to do things in the last month?	/	Do you often get bored?
Chewing and Swallowing: Over the past week, have you usually had problems swallowing pills or eating meals? Do you need your pills cut or crushed or your meals to be made soft, chopped or blended to avoid choking?	Have you experienced feeling sad, 'low' or 'blue' in the last month?	/	Are you afraid that something bad is going to happen to you?
Walking and Balance: Over the past week, have you usually had problems with balance and walking?	Have you experienced feeling anxious, frightened or panicky in the last month?	/	Do you often feel helpless?
Freezing: Over the past week, on your usual day when walking, do you suddenly stop or freeze as if your feet are stuck to the floor?	Have you experienced feeling less interested in sex or more interested in sex in the last month?	/	Do you prefer to stay at home, rather than going out and doing new things?
Getting out of bed, a care, or a deep chair: Over the past week, have you usually had trouble getting out of a bed, a car seat, or a deep chair?	Have you experienced feeling light-headed, dizzy or weak standing from sitting or lying in the last month?	/	Do you feel you have more problems with memory than most people?
/	/	/	Do you feel pretty worthless the way you are now?
/	/	/	Do you feel that your situation is hopeless?

Motor and non-motor symptoms that were used from the surveys “Your Movement Experiences”, “Your Non-Movement Experiences”, “Your Current Health”, and “Your Mood”.

Supplementary Table S3. Generalized linear models on motor symptoms. Regression models for motor symptoms associated with coffee drinking, aspirin intake, and smoking in the Fox Insight cohort.

Dependent variable: Chewing and Swallowing

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	0.0036	0.0034	0.2984
Gender	-0.0193	0.0612	0.7521
Disease Duration	0.0735	0.0063	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Coffee drinking (binary)	-0.1435	0.0731	0.0497

Dependent variable: Tremor

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0257	0.0057	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Gender	-0.2811	0.0947	0.0030
Disease Duration	-0.0307	0.0087	0.0004
Aspirin intake (binary)	0.3174	0.1054	0.0026

Dependent variable: Chewing and Swallowing

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0044	0.0047	0.3435
Gender	-0.0027	0.0806	0.9733
Disease Duration	0.0722	0.0084	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Aspirin intake (binary)	0.1837	0.0875	0.0358

Dependent variable: Getting Up

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	0.0215	0.0048	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Gender	0.0432	0.0832	0.6034
Disease Duration	0.1040	0.0109	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Aspirin intake (binary)	0.2170	0.0922	0.0185

Dependent variable: Tremor

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0249	0.0057	2x10 ⁻⁵
Gender	-0.3021	0.0966	0.0018
Disease Duration	-0.0329	0.0089	0.0002
Aspirin intake Dosage	0.0287	0.0117	0.0138

Dependent variable: Chewing and Swallowing

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0042	0.0048	0.3729
Gender	-0.0326	0.0824	0.6927
Disease Duration	0.0736	0.0087	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Aspirin intake Dosage	0.0201	0.0085	0.0182

Dependent variable: Walking and Balance

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	0.0024	0.0048	0.6178
Gender	-0.0070	0.0846	0.9339
Disease Duration	0.1141	0.0114	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Aspirin intake Dosage	0.0253	0.0099	0.0106

Dependent variable: Getting Up

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	0.0218	0.0048	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Gender	0.0565	0.0845	0.5039
Disease Duration	0.1038	0.0111	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Aspirin intake Dosage	0.0231	0.0098	0.0182

Dependent variable: Saliva and Drooling

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	0.0114	0.0031	0.0003
Gender	-0.5069	0.0563	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Disease Duration	0.0518	0.0059	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Smoking (binary)	0.1484	0.0580	0.0106

Dependent variable: Chewing and Swallowing

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	0.0004	0.0033	0.9042
Gender	-0.0550	0.0588	0.3495
Disease Duration	0.0706	0.0059	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Smoking (binary)	0.2243	0.0603	0.0002

Dependent variable: Freezing

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	0.0006	0.0035	0.8747
Gender	-0.0676	0.0630	0.2829
Disease Duration	0.1107	0.0064	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Smoking (binary)	0.1490	0.0646	0.0212

Dependent variable: Speech

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0017	0.0036	0.6296
Gender	-0.5920	0.0649	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Disease Duration	0.0931	0.0076	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Smoking Dosage	0.0089	0.0033	0.0062

Dependent variable: Saliva and Drooling

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	0.0092	0.0035	0.0085
Gender	-0.5331	0.0632	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Disease Duration	0.0490	0.0066	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Smoking Dosage	0.0096	0.0031	0.0022

Dependent variable: Chewing and Swallowing

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	0.0007	0.0037	0.8560
Gender	0.0369	0.0663	0.5778
Disease Duration	0.0721	0.0067	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Smoking Dosage	0.0174	0.0031	<1x10 ⁻⁵

Dependent variable: Walking and Balance

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	0.0070	0.0037	0.0608
Gender	0.0507	0.0683	0.4577
Disease Duration	0.1015	0.0087	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Smoking Dosage	0.0101	0.0035	0.0038

Dependent variable: Freezing

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0012	0.0040	0.7601
Gender	-0.0413	0.0714	0.5632
Disease Duration	0.1137	0.0073	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Smoking Dosage	0.0094	0.0034	0.0052

Dependent variable: Getting Up

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	0.0240	0.0038	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Gender	0.0747	0.0690	0.2790
Disease Duration	0.0898	0.0086	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Smoking Dosage	0.0098	0.0036	0.0061

Dependent variable: Speech

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0068	0.0080	0.3913
Gender	-0.7464	0.1449	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Disease Duration	0.0847	0.0186	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Smoking Duration	0.0119	0.0059	0.0454

Dependent variable: Walking and Balance

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0018	0.0083	0.8289
Gender	0.1699	0.1534	0.2682
Disease Duration	0.0981	0.0209	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Smoking Duration	0.0268	0.0065	4x10 ⁻⁵

Dependent variable: Freezing

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0150	0.0089	0.0918
Gender	-0.1832	0.1603	0.2531
Disease Duration	0.0981	0.0168	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Smoking Duration	0.0277	0.0062	<1x10 ⁻⁵

Dependent variable: Getting Up

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	0.0185	0.0084	0.0268
Gender	0.0647	0.1569	0.6801
Disease Duration	0.0851	0.0208	4×10^{-5}
Smoking Duration	0.0366	0.0070	$< 1 \times 10^{-5}$

Supplementary Table S4. Non-motor symptoms associated with environmental factors. Percentage of patients stratified by coffee consumption, aspirin intake, and smoking status and non-motor symptoms.

		Coffee			Aspirin			Smoking		
		yes	no	p-value	yes	no	p-value	yes	no	p-value
Constipation	yes	53.5% (n=2127)	57.0% (n=643)	0.0970	55.2% (n=553)	51.6% (n=1027)	0.0124	55.1% (n=1174)	53.6% (n=1801)	0.1994
	no	46.5% (n=1847)	43.0% (n=486)		44.8% (n=449)	48.4% (n=962)		44.9% (n=957)	46.4% (n=1559)	
Unexplained Pains	yes	37.2% (n=1480)	37.5% (n=423)	0.1623	37.8% (n=379)	38.5% (n=765)	0.0227	40.0% (n=852)	35.7% (n=1199)	<1x10⁻⁵
	no	62.8% (n=2494)	62.5% (n=706)		62.2% (n=623)	61.5% (n=1224)		60.0% (n=1278)	64.3% (n=2161)	
Problems Remembering	yes	47.0% (n=1869)	46.8% (n=528)	0.9859	50.1% (n=502)	41.9% (n=834)	1x10⁻⁵	50.6% (n=1078)	44.9% (n=1510)	0.0001
	no	53.0% (n=2105)	53.2% (n=601)		49.9% (n=500)	58.1% (n=1155)		49.4% (n=1052)	55.1% (n=1850)	
Feeling Sad	yes	50.2% (n=1993)	50.3% (n=567)	0.2517	47.9% (n=480)	50.1% (n=995)	0.0665	53.9% (n=1148)	48.0% (n=1611)	<1x10⁻⁵
	no	49.8% (n=1980)	49.7% (n=560)		52.1% (n=522)	49.9% (n=993)		46.1% (n=982)	52.0% (n=1746)	
Anxiety	yes	36.2% (n=1438)	35.9% (n=405)	0.2199	32.9% (n=330)	37.2% (n=740)	0.2999	38.7% (n=825)	34.2% (n=1149)	<1x10⁻⁵
	no	63.8% (n=2535)	64.1% (n=722)		67.1% (n=672)	62.8% (n=1248)		61.3% (n=1305)	65.8% (n=2208)	
Changed Interest in Sex	yes	34.6% (n=1376)	32.3% (n=364)	0.1032	34.9% (n=350)	32.6% (n=649)	0.0221	35.7% (n=761)	32.4% (n=1089)	0.0013
	no	65.4% (n=2597)	67.7% (n=763)		65.1% (n=652)	67.4% (n=1339)		64.3% (n=1369)	67.6% (n=2268)	
Light-headedness	yes	43.4% (n=1723)	41.7% (n=470)	0.2808	45.1% (n=452)	40.7% (n=810)	0.0043	45.7% (n=974)	41.4% (n=1390)	0.0005
	no	56.6% (n=2250)	58.3% (n=656)		54.9% (n=550)	59.3% (n=1178)		54.3% (n=1156)	58.6% (n=1966)	

P-value (exploratory): Multivariate regression to predict the respective non-motor symptoms adjusted for covariates by including AAE, gender, and disease duration (time between AAO and current age).

Supplementary Table S5. Generalized linear models on non-motor symptoms. Regression models for non-motor symptoms associated with coffee drinking, aspirin intake, and smoking in the Fox Insight cohort.

Dependent variable: Unexplained Pains

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0305	0.0038	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Gender	0.4508	0.0687	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Disease Duration	0.0118	0.0066	0.0749
Coffee drinking Dosage	0.0083	0.0035	0.0168

Dependent variable: Constipation

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0003	0.0044	0.9542
Gender	0.0580	0.0759	0.4447
Disease Duration	0.0315	0.0079	7x10 ⁻⁵
Aspirin intake (binary)	0.2077	0.0831	0.0124

Dependent variable: Unexplained Pains

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0302	0.0046	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Gender	0.3524	0.0786	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Disease Duration	0.0181	0.0077	0.0188
Aspirin intake (binary)	0.1961	0.0861	0.0227

Dependent variable: Problems Remembering

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0065	0.0044	0.1399
Gender	-0.1202	0.0763	0.1150
Disease Duration	0.0129	0.0076	0.0894
Aspirin intake (binary)	0.3662	0.0830	1x10 ⁻⁵

Dependent variable: Changed Interest in Sex

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0338	0.0047	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Gender	-0.5160	0.0817	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Disease Duration	0.0187	0.0079	0.0179
Aspirin intake (binary)	0.2023	0.0884	0.0221

Dependent variable: Light-headedness

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0117	0.0044	0.0085
Gender	0.0299	0.0766	0.6960
Disease Duration	0.0013	0.0076	0.8615
Aspirin intake (binary)	0.2380	0.0833	0.0043

Dependent variable: Constipation

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	0.0021	0.0044	0.6421
Gender	0.0674	0.0775	0.3846
Disease Duration	0.0316	0.0082	0.0001
Aspirin intake Dosage	0.0251	0.0086	0.0037

Dependent variable: Unexplained Pains

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0298	0.0046	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Gender	0.3633	0.0804	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Disease Duration	0.0191	0.0080	0.0163
Aspirin intake Dosage	0.0178	0.0083	0.0320

Dependent variable: Problems Remembering

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0054	0.0045	0.2262
Gender	-0.1140	0.0779	0.1432
Disease Duration	0.0133	0.0078	0.0887
Aspirin intake Dosage	0.0295	0.0085	0.0005

Dependent variable: Feeling Sad

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0354	0.0046	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Gender	0.3975	0.0783	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Disease Duration	0.0168	0.0079	0.0331
Aspirin intake Dosage	0.0177	0.0083	0.0344

Dependent variable: Changed Interest in Sex

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0321	0.0048	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Gender	-0.5400	0.0836	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Disease Duration	0.0171	0.0082	0.0358
Aspirin intake Dosage	0.0184	0.0084	0.0278

Dependent variable: Light-headedness

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0108	0.0045	0.0157
Gender	0.0416	0.0782	0.5949
Disease Duration	0.0035	0.0078	0.6538
Aspirin intake Dosage	0.0226	0.0082	0.0060

Dependent variable: Unexplained Pains

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0320	0.0032	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Gender	0.3859	0.0579	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Disease Duration	0.0149	0.0055	0.0069
Smoking (binary)	0.2732	0.0595	<1x10 ⁻⁵

Dependent variable: Problems Remembering

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	0.0018	0.0031	0.5498
Gender	-0.2018	0.0555	0.0003
Disease Duration	0.0155	0.0054	0.0039
Smoking (binary)	0.2176	0.0570	0.0001

Dependent variable: Feeling Sad

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0299	0.0032	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Gender	0.3498	0.0560	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Disease Duration	0.0139	0.0054	0.0100
Smoking (binary)	0.3279	0.0579	<1x10 ⁻⁵

Dependent variable: Anxiety

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0395	0.0033	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Gender	0.3907	0.0587	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Disease Duration	-0.0005	0.0057	0.9244
Smoking (binary)	0.3007	0.0604	<1x10 ⁻⁵

Dependent variable: Changed Interest in Sex

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0335	0.0033	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Gender	-0.5699	0.0600	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Disease Duration	0.0175	0.0056	0.0019
Smoking (binary)	0.1959	0.0610	0.0013

Dependent variable: Light-headedness

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0124	0.0031	6x10 ⁻⁵
Gender	0.0706	0.0558	0.2062
Disease Duration	0.0004	0.0054	0.9412
Smoking (binary)	0.2000	0.0574	0.0005

Dependent variable: Unexplained Pains

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0320	0.0036	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Gender	0.4477	0.0653	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Disease Duration	0.0136	0.0063	0.0306
Smoking Dosage	0.0114	0.0031	0.0003

Dependent variable: Problems Remembering

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0002	0.0034	0.9481
Gender	-0.0999	0.0624	0.1091
Disease Duration	0.0189	0.0061	0.0020
Smoking Dosage	0.0123	0.0030	6x10 ⁻⁵

Dependent variable: Feeling Sad

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0291	0.0035	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Gender	0.3590	0.0629	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Disease Duration	0.0134	0.0061	0.0282
Smoking Dosage	0.0152	0.0031	<1x10 ⁻⁵

Dependent variable: Anxiety

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0377	0.0037	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Gender	0.3896	0.0662	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Disease Duration	-0.0008	0.0065	0.9022
Smoking Dosage	0.0161	0.0031	<1x10 ⁻⁵

Dependent variable: Light-headedness

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0115	0.0035	0.0009
Gender	0.1096	0.0629	0.0812
Disease Duration	-0.0002	0.0061	0.9740
Smoking Dosage	0.0117	0.0030	0.0001

Dependent variable: Unexplained Pains

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0482	0.0081	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Gender	0.2455	0.1420	0.0838
Disease Duration	0.0167	0.0144	0.2476
Smoking Duration	0.0140	0.0057	0.0134

Dependent variable: Problems Remembering

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0048	0.0076	0.5312
Gender	-0.4815	0.1392	0.0005
Disease Duration	-0.0150	0.0143	0.2951
Smoking Duration	0.0176	0.0056	0.0017

Dependent variable: Feeling Sad

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0460	0.0082	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Gender	0.2244	0.1407	0.1107
Disease Duration	0.0024	0.0143	0.8691
Smoking Duration	0.0112	0.0056	0.0470

Dependent variable: Changed Interest in Sex

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0451	0.0082	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Gender	-0.7188	0.1524	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Disease Duration	0.0249	0.0147	0.0901
Smoking Duration	0.0123	0.0059	0.0372

Supplementary Table S6. Motor symptoms associated with aspirin intake in regression models including potential comorbidities.

		Heart Diseases			Arthritis			Back Pain			Surgeries with Anesthesia		
		Aspirin											
		Yes/No	Dosage	Duration	Yes/No	Dosage	Duration	Yes/No	Dosage	Duration	Yes/No	Dosage	Duration
Tremor	n	2854	2718	546	2849	2713	545	2850	2714	546	2852	2716	546
	p-value	0.0040	0.0212	0.5592	0.0031	0.0163	0.5430	0.0045	0.0210	0.5687	0.0029	0.0149	0.5788
	β	0.3098	0.0270	0.0063	0.3123	0.0281	0.0066	0.3007	0.0268	0.0061	0.3149	0.0284	0.0060
Speech	n	2856	2720	546	2851	2715	545	2852	2716	546	2854	2718	546
	p-value	0.4252	0.1185	0.3991	0.4522	0.1143	0.3428	0.4883	0.1146	0.3807	0.4293	0.1144	0.2840
	β	-0.0704	0.0141	-0.0069	-0.0653	0.0141	-0.0078	-0.0601	0.0141	-0.0072	-0.0687	0.0141	-0.0088
Saliva and Drooling	n	2856	2720	546	2851	2715	545	2852	2716	546	2854	2718	546
	p-value	0.3411	0.4267	0.5394	0.2549	0.3234	0.5455	0.2677	0.3498	0.5707	0.2371	0.2968	0.5351
	β	0.0816	0.0066	0.0049	0.0959	0.0082	0.0049	0.0933	0.0077	0.0046	0.0996	0.0087	0.0050
Chewing and Swallowing	n	2856	2720	546	2851	2715	545	2852	2716	546	2854	2718	546
	p-value	0.1120	0.0374	0.9540	0.0556	0.0287	0.8214	0.0591	0.0331	0.8354	0.0591	0.0256	0.8129
	β	0.1425	0.0180	-0.0005	0.1684	0.0188	-0.0019	0.1661	0.0182	-0.0018	0.1661	0.0191	-0.0020
Walking and Balance	n	2854	2718	546	2849	2713	545	2850	2714	546	2852	2716	546
	p-value	0.3443	0.0330	0.8998	0.1785	0.0211	0.7816	0.1729	0.0280	0.7627	0.1074	0.0086	0.7662
	β	0.0883	0.0212	-0.0011	0.1246	0.0233	-0.0024	0.1264	0.0223	-0.0027	0.1477	0.0263	-0.0026
Freezing	n	2854	2718	546	2849	2713	545	2850	2714	546	2852	2716	546
	p-value	0.3930	0.1566	0.8882	0.4965	0.2760	0.9973	0.3731	0.2004	0.9827	0.3905	0.1797	0.9949
	β	0.0836	0.0132	0.0013	0.0657	0.0101	-3×10^{-5}	0.0857	0.0118	0.0002	0.0826	0.0124	-6×10^{-5}
Getting up	n	2854	2718	546	2849	2713	545	2850	2714	546	2852	2716	546
	p-value	0.0534	0.0308	0.3426	0.0391	0.0367	0.3113	0.0375	0.0509	0.2534	0.0252	0.0188	0.2057
	β	0.1819	0.0214	-0.0081	0.1924	0.0209	-0.0087	0.1950	0.0196	-0.0099	0.2074	0.0233	-0.0110

P-value (exploratory): Multivariate regression to predict the respective motor symptoms adjusted for covariates by including AAE, gender, disease duration (time between AAO and current age), and comorbidities in the model.

Supplementary Table S7. Generalized linear models on motor symptoms including potential comorbidities. Regression models for motor symptoms with a change in outcome for aspirin intake and smoking in the Fox Insight cohort while adjusting for potential comorbidities.

Dependent variable: Chewing and Swallowing

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0055	0.0048	0.2485
Gender	0.0084	0.0811	0.9178
Disease Duration	0.0729	0.0085	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Heart Diseases (binary)	0.2666	0.1173	0.0231
Aspirin intake (binary)	0.1425	0.0897	0.1120

Dependent variable: Chewing and Swallowing

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0061	0.0048	0.2068
Gender	-0.0500	0.0823	0.5437
Disease Duration	0.0724	0.0085	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Arthritis (binary)	0.2401	0.0833	0.0040
Aspirin intake (binary)	0.1684	0.0880	0.0556

Dependent variable: Chewing and Swallowing

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0049	0.0047	0.3007
Gender	-0.0042	0.0811	0.9582
Disease Duration	0.0708	0.0085	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Back Pain (binary)	0.3360	0.0805	3x10 ⁻⁵
Aspirin intake (binary)	0.1661	0.0880	0.0591

Dependent variable: Chewing and Swallowing

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0055	0.0048	0.2487
Gender	-0.0278	0.0814	0.7328
Disease Duration	0.0725	0.0084	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Surgeries with Anesthesia (binary)	0.4380	0.1503	0.0036
Aspirin intake (binary)	0.1661	0.0880	0.0591

Dependent variable: Getting Up

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	0.0202	0.0048	3×10^{-5}
Gender	0.0546	0.0835	0.5289
Disease Duration	0.1039	0.0109	$< 1 \times 10^{-5}$
Heart Diseases (binary)	0.2775	0.1300	0.0328
Aspirin intake (binary)	0.1819	0.0941	0.0534

Dependent variable: Getting Up

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	0.0202	0.0049	4×10^{-5}
Gender	0.0397	0.0858	0.6433
Disease Duration	0.1006	0.0112	$< 1 \times 10^{-5}$
Back Pain (binary)	0.7012	0.0858	$< 1 \times 10^{-5}$
Aspirin intake Dosage	0.0196	0.0100	0.0509

Dependent variable: Speech

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0079	0.0082	0.3311
Gender	-0.7369	0.1458	$< 1 \times 10^{-5}$
Disease Duration	0.0841	0.0186	$< 1 \times 10^{-5}$
Heart Diseases (binary)	0.0752	0.2002	0.7074
Smoking Duration	0.0115	0.0059	0.0526

Dependent variable: Speech

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0074	0.0080	0.3550
Gender	-0.7417	0.1451	$< 1 \times 10^{-5}$
Disease Duration	0.0839	0.0186	$< 1 \times 10^{-5}$
Lung Diseases (binary)	0.1105	0.2011	0.5828
Smoking Duration	0.0113	0.0060	0.0591

Supplementary Table S8. Non-motor symptoms associated with aspirin intake in regression models including potential comorbidities.

		Heart Diseases			Arthritis			Back Pain			Surgeries with Anesthesia		
		Aspirin											
		Yes/No	Dosage	Duration	Yes/No	Dosage	Duration	Yes/No	Dosage	Duration	Yes/No	Dosage	Duration
Constipation	n	2865	2727	547	2860	2722	546	2861	2723	547	2863	2725	547
	p-value	0.0264	0.0055	0.6126	0.0136	0.0040	0.6505	0.0200	0.0083	0.7533	0.0144	0.0036	0.6749
	β	0.1888	0.0244	0.0041	0.2061	0.0252	0.0036	0.1954	0.0231	0.0026	0.2044	0.0254	0.0034
Unexplained Pains	n	2865	2727	547	2860	2722	546	2861	2723	547	2863	2725	547
	p-value	0.0220	0.0338	0.7971	0.0383	0.0672	0.7426	0.0414	0.0896	0.6581	0.0275	0.0419	0.7705
	β	0.2020	0.0179	-0.0022	0.1799	0.0154	-0.0028	0.1788	0.0142	-0.0038	0.1909	0.0170	-0.0024
Problems Remembering	n	2865	2727	547	2860	2722	546	2861	2723	547	2863	2725	547
	p-value	0.0003	0.0033	0.6288	2x10⁻⁵	0.0012	0.7542	2x10⁻⁵	0.0014	0.7882	3x10⁻⁵	0.0011	0.7528
	β	0.3080	0.0249	0.0038	0.3545	0.0276	0.0025	0.3554	0.0271	0.0021	0.3481	0.0278	0.0025
Feeling Sad	n	2865	2727	547	2860	2722	546	2861	2723	547	2863	2725	547
	p-value	0.2404	0.0806	0.3990	0.1073	0.0513	0.4817	0.0946	0.0527	0.4985	0.0807	0.0350	0.4154
	β	0.1009	0.0147	0.0068	0.1360	0.0164	0.0057	0.1414	0.0163	0.0055	0.1472	0.0177	0.0066
Anxiety	n	2865	2727	547	2860	2722	546	2861	2723	547	2863	2725	547
	p-value	0.5224	0.2396	0.9046	0.3557	0.1719	0.8528	0.3786	0.2036	0.8032	0.2894	0.1349	0.8282
	β	0.0582	0.0100	-0.0010	0.0824	0.0115	-0.0016	0.0787	0.0107	-0.0021	0.0946	0.0126	-0.0019
Changed Interest in Sex	n	2865	2727	547	2860	2722	546	2861	2723	547	2863	2725	547
	p-value	0.0379	0.0309	0.7100	0.0178	0.0185	0.6927	0.0266	0.0310	0.7401	0.0210	0.0223	0.6549
	β	0.1882	0.0184	0.0032	0.2105	0.0199	0.0034	0.1968	0.0182	0.0028	0.2051	0.0193	0.0038
Light-headedness	n	2865	2727	547	2860	2722	546	2861	2723	547	2863	2725	547
	p-value	0.0396	0.0296	0.5597	0.0083	0.0130	0.6834	0.0092	0.0161	0.6425	0.0084	0.0108	0.6331
	β	0.1761	0.0180	0.0046	0.2218	0.0206	0.0033	0.2193	0.0198	0.0037	0.2211	0.0210	0.0038

P-value (exploratory): Multivariate regression to predict the respective non-motor symptoms adjusted for covariates by including AAE, gender, disease duration (time between AAO and current age), and comorbidities in the model.

Supplementary Table S9. Generalized linear models on non-motor symptoms including potential comorbidities. Regression models for non-motor symptoms with a change in outcome for aspirin intake and smoking in the Fox Insight cohort while adjusting for potential comorbidities.

Dependent variable: Unexplained Pains

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0343	0.0048	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Gender	0.3041	0.0822	0.0002
Disease Duration	0.0195	0.0081	0.0156
Arthritis (binary)	0.3817	0.0842	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Aspirin intake Dosage	0.0154	0.0084	0.0672

Dependent variable: Unexplained Pains

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0332	0.0048	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Gender	0.3706	0.0820	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Disease Duration	0.0159	0.0082	0.0516
Back Pain (binary)	0.7359	0.0825	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Aspirin intake Dosage	0.0142	0.0084	0.0896

Dependent variable: Feeling Sad

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0385	0.0047	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Gender	0.4128	0.0790	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Disease Duration	0.0170	0.0079	0.0327
Heart Diseases (binary)	0.3383	0.1187	0.0044
Aspirin intake Dosage	0.0147	0.0084	0.0806

Dependent variable: Feeling Sad

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0399	0.0047	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Gender	0.3368	0.0799	3x10 ⁻⁵
Disease Duration	0.0161	0.0080	0.0430
Arthritis (binary)	0.3183	0.0821	0.0001
Aspirin intake Dosage	0.0164	0.0084	0.0513

Dependent variable: Feeling Sad

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0382	0.0047	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Gender	0.3930	0.0790	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Disease Duration	0.0133	0.0080	0.0955
Back Pain (binary)	0.4246	0.0790	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Aspirin intake Dosage	0.0163	0.0084	0.0527

Dependent variable: Feeling Sad

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0497	0.0085	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Gender	0.2623	0.1422	0.0650
Disease Duration	0.0015	0.0143	0.9170
Heart Diseases (binary)	0.4377	0.1920	0.0226
Smoking Duration	0.0099	0.0057	0.0807

Dependent variable: Feeling Sad

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0464	0.0083	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Gender	0.2334	0.1412	0.0985
Disease Duration	0.0016	0.0144	0.9112
Lung Diseases (binary)	0.4308	0.1954	0.0275
Smoking Duration	0.0091	0.0057	0.1103

Dependent variable: Changed Interest in Sex

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0487	0.0085	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Gender	-0.6888	0.1536	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Disease Duration	0.0239	0.0148	0.1064
Heart Diseases (binary)	0.3482	0.1986	0.0795
Smoking Duration	0.0113	0.0059	0.0574

Supplementary Table S10. Motor symptoms associated with smoking in regression models including potential comorbidities.

		Heart Diseases			Lung Diseases		
		Smoking					
		Yes/No	Dosage	Duration	Yes/No	Dosage	Duration
Tremor	n	5249	4183	872	5245	4180	872
	p-value	0.1666	0.3558	0.4804	0.1477	0.3326	0.4715
	β	0.0967	0.0035	-0.0047	0.1012	0.0037	-0.0049
Speech	n	5252	4185	872	5248	4182	872
	p-value	0.1640	0.0076	0.0526	0.1672	0.0078	0.0591
	β	0.0829	0.0087	0.0115	0.0823	0.0087	0.0113
Saliva and Drooling	n	5252	4185	872	5248	4182	872
	p-value	0.0142	0.0028	0.0964	0.0151	0.0031	0.1609
	β	0.1427	0.0094	0.0094	0.1415	0.0093	0.0080
Chewing and Swallowing	n	5252	4185	872	5248	4182	872
	p-value	0.0004	<1x10⁻⁵	0.0765	0.0004	<1x10⁻⁵	0.1281
	β	0.2140	0.0169	0.0101	0.2162	0.0171	0.0088
Walking and Balance	n	5249	4183	872	5245	4180	872
	p-value	0.3366	0.0075	9x10⁻⁵	0.3210	0.0064	0.0003
	β	0.0604	0.0094	0.0268	0.0625	0.0096	0.0241
Freezing	n	5249	4183	872	5245	4180	872
	p-value	0.0313	0.0065	2x10⁻⁵	0.0274	0.0087	9x10⁻⁵
	β	0.1395	0.0092	0.0270	0.1432	0.0088	0.0247
Getting up	n	5249	4183	872	5249	4180	872
	p-value	0.1130	0.0090	<1x10⁻⁵	0.1085	0.0094	<1x10⁻⁵
	β	0.1015	0.0093	0.0356	0.1029	0.0093	0.0349

P-value (exploratory): Multivariate regression to predict the respective motor symptoms adjusted for covariates by including AAE, gender, disease duration (time between AAO and current age), and comorbidities in the model.

Supplementary Table S11. Non-motor symptoms associated with smoking in regression models including potential comorbidities.

		Heart Diseases			Lung Diseases		
		Smoking					
		Yes/No	Dosage	Duration	Yes/No	Dosage	Duration
Constipation	n	5272	4200	876	5268	4197	876
	p-value	0.2324	0.2212	0.6463	0.2215	0.2081	0.6950
	β	0.0686	0.0037	0.0025	0.0702	0.0038	0.0022
Unexplained Pains	n	5271	4200	876	5267	4197	876
	p-value	<1x10⁻⁵	0.0005	0.0205	<1x10⁻⁵	0.0005	0.0224
	β	0.2695	0.0110	0.0132	0.2710	0.0109	0.0131
Problems Remembering	n	5271	4200	876	5267	4197	876
	p-value	0.0002	0.0002	0.0018	0.0001	9x10⁻⁵	0.0047
	β	0.2165	0.0117	0.0176	0.2217	0.0120	0.0161
Feeling Sad	n	5269	4198	876	5265	4195	876
	p-value	<1x10⁻⁵	<1x10⁻⁵	0.0807	<1x10⁻⁵	<1x10⁻⁵	0.1103
	β	0.3200	0.0145	0.0099	0.3243	0.0149	0.0091
Anxiety	n	5269	4198	876	5265	4195	876
	p-value	<1x10⁻⁵	<1x10⁻⁵	0.4953	<1x10⁻⁵	<1x10⁻⁵	0.5394
	β	0.2969	0.0157	0.0039	0.2986	0.0158	0.0035
Changed Interest in Sex	n	5269	4198	876	5265	4195	876
	p-value	0.0013	0.2643	0.0574	0.0014	0.2353	0.0287
	β	0.1973	0.0036	0.0113	0.1951	0.0038	0.0131
Light-headedness	n	5268	4197	876	5264	4194	876
	p-value	0.0007	0.0003	0.1949	0.0005	0.0002	0.1439
	β	0.1953	0.0111	0.0072	0.2011	0.0115	0.0082

P-value (exploratory): Multivariate regression to predict the respective non-motor symptoms adjusted for covariates by including AAE, gender, disease duration (time between AAO and current age), and comorbidities in the model.

Supplementary Table S12. Symptoms related to mood associated with smoking status. Percentage of patients stratified by smoking status and symptoms related to mood.

		Smoking		p-value
		yes	no	
Depression	yes	29.8% (n=627)	24.2% (n=799)	<1x10⁻⁵
	no	70.2% (n=1475)	75.8% (n=2509)	
Anxiety	yes	31.5% (n=661)	27.2% (n=900)	2x10⁻⁵
	no	68.5% (n=1440)	72.8% (n=2409)	
Dropped many activities and interests	yes	40.1% (n=837)	33.0% (n=1087)	<1x10⁻⁵
	no	59.9% (n=1252)	67.0% (n=2204)	
Life feels empty	yes	16.0% (n=333)	13.2% (n=433)	0.0004
	no	84.0% (n=1751)	86.8% (n=2858)	
Getting bored often	yes	29.4% (n=615)	22.3% (n=734)	<1x10⁻⁵
	no	70.6% (n=1475)	77.7% (n=2558)	
Being afraid something bad could happen	yes	25.0% (n=521)	22.5% (n=739)	0.0025
	no	75.0% (n=1559)	77.5% (n=2551)	
Feeling helpless often	yes	21.8% (n=453)	17.8% (n=584)	2x10⁻⁵
	no	78.2% (n=1628)	82.2% (n=2703)	
Prefer staying at home	yes	54.6% (n=1136)	50.0% (n=1644)	0.0007
	no	45.4% (n=946)	50.0% (n=1645)	
Feeling to have more memory problems than other people	yes	28.4% (n=592)	25.0% (n=823)	0.0019
	no	71.6% (n=1494)	75.0% (n=2472)	
Feeling pretty worthless	yes	17.0% (n=354)	14.1% (n=462)	0.0002
	no	83.0% (n=1727)	85.9% (n=2821)	
Feeling that situation is hopeless	yes	14.8% (n=308)	11.3% (n=372)	<1x10⁻⁵
	no	85.2% (n=1767)	88.7% (n=2912)	

P-value (exploratory): Multivariate regression to predict the respective mood symptoms adjusted for covariates by including AAE, gender, and disease duration (time between AAO and current age).

Supplementary Table S13. Generalized linear models on mood. Regression models for symptoms related to mood and associated with smoking in the Fox Insight cohort.

Dependent variable: Depression

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0176	0.0035	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Gender	0.3748	0.0638	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Disease Duration	0.0065	0.0060	0.2815
Smoking (binary)	0.3362	0.0649	<1x10 ⁻⁵

Dependent variable: Anxiety

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0284	0.0034	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Gender	0.3113	0.0621	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Disease Duration	0.0064	0.0059	0.2788
Smoking (binary)	0.2748	0.0636	2x10 ⁻⁵

Dependent variable: Dropped many activities and interests

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	0.0034	0.0033	0.2995
Gender	-0.0815	0.0585	0.1636
Disease Duration	0.0360	0.0057	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Smoking (binary)	0.3283	0.0598	<1x10 ⁻⁵

Dependent variable: Feeling that life feels empty

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0190	0.0043	1x10 ⁻⁵
Gender	-0.0355	0.0798	0.6564
Disease Duration	0.0161	0.0074	0.0291
Smoking (binary)	0.2843	0.0809	0.0004

Dependent variable: Getting bored often

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0287	0.0036	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Gender	-0.2916	0.0654	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Disease Duration	0.0334	0.0060	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Smoking (binary)	0.4263	0.0661	<1x10 ⁻⁵

Dependent variable: Being afraid something bad could happen

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0284	0.0036	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Gender	0.2330	0.0661	0.0004
Disease Duration	-0.0188	0.0070	0.0069
Smoking (binary)	0.2050	0.0677	0.0025

Dependent variable: Feeling helpless often

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0109	0.0039	0.0050
Gender	0.0886	0.0708	0.2108
Disease Duration	0.0329	0.0064	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Smoking (binary)	0.3099	0.0720	2x10 ⁻⁵

Dependent variable: Prefer staying at home

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0105	0.0031	0.0007
Gender	-0.1151	0.0559	0.0394
Disease Duration	0.0051	0.0055	0.3462
Smoking (binary)	0.1955	0.0576	0.0007

Dependent variable: Feeling to have more memory problems than other people

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0235	0.0035	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Gender	-0.4046	0.0643	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Disease Duration	0.0102	0.0061	0.0938
Smoking (binary)	0.2027	0.0652	0.0019

Dependent variable: Feeling pretty worthless

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0192	0.0042	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Gender	0.0245	0.0779	0.7536
Disease Duration	0.0279	0.0070	7x10 ⁻⁵
Smoking (binary)	0.2958	0.0791	0.0002

Dependent variable: Feeling that situation is hopeless

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0184	0.0046	6×10^{-5}
Gender	0.1564	0.0838	0.0620
Disease Duration	0.0397	0.0072	$< 1 \times 10^{-5}$
Smoking (binary)	0.3846	0.0848	$< 1 \times 10^{-5}$

Dependent variable: Depression

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0153	0.0040	0.0001
Gender	0.4080	0.0727	$< 1 \times 10^{-5}$
Disease Duration	0.0038	0.0070	0.5885
Smoking Dosage	0.0199	0.0033	$< 1 \times 10^{-5}$

Dependent variable: Anxiety

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0269	0.0039	$< 1 \times 10^{-5}$
Gender	0.3355	0.0703	$< 1 \times 10^{-5}$
Disease Duration	0.0054	0.0068	0.4266
Smoking Dosage	0.0182	0.0032	$< 1 \times 10^{-5}$

Dependent variable: Dropped many activities and interests

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	0.0005	0.0037	0.8925
Gender	-0.0813	0.0664	0.2206
Disease Duration	0.0395	0.0065	$< 1 \times 10^{-5}$
Smoking Dosage	0.0165	0.0031	$< 1 \times 10^{-5}$

Dependent variable: Feeling that life feels empty

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0190	0.0049	0.0001
Gender	0.0257	0.0906	0.7764
Disease Duration	0.0144	0.0085	0.0916
Smoking Dosage	0.0181	0.0038	$< 1 \times 10^{-5}$

Dependent variable: Getting bored often

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0313	0.0041	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Gender	-0.2616	0.0744	0.0004
Disease Duration	0.0330	0.0069	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Smoking Dosage	0.0187	0.0033	<1x10 ⁻⁵

Dependent variable: Being afraid something bad could happen

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0267	0.0040	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Gender	0.3142	0.0744	2x10 ⁻⁵
Disease Duration	-0.0203	0.0079	0.0101
Smoking Dosage	0.0126	0.0034	0.0002

Dependent variable: Feeling helpless often

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0116	0.0045	0.0096
Gender	0.1538	0.0812	0.0583
Disease Duration	0.0357	0.0074	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Smoking Dosage	0.0151	0.0036	3x10 ⁻⁵

Dependent variable: Prefer staying at home

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0122	0.0035	0.0004
Gender	-0.0469	0.0628	0.4552
Disease Duration	0.0066	0.0062	0.2882
Smoking Dosage	0.0150	0.0032	<1x10 ⁻⁵

Dependent variable: Feeling to have more memory problems than other people

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0250	0.0039	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Gender	-0.3760	0.0725	<1x10 ⁻⁵
Disease Duration	0.0122	0.0069	0.0779
Smoking Dosage	0.0105	0.0033	0.0014

Dependent variable: Feeling pretty worthless

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0210	0.0049	2×10^{-5}
Gender	0.0356	0.0890	0.6894
Disease Duration	0.0337	0.0080	3×10^{-5}
Smoking Dosage	0.0185	0.0038	$< 1 \times 10^{-5}$

Dependent variable: Feeling that situation is hopeless

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0203	0.0053	0.0001
Gender	0.1846	0.0966	0.0562
Disease Duration	0.0429	0.0082	$< 1 \times 10^{-5}$
Smoking Dosage	0.0172	0.0041	3×10^{-5}

Dependent variable: Depression

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0262	0.0083	0.0017
Gender	0.1939	0.1528	0.2045
Disease Duration	0.0056	0.0156	0.7187
Smoking Duration	0.0123	0.0061	0.0422

Dependent variable: Dropped many activities and interests

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0109	0.0079	0.1678
Gender	-0.1527	0.1435	0.2875
Disease Duration	0.0345	0.0146	0.0186
Smoking Duration	0.0253	0.0057	$< 1 \times 10^{-5}$

Dependent variable: Feeling that life feels empty

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0262	0.0104	0.0118
Gender	-0.1131	0.1953	0.5626
Disease Duration	0.0215	0.0184	0.2429
Smoking Duration	0.0230	0.0075	0.0021

Dependent variable: Getting bored often

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0371	0.0087	2×10^{-5}
Gender	-0.5031	0.1619	0.0019
Disease Duration	0.0324	0.0153	0.0343
Smoking Duration	0.0412	0.0063	$< 1 \times 10^{-5}$

Dependent variable: Being afraid something bad could happen

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0395	0.0087	$< 1 \times 10^{-5}$
Gender	0.0247	0.1619	0.8786
Disease Duration	-0.0443	0.0195	0.0231
Smoking Duration	0.0184	0.0064	0.0039

Dependent variable: Feeling helpless often

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0278	0.0095	0.0036
Gender	-0.3514	0.1790	0.0496
Disease Duration	0.0366	0.0177	0.0390
Smoking Duration	0.0296	0.0068	1×10^{-5}

Dependent variable: Prefer staying at home

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0246	0.0079	0.0019
Gender	-0.2025	0.1406	0.1499
Disease Duration	0.0054	0.0144	0.7049
Smoking	0.0179	0.0057	0.0017

Dependent variable: Feeling to have more memory problems than other people

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0259	0.0085	0.0022
Gender	-0.2679	0.1582	0.0903
Disease Duration	-0.0203	0.0173	0.2403
Smoking Duration	0.0178	0.0062	0.0038

Dependent variable: Feeling pretty worthless

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0351	0.0102	0.0006
Gender	-0.2937	0.1918	0.1256
Disease Duration	0.0342	0.0175	0.0506
Smoking Duration	0.0370	0.0072	<1x10 ⁻⁵

Dependent variable: Feeling hopeless

Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0367	0.0108	0.0007
Gender	0.1368	0.2033	0.5011
Disease Duration	0.0241	0.0195	0.2158
Smoking Duration	0.0304	0.0078	0.0001

Supplementary Table S14. Generalized linear models on symptoms related to mood including potential comorbidities. Regression models for symptoms related to mood with a change in outcome for smoking in the Fox Insight cohort while adjusting for potential comorbidities.

		Heart Diseases			Lung Diseases		
		Smoking					
		Yes/No	Dosage	Duration	Yes/No	Dosage	Duration
Depression	n	5213	4143	859	5213	4143	859
	p-value	<1x10⁻⁵	<1x10⁻⁵	0.0544	<1x10⁻⁵	<1x10⁻⁵	0.0584
	β	0.3354	0.0197	0.0117	0.3405	0.0197	0.0116
Anxiety	n	5213	4144	859	5213	4144	859
	p-value	2x10⁻⁵	<1x10⁻⁵	0.4005	2x10⁻⁵	<1x10⁻⁵	0.3173
	β	0.2725	0.0179	0.0051	0.2713	0.0178	0.0061
Dropped many activities and interests	n	5189	4138	866	5188	4138	866
	p-value	<1x10⁻⁵	<1x10⁻⁵	1x10⁻⁵	<1x10⁻⁵	<1x10⁻⁵	1x10⁻⁵
	β	0.3234	0.0158	0.0249	0.3278	0.0161	0.0251
Life feels empty	n	5185	4137	864	5184	4137	864
	p-value	0.0006	1x10⁻⁵	0.0034	0.0005	<1x10⁻⁵	0.0018
	β	0.2773	0.0170	0.0220	0.2840	0.0180	0.0237
Getting bored often	n	5191	4137	866	5190	4139	866
	p-value	<1x10⁻⁵	<1x10⁻⁵	<1x10⁻⁵	2x10⁻⁵	<1x10⁻⁵	<1x10⁻⁵
	β	0.4187	0.0179	0.0403	0.4244	0.0187	0.0422
Being afraid something bad could happen	n	5179	4133	862	5179	4133	862
	p-value	0.0037	0.0007	0.0060	0.0026	0.0004	0.0076
	β	0.1972	0.0117	0.0176	0.2046	0.0122	0.0172
Feeling helpless often	n	5177	4130	862	5177	4130	862
	p-value	2x10⁻⁵	7x10⁻⁵	3x10⁻⁵	2x10⁻⁵	4x10⁻⁵	2x10⁻⁵
	β	0.3053	0.0143	0.0284	0.3105	0.0147	0.0293
Prefer staying at home	n	5180	4131	862	5180	4131	862
	p-value	0.0008	<1x10⁻⁵	0.0015	0.0006	<1x10⁻⁵	0.0020
	β	0.1938	0.0148	0.0183	0.1970	0.0149	0.0178
Feeling to have more memory problems than other people	n	5190	4142	866	5190	4142	866
	p-value	0.0018	0.0027	0.0046	0.0016	0.0020	0.0097
	β	0.2040	0.0100	0.0175	0.2069	0.0103	0.0161
Feeling pretty worthless	n	5173	4124	860	5173	4124	860
	p-value	0.0003	<1x10⁻⁵	<1x10⁻⁵	0.0002	<1x10⁻⁵	<1x10⁻⁵
	β	0.2860	0.0172	0.0358	0.2965	0.0184	0.0375
Feeling that situation is hopeless	n	5168	4125	860	5168	4125	860
	p-value	1x10⁻⁵	0.0001	0.0001	<1x10⁻⁵	4x10⁻⁵	0.0001
	β	0.3749	0.0161	0.0298	0.3847	0.0171	0.0301

P-value (exploratory): Multivariate regression to predict the respective symptoms related to mood adjusted for covariates by including AAE, gender, disease duration (time between AAO and current age), and comorbidities in the model.

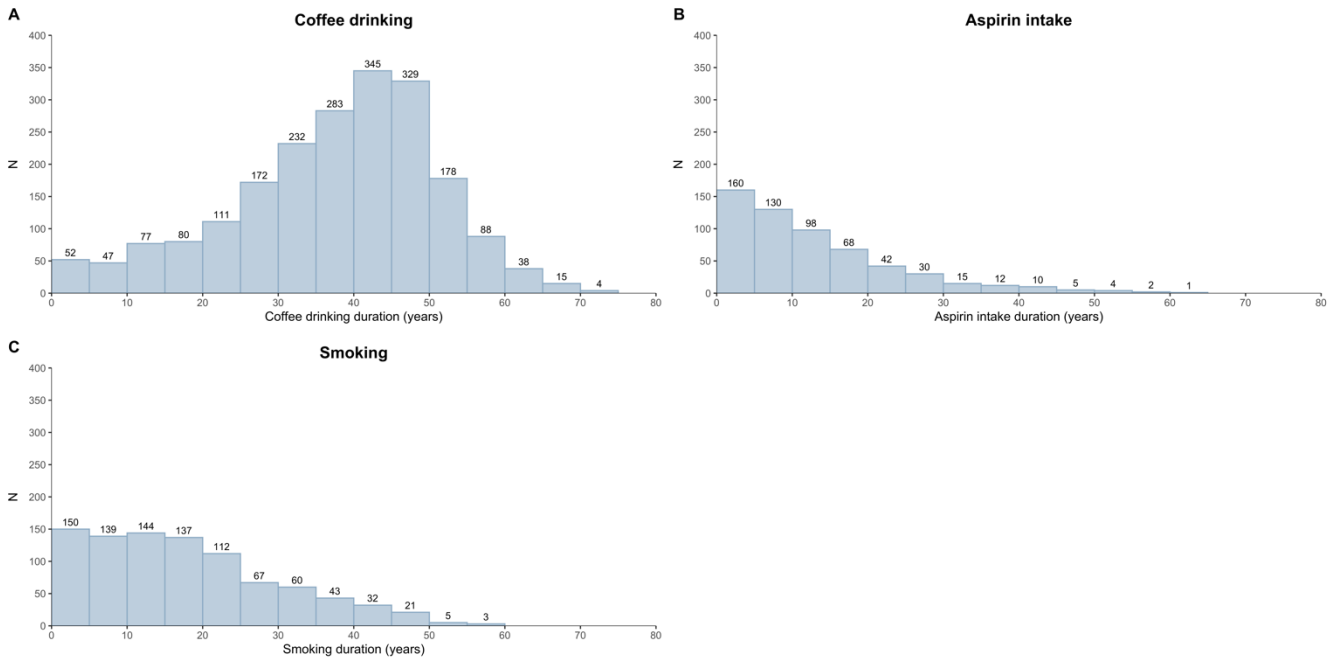
Supplementary Table S15. Generalized linear models on mood. Regression models for symptoms related to mood and significant for smoking in the Fox Insight cohort.

Dependent variable: Depression

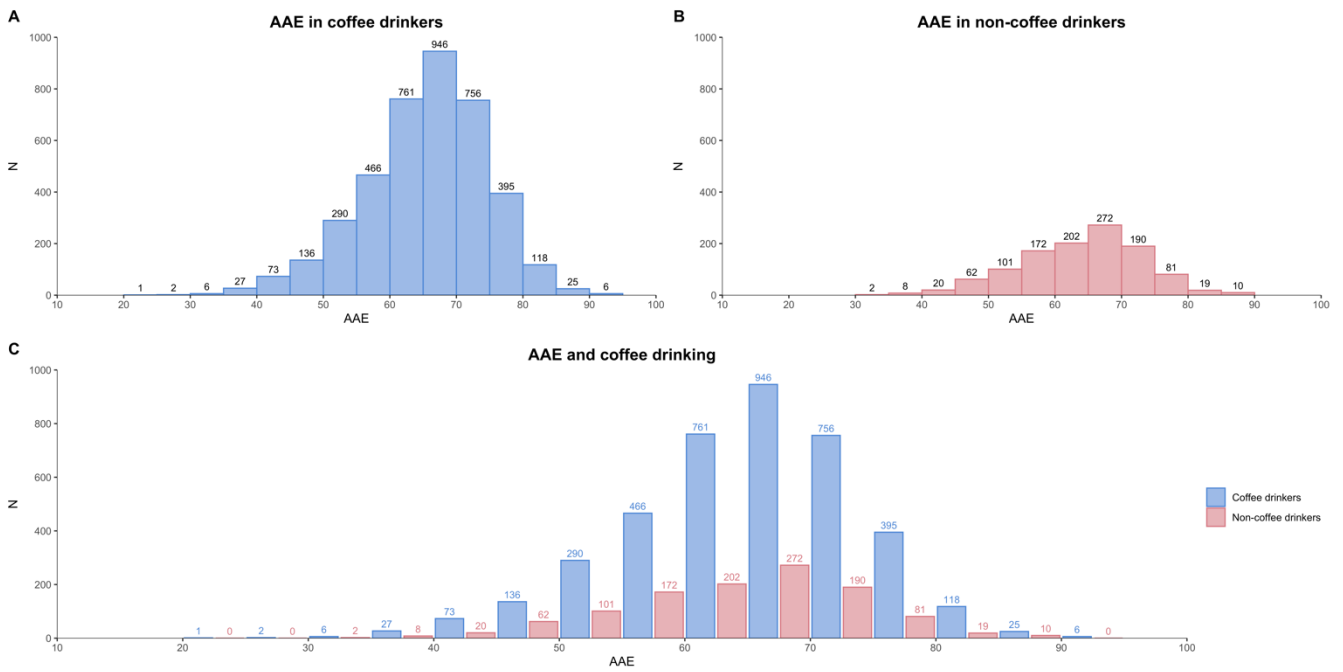
Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0291	0.0085	0.0007
Gender	0.2161	0.1542	0.1610
Disease Duration	0.0063	0.0155	0.6852
Heart Diseases (binary)	0.3338	0.2038	0.1015
Smoking Duration	0.0117	0.0061	0.0544

Dependent variable: Depression

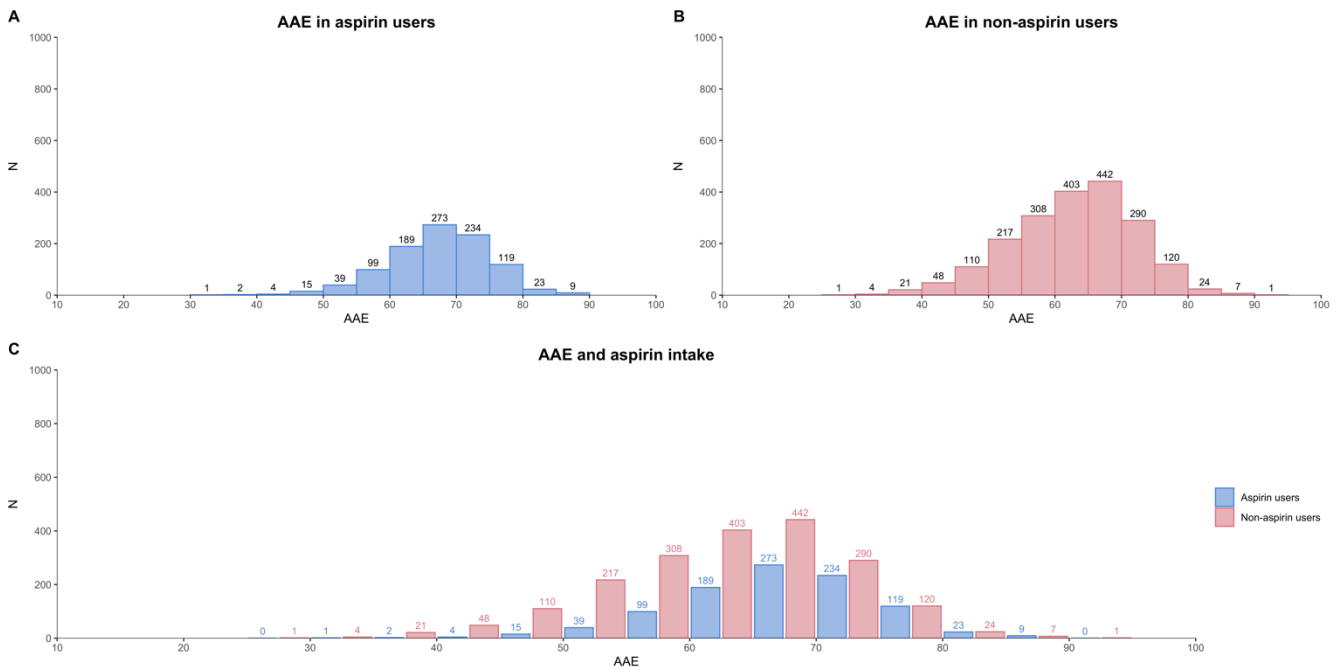
Covariates	Estimate	Standard error	p-value
AAE	-0.0264	0.0083	0.0016
Gender	0.1906	0.1529	0.2127
Disease Duration	0.0063	0.0155	0.6851
Lung Diseases (binary)	0.1839	0.2025	0.3638
Smoking Duration	0.0116	0.0061	0.0584



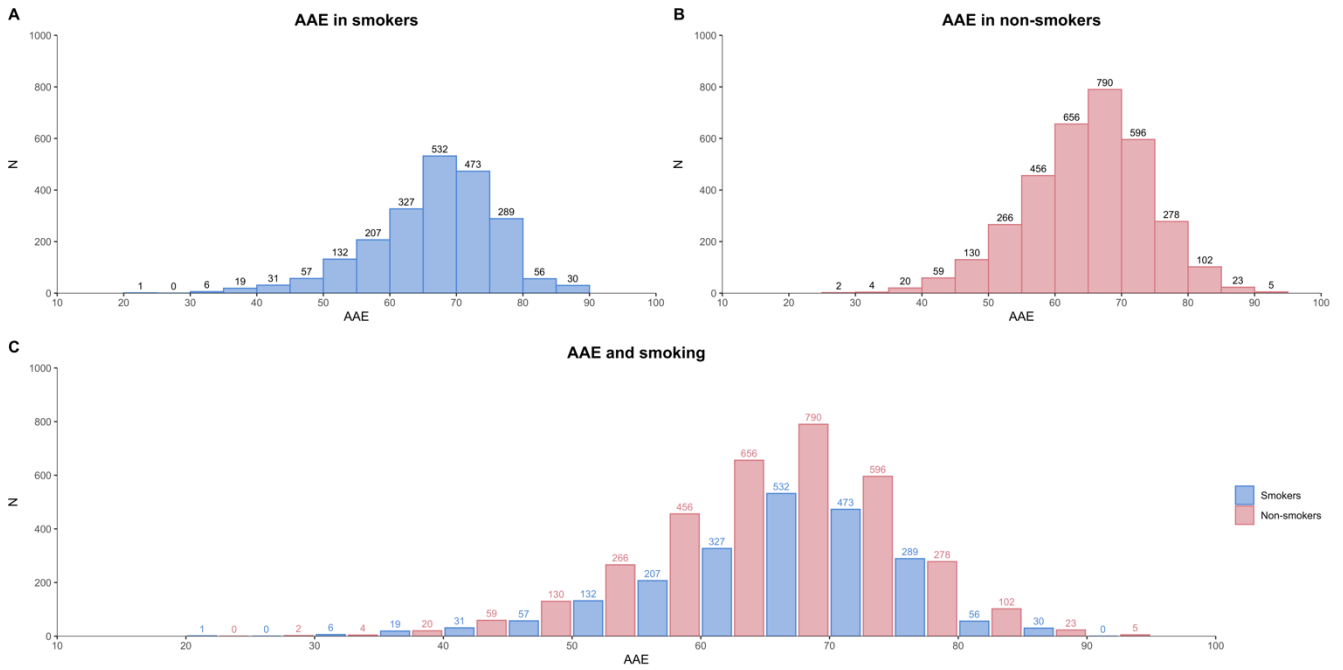
Supplementary Figure S2. Distribution of coffee drinking duration, aspirin intake duration, and smoking duration in the Fox Insight cohort. **(A)** Histogram of the coffee drinking duration in years. **(B)** Histogram of the aspirin intake duration in years. **(C)** Histogram of the smoking duration in years.



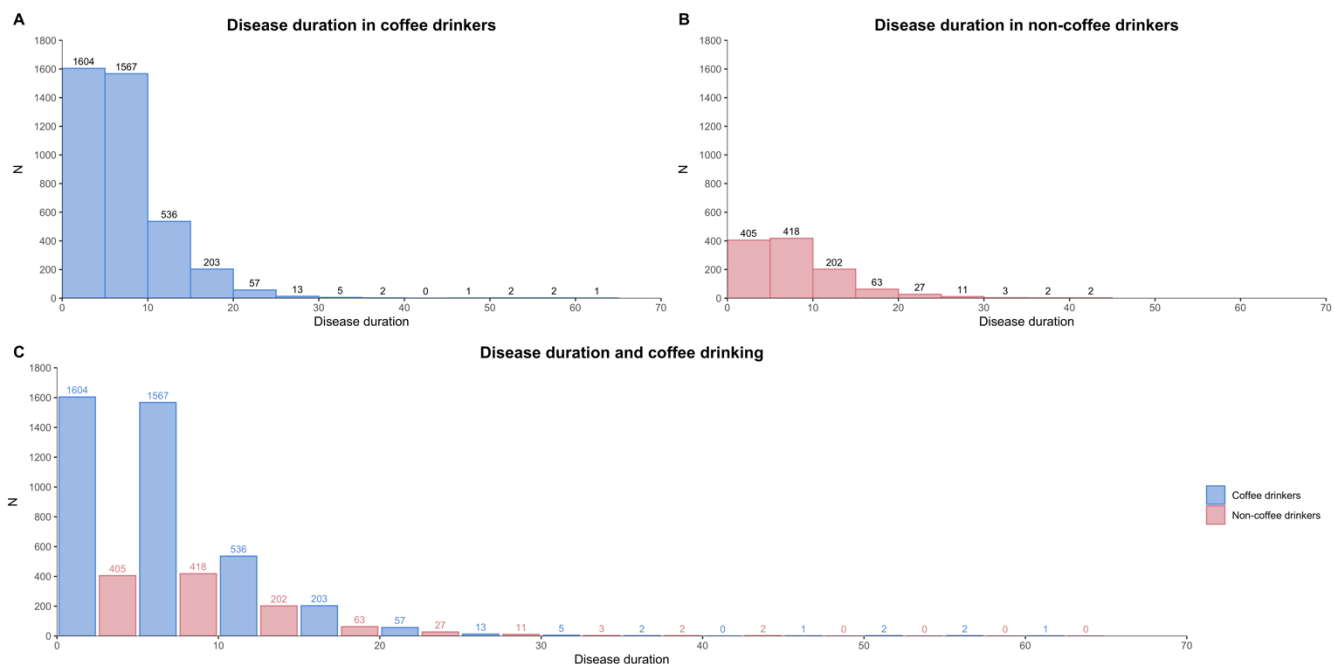
Supplementary Figure S3. Distribution of AAE in the subgroups of coffee drinkers and non-coffee drinkers. **(A)** Histogram of the AAE in the subgroup of coffee drinkers. **(B)** Histogram of the AAE in the subgroup of non-coffee drinkers **(C)** Histogram of the AAE in the subgroups of coffee drinkers and non-coffee drinkers.



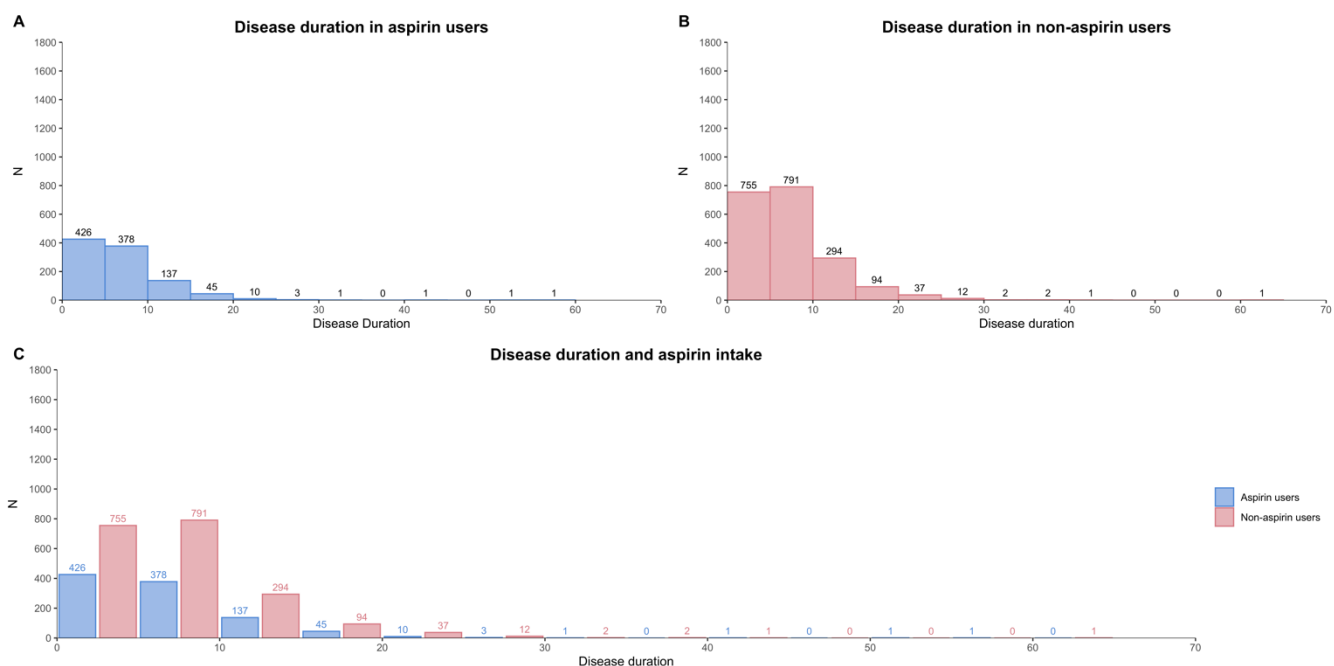
Supplementary Figure S4. Distribution of AAE in the subgroups of aspirin users and non-aspirin users. (A) Histogram of the AAE in the subgroup of aspirin users. (B) Histogram of the AAE in the subgroup of non-aspirin users (C) Histogram of the AAE in the subgroups of aspirin users and non-aspirin users.



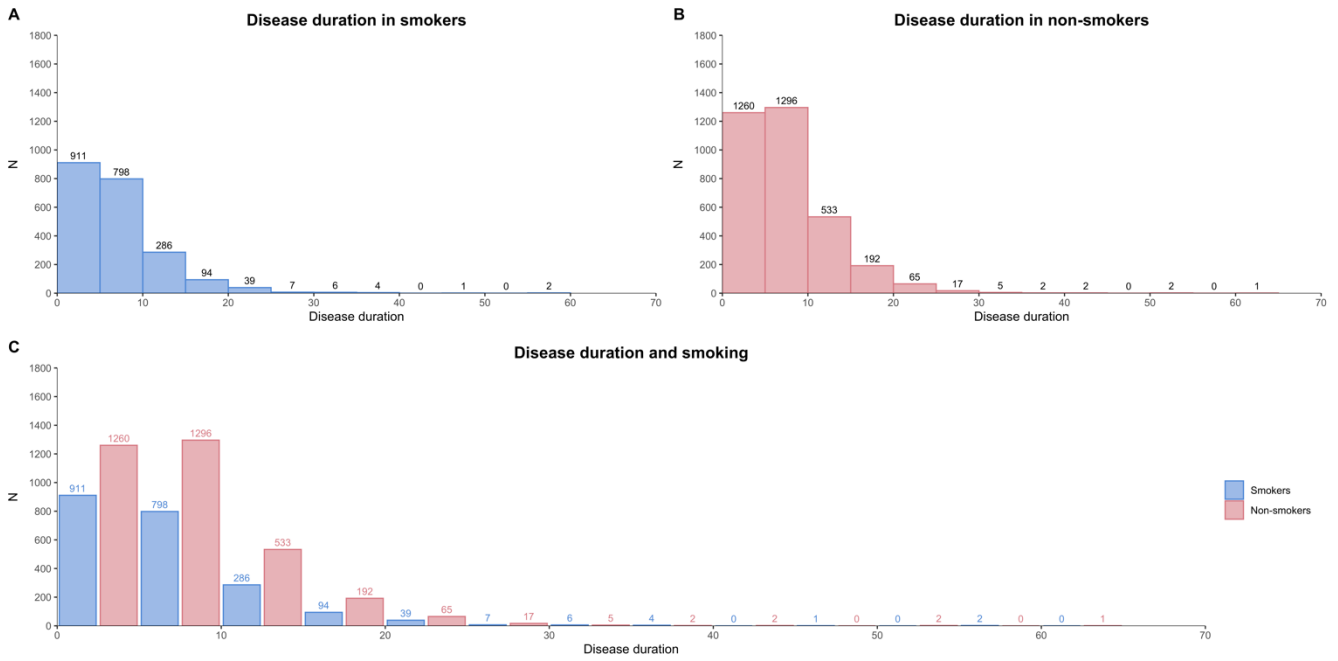
Supplementary Figure S5. Distribution of AAE in the subgroups of smokers and non-smokers. **(A)** Histogram of the AAE in the subgroup of smokers. **(B)** Histogram of the AAE in the subgroup of non-smokers **(C)** Histogram of the AAE in the subgroups of smokers and non-smokers.



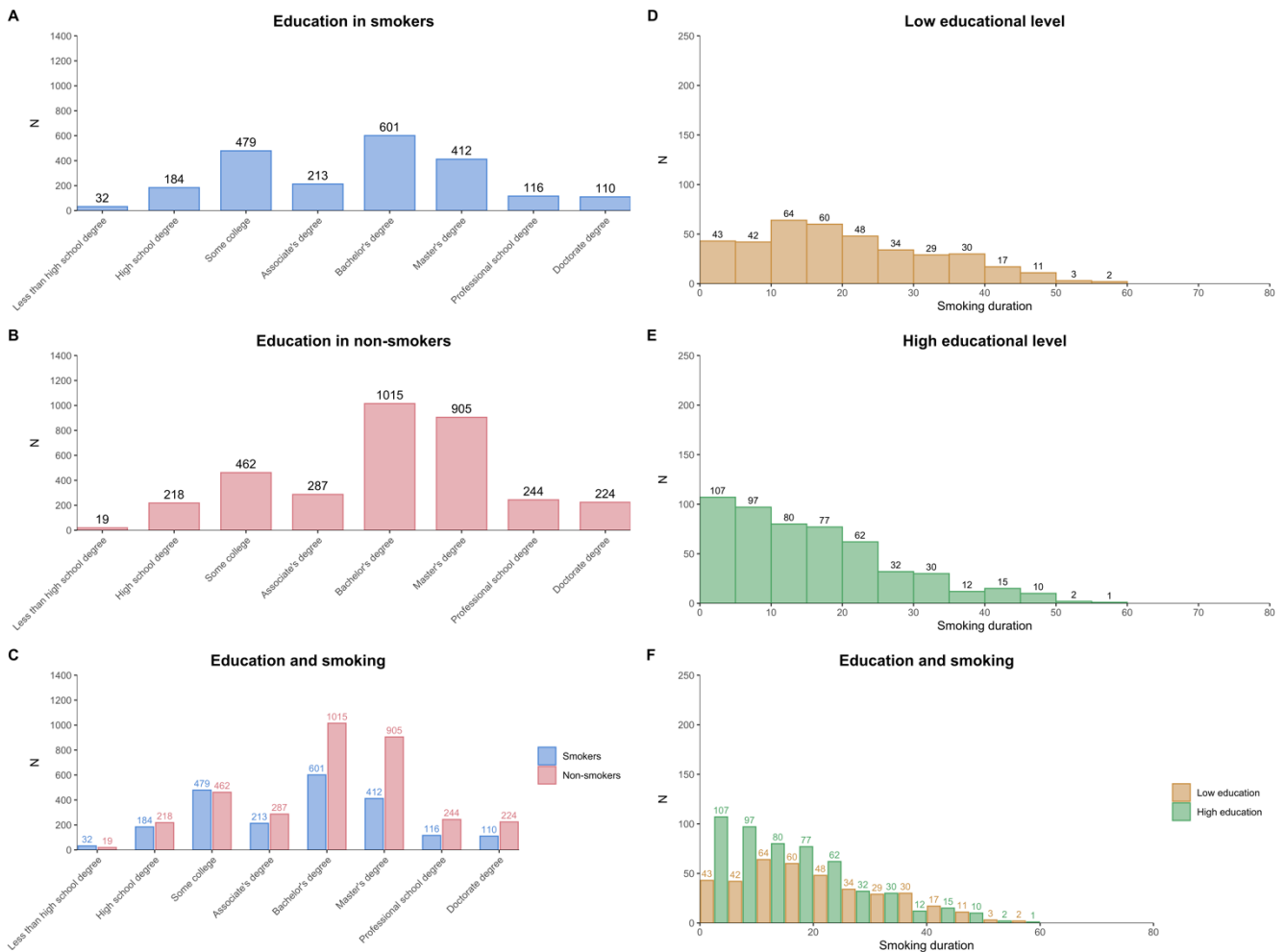
Supplementary Figure S6. Distribution of disease duration in the subgroups of coffee drinkers and non-coffee drinkers. (A) Histogram of the disease duration in the subgroup of coffee drinkers. (B) Histogram of disease duration in the subgroup of non-coffee drinkers (C) Histogram of disease duration in the subgroups of coffee drinkers and non-coffee drinkers.



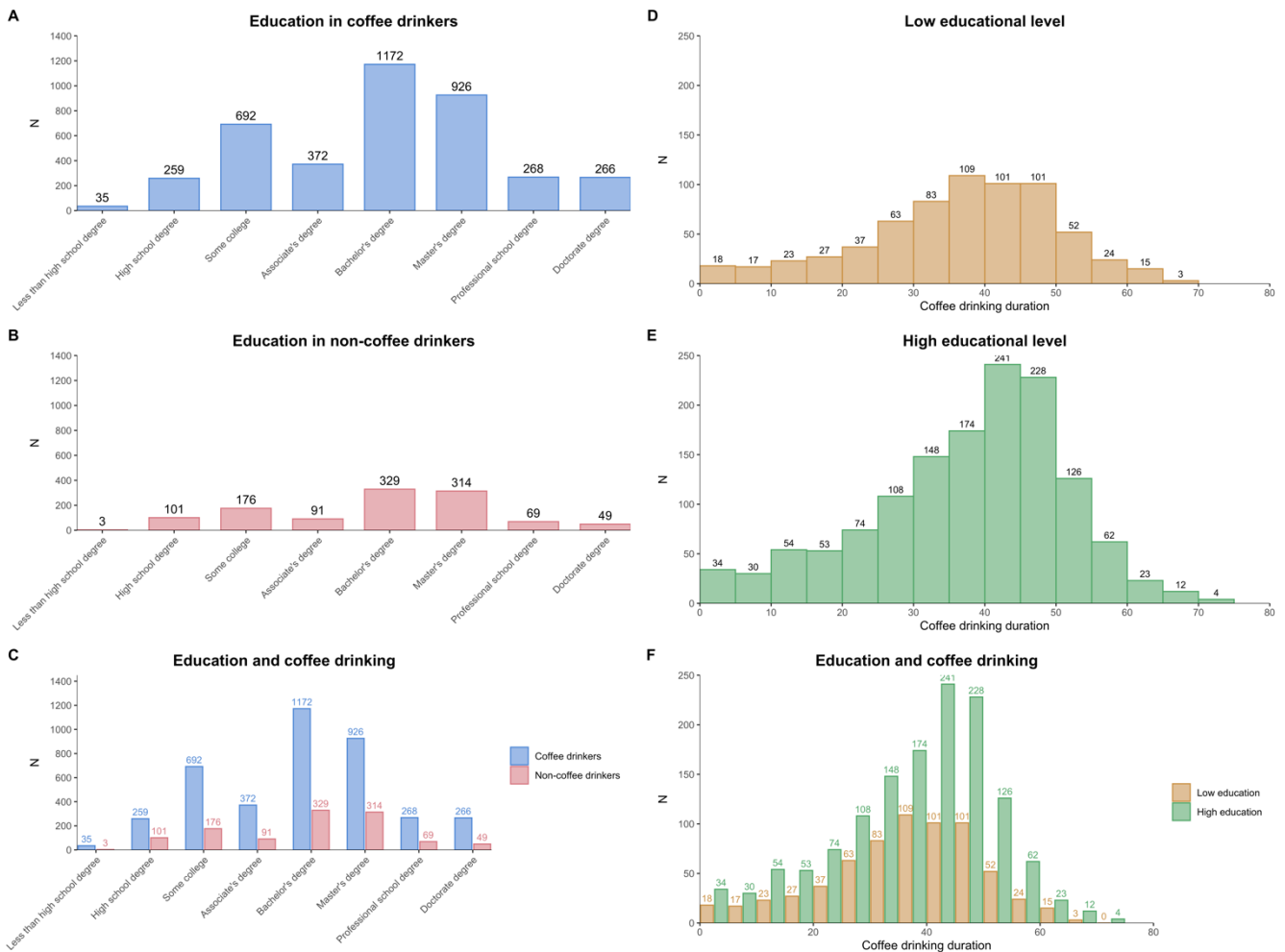
Supplementary Figure S7. Distribution of disease duration in the subgroups of aspirin users and non-aspirin users. **(A)** Histogram of the disease duration in the subgroup of aspirin users. **(B)** Histogram of the disease duration in the subgroup of non-aspirin users **(C)** Histogram of the disease duration in the subgroups of aspirin users and non-aspirin users.



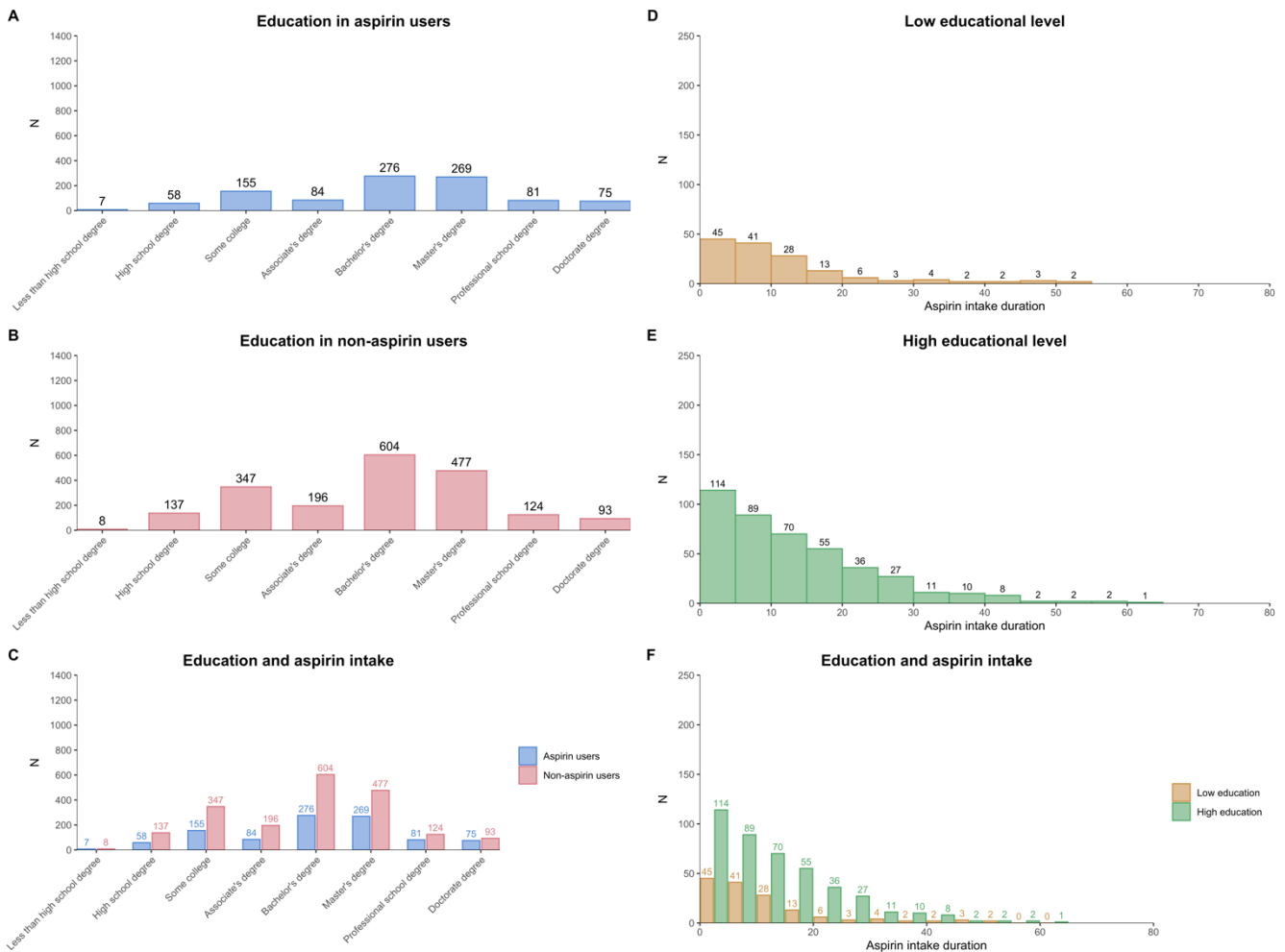
Supplementary Figure S8. Distribution of disease duration in the subgroups of smokers and non-smokers. (A) Histogram of the disease duration in the subgroup of smokers. (B) Histogram of the disease duration in the subgroup of non-smokers (C) Histogram of the disease duration in the subgroups of smokers and non-smokers.



Supplementary Figure S9. Education and smoking. (A) Distribution of the educational level in the subgroup of smokers. (B) Distribution of the educational level in the subgroup of non-smokers (C) Distribution of the educational level in the subgroups of smokers and non-smokers. (D) Histogram of the smoking duration in the subgroup of smokers with a low educational level (i.e., less than a high school degree, high school degree, some college, and Associate's degree). (E) Histogram of the smoking duration in the subgroup of smokers with a high educational level (i.e., Bachelor's degree, Master's degree, professional school degree, and doctorate degree) (F) Histogram of the smoking duration in the subgroups of smokers with a low educational level and with a high educational level.



Supplementary Figure S10. Education and coffee drinking. **(A)** Distribution of the educational level in the subgroup of coffee drinkers. **(B)** Distribution of the educational level in the subgroup of non-coffee drinkers **(C)** Distribution of the educational level in the subgroups of coffee drinkers and non-coffee drinkers. **(D)** Histogram of the coffee drinking duration in the subgroup of coffee drinkers with a low educational level (i.e., less than a high school degree, high school degree, some college, and Associate's degree). **(E)** Histogram of the coffee drinking duration in the subgroup of coffee drinkers with a high educational level (i.e., Bachelor's degree, Master's degree, professional school degree, and doctorate degree) **(F)** Histogram of the coffee drinking duration in the subgroups of coffee drinkers with a low educational level and with a high educational level.



Supplementary Figure S11. Education and aspirin intake. (A) Distribution of the educational level in the subgroup of aspirin users. (B) Distribution of the educational level in the subgroup of non-aspirin users (C) Distribution of the educational level in the subgroups of aspirin users and non-aspirin users. (D) Histogram of the aspirin intake duration in the subgroup of aspirin users with a low educational level (i.e., less a than high school degree, high school degree, some college, and Associate’s degree). (E) Histogram of the aspirin intake duration in the subgroup of aspirin users with a high educational level (i.e., Bachelor’s degree, Master’s degree, professional school degree, and doctorate degree) (F) Histogram of the aspirin intake duration in the subgroups of aspirin users with a low educational level and with a high educational level.

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- 1 Smolensky, L. *et al.* Fox Insight collects online, longitudinal patient-reported outcomes and genetic data on Parkinson's disease. *Sci Data* **7**, 67, doi:10.1038/s41597-020-0401-2 (2020).