



Magnify is a universal molecular anchoring strategy for expansion microscopy

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1 **Magnify: A versatile 11-fold expansion microscopy technique with universal molecular**
2 **retention**

3
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79 **Supplementary Notes**

80 ***Supplementary Note 1: Exploration of Anchoring and Homogenization Buffers***

81 We gelled deparaffinized and antibody labeled FFPE kidney pieces with the MANGIFY
82 monomer solution containing 0.05% (v/v) methacrolein (**Supplementary Fig. 2a**) allowing the
83 samples to still be homogenized by proteinase K (ProK) digestion, which is typically used to
84 ensure isotropic expansion in most ExM protocols.^{1,2} To quantify protein retention (**Fig. 1e,f**;
85 **Supplementary Fig. 2f**; **Supplementary Table 2**), we compared average fluorescence of N-
86 Hydroxysuccinimide (NHS) ester-dye conjugates, which bind to primary amines, before and
87 after processing with the MAGNIFY protocol. To compare to previous protocols, FFPE kidney
88 samples were prepared following the modified expansion pathology (ExPath) protocol.^{1,3} With
89 this protocol, the samples were gelled in a monomer solution containing 15% (w/v) SA, 5%
90 (w/v) AA, 0.1% (w/v) Bis, and 11.7% (w/v) NaCl along with 0.01% (w/v) 4HT, 0.2% (v/v)
91 TEMED, and 0.2% (w/v) APS after overnight incubation with 0.05 mg/mL AcX. After
92 homogenization with ProK digestion buffer (50 mM Tris (pH 8), 25 mM EDTA, 0.5% w/v
93 TritonX, 0.8M NaCl, 2 units/mL ProK) for 3 hours at 60°C, only $3.08 \pm 0.46\%$ s.e.m. ($n = 9$
94 technical replicates) of pre-expansion NHS fluorescence was observed (**Fig. 1e**). Meanwhile
95 samples anchored with 0.05% (v/v) methacrolein using the MAGNIFY gel chemistry measured
96 $14.54 \pm 1.07\%$ s.e.m. ($n = 12$ technical replicates) of pre-expansion NHS fluorescence (**Fig. 1e**)
97 when homogenized under the same conditions. Similarly, for PFA fixed mouse brain tissue
98 anchored with 0.1% (v/v) methacrolein or 0.05 mg/mL AcX using the MAGNIFY gel chemistry
99 measured $6.19 \pm 0.34\%$ s.e.m. ($n = 20$ technical replicates) and $7.7\% \pm 0.41\%$ s.e.m. ($n = 20$
100 technical replicates), respectively, retained fluorescence after 2 hours homogenization with ProK
101 (**Fig. 1e**; **Supplementary Table 2**). Additionally, lipid retention between the two conditions was
102 comparable for PFA fixed mouse brain tissue (**Supplementary Fig. 2f**; **Supplementary Table**
103 **3**), where lipid retention measured by retained fluorescence of DiD was $18.13 \pm 0.44\%$ s.e.m. (n
104 $= 20$ technical replicates) and $17.06 \pm 0.8\%$ s.e.m. ($n = 20$ technical replicates) for 0.1% (v/v)
105 methacrolein anchoring and AcX anchoring, respectively, after 2 hours homogenization with
106 ProK. Lipid retention measurements are a comparison of the same lipophilic dye before and after
107 expansion, and it is a measure of how much of the initial stain is still present after expansion.
108 Therefore, if a particular structure is not stained by the lipophilic dye before expansion (such as
109 the cell membrane) due to fixation, permeabilization, or other reasons, it cannot be revealed by
110 MAGNIFY (**Supplementary Fig. 2e**).

111 To better preserve protein epitopes during expansion, we sought to replace the strong
112 protease digestion of ProK. Protocols such as magnified analysis of the proteome (MAP)⁴ utilize
113 a non-enzymatic surfactant based tissue denaturing solution, but we found this to be
114 incompatible with both AcX and methacrolein based anchoring (**Supplementary Fig. 2b**).
115 Pulling from the ExPath¹ protocol and clearing protocols such as CUBIC,⁵ we found that the
116 addition of EDTA and urea, respectively, to a non-ionic surfactant based solution could
117 adequately homogenize tissues and preserve biomolecules (**Supplementary Figure 2c**) while
118 providing isotropic expansion. Indeed, both EDTA and urea were necessary to adequately
119 homogenize samples anchored with methacrolein (**Supplementary Figure 2d**). Both AcX and
120 methacrolein anchored FFPE kidney samples retained fluorescence after homogenizing using a
121 non-ionic surfactant-based buffer (10% (w/v) SDS, 8M urea, 25 mM EDTA, 2x PBS pH 7.5 at
122 RT) for 60 hours at 80 °C (**Fig. 1e**; **Supplementary Fig. 2f**). AcX anchored samples retained
123 $2.94 \pm 0.57\%$ s.e.m. ($n = 14$ technical replicates) NHS fluorescence which was comparable to the

124 ProK homogenized samples. Meanwhile, samples anchored with 0.05% (v/v) methacrolein
125 retained $13.63 \pm 1.86\%$ s.e.m. ($n = 8$ technical replicates) under the same conditions. Similarly,
126 PFA fixed mouse brain tissue retained $48.44 \pm 1.49\%$ s.e.m. ($n = 20$ technical replicates) and
127 $12.82 \pm 0.77\%$ s.e.m. ($n = 20$ technical replicates) NHS fluorescence for 0.1% methacrolein and
128 AcX anchored samples, respectively, when homogenized for 4 and 8 hours, respectively, at 80°C
129 (**Fig. 1e; Supplementary Table 2**). Under the same conditions, MAGNIFY showed improved
130 lipid retention, where 0.1% (v/v) methacrolein anchored samples retained $98.10 \pm 2.36\%$ s.e.m.
131 ($n = 30$ technical replicates) DiD fluorescence and AcX anchored samples retained $74.50 \pm$
132 2.47% s.e.m. ($n = 20$ technical replicates) after homogenizing for 4 and 8 hours, respectively in
133 hot surfactant (**Fig. 3a; Supplementary Fig. 2f; Supplementary Table 3**).

134 To improve biomolecule retention, we found that increasing the methacrolein to 0.25% (v/v)
135 for FFPE kidney samples preserved $58.54\% \pm 7.08\%$ s.e.m. ($n = 14$ technical replicates) of the
136 NHS signal after homogenization for 60 hours at 80 °C using a surfactant-based buffer
137 (**Supplementary Fig. 2f**). Similar to methacrolein concentration, homogenization time was
138 tissue-type dependent (**Supplementary Table 1**), where mechanically tougher and more heavily
139 fixed tissues such as FFPE kidney took longer to homogenize compared to softer tissue such as
140 PFA fixed mouse brain. We also found the expansion factor was dependent on methacrolein
141 concentration, where both over and under anchoring led to smaller expansion factors
142 (**Supplementary Fig. 4**) and the optimal methacrolein concentration was tissue-type dependent
143 (**Supplementary Table 1**).

144 *Supplementary Note 2: Exploration of Gel Chemistry*

145 To optimize gel chemistry, we first attempted to replicate the X10 protocol,⁶ where N,N-
146 dimethylacrylamide acid (DMAA) was used to obtain larger expansion factors. We first made a
147 gelling solution of 26.7% (w/v) DMAA and 6.4% (w/v) SA was prepared in water. After
148 dissolving, a 3.6% (w/v) stock solution of KPS was added to a final concentration 0.36% (w/v)
149 KPS. After vortexing, TEMED (100% w/w) was added to a final concentration of 0.4% (v/v). To
150 replicate ExPath gelling conditions, we chose to omit the nitrogen purging step. When applied to
151 FFPE kidney pieces treated with AcX prior to gelling, incomplete expansion and non-isotropic
152 expansion was observed in samples homogenized in a non-ionic surfactant-based buffer (10%
153 (w/v) SDS, 8M urea, 25 mM EDTA, 2x PBS pH 7.5 at RT) for 60 hours at 80 °C
154 (**Supplementary Fig. 2c**). Additionally, these tissue gels were not mechanically sturdy and only
155 had an expansion factor of ~6X when expanded in water (**Supplementary Table 6;**
156 **Supplementary Fig. 4**).

157 To provide better expansion in a sturdy gel, we chose to supplement the ExPath gelling
158 solution with a small amount of DMAA. To find the optimal gel composition, we varied DMAA,
159 (SA, N,N'-Methylenebisacrylamide (Bis), and acrylamide (AA) concentrations and prepared
160 blank gels and compared their expansion in water. From the rapid ExPath protocol, we knew
161 increasing SA and AA concentrations provided a sturdier gel to compensate for the lower Bis
162 concentration, which increased the expansion factor.³ We ultimately found a hydrogel formula
163 composed of 4% (w/v) DMAA, 34% (w/v) SA, 10% (w/v) AA, and 0.01% (w/v) Bis
164 (**Supplementary Table 7**) provided the optimal expansion factor and sturdiness to expand an
165 array of tissue types. We also varied the initiator, ammonium persulfate (APS), and inhibitor, 4-
166 hydroxy-TEMPO (4HT), concentrations and polymerized the blank gels at different temperatures
167 and found that a slightly higher APS concentration and slightly lower 4HT concentration
168 compared to the ExPath protocol in gels polymerized at 37 °C provided the best expansion factor
169 (**Supplementary Table 8**). It should also be noted the blank gel expansion factors are slightly

170 smaller than that of the tissue-gel hydrogel due to different components contributed to the
171 hydrogel by the tissue.

172 To test the mechanical sturdiness of the gel, we compared the MAGNIFY gel chemistry to
173 other gels using the method developed for the Ten-fold Robust Expansion Microscopy (TReX)
174 protocol (**Supplementary Fig. 4, Supplementary Table 9**).⁷ The TReX gel is comprised of 11%
175 (w/v) SA, 14.5% (w/v) AA, 0.005-0.015% (w/v) Bis, and 1x PBS along with 0.15% (v/v)
176 TEMED, and 0.15% (w/v) APS. Briefly, blank gels were made in a 2 mL Eppendorf tube and
177 then cut into half cylinders. The gels were then expanded in water and the deformation index
178 was calculated by taking the ratio of radius of deformation to the radius of the gel. For the TReX
179 protocol, higher crosslinker concentrations (150 ppm Bis) compared to the reported values (50
180 and 90 ppm Bis) were needed to produce a deformation index less than 0.5. Although both the
181 high crosslinker TReX gel and MAGNIFY had similar expansion factors (5.9× in water),
182 MAGNIFY had a much lower deformation index of 0.03 compared to the 0.28 deformation
183 index of the high crosslinker TReX gel.

184 Interestingly, the crosslinking provided by the DMAA also had an anchoring effect; FFPE
185 kidney samples anchored with 0% (v/v) methacrolein (**Supplementary Fig. 2c**) retained $2.43 \pm$
186 0.83% s.e.m. ($n = 8$ technical replicates) and $4.40 \pm 0.64\%$ s.e.m. when homogenized for 60
187 hours at 80 °C using a surfactant-based buffer and with ProK homogenization using this gel
188 chemistry.

189 ***Supplementary Note 3: DNA FISH experiment on tissues homogenized in MAGNIFY gel***

190 We applied DNA FISH probes against telomere sequences⁸ and centromere protein B box⁹ to
191 gel-embedded bladder cancer samples homogenized with strong ProK digestion, as ProK will
192 homogenize proteins within tissue without damaging nucleic acids. We observed that these two
193 probes diffused into MAGNIFY processed bladder cancer specimens and hybridized with
194 chromosomal DNA within 2 hours at 37 °C and post-expansion lectin staining could still be
195 performed (**Fig. 3m, Supplementary Video 5**). Using strong ProK digestion, we noticed that
196 FFPE bladder cancer tissue section can be processed and stained with DNA FISH probes and
197 lectin stain within 8 hours, which could be useful in time-sensitive applications such as those
198 used for histopathological diagnoses.

199 ***Supplementary Note 4: Use of SOFI with MAGNIFY***

200 We chose to pair MAGNIFY with SOFI as SOFI can work on standard fluorophores¹⁰
201 images can be generated with under 100 time points¹⁰, and it has been shown to work on 3D
202 datasets^{10,11}. SOFI was performed on expanded samples with custom MATLAB code, where
203 images were corrected for drift, intensity and deconvolved (Lucy-Richardson method). The SOFI
204 processing used in MAGNIFY-SOFI is based on CryoSOFI code¹², but only second-order cross-
205 correlation was performed and the code was modified to function in 3D (Supplemental Fig. 6).
206 We noted that the axial resolution improvement is limited as Z-planes were not captured
207 simultaneously¹¹.

208 ***Supplementary Note 5: Parameter free resolution estimation of MAGNIFY-SOFI***

209 To determine the effective resolution achieved by MAGNIFY and MAGNIFY-SOFI, we
210 applied a parameter-free algorithm based on decorrelation analysis to images of human lung
211 organoid (Apical out airway organoids¹³, both normal and with CCDC39 gene mutations),
212 expanded 10.5×. Organoids were stained with NHS-Cy3 and imaged using a CFI Plan
213 Apochromat VC 60×C water immersion (1.2 NA), with a measured resolution of 36.52 ± 0.95
214
215

216 nm (**Supplementary Fig. 5d**). Lucy-Richardson deconvolution was then performed on the
217 dataset, improving the measured resolution to 23.54 ± 1.31 nm. Finally, a resolution of $15.90 \pm$
218 1.39 nm was demonstrated on deconvolved MAGNIFY-SOFI images. Values are based on 37
219 measurements in each condition across 4 technical replicates. Depending on the wavelength of
220 fluorophore, assuming the expansion factor is consistent with this organoid example, the
221 effective resolution of MAGNIFY-SOFI is estimated to be 13~18 nm.
222

223 ***Supplementary Note 6: High-quality imaging of tubulin ultrastructure in cell culture.***

224 U2OS cells (Gifted from the Lee lab at Carnegie Mellon University, originally purchased
225 from ATCC) were grown in DMEM supplemented with 10% fetal bovine serum, 4.5 g/L D-
226 glucose, 110 mg/L sodium pyruvate, 6 mM L-glutamine, 0.1 mM non-essential amino acids, 50
227 units/mL of penicillin and 50 μ g/mL of streptomycin. Cells were not authenticated or tested for
228 mycoplasma contamination. All cells were maintained at 37°C in a humid 5% CO₂ atmosphere.
229 Cells were seeded unto #1.5 cover glass treated with poly-l-lysine in a 6 well plate and grown for
230 24-48 hours before fixation.

231 There is no standardized fixation protocol for super-resolution microtubule imaging, and
232 thus this protocol requires optimization for new applications. The optimized protocol for high-
233 quality tubulin images with MAGNIFY is based off existing protocols¹⁴⁻¹⁷ and is as follows: 1
234 hour before fixation, media was replaced with DMEM containing 0% FBS and the cells were
235 returned to the 37°C incubator. After the 1 hour, we brought the well plate out to a RT bench top,
236 aspirated the media, and quickly extracted the coverslips (< 30 s) with freshly made 37°C PEMT
237 buffer (80 mM PIPES, 5 mM EGTA, 2 mM MgCl₂ at pH 6.8 with 0.2% TX). Quickly after we
238 aspirated the PEMT buffer, we applied 2 ml of cold -20°C 100% methanol to each well, and then
239 fixed the plate at -20°C for 5 minutes. We then replaced the methanol with RT 1x PBS and
240 performed consecutive washes with PBS for 30 s, 1 min, 5 min, 10 min, and 15 min, using the 2-
241 handed pipette technique to reduce mechanical stress and further dehydration.

242 MAGNIFY gel monomer solution was prepared as described in the methods section.
243 Prior to gelation, methanol fixed U2OS cell samples were placed into custom gelling chamber
244 consisting of four spacers cut from #1.5 cover glass adhered to the uncoated back of a
245 microscope slide on either side of a piece of cover glass with adherent cells. Excess PBS around
246 the specimen was absorbed with a Kimwipe and the specimen was allowed to air dry partially.
247 Immediately prior to gelation, the chemicals APS, TEMED, and methacrolein were added to a
248 final concentration of 0.25% (w/v) APS, 0.2% TEMED (w/v), and 0.1% (v/v) methacrolein. The
249 solution was vortexed and applied to the U2OS cells. A glass slide was then placed on top of the
250 double-stacked spacers to form a gelling chamber. The samples were incubated overnight in a
251 humidified container at 37 °C to complete gelation.

252 After gelation, the glass slide cover was removed from the gelling chamber, blank gel
253 surrounding the tissue was trimmed from the samples, and the U2OS cell containing hydrogel
254 was cut into smaller pieces. Samples were then incubated in homogenization buffer (10% w/v
255 SDS, 8M Urea, 25 mM EDTA, 2× PBS, pH 7.5 at RT) for 36h at 80 °C with shaking.
256 Homogenized samples were then washed 3 times with 1× PBS at RT, followed by at least 3
257 washes in 1% decaethylene glycol monododecyl ether (C₁₂E₁₀)/1xPBS or 1%PBST at RT or 60
258 °C to remove remaining SDS.

259 After homogenization and washing, U2OS cells were stained with approximately 1
260 μ g/mL of a combination of rabbit anti- α Tubulin (Abcam ab18251, Proteintech 80762-1-RR,
261 11224-1-AP), rabbit anti- β Tubulin (Proteintech 10094-1-AP), mouse anti- α Tubulin (Invitrogen

262 62204, Proteintech 66031-1-Ig), and mouse anti- β Tubulin (Proteintech 66240-1-Ig, Sigma
263 T8328) in staining buffer (5 \times SSC (750 mM NaCl, 75 mM sodium citrate, pH 7.0)/0.1% Tween
264 20) for 48h RT. Samples were then washed 3 times with washing buffer (1 \times PBS/0.1%
265 (C₁₂E₁₀)/1xPBS) at RT for at least 10 minutes. To prevent disassociation during full expansion in
266 water, samples were stained with both fluorescently conjugated secondaries and biotin-
267 streptavidin labeling. First, samples were incubated in staining buffer with AF488 AffiniPure
268 Fab Fragment Donkey Anti-Rabbit (Jackson ImmunoResearch 711-547-003) , AF488 AffiniPure
269 Fab Fragment Donkey Anti-Mouse (715-547-003), Biotin-SP AffiniPure Fab Fragment Goat
270 Anti-Rabbit (111-067-003), and Biotin-SP AffiniPure Fab Fragment Goat Anti-Mouse (115-067-
271 003) diluted to approximately 1 μ g/mL in staining buffer for at least 1 hour at RT. Samples were
272 then washed at least 3 times with washing buffer for at least 10 minutes. Samples were then
273 incubated with AF488 conjugated streptavidin (Invitrogen S11223) diluted to approximately 1
274 μ g/mL in staining buffer for at least 20 minutes at RT. Samples were then washed at least 3
275 times with washing buffer for at least 10 minutes. After staining, samples were washed in water
276 for at least 10 minutes. This was repeated until the sample was fully expanded, at least three
277 exchanges of water.

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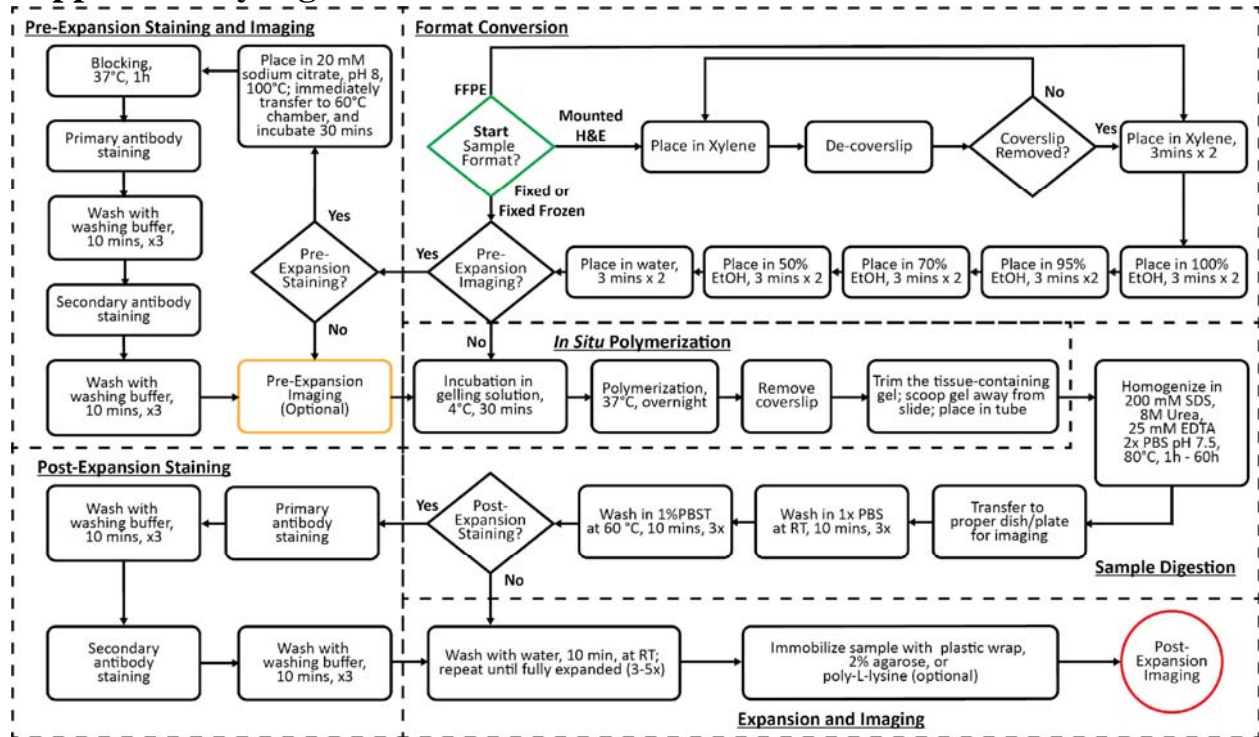
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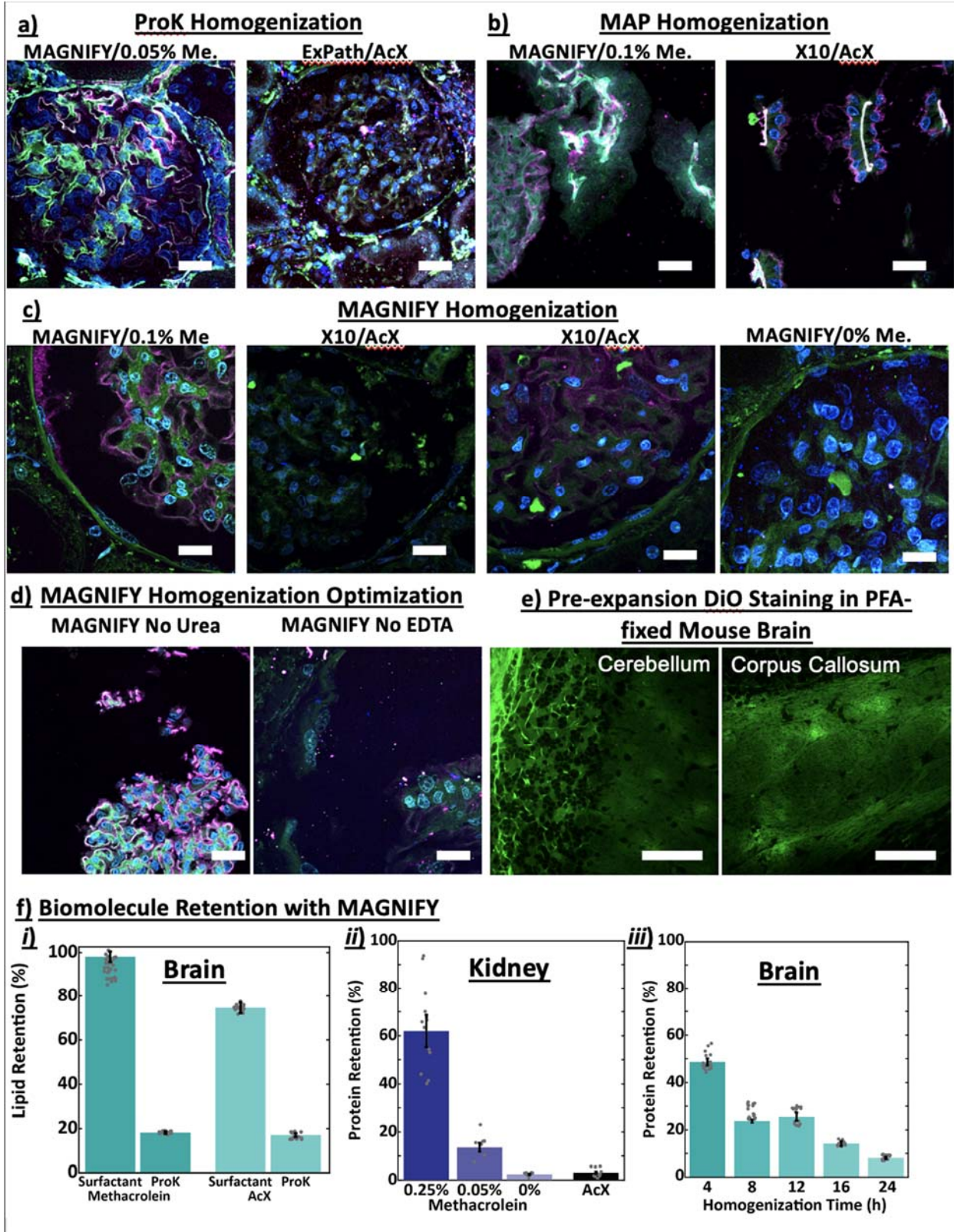
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283 **Supplementary Figures**



284
285 **Supplementary Figure 1: The full workflow for MAGNIFY.**

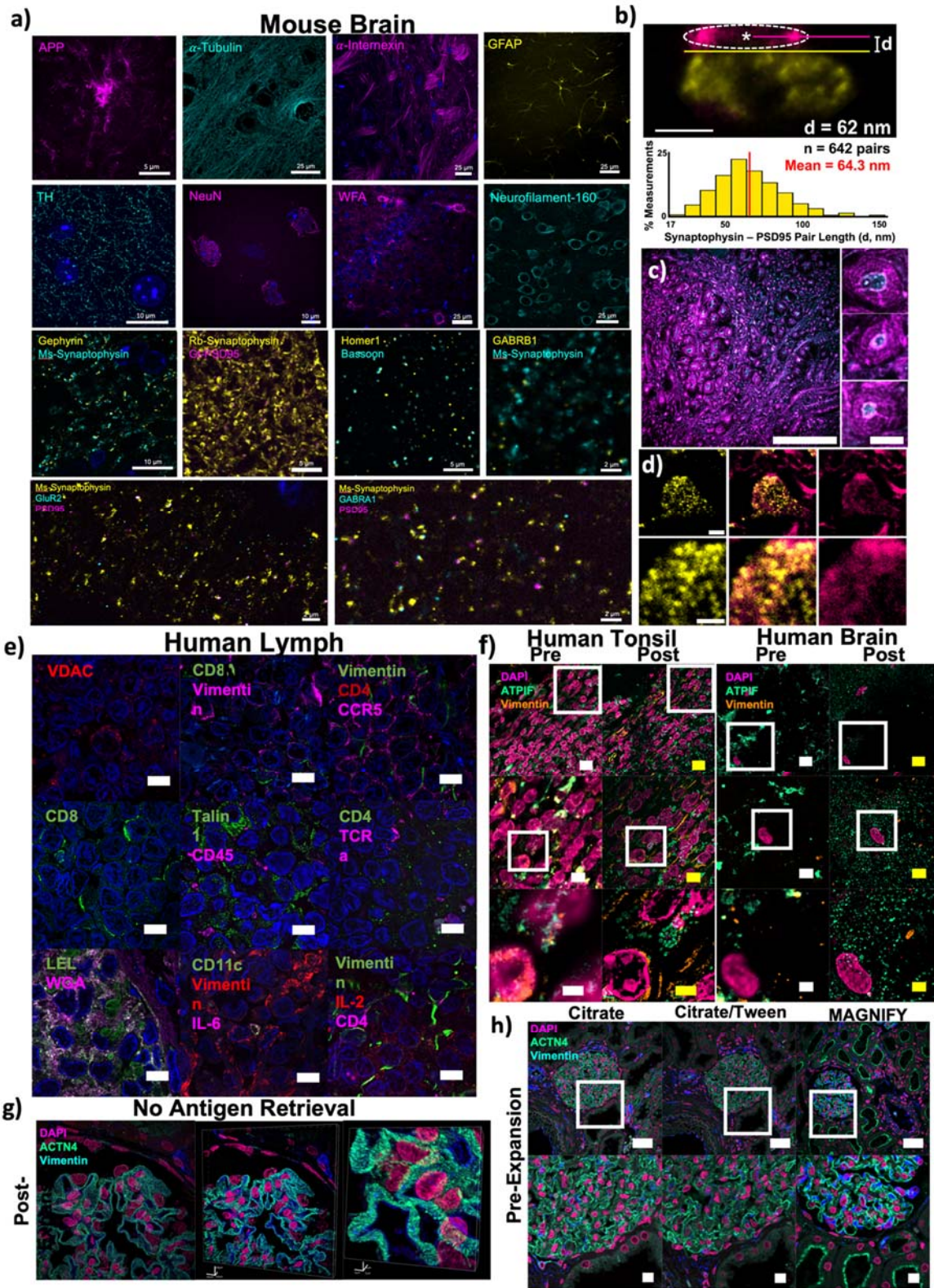
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291 **Supplementary Figure 2: Comparison of anchoring, homogenization, and gelling strategies.**
292 (a) Deparaffinized and stained FFPE kidney samples were gelled according to the MAGNIFY or
293 ExPath protocols and were incubated in the ExPath homogenization buffer (50 mM Tris pH 8, 25
294 mM EDTA, 0.5% w/v TritonX, 0.8M NaCl) with Proteinase K diluted by 1:200 (final
295 concentration 4 units/mL) for 3 hours at 60 °C. Final expansion factors: 4.2 (MAGNIFY) and
296 3.3 (ExPath). (b) Kidney samples prepared with the MAGNIFY protocol anchored with 0.1%
297 (v/v) methacrolein, X10 protocol anchored with AcX, and the MAGNIFY protocol showed
298 severe cracking due to incomplete homogenization when expanded in water after homogenizing
299 for 60h at 80°C in the MAP homogenization buffer (200 mM SDS, 200 mM NaCl, and 50 mM
300 Tris in water pH 9 at RT). (c) Samples prepared with the MAGNIFY protocol anchored with
301 0.1% (v/v) methacrolein, ExPath protocol anchored with AcX, and the x10 protocol anchored
302 with AcX could be expanded in water after homogenization using a non-ionic surfactant buffer
303 (10% w/v SDS, 8M Urea, 25 mM EDTA, 2x PBS, pH 7.5 at RT) for 60h at 80°C. However, the
304 x10 prepared samples had less even homogenization and smaller expansion compared to the
305 MAGNIFY sample. Some anchoring is present in samples without an anchoring agent, most
306 likely due to the crosslinking capability of DMAA. Optimal anchoring was observed in 0.25%
307 (v/v) methacrolein anchored kidney samples. Expansion factors: 7.9 (MAGNIFY/0.1%Me.) and
308 6.0 (X10). (d) When urea or EDTA were removed from the non-ionic surfactant buffer,
309 insufficient homogenization led to incomplete expansion and severe cracking in FFPE kidney
310 samples homogenized for 60h at 80°C. Gels were expanded in water and representative
311 maximum intensity projection images were obtained at 10x magnification. Scale bar 100 μm
312 (absolute scale) Blue DAPI, green NHS, magenta WGA. (e) Pre-expansion DiO staining in the
313 cerebellum (left) and corpus callosum (right) in PFA-fixed mouse brain tissue showing strong
314 myelin staining but no strong staining of the neuronal plasma membrane. Scale bar: 50 μm. (f)
315 Protein and Lipid retention for mouse brain and human kidney. (i) Lipid retention measured as
316 DiD fluorescence retention for mouse brain homogenized in surfactant versus ProK for tissues
317 anchored with 0.1% methacrolein or AcX. N = 20 technical replicates. Error bars in terms of
318 s.e.m. (ii) Protein retention of human kidney measured as NHS fluorescence retention processed
319 with MAGNIFY versus ExPath and anchored with different conditions and homogenized in hot
320 surfactant for 60 hours. N = 13, 8, 8, and 9 technical replicates. (iii) Protein retention of mouse
321 brain measured as NHS fluorescence retention processed with MAGNIFY and anchored with
322 0.1% methacrolein and homogenized in hot surfactant over time. N = 20 technical replicates.

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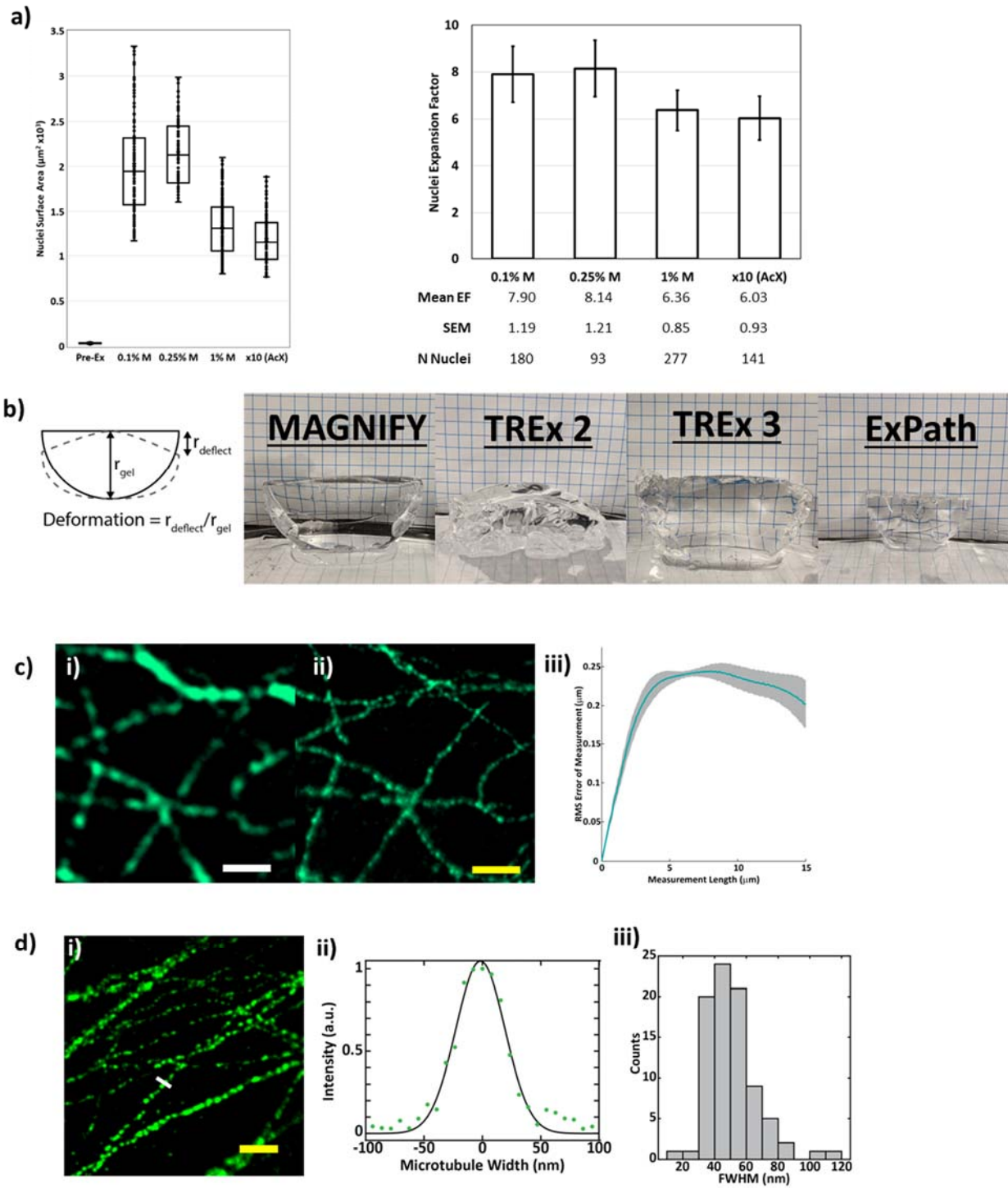
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326 **Supplementary Figure 3: Examples of Post Expansion Staining with MAGNIFY (a)**
 327 Paraformaldehyde-fixed 30µm mouse brain sections were gelled according to the MAGNIFY protocol
 328 using 0.1%-1% (v/v) methacrolein and were homogenized using a non-ionic surfactant buffer (10% w/v

329 SDS, 8M Urea, 5-25 mM EDTA, 1-2x PBS, pH 7.5 at RT) for 4-8h at 80°C. After expansion, samples
330 were stained with indicated primary antibodies in 1x PBS overnight. After washing, samples were stained
331 with DAPI and relevant secondary antibodies. After staining, samples were washed in 1x PBS and
332 imaged at 10x (APP, GFAP, WFA, Neurofilament-160) or 40x (α -Tubulin, α -Internexin, TH, NeuN, all
333 synaptic markers) magnification. Blue, DAPI. **(b)** Quantification of synaptophysin-PSD95 pair distances
334 in mouse striatum expanded fully with MAGNIFY. Top: Example measurement. The distance, d , was
335 taken from the edge of synaptophysin (yellow) to the center of the postsynaptic density (PSD95,
336 magenta). Bottom: Summary of all measurements taken. Y-axis represents the number of measurements
337 as a percentage of all measurements taken. $n = 642$ measurements across two technical replicates. Mean
338 pair distance = 64.3 nm. Expansion factor: $11\times$ in ddH₂O. **(c)** Visualization of myelinated axons in the
339 mouse brain with MAGNIFY. Cyan: NHS-Cy3, Magenta: DiD. Scale bars: Overview: 10 μm , Zoom-ins:
340 1 μm . **(d)** Lipophilic dye specificity for synaptic vesicles in the mouse brain. Left: synaptophysin, yellow.
341 Right: DiD, magenta. Middle, merge. Bottom Row: Zoom-in of top row. Areas of high vesicle density (as
342 shown by synaptophysin labeling) can be seen to be labeled with DiD as well. Scale bar top: 200nm;
343 bottom: 100 nm. **(e)** Deparaffinized human lymph node samples purchased from US Biomax were gelled
344 according to the MAGNIFY protocol using 0.1% (v/v) methacrolein and were homogenized using a non-
345 ionic surfactant buffer (10% w/v SDS, 8M Urea, 5-25 mM EDTA, 1-2x PBS, pH 7.5 at RT) for 26-32h at
346 80°C. After expansion, samples were stained with indicated primary antibodies in staining buffer
347 overnight. After washing, samples were stained with DAPI and relevant secondary antibodies. After
348 staining, samples were washed in 1xPBS and imaged at 40x magnification. Scale bar 50 μm (absolute
349 scale) Blue DAPI. **(f)** MAGNIFY improves post expansion staining. Human tonsil (left) and brain
350 (right) FFPE samples were imaged at 40x (top left, scale bar 10 μm , middle left scale bar 5 μm , bottom
351 left scale bar 2 μm). The white box indicates the field of view of the higher magnification images. The
352 samples were then processed with the MAGNIFY protocol, and the same fields of view were imaged
353 post-expansion in water at 10 \times (top right, scale bar, 10 μm biological scale) and 40x (middle right scale
354 bar 5 μm , bottom right scale bar 2 μm ; biological scale). Post expansion images were projected over 4-17
355 z slices. Expansion factors in water were: 8.04 \times (tonsil), 8.36 \times (brain). Staining of ATIPF and vimentin
356 improve with post expansion staining. Magenta, DAPI; Green, ATPIF; Orange, Vimentin. **(g)** MAGNIFY
357 does not require antigen retrieval. MAGNIFY protocol achieves good post expansion staining without the
358 need for antigen retrieval pre-expansion. Scale bar 25 μm (absolute scale). Foot processes in kidney
359 podocytes can still be resolved. Magenta, DAPI; Green, ACTN4, Blue, Vimentin. **(h)** The MAGNIFY
360 homogenization buffer can be used as a superior pre-expansion antigen retrieval buffer. After heat
361 treatment for 30-45 minutes in 200 mM sodium citrate (pH 8), 200 mM sodium citrate, 0.05% tween (pH
362 6.5), or 10% w/v SDS, 8M Urea, 25 mM EDTA, 2x PBS (pH 9.5), the MAGNIFY buffer demonstrates
363 superior pre-expansion staining. Scale bar top: 50 μm ; bottom: 10 μm .

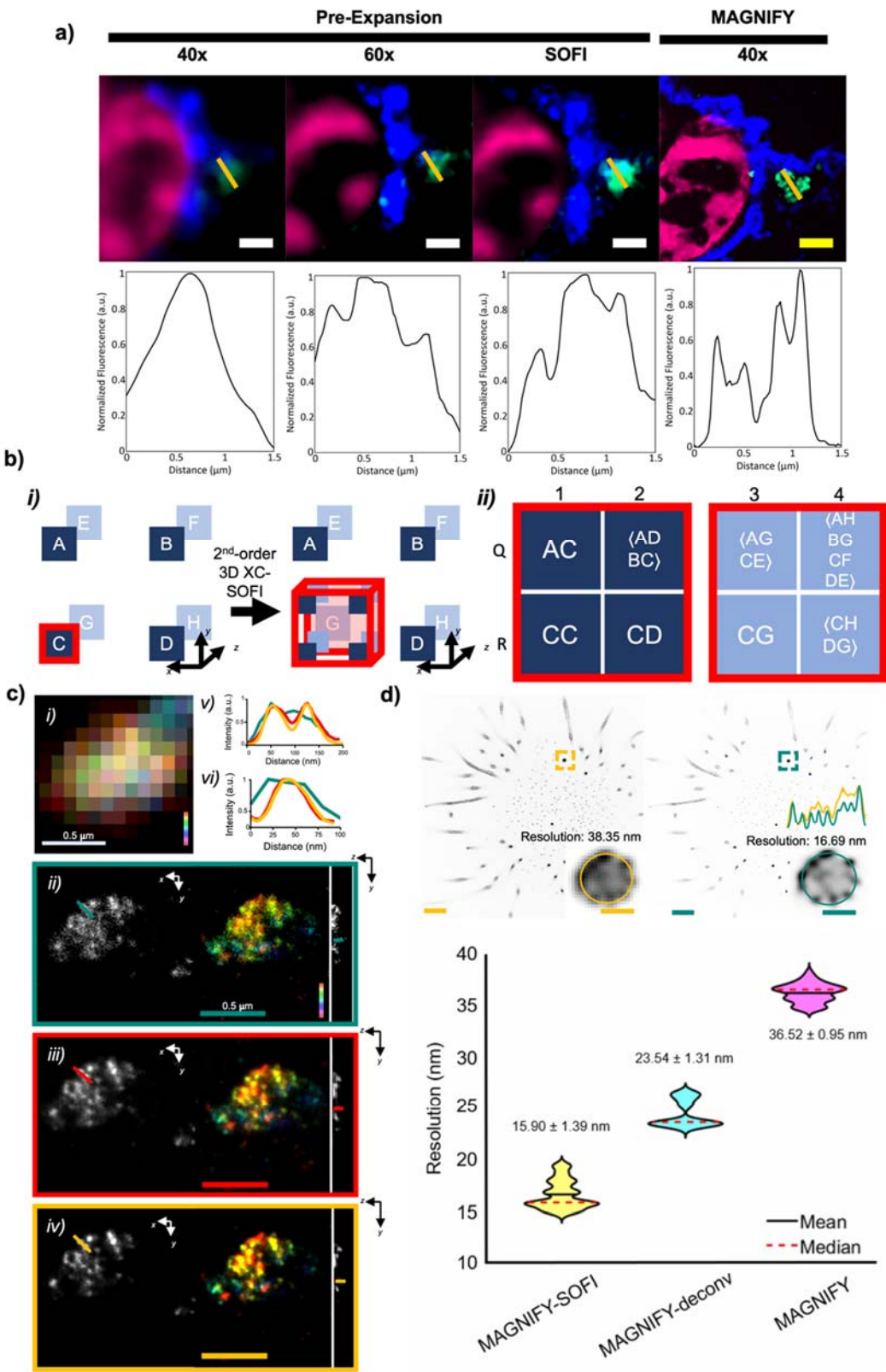
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368 **Supplementary Figure 4: Exploration and characterization of MAGNIFY gel chemistry.** (a)
 369 Estimation of Expansion Factors for Gelling and Anchoring Strategies. Kidney samples prepared
 370 with the x10 protocol or MAGNIFY with different methacrolein concentrations. All samples
 371 were homogenized for 60 hours at 80 °C. To estimate expansion factors, average nuclear areas
 372 were measured in ImageJ (left). The box defines the interquartile range, divided by the median.

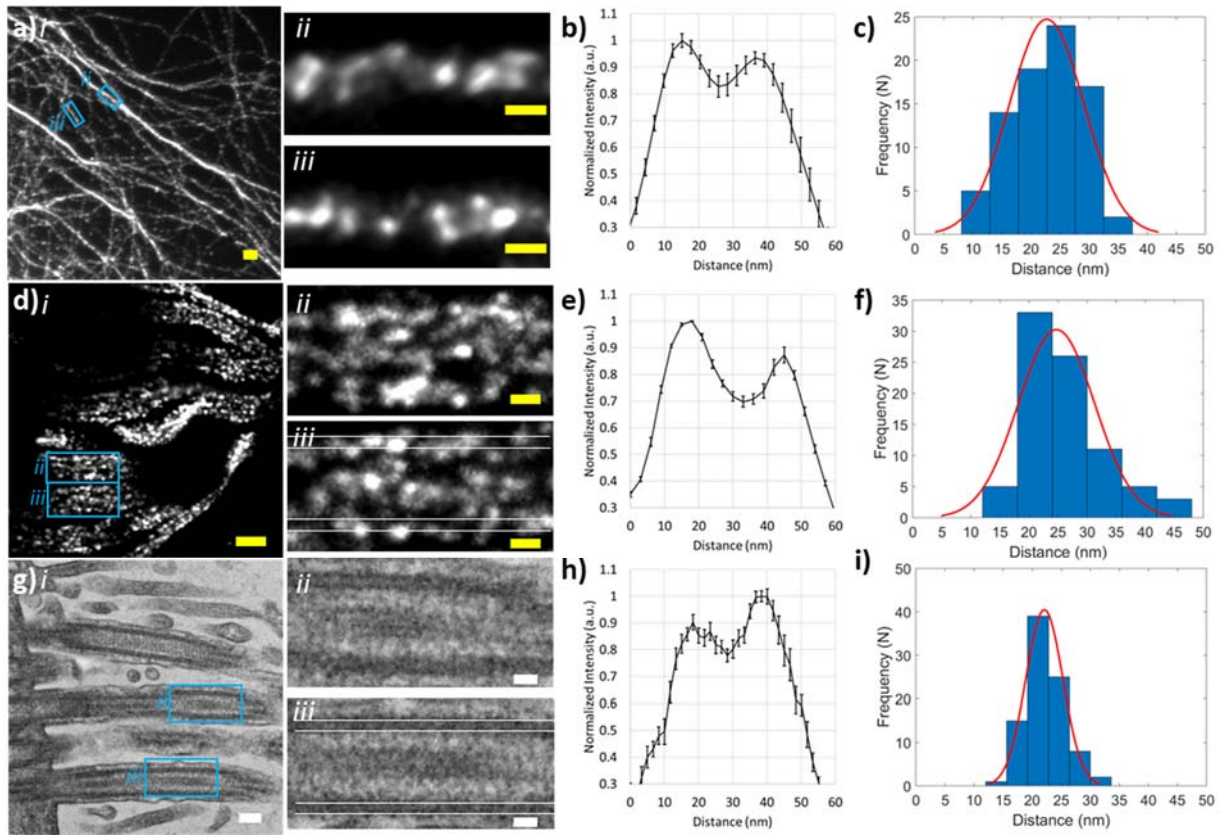
373 The whiskers delineate the minimum and maximum values for each data set. Each anchoring
374 condition was then divided by the average nuclear size from the pre-expansion images and then
375 averaged to calculate expansion factors for the different anchoring strategies (right) with mean
376 expansion factors, standard error of the mean (SEM) values, and n nuclei measured listed in the
377 table below. Error bars are given in terms of SEM. **(b)** Measurement of Deformation of different
378 gel chemistries. Blank gels were prepared in 2 mL Eppendorf tubes and gelled at 37 °C or 45 °C
379 and fully expanded in water. Deformation was calculated in the same method described in the
380 TREx paper⁷, by taking the ratio of the radius of deformation to the radius of the gel. Squares
381 are 5 mm. **(c)** Example images of *(i)* pre-expansion images of HEK cells stained with α Tubulin
382 (scale bar 1 μ m) imaged using a Nikon CFI Plan Apo VC 60 \times C WI (1.2 NA) objective and
383 processed with SOFI compared to the same field of view *(ii)* post-expansion with MAGNIFY
384 imaged with a Nikon APO LWD 20 \times (NA 0.95) WI Lambda S objective (scale bar 1 μ m
385 biological scale, 9.22 μ m physical scale, expansion factor, 9.22 \times). *(iii)* Root mean square (RMS)
386 length measurement error as a function of measurement length for pre-expansion versus post
387 expansion images. Solid line, mean of channel; shaded area, standard error of mean; n = 3
388 technical replicates.



390 **Supplementary Figure 5: Overview of SOFI (a)** Second-order SOFI improves resolution pre-
391 expansion. Top: Placenta tissue imaged pre-expansion at both 40× and 60× and post-expansion
392 at 40×. Bottom: line profile of ATPIF channel indicated by orange line. 60× images were
393 generated by performing a maximum intensity projection over 50 time points. This same set of
394 images at 60× was processed using second-order SOFI with deconvolution. Resolution is seen to
395 improve. Post-expansion images of the MAGNIFY processed sample show greater resolution
396 enhancement. Scale bar: 1 μm (post-expansion 8.75 μm). Magenta: DAPI, Green: ATPIF, Blue:
397 Pan-Keratin. **(b)** Generation of 3D XC-SOFI images **(i)** Each pixel in the original image
398 becomes eight in the 2nd – order 3D XC-SOFI image by calculating its correlation with
399 neighboring pixels. **(ii)** The generation of each new pixel in the 2nd – order 3D XC-SOFI image
400 is given. For example, New Pixel R1 is given by calculating the autocorrelation of Pixel C in the
401 original image, while New Pixel R2 is given by calculating the correlation between Pixels C and
402 D. The values of New Pixels Q2, Q3, Q4, and R4 were calculated by averaging the correlations
403 of multiple sets of Original Pixels. **(c)** Three-dimensional resolution improvement with
404 MAGNIFY-SOFI. **(i)** A color-coded Z-projection of a pre-synapse stained for synaptophysin in a
405 mouse brain before MAGNIFY. **(ii)** A separate synaptophysin stained pre-synapse in a mouse
406 brain after MAGNIFY. Middle: Color-coded Z-projection of the synapse. Individual presynaptic
407 vesicles are beginning to be resolved. Right: YZ view of the pre-synapse. Green line demarcates
408 where line profile in **(vi)** is taken. Left: Single XY plane of the synapse. Green line demarcates
409 where line profile in **(v)** is taken. **(iii)** As in **(ii)** but after 2nd-order 3D XC-SOFI. **(iv)** As in **(ii)**
410 but after 3rd-order 3D XC-SOFI. **(v)**. XY intensity line profiles showing increased resolving
411 power of MAGNIFY-SOFI. **(vi)** YZ intensity line profiles showing increased resolving power of
412 MAGNIFY-SOFI. **(d)** Parameter-free image resolution estimation of MAGNIFY (top left panel)
413 and MAGNIFY-SOFI (top right panel) images based on decorrelation analysis. Example images
414 were acquired from a fully expanded human stem cell-derived lung organoid. Line profiles
415 around an example cilium are shown for both MAGNIFY (yellow) and MAGNIFY-SOFI (green)
416 in the right panel, demonstrating the resolution improvement. Bottom: violin plot of calculated
417 resolutions of MANGIFY-SOFI (yellow), MAGNIFY with deconvolution (MAGNIFY-deconv;
418 cyan), and MAGNIFY (magenta). N = 37 measurements from 4 technical replicates. Scale bar:
419 300 nm, inset: 100 nm. All in biological scales. Expansion factor: 10.5 ×.

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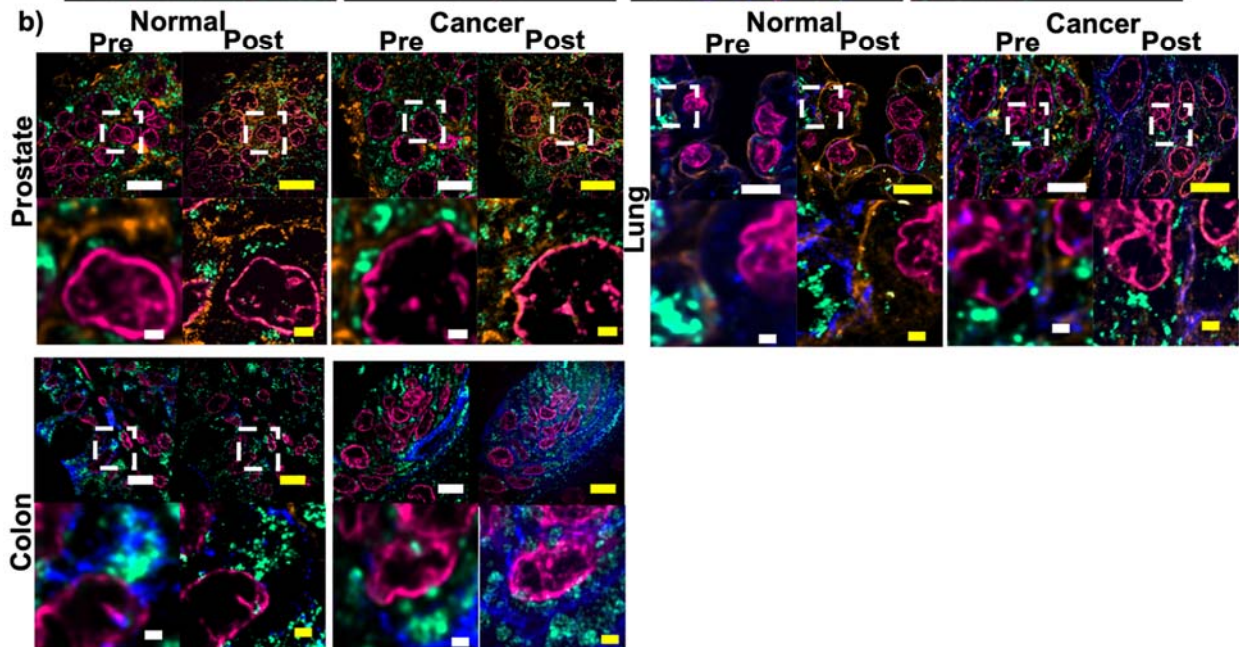
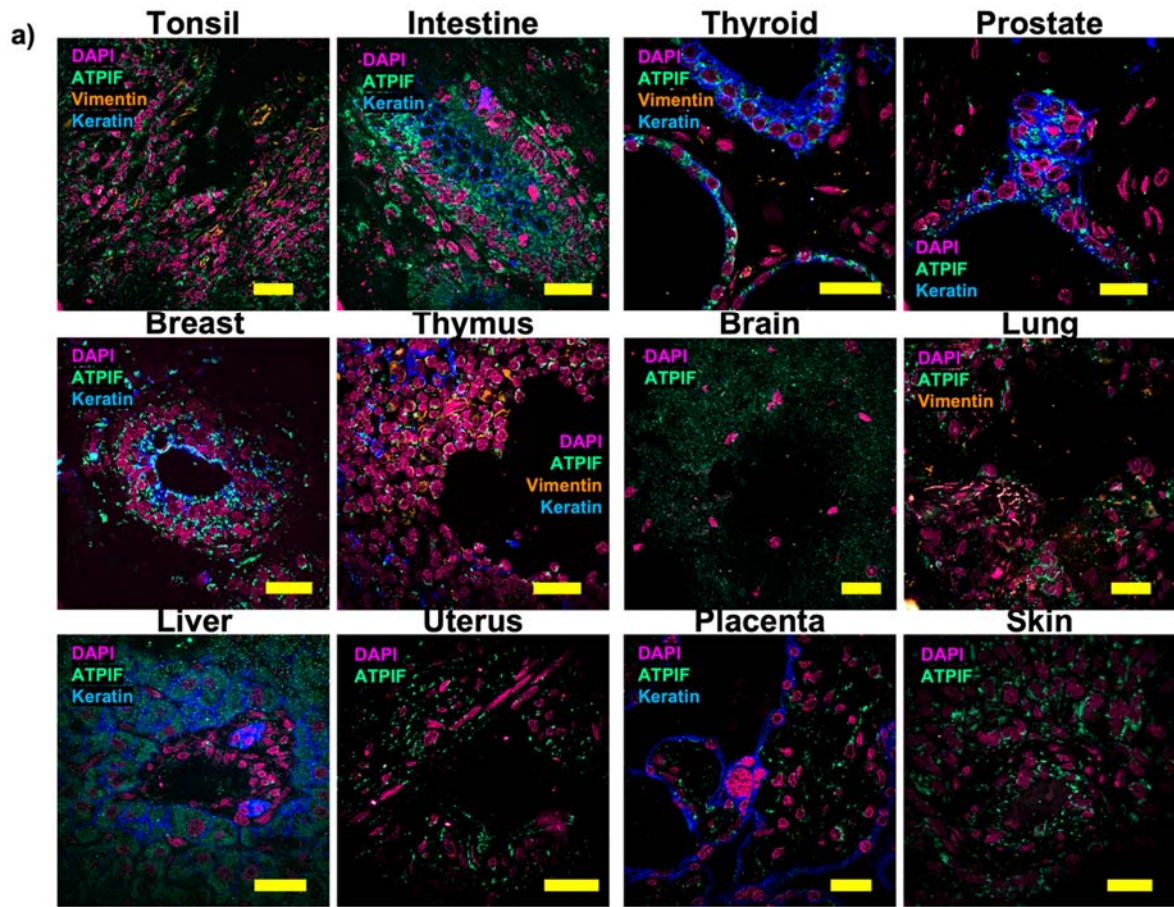
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425 **Supplementary Figure 6: Example images of tubulin structure in cell culture and cilia in**
 426 **human lung organoids.** (a) Fluorescence images of alpha and beta tubulin stained MAGNIFY-
 427 processed fully expanded U2OS cells at 40 \times magnification. *ii* and *iii* show third order SOFI
 428 processed fluorescent images at 60 \times magnification of regions indicated in *i*. (b) Example average
 429 line profile averaged over 13 segments. Segments were averaged over 5 pixels. Error bars in
 430 terms of SEM. (c) Peak-to-peak distances of line profiles of 81 segments of expanded U2OS
 431 cells. The average over all distances was 22.68 nm \pm 0.71 nm (mean \pm s.e.m.). (d) Second order
 432 SOFI processed fluorescent images at 60 \times magnification of cilia in fully expanded MAGNIFY-
 433 processed human lung organoids stained with alpha and beta tubulin. *ii* and *iii* show zoomed in
 434 regions indicated in *i*. (e) Example average line profile averaged over 7 segments. Segments
 435 were averaged over 5 pixels. Error bars in terms of SEM. (f) Peak-to-peak distances of line
 436 profiles of 83 segments of expanded cilia. The average over all distances was 24.72 nm \pm 0.72
 437 nm (mean \pm s.e.m.). (g) EM images of cilia in human lung organoids. *ii* and *iii* show zoomed in
 438 regions indicated in *i*. (h) Example average line profile averaged over 13 segments. Segments
 439 were averaged over 5 pixels. Error bars in terms of SEM. (i) Peak-to-peak distances of line
 440 profiles of 90 segments of unexpanded cilia imaged with EM. The average over all distances was
 441 22.09 nm \pm 0.34 nm (mean \pm s.e.m.). Scale bars (biological scale): a,d,g *i*: 250 nm, a,d,g *ii-iii*:
 442 50nm.

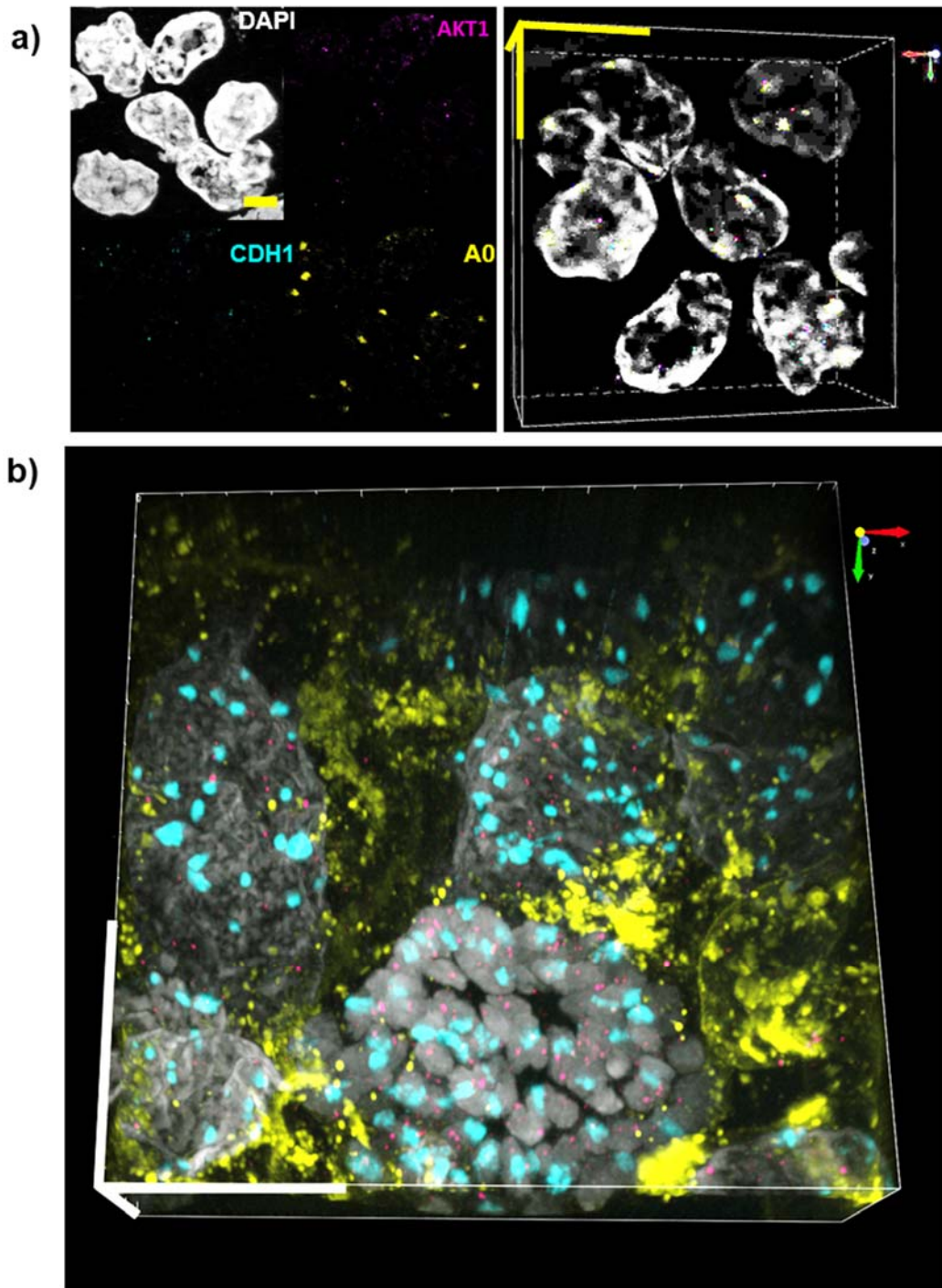
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446 **Supplementary Figure 7: Example images of MAGNIFY expansion of FFPE tissue. (a)**
447 Successful expansion of multiple human tissue types processed using the MAGNIFY framework.
448 Images were obtained at 10× magnification. Scale bars are 25 μm (biological scale). Expansion
449 factors are given in **Supplementary Table 1. (b)** Images of various tissue types for both normal
450 (left images) and cancerous (right images) human tissues. Within each block of images for a
451 given tissue disease type, there are four images shown. The left column shows two images, the
452 top of which is a field of view (scale bar, 10 μm), and the bottom of which zooms into the area
453 outlined in the top image by a red dash box (scale bar, 1 μm). The right column within the four
454 images shows the same fields of view as are shown in the left column, but post-expansion (Scale
455 bars are kept in the same biological scale: top images, 10 μm; bottom images, 1 μm; expansion
456 factors: 10.4×, 10.8×, and 9.8× in water for prostate, lung, and colon, respectively); Magenta,
457 DAPI; Green, ATPIF; Orange, WGA; Blue, PanK.



458
 459 **Supplementary Figure 8: DNA FISH with MAGNIFY using FFPE human tissue.** After tissue
 460 section recovery, samples were gelled using the MAGNIFY gel and anchored with 0.25%
 461 methacrolein. After gelling, samples were treated with hot surfactant (1% w/v SDS, 8M Urea, 25
 462 mM EDTA, 2× PBS, pH 7.5) for 48 hours at 80 °C, labeled with respective DNA FISH probes,
 463 and expanded in 1×PBS before imaging. **(a)** Normal human lymph node tissue. Scale bars: Left:
 464 2.5 μm, Right: x: 5 μm, y: 5 μm, z: 5.7 μm. Expansion factor: 3.5× in 1× PBS. White, DAPI;
 465 Magenta, AKT1; Blue, CDH1, Yellow, A0. **(b)** 3D reconstruction of confocal images of
 466 expanded human urinary bladder cancer tissue section, homogenized by proteinase K digestion.

467 Expansion factor $3.8\times$ (in PBS buffer). Stain: Gray, DAPI; Cyan, DNA FISH probe against
468 centromere binding protein B box motif CEPN-B; Magenta, DNA FISH probe against telomere
469 motif TelC; Yellow, Wheat Germ Agglutinin. Scale bar: x: 20 μm ; y: 20 μm ; z: 20 μm .

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472 **Supplementary Videos**

473 **Supplementary Video 1.** 3D rendering of a fully expanded MAGNIFY processed human FFPE
474 kidney tissue stained with DAPI (magenta), ACTN4 (orange), and WGA (blue) taken at 40×
475 magnification.

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477 **Supplementary Video 2.** 3D rendering of a fully expanded MAGNIFY processed human FFPE
478 colon tissue stained with DAPI (magenta), ATP1F (green), and Cytokeratin Pan Type I/II (blue)
479 taken at 40× magnification.

480
481 **Supplementary Video 3.** 3D rendering of a fully expanded MAGNIFY processed human FFPE
482 placenta tissue stained with DAPI (magenta), ATP1F (green), and Cytokeratin Pan Type I/II
483 (blue) taken at 40× magnification.

484
485 **Supplementary Video 4.** 3D rendering of a fully expanded MAGNIFY processed human FFPE
486 breast tissue stained with DAPI (magenta), ATP1F (green), and Cytokeratin Pan Type I/II (blue)
487 taken at 40× magnification.

488
489 **Supplementary Video 5.** 3D rendering of an expanded human urinary bladder cancer tissue
490 section stained with DAPI (white), DNA FISH probe against centromere binding protein B box
491 motif CEPN-B (cyan), DNA FISH probe against telomere motif TelC, and WGA (yellow) taken
492 at 40× magnification.

493
494 **Supplementary Video 6.** 3D rendering of an SST neuron in MAGNIFY processed mouse brain
495 stained with DAPI (white), anti-GFP (blue), synaptophysin (magenta) and PSD95 (green)
496 expanded in 1x PBS and taken at 40× magnification.

497
498 **Supplementary Video 7.** 3D rendering of SST dendrites in MAGNIFY processed mouse brain
499 stained with DAPI (white), anti-GFP (blue), synaptophysin (magenta) and PSD95 (green)
500 expanded in 1x PBS and taken at 40× magnification.

501
502 **Supplementary Video 8.** 3D rendering of SST dendrites in MAGNIFY processed mouse brain
503 stained with DAPI (white), anti-GFP (blue), synaptophysin (magenta) and PSD95 (green)
504 expanded in 1x PBS and taken at 40× magnification.

505
506 **Supplementary Video 9.** 3D rendering of a MAGNIFY-SOFI image stack of fully expanded
507 ependymal cilia and basal bodies from the ependymal cell lining in the adult mouse brain stained
508 with NHS-ATTO-488 taken at 40× magnification.

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514 **Supplementary Tables**515 **Supplementary Table 1: Condition optimization for different tissue types**

Tissue Type	Fixation	Methacrolein	Hom. Time	Hom. Temp.	Expansion Factor
Human Kidney	FFPE	0.25%	60 h	80C	8.64± 0.24 (N = 4)*
Human Lymph Node	FFPE	0.25%	60 h	80C	8.46± 0.47 (N = 5)*
Human Tonsil	FFPE	0.25%	60 h	80C	8.62 ± 0.27 (N = 6)*
Human Colon	FFPE	0.25%	60 h	80C	9.67 ± 0.35 (N = 3)*
Human Thyroid	FFPE	0.25%	60 h	80C	10.75 ± 0.35 (N = 3)*
Human Prostate	FFPE	0.25%	60 h	80C	10.38 ± 0.57 (N = 3)*
Human Breast	FFPE	0.25%	60 h	80C	9.03 ± 0.22 (N = 3)*
Human Thymus	FFPE	0.25%	60 h	80C	10.00 ± 0.37 (N = 3)*
Human Brain	FFPE	0.25%	10 h	80C	8.36 ± 0.25 (N = 3)*
Human Lung	FFPE	0.25%	60 h	80C	10.77± 0.61 (N = 3)*
Human Liver	FFPE	0.25%	60 h	80C	10.13± 0.60 (N = 3)*
Human Uterus	FFPE	0.25%	60 h	80C	8.00 ± 0.28 (N = 3)*
Human Placenta	FFPE	0.25%	60 h	80C	8.75 ± 0.37 (N = 3)*
Human Skin	FFPE	0.25%	60 h	80C	9.39 ± 0.30 (N = 3)*
Mouse Brain	PFA	0.1%	8 h	80C	11.18 ± 1.87 (N = 3)* [†]
Lung Organoid	PFA PFA/G	0.1%	8 h	80C	9.9 ± 2.1 (N=3) 9.22 ± 2.3 (N=6) *
HEK Cells	A	0.1%	6 h	80C	

516 * Error in terms of s.e.m. over N technical replicates.

517 [†] Mouse brain expansion factor was calculated by measuring different nuclei sizes in mouse
518 striatum before and after expansion.

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528 **Supplementary Table 2: Protein Retention for tissues under different anchoring and**
 529 **homogenization conditions.**

Tissue	Anchoring		Homogenization		Protein Retention		
	Type	Conc.	Type	Time	%Retention	SEM	N
Kidney	Methcarolein	0.25%	Surfactant	60h	61.99	6.66	1 3
	Methcarolein	0.05%	Surfactant	60h	13.63	1.86	8
	Methcarolein	0.00%	Surfactant	60h	2.42	0.28	8
	AcX	0.05 mg/mL	Surfactant	60h	2.94	0.57	1 4
	Methcarolein	0.05%	ProK	3h	14.54	1.07	1 2
	AcX	0.05 mg/mL	ProK	3h	3.08	0.46	9
Brain	Methcarolein	0.10%	Surfactant	4h	48.44	1.49	2 0
	Methcarolein	0.10%	Surfactant	8h	23.76	0.69	2 0
	Methcarolein	0.10%	Surfactant	12h	25.56	1.62	2 0
	Methcarolein	0.10%	Surfactant	16h	14.20	1.06	2 0
	Methcarolein	0.10%	Surfactant	24h	8.09	0.47	2 0
	AcX	0.05 mg/mL	Surfactant	8h	12.82	0.77	2 0
	Methcarolein	0.10%	ProK	2h	6.19	0.34	2 0
	AcX	0.05 mg/mL	ProK	2h	7.72	0.41	2 0
Organoiod	Methacrolein	0.10%	Surfactant	8h	76.23	8.46	1 3

* Error in terms of s.e.m. over N technical replicates.

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543 **Supplementary Table 3: Lipid retention in mouse brain under different anchoring and**
 544 **homogenization conditions.**

Anchoring		Homogenization		Lipid Retention		
Type	Concentration	Type	Time	%Retention	SEM	N
Methcarolein	0.10%	Surfactant	4h	98.10	2.36	30
Methcarolein	0.10%	Surfactant	8h	77.05	1.80	20
Methcarolein	0.10%	Surfactant	12h	73.23	2.99	20
Methcarolein	0.10%	Surfactant	16h	63.60	3.06	20
Methcarolein	0.10%	Surfactant	24h	43.07	3.06	20
AcX	0.05 mg/mL	Surfactant	8h	74.50	2.47	20
Methcarolein	0.10%	ProK	2h	18.13	0.54	20
AcX	0.05 mg/mL	ProK	2h	17.06	0.80	20

545 * Error in terms of s.e.m. over N technical replicates.

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547 **Supplementary Table 4: Validated Primary Antibodies and fluorescent labels for Pre and**
 548 **Post MAGNIFY Staining**

Host	Target	Vendor	Cat. Number
Chicken	GFAP	Abcam	ab4674
Chicken	GFP	Abcam	ab13970
Chicken	NeuN	Millipore	ABN91
Chicken	Tyrosine Hydroxalase	Abcam	ab76442
Chicken	Vimentin	Abcam	ab24525
Goat	PSD-95	Abcam	ab12093
Goat	CD4	R&D Systems	AF-379-SP
Goat	Talin-1	Novus	AF5456-SP
Mouse	Anti-Actin, α -Smooth Muscle	Sigma Aldrich	A5228
Mouse	α -Tubulin	Sigma Aldrich	T6199
Mouse	Bassoon	Abcam	ab82958
Mouse	Cytokeratin Pan Type I/II	Invitrogen	MA5-13156
Mouse	Synaptophysin	Invitrogen	MA1-213
Mouse	CD11c	Abcam	ab11029
Mouse	CD4	Origene	UM870010
Mouse	CD8	Invitrogen	MA1-80231
Mouse	CD8a (Alexa 488)	Invitrogen	53-0008-82
Mouse	VDAC1	Abcam	ab14734
Rabbit	α -Tubulin	Proteintech	11224-1-AP
Rabbit	ACTN4	Sigma Aldrich	HPA001873
Rabbit	Alpha-Internexin (INA)	Sigma Aldrich	HPA008057
Rabbit	Amyloid Precursor Protein (APP)	Sigma Aldrich	HPA001462
Rabbit	Anti-ATPase Inhibitory Factor 1 (ATPIF1)	Millipore	ABC137
Rabbit	Anti-ATPase Inhibitory Factor 1 (ATPIF1)	Proteintech	12067-1-AP
Rabbit	GABRA1	Proteintech	12410-1-AP

Rabbit	GABRB1	Proteintech	20183-1-AP
Rabbit	GluR2	Proteintech	11994-1-AP
Rabbit	Synaptophysin	Proteintech	17785-1-AP
Rabbit	CCR5	Proteintech	17476-1-AP
Rabbit	CD45	Abcam	ab10558
Rabbit	IL2	Proteintech	26156-1-AP
Rabbit	IL-6	Proteintech	21865-1-AP
Rabbit	TCR alpha Antibody	Novus	NBP2-52684
	Wheat Germ Agglutinin (WGA) CF555	Biotium	29076
	Wheat Germ Agglutinin (WGA) CF640R	Biotium	29026
	NHS-ATTO-488	Sigma Aldrich	41698
	NHS-ATTO-532	Sigma Aldrich	88793
	Succinimidyl Ester (NHS) CF 555	Biotium	92130
	Cy3 NHS ester (non-sulfonated)	Glpbio Tech.	GC12618-25
	Vybrant™ DiD cell-labeling solution	Invitrogen	V-22887
	Vybrant™ DiO cell-labeling solution	Invitrogen	V-22886
	Vybrant™ DiI cell-labeling solution	Invitrogen	V-22885
	Lycopersicon Esculentum (Tomato) Lectin (LEL)	Vector Labs	DL-1174-1

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Supplementary Table 5: Secondary antibodies used for pre- and post-MAGNIFY staining.

Reactivity	Host	Conjugate	Vendor	Catalog Number
Rabbit	Goat	DyLight550	Invitrogen	SA5-10033
Rabbit	Goat	CF555	Biotium	20232
Rabbit	Goat	Alexa Fluor 488	Invitrogen	A11034
Rabbit	Goat	CF640R	Biotium	20202
Rabbit	Goat	Fab Fragment AF488	Jackson Immuno	111-547-003
Rabbit	Donkey	CF488A	Biotium	20015
Rabbit	Donkey	Fab Fragment AF488	Jackson Immuno	711-547-003
Mouse	Goat	Alexa Fluor 488	Invitrogen	A11001
Mouse	Goat	CF568	Biotium	20301
Mouse	Donkey	CF555	Biotium	20037
Mouse	Donkey	CF640R	Biotium	20177
Mouse	Donkey	Fab Fragment AF488	Jackson Immuno	715-547-003
Chicken	Goat	Alexa Fluor 488	Invitrogen	A11039
Chicken	Goat	DyLight 488	Invitrogen	SA5-10070
Chicken	Goat	DyLight 550	Invitrogen	SA5-10033
Chicken	Goat	CF488A	Biotium	20020
Chicken	Goat	CF555	Biotium	20034
Chicken	Goat	CF640	Biotium	20084
Goat	Donkey	CF647	Biotium	20829
Streptavidin		CF 640	Biotium	292037

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554 **Supplementary Table 6: Comparison of expansion factors for different hydrogel chemistries**
 555 **for different tissue types.**

Components Concentrations							Expansion Factor	
DMAA	SA	AA	Bis	NaCl	PBS	Anchoring	Human Kidney	Mouse Brain
4	34	10	0.01	1	1	Methacrolein	8.14	10.6
0	15	5	0.05	11.7	1	AcX	5.54	N/A
26.7	6.4	0	0	0	0	AcX	6.03	N/A

556 *PBS given in terms of 1x PBS concentration. N,N-Dimethylacrylamide (DMAA), Sodium
 557 acrylate (SA), Acrylamide (AA), N,N'-Methylenebisacrylamide (Bis), NaCl given in terms of
 558 w/v%.
 559

560 **Supplementary Table 7: Exploration of different hydrogel chemistries and their respective**
 561 **expansion factors of blank gels in water.**

Components Concentrations								Ex Factor
DMAA	SA	AA	Bis	NaCl	PBS	APS	4HT	
1.5	37	15	0.01	1	1	1:50	1:500	6.5 (n=2)
2	34	10	0.01	1	1	1:30	0	7.76
2	34	10	0.01	1	1	1:50	1:500	7.5 (n=2)
4	30	10	0.01	1	1	1:30	0	6.45
4	34	10	0.01	1	1	1:30	0	7.86
4	33	10	0.01	1	1	1:50	1:500	7.5 (n=2)
8	30	10	0.01	1	1	1:30	0	7.46
0	15	5	0.05	11.7	1	1:30	0	6.5
0	8.6	2.5	0.075	11.7	1	1:30	0	6

562 *PBS given in terms of 1x PBS concentration. N,N-Dimethylacrylamide (DMAA), Sodium
 563 acrylate (SA), Acrylamide (AA), N,N'-Methylenebisacrylamide (Bis), NaCl given in terms of
 564 w/v%.
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566 **Supplementary Table 8: Gelling Conditions for MAGNIFY Gel.**

Temp	APS	4HT	Ex Factor
45C	1:50	1:500	7
45C	1:40	1:500	8
45C	1:30	1:500	8
45C	1:50	1:250	7
45C	1:40	1:250	8
45C	1:30	1:250	7.5
37C	1:50	1:500	8
37C	1:40	1:500	8.5
37C	1:30	1:500	8
37C	1:50	1:250	7.5
37C	1:40	1:250	8
37C	1:30	1:250	7

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568 **Supplementary Table 9: Deformation testing of different gel chemistries**

	Gel						Deformation	EF	N
	DMAA	SA	AA	Bis	NaCl	PBS			
MAGNIFY	4	34	10	0.01	1	1	0.03± 0.01	5.9±0.2 8	4
TREx (Low Bis)	0	11	14.5	0.005	0	1	N/A		
TREx (Med. Bis)	0	11	14.5	0.009	0	1	0.51± 0.10	6.6±0.1 0	4
TREx (High Bis)	0	11	14.5	0.015	0	1	0.28± 0.09	5.9±0.2 7	3
ExPath	0	15	5	0.05	11.7	1	0.04± 0.02	4.3±0.1 4	4

569 *Errors given in terms of s.e.m.

570 **PBS given in terms of 1x PBS concentration. N,N-Dimethylacrylamide (DMAA), Sodium acrylate
571 (SA), Acrylamide (AA), N,N'-Methylenebisacrylamide (Bis), NaCl given in terms of w/v%.

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Supplementary Table 10: Gelling Solution Recipe

Component	Stock Concentration *	Amount (mL)	Final Concentration
N,N-dimethylacrylamide (DMAA)		0.416	4
Sodium acrylate (SA)	50	6.8	34
Acrylamide	66.7	1.499	10
N,N'-Methylenebisacrylamide	2	0.05	0.01
Sodium chloride	30	0.333	1
PBS	10x	1	1x
Total Volume		10 mL	
* Note All concentrations given in g/100 mL except PBS			

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Supplementary Table 11: List of Chemicals and Reagents

Step	Reagent	Acronym	Vendor	Catalog Number
Gelling	N,N-dimethylacrylamide	DMAA	Sigma Aldrich	274135
	Sodium acrylate	SA	AK Scientific	R624
	Sodium acrylate	SA	Santa Cruz Biotechnology	sc-236893B
	Acrylamide	AA	Sigma Aldrich	A8887
	N,N'-Methylenebisacrylamide	BIS	Sigma Aldrich	M7279
	4-hydroxy-TEMPO	4HT	Sigma Aldrich	176141
	Sodium chloride	NaCl	Sigma Aldrich	S6191
	Phosphate Buffered Saline, 10x Solution	PBS	Fischer Scientific	BP399-1
	Acryloyl-X, SE	AcX	Invitrogen	A20770
	Ammonium persulfate	APS	Sigma Aldrich	A3678
	N,N,N',N'-Tetramethylethylenediamine	TEMED	Sigma Aldrich	T9281
	Methacrolein		Sigma Aldrich	133035
	Homogenizing	Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid 0.5 M	EDTA	VWR
Triton X-100			Sigma Aldrich	T8787
Tris Base			Fischer Scientific	BP152-1
Sodium chloride		NaCl	Sigma Aldrich	S6191
Proteinase K (Molecular Biology Grade)		ProK	Thermo Scientific	EO0491
Phosphate Buffered Saline, 10x Solution		PBS	Fischer Scientific	BP399-1
Sodium dodecyl sulfate		SDS	Sigma Aldrich	L3771
Urea			Sigma Aldrich	U5378
Glycine			Sigma Aldrich	G8898
Other	Sodium citrate tribasic dihydrate		Sigma Aldrich	C8532-1KG
	Xylenes		Sigma Aldrich	214736
	Ethanol		Pharmco	111000200
	SuperBlock Blocking Buffer in PBS		Thermo Scientific	37515
	Heparin		Sigma Aldrich	H3393
	DAPI		Thermo	62248

Supplementary Table 12: DNA FISH probes design

Name	Target sequence	Oligo sequence
AKT1-1	ATGTCGATCCTAGAGTCCAGAACGGGGACTTCC	ATGTCGATCCTAGAGTCCAGAACGGGGACTTCCATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-2	GGAACGTGTTCAAAGAGGAGGAGACTCCGGACA	GGAACGTGTTCAAAGAGGAGGAGACTCCGGACAATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-3	AATCGCCAGAGAAGTAGAGAGTGTGTTTGGCGGG	AATCGCCAGAGAAGTAGAGAGTGTGTTTGGCGGGATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-4	ACCGGATCATCTTCACAACAGTCCATTAAGTAGACGC	ACCGGATCATCTTCACAACAGTCCATTAAGTAGACGCATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-5	GGTCTCATTCTTCTCTGCCTTGGAGTCCGGGA	GGTCTCATTCTTCTCTGCCTTGGAGTCCGGGAATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-6	AATGGAGAATGTAGTGGAGGAGTCACCCAGTCAAG	AATGGAGAATGTAGTGGAGGAGTCACCCAGTCAAGATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-7	AACTGCAGCTTGGACCCCTGGAATGACACT	AACTGCAGCTTGGACCCCTGGAATGACACTATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-8	GCACTTACAGCCACTGAGACTAGCTTAGGGACGG	GCACTTACAGCCACTGAGACTAGCTTAGGGACGGATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-9	GAACTCAGATGTGACTGCTCCCTTCTGCC	GAACTCAGATGTGACTGCTCCCTTCTGCCATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-10	ACCCTTCACTGGTTTCTTTCATCCCTGTCTCTGC	ACCCTTCACTGGTTTCTTTCATCCCTGTCTCTGCATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-11	TCACTTGGTGCTTAAAAGTTGGCAGGACGCAAGT	TCACTTGGTGCTTAAAAGTTGGCAGGACGCAAGTATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-12	TGGGTCTCAAGTGCAGGAATGACAGGACACC	TGGGTCTCAAGTGCAGGAATGACAGGACACCATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-13	TTTTGTGCGAAACATCTGGCCACAGAGCACCT	TTTTGTGCGAAACATCTGGCCACAGAGCACCTATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-14	GGGGTGTCTTGAAGAGAGGACTCTGCTTCCCT	GGGGTGTCTTGAAGAGAGGACTCTGCTTCCCTATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-15	GGCCTCCTTGGAGACAGCCAGTGCAAATAAGC	GGCCTCCTTGGAGACAGCCAGTGCAAATAAGCATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-16	AAGAGGTCCAACCACTTCAAGAACAGCCCGC	AAGAGGTCCAACCACTTCAAGAACAGCCCGCATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-17	CCCTTACCCTCTGCTTCCCTGAATTCT	CCCTTACCCTCTGCTTCCCTGAATTCTATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-18	GGATGGTGGACAGATACCAGGAACTTCTCCTCGG	GGATGGTGGACAGATACCAGGAACTTCTCCTCGGATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-19	TACAAAGTCTGAGCTGGGAGGGAGCAGAGGT	TACAAAGTCTGAGCTGGGAGGGAGCAGAGGTATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-20	GGGGAGAGAGTCTTCTCTTGGTCAGCCCC	GGGGAGAGAGTCTTCTCTTGGTCAGCCCCATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-21	AGAAAGGGGTCTGTGTCCCACTTACTCATTCCATAACC	AGAAAGGGGTCTGTGTCCCACTTACTCATTCCATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-22	GGGGACATCCAGAGGTCTTTGAGTCCAGCC	GGGGACATCCAGAGGTCTTTGAGTCCAGCCATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-23	GCTTTCATCCTGCTAAGTACTTGGGGCATTCCC	GCTTTCATCCTGCTAAGTACTTGGGGCATTCCCATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-24	TCAGAGGGGAAATGAGGAAGCCATGCAGGATCA	TCAGAGGGGAAATGAGGAAGCCATGCAGGATCAATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-25	AGGAACACCATGGACAGGGAGAGCAAACGG	AGGAACACCATGGACAGGGAGAGCAAACGGATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-26	AGCCTAGAATAAGGAGAGGCCAGGTCCAGG	AGCCTAGAATAAGGAGAGGCCAGGTCCAGGATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT

AKT1-27	TAGCCAGGCGTGGCCTCACATTAGCT	TAGCCAGGCGTGGCCTCACATTAGCTATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-28	GTAGTAGCCCCAGGGTCTGTGAGTGCCTG	GTAGTAGCCCCAGGGTCTGTGAGTGCCTGATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-29	TTTTGCTCCTCTGCTGCTAGGGTGGGC	TTTTGCTCCTCTGCTGCTAGGGTGGGCATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-30	AAGTCACTCTTTCTGCCCCAGGCGGAATC	AAGTCACTCTTTCTGCCCCAGGCGGAATCATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-31	GTTTCACATCTGGTAGTGGGGAGACCCCAAACAC	GTTTCACATCTGGTAGTGGGGAGACCCCAAACACATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-32	AAAAGTAGGTGTCACAAGATGGGGCATTGTGGGATG	AAAAGTAGGTGTCACAAGATGGGGCATTGTGGGATGATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-33	AGAGCAAGGTCATTGAGCTCCTTGGGCCT	AGAGCAAGGTCATTGAGCTCCTTGGGCCTATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-34	CAGTTTCCCATCTACACCAGGGAGCGGT	CAGTTTCCCATCTACACCAGGGAGCGGTATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-35	ATAGCCCCTCTTGTGCCGAGAGCAGGT	ATAGCCCCTCTTGTGCCGAGAGCAGGTATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-36	TCCTTGGGAGGTGAGCGTCATCTCTGGGA	TCCTTGGGAGGTGAGCGTCATCTCTGGGAATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-37	TGTGTGTGCTCTGAGTCAGAGGAGCTTCAGGG	TGTGTGTGCTCTGAGTCAGAGGAGCTTCAGGGATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-38	GGCCTCTGGGTCTGCACATCTAACAGGGAG	GGCCTCTGGGTCTGCACATCTAACAGGGAGATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-39	CTTTGGCCAGAGGCTGTGTGGCTCTTTGAGG	CTTTGGCCAGAGGCTGTGTGGCTCTTTGAGGATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-40	TACTTTCCCAAACAGCTTGCTCACCTTGCCC	TACTTTCCCAAACAGCTTGCTCACCTTGCCATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-41	TTCCTACCCAGTGTGTTACTTCGCTTTGGTGAGC	TTCCTACCCAGTGTGTTACTTCGCTTTGGTGAGCATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-42	AAAACAACAAAAGAGGAAGCCGAGGTGGCCTTGA	AAAACAACAAAAGAGGAAGCCGAGGTGGCCTTGAATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-43	TGGAATGATTCTGTGCTGGGGCCTAGACC	TGGAATGATTCTGTGCTGGGGCCTAGACCATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-44	CCCGTACACCTTCCACTCTCAGGAGAAGCCT	CCCGTACACCTTCCACTCTCAGGAGAAGCCTATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-45	TGCCGCCTTTAGGTGTGTTTTCTTGAACCTTAAGG	TGCCGCCTTTAGGTGTGTTTTCTTGAACCTTAAGGATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-46	AGGAGAATGGAAAGCTGAGACCCAGGTGCTTCC	AGGAGAATGGAAAGCTGAGACCCAGGTGCTTCCATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-47	ATGGTGGAGCGGAAGGAGGTGAAGAATTTGCA	ATGGTGGAGCGGAAGGAGGTGAAGAATTTGCAATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-48	GTTTGTGTCAAGTTACAACCCCTGCCTTGGCG	GTTTGTGTCAAGTTACAACCCCTGCCTTGGCGATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-49	ACTTTGAGAGAATGTTTCAGGGAGCTGAGGACGTGG	ACTTTGAGAGAATGTTTCAGGGAGCTGAGGACGTGGATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-50	CCTGGGGACCCTCAGGATAGTGAAGGAGAAGAC	CCTGGGGACCCTCAGGATAGTGAAGGAGAAGACATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-51	CCCCGTGGCTCCCTGGAAAGTAGAATGCC	CCCCGTGGCTCCCTGGAAAGTAGAATGCCATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-52	AGACCTCTTCCAGCCTCCTGTCCATGGT	AGACCTCTTCCAGCCTCCTGTCCATGGTATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-53	AGAGATGAGAGACATGTGACGCTCCCTGCTCC	AGAGATGAGAGACATGTGACGCTCCCTGCTCCATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-54	GCCCTGCTGTGGCTTTATTCCTTACCTGTAGCG	GCCCTGCTGTGGCTTTATTCCTTACCTGTAGCGATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT

AKT1-55	GTTGGGCATGCAGGTGTGACTGAGTGGC	GTTGGGCATGCAGGTGTGACTGAGTGGCATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-56	CTTTCTTTGAGGCCTGCGGTCTCCGACT	CTTTCTTTGAGGCCTGCGGTCTCCGACTATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-57	CTGAAGCTTCTAGTTGGGAGGGGCAGAGGC	CTGAAGCTTCTAGTTGGGAGGGGCAGAGGCATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-58	CTCGTAACCATGCAGGAGACTCACTGTGACTTGTC	CTCGTAACCATGCAGGAGACTCACTGTGACTTGTCATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-59	TTCAGATTAGGCCATAGGTGAGTGGCCTGGAGC	TTCAGATTAGGCCATAGGTGAGTGGCCTGGAGCATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-60	GTGTATTCCAGTGTGGCTGTGTCCAGGTGT	GTGTATTCCAGTGTGGCTGTGTCCAGGTGTATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-61	ATGTATGTGTGCCCCAGGTGTGGCTGTGC	ATGTATGTGTGCCCCAGGTGTGGCTGTGCATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-62	TGGGTGTGCTCCAGGTGGCTGTATTTCC	TGGGTGTGCTCCAGGTGGCTGTATTTCCATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-63	AAAAGCAGGACATTTCTACACTAGGTGGGACAAGCAGG	AAAAGCAGGACATTTCTACACTAGGTGGGACAAGCAGGATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-64	ATCTCCATACCCCTCATCCTCTGAGGCCTGG	ATCTCCATACCCCTCATCCTCTGAGGCCTGGATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-65	CTGAGTGTATGTGGCCAGACCAGGTCAAGTGG	CTGAGTGTATGTGGCCAGACCAGGTCAAGTGGATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-66	AGTTCAGGTCACTGTGTTTGGGGACGATTCTCC	AGTTCAGGTCACTGTGTTTGGGGACGATTCTCCATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-67	CACCTTGCTCACCTTTCAAACACTCCTTGGCACC	CACCTTGCTCACCTTTCAAACACTCCTTGGCACCATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-68	GGGTGACTTGTTCTGCTGAGTTAGGGCTTCTG	GGGTGACTTGTTCTGCTGAGTTAGGGCTTCTGATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-69	AGATTGTGTCAGCCCTGGACTACCTGCACTCG	AGATTGTGTCAGCCCTGGACTACCTGCACTCGATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-70	CCTTGCTTTCAGGGCTGCTCAAGAAGGACCC	CCTTGCTTTCAGGGCTGCTCAAGAAGGACCCATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-71	GCGGTACCGACACTGTGGCCTGTTTCC	GCGGTACCGACACTGTGGCCTGTTTCCATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-72	CATGCAGCATCGCTTCTTTGCCGGTATCGT	CATGCAGCATCGCTTCTTTGCCGGTATCGTATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-73	CGCATGCTCCCCACATATCCACACTCACGC	CGCATGCTCCCCACATATCCACACTCACGCATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-74	AGCCTGCTGCAGTCTGGTACAAGGAGG	AGCCTGCTGCAGTCTGGTACAAGGAGGATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-75	TCATCTTTCAGGGACCCTAGGAGCCCTGGC	TCATCTTTCAGGGACCCTAGGAGCCCTGGCATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-76	GCTGGGTTTCGGAAGCCTGCACTCTGAGA	GCTGGGTTTCGGAAGCCTGCACTCTGAGAATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-77	GCCCAGCCTTGACCAGAGACCTTGCTAATTGA	GCCCAGCCTTGACCAGAGACCTTGCTAATTGAATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-78	AGATCCAGGTGCTTTGAAGGTCTTGAGCACACTTG	AGATCCAGGTGCTTTGAAGGTCTTGAGCACACTTGATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-79	AAAAGGTTCTTTTGGAGAGTGCCAATGATCAGGGTG	AAAAGGTTCTTTTGGAGAGTGCCAATGATCAGGGTGATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-80	TGGGCTGTCTGTACCAGCTATCTGTCATCTCT	TGGGCTGTCTGTACCAGCTATCTGTCATCTCTATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-81	TTTTGGCTCACTTTGCTGGGTGGAAGAGTGGG	TTTTGGCTCACTTTGCTGGGTGGAAGAGTGGGATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-82	ATGAAGGAGACCATTGGACCACGTGGCCA	ATGAAGGAGACCATTGGACCACGTGGCCAATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT

AKT1-83	GGTAGGGCAGTGAATGAGACAGACCACCAGGA	GGTAGGGCAGTGAATGAGACAGACCACCAGGAATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-84	AGGACAGATAGGGCAGGGCCAGAGTTGG	AGGACAGATAGGGCAGGGCCAGAGTTGGATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-85	CTGGCGATGGCAATTGGCCCTCTCTAAGG	CTGGCGATGGCAATTGGCCCTCTCTAAGGATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-86	CCAAGAACAGCCACATCTGGAGCAGCCC	CCAAGAACAGCCACATCTGGAGCAGCCCATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-87	CCCCTCTGACAATATAGGATTGCCTTAGGGCCATTTCT	CCCCTCTGACAATATAGGATTGCCTTAGGGCCATTTCTATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-88	CTCTGAGAATTTCCCGACCCTCCTAGCAGCCC	CTCTGAGAATTTCCCGACCCTCCTAGCAGCCCATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-89	GGGGAAAGTGTCTAGGGCAAAGAAGCATTGAGAAGATGT	GGGGAAAGTGTCTAGGGCAAAGAAGCATTGAGAAGATGTATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-90	TTTTGGTGAGAGAGTTTAGGTAAGGTACCCAGAGCCATGT	TTTTGGTGAGAGAGTTTAGGTAAGGTACCCAGAGCCATGTATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-91	ATCAGGCAGTAAGTCACTGAACCACGATTTGAATTCAGCC	ATCAGGCAGTAAGTCACTGAACCACGATTTGAATTCAGCCATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-92	TTTCACCGGATGGACTGCATCTTTATTTCTAAACCTGGC	TTTCACCGGATGGACTGCATCTTTATTTCTAAACCTGGCATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-93	TCTTTCACAAAAGGGTTATTATCAACTGTGGCCTCTGGA	TCTTTCACAAAAGGGTTATTATCAACTGTGGCCTCTGGAATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-94	TCCAGACTTGTTCCCTCCTAAGTTCTAGTGATCTCATGCC	TCCAGACTTGTTCCCTCCTAAGTTCTAGTGATCTCATGCCATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-95	CCCCTCAGATGAAGCAGTTGCCTAATTAGTAAGTTCCCT	CCCCTCAGATGAAGCAGTTGCCTAATTAGTAAGTTCCCTATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-96	CATAGACCATGAACGAGTTTGAGTACCTGAAGCTGCTGG	CATAGACCATGAACGAGTTTGAGTACCTGAAGCTGCTGGATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-97	TCACCTTATAGTCACCCTTCATCCTGGGTCATTGAGAGT	TCACCTTATAGTCACCCTTCATCCTGGGTCATTGAGAGTATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-98	AAAATAAAGTTATCACCTCCTGGTAGCAGGGAGGGTCTCT	AAAATAAAGTTATCACCTCCTGGTAGCAGGGAGGGTCTCTATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-99	TACACGAAACATGACACAGTAAATGATGTTCCGAGGGTGA	TACACGAAACATGACACAGTAAATGATGTTCCGAGGGTGAATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1-100	AGCATTGCTGAAAGTAACCAAGGTATGGAAATGGTCAGGC	AGCATTGCTGAAAGTAACCAAGGTATGGAAATGGTCAGGCATAATCGCTAGGCACCTGGATT
AKT1_488	/5Alex488N/AATCCAGGTGCCTAGCGATT	
CDH1-1	GCCCTCTCTGGTTACTGGGCTGTGGCT	GCCCTCTCTGGTTACTGGGCTGTGGCTTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-2	AGAGCAAGGCAGGGGCTAGAAACAAGCTTGT	AGAGCAAGGCAGGGGCTAGAAACAAGCTTGTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-3	ATCTGAGCATGCGTCTGGGGTGTCCCA	ATCTGAGCATGCGTCTGGGGTGTCCCATATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-4	GGGGACCCTGGGACTGGTGATTTAGTGGG	GGGGACCCTGGGACTGGTGATTTAGTGGGTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-5	TCCTTTGCTTGCTCTGCAATCTGGCCTTGG	TCCTTTGCTTGCTCTGCAATCTGGCCTTGGTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-6	AAAGAAGACCAGTGGGCCGCCCTCT	AAAGAAGACCAGTGGGCCGCCCTCTTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-7	AAGGCCATGTAAAGAAGGCAGGCTGCTGC	AAGGCCATGTAAAGAAGGCAGGCTGCTGCTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG

CDH1-8	GCACCTGTCCCAATCCAATCCTTGCTGGG	GCACCTGTCCCAATCCAATCCTTGCTGGGTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-9	AGGCTAGACCCTGAGGTTACGGCAGATTGGA	AGGCTAGACCCTGAGGTTACGGCAGATTGGATATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-10	GGGCAGGCAGGGAGATCTCAAACCTGAGT	GGGCAGGCAGGGAGATCTCAAACCTGAGTTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-11	GCTCCCTCTCACCCAGCAAACCAGCC	GCTCCCTCTCACCCAGCAAACCAGCCTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-12	GGGTGGACCGGAACGGGTTTGTGTGG	GGGTGGACCGGAACGGGTTTGTGTGGTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-13	CAGAGGTTGCACTGCTTGCCACCAAGTCAC	CAGAGGTTGCACTGCTTGCCACCAAGTCACTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-14	GCTCAGGACCCCGTGGGATAATTGGCCA	GCTCAGGACCCCGTGGGATAATTGGCCATATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-15	TTTGCTTAAATGTCACTCCCGCCCTCAGGGA	TTTGCTTAAATGTCACTCCCGCCCTCAGGGATATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-16	AAAATTATTTGGCAGGGGCAGGGCACGGT	AAAATTATTTGGCAGGGGCAGGGCACGGTTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-17	AGTGGGAGAGCCTGGCCGTATGTCTGG	AGTGGGAGAGCCTGGCCGTATGTCTGGTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-18	CAAGCCCTCTGCTAGGCATTGGGGATGC	CAAGCCCTCTGCTAGGCATTGGGGATGCTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-19	GCCCTGAGTCACCGACATTGAGAGGCCT	GCCCTGAGTCACCGACATTGAGAGGCCTTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-20	TGCTTCCAGTGCCTGGTACGTAGCAACCA	TGCTTCCAGTGCCTGGTACGTAGCAACCATATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-21	GGGGCGGGTAGTGTAAAGTGTCAAAGGAGCC	GGGGCGGGTAGTGTAAAGTGTCAAAGGAGCCTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-22	TCATGCCAAGGTCCACCCATGCAGCC	TCATGCCAAGGTCCACCCATGCAGCCTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-23	TTCCGCACAGTGTGTGAGTGCCTTCTGTGT	TTCCGCACAGTGTGTGAGTGCCTTCTGTGTTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-24	GGGGATGCCCCAAGCCTAGAGAGGTGG	GGGGATGCCCCAAGCCTAGAGAGGTGGTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-25	TGGCAGGACTGCAGAAGGACAATAGTGTGGC	TGGCAGGACTGCAGAAGGACAATAGTGTGGCTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-26	TGGTTGGGTGAGGCCCTTTTGGCCTG	TGGTTGGGTGAGGCCCTTTTGGCCTGTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-27	AGGGGAGGGCGTTCTAGATGGAGGGAACA	AGGGGAGGGCGTTCTAGATGGAGGGAACATATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-28	CCTCTGGTCCTTTAGCCCAGATCCACCGG	CCTCTGGTCCTTTAGCCCAGATCCACCGGTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-29	TTTCCAATGGCGCTGCTGGCTCTGGC	TTTCCAATGGCGCTGCTGGCTCTGGCTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-30	CCCCAGCATTAAAGCCTGGCATGTAGTTGCC	CCCCAGCATTAAAGCCTGGCATGTAGTTGCCATATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-31	GGGAGGATTAGGCTGCAGGGTTACCCCA	GGGAGGATTAGGCTGCAGGGTTACCCCATATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-32	CAGGAGCCTTGGGAGTGGGTTTACACCTCAA	CAGGAGCCTTGGGAGTGGGTTTACACCTCAATATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-33	AGCAACTCAGTGGTGGAGGAGGGATTCCAGT	AGCAACTCAGTGGTGGAGGAGGGATTCCAGTTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-34	TTCCCTTCTTGAGAAAAGTGGCCAGGCT	TTCCCTTCTTGAGAAAAGTGGCCAGGCTTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-35	CTGGGCCTGTCTTCCACAAGACATCGCCT	CTGGGCCTGTCTTCCACAAGACATCGCCTTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG

CDH1-36	GCAGCACATAGAGGGCCCTTAGGGGATGT	GCAGCACATAGAGGGCCCTTAGGGGATGTTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-37	TTCAGGTGGGTACCAGCCAGTTGACATCCAG	TTCAGGTGGGTACCAGCCAGTTGACATCCAGTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-38	ACCAGCCTCGACCTTCAGGGAACGT	ACCAGCCTCGACCTTCAGGGAACGTTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-39	AGTCAAACGGGGTAGGGAGTGCCTGGG	AGTCAAACGGGGTAGGGAGTGCCTGGGTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-40	GTAGTGGTGCAGGGCCCTTTAGCTGAGG	GTAGTGGTGCAGGGCCCTTTAGCTGAGGTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-41	CCATCAGCTTCCACCGAGACGAAGTGATGCA	CCATCAGCTTCCACCGAGACGAAGTGATGCATATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-42	AACCAGACCGTGCAGCCAACTCCTGC	AACCAGACCGTGCAGCCAACTCCTGCTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-43	AGTCCCAGGCAACTCAGACCTTCCCTGG	AGTCCCAGGCAACTCAGACCTTCCCTGGTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-44	TGGAGAAGGTGGGTGTTTTGTGTGTTCCCGT	TGGAGAAGGTGGGTGTTTTGTGTGTTCCCGTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-45	ATGAGCCACCGTGAATGGCCAGAAGCAC	ATGAGCCACCGTGAATGGCCAGAAGCACTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-46	TGGTGTCTTGCCTTTGGTTTGCCTAAGGCC	TGGTGTCTTGCCTTTGGTTTGCCTAAGGCCATATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-47	CCAGTGATTCCACGTGGTCTGCCCTATGT	CCAGTGATTCCACGTGGTCTGCCCTATGTTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-48	GGTGGCCTTTCAGGTTTTGTGAGGGCCA	GGTGGCCTTTCAGGTTTTGTGAGGGCCATATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-49	TGGTCAGACATCAACACCGCCTGCCTCA	TGGTCAGACATCAACACCGCCTGCCTCATATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-50	GGCTTGACTGAGATGCCCCAGTGGCTTG	GGCTTGACTGAGATGCCCCAGTGGCTTGTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-51	TGTGTGCTGTTATAGCTACGTGGCCTTGGGC	TGTGTGCTGTTATAGCTACGTGGCCTTGGGCTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-52	GGGGTGTGGAGGGAGGCTGGAGAATGA	GGGGTGTGGAGGGAGGCTGGAGAATGATATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-53	AAGGGAGGCAACTGAGGCCACAGTGTCT	AAGGGAGGCAACTGAGGCCACAGTGTCTTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-54	CAGCCACCACCCTGGATTGGCTTCCAAC	CAGCCACCACCCTGGATTGGCTTCCAACATATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-55	TCCAGGGTGTGGCTGAGCAGAGCAAGT	TCCAGGGTGTGGCTGAGCAGAGCAAGTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-56	GAGGCTTGTATGGCCTGACCGAGGTTGT	GAGGCTTGTATGGCCTGACCGAGGTTGTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-57	TGCCTCCGCTTCATTCTCCACCCTCCT	TGCCTCCGCTTCATTCTCCACCCTCCTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-58	CCACACACCCGAGCACTCATTTTAACCC	CCACACACCCGAGCACTCATTTTAACCCCTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-59	GGGGCGTTCAGGAGGCTACAGCCTAGT	GGGGCGTTCAGGAGGCTACAGCCTAGTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-60	CCCCTCCCTCTCCCATCATGTGTGGGT	CCCCTCCCTCTCCCATCATGTGTGGGTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-61	ACCACTGCTGGAACAGGTGCCCATCT	ACCACTGCTGGAACAGGTGCCCATCTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-62	GATTACAGGGTTGAGCCTGCACCTGACCCT	GATTACAGGGTTGAGCCTGCACCTGACCCTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-63	TGGAATTTCTCTCCCTCCGCAAGCCTAGTGC	TGGAATTTCTCTCCCTCCGCAAGCCTAGTGCATATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG

CDH1-64	GGGGCGAATGTTCTTCAGAGGCTGACCT	GGGGCGAATGTTCTTCAGAGGCTGACCTTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-65	AGGCTGGTCTTGACGGGACTTGGACTCAAG	AGGCTGGTCTTGACGGGACTTGGACTCAAGTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-66	GGGCCAGGACTTGTCTCCACATCTCA	GGGCCAGGACTTGTCTCCACATCTCATATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-67	GCTGTGTTGTTACGCATGCAGCCACAGCT	GCTGTGTTGTTACGCATGCAGCCACAGCTTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-68	AACCCAGCTTCTCCAGTCAAGGCAGCA	AACCCAGCTTCTCCAGTCAAGGCAGCATATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-69	GGCCCGCAGGAGCAAGAGCTAACCTTTCT	GGCCCGCAGGAGCAAGAGCTAACCTTTCTTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-70	AGCCAGTACGCCCTGCGACTGACT	AGCCAGTACGCCCTGCGACTGACTTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-71	AAGGGGACTTTGCTCCCTGCTTCCCATCC	AAGGGGACTTTGCTCCCTGCTTCCCATCTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-72	TGGTGAGTCTGGCGGCTAAGTAGCATCAGA	TGGTGAGTCTGGCGGCTAAGTAGCATCAGATATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-73	CCTTTGTATGCAGGGTGGGCAAAACTGCT	CCTTTGTATGCAGGGTGGGCAAAACTGCTTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-74	CTTGCCAGCGTGACAGTGAGCTTCCAG	CTTGCCAGCGTGACAGTGAGCTTCCAGTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-75	ATTTGCTAAGGCCACCCAGCAAGAACATGGC	ATTTGCTAAGGCCACCCAGCAAGAACATGGCTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-76	TTTTCTCTGGCAAGGGCAGGGCTATTGGCT	TTTTCTCTGGCAAGGGCAGGGCTATTGGCTTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-77	GGGGACAAATCAGCCAAGTTGAGGGCTCT	GGGGACAAATCAGCCAAGTTGAGGGCTTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-78	TGGATGGATGTCTGCCTGGGTTCTTGGA	TGGATGGATGTCTGCCTGGGTTCTTGGCATATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
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CDH1-80	TTTTGCTCCGCATCTCAGCACATGACCT	TTTTGCTCCGCATCTCAGCACATGACCTTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-81	TGGGGACGCTGTCTGGCTAGGTTGGA	TGGGGACGCTGTCTGGCTAGGTTGGATATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-82	CCATGTCCCCTCCTTTATCCCTCAGGGCAG	CCATGTCCCCTCCTTTATCCCTCAGGGCAGTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-83	TCACCACTGGGCTGGACCGAGAGGTC	TCACCACTGGGCTGGACCGAGAGGTCATATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
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CDH1-85	GCTGCTGCCTCAGTGGACTCCAGGAGA	GCTGCTGCCTCAGTGGACTCCAGGAGATATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-86	CCCCTGTCTGGTATGAGGGGTGCTCTGTG	CCCCTGTCTGGTATGAGGGGTGCTCTGTGTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
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CDH1-89	ATGGTCCAGTGGCCCTCGGTGAGTCTTC	ATGGTCCAGTGGCCCTCGGTGAGTCTTCTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
CDH1-90	TGGCAGCCCCACTCTGATCTATGGGGAC	TGGCAGCCCCACTCTGATCTATGGGGACTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
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CDH1-92	CGAGGACGACTAGGGGACTCGAGAGAGGC	CGAGGACGACTAGGGGACTCGAGAGAGGCTATGTGCGGCATTGACTAAGAG
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CDH1_54 6	/5Alex546N/CTCTTAGTCAATGCCGACA	

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