

Supplementary Materials for

IrO_x·nH₂O with lattice water-assisted oxygen exchange for high-performance proton exchange membrane water electrolyzers

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Sci. Adv. **9**, eadh1718 (2023)
DOI: 10.1126/sciadv.adh1718

This PDF file includes:

Figs. S1 to S23
Tables S1 to S3

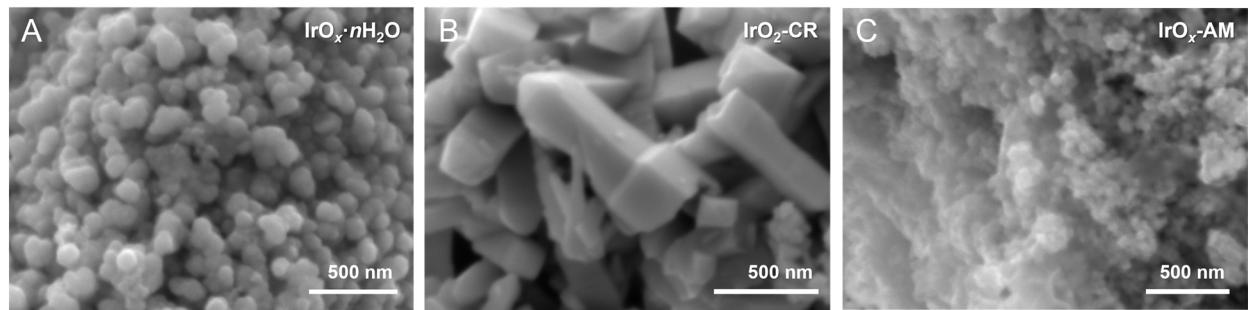


Fig. S1. SEM images. (A) $\text{IrO}_x\cdot n\text{H}_2\text{O}$, (B) $\text{IrO}_2\text{-CR}$ and (C) $\text{IrO}_x\text{-AM}$.

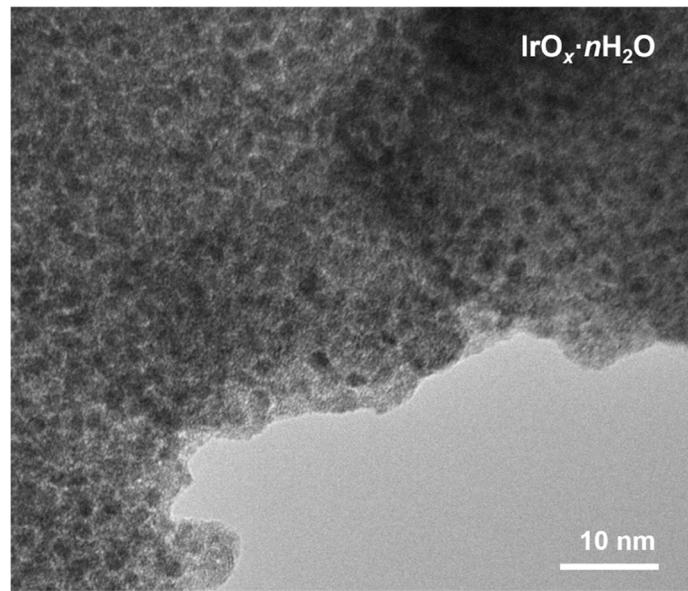


Fig. S2. TEM image of $\text{IrO}_x\cdot n\text{H}_2\text{O}$.

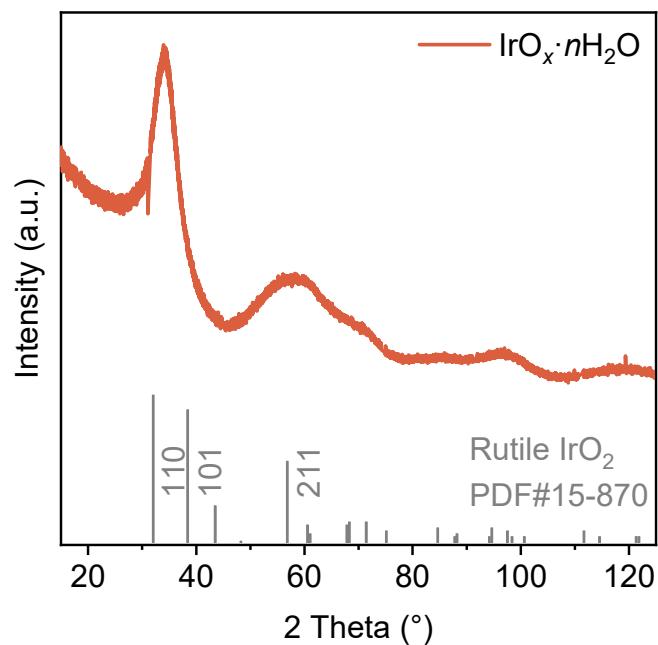


Fig. S3. Powder diffraction pattern of $\text{IrO}_x \cdot n\text{H}_2\text{O}$. All PD data in this work were converted to the range of Cu K α (1.54 Å) corresponding to Bragg's Law.

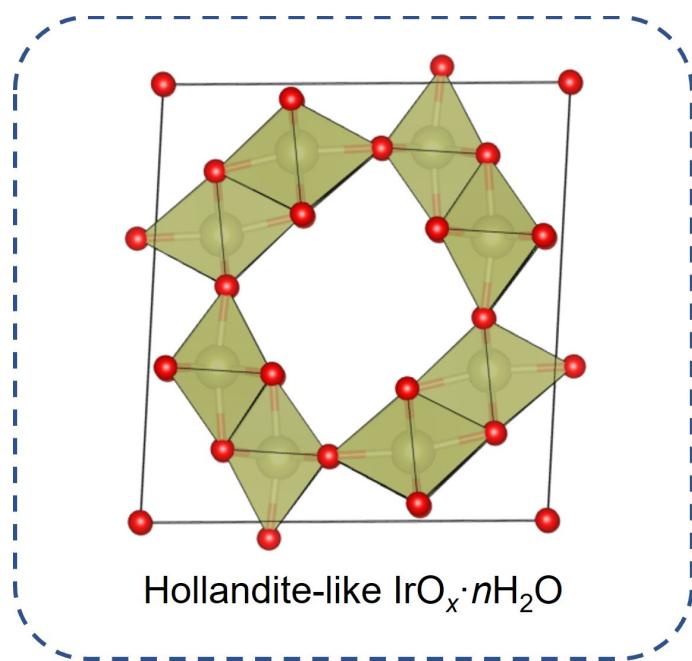


Fig. S4. Schematic for structure for hollandite-like $\text{IrO}_x \cdot n\text{H}_2\text{O}$.

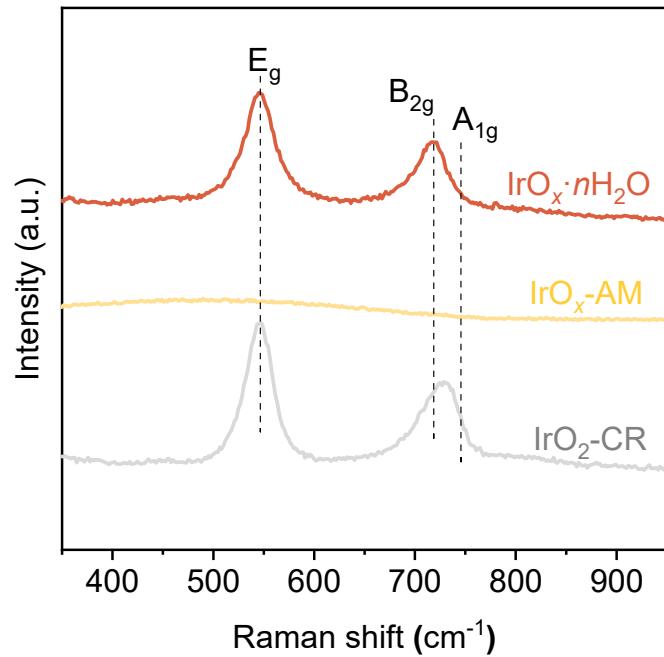


Fig. S5. Raman spectra of $\text{IrO}_x \cdot n\text{H}_2\text{O}$, $\text{IrO}_2\text{-AM}$ and $\text{IrO}_x\text{-CR}$.

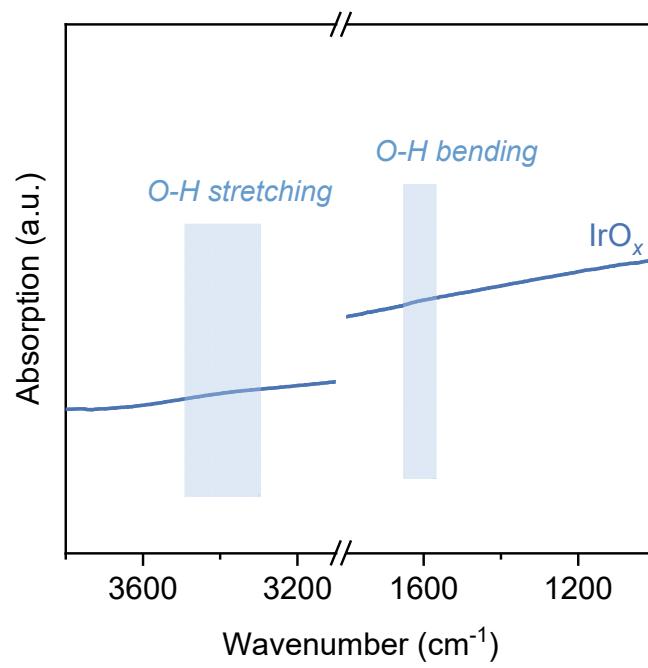


Fig. S6. FTIR spectrum of IrO_x .

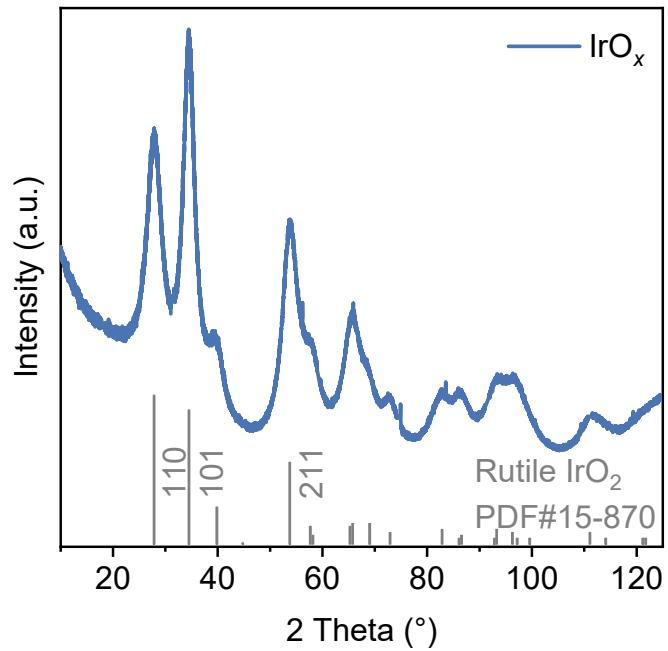


Fig. S7. Powder diffraction pattern of IrO_x .

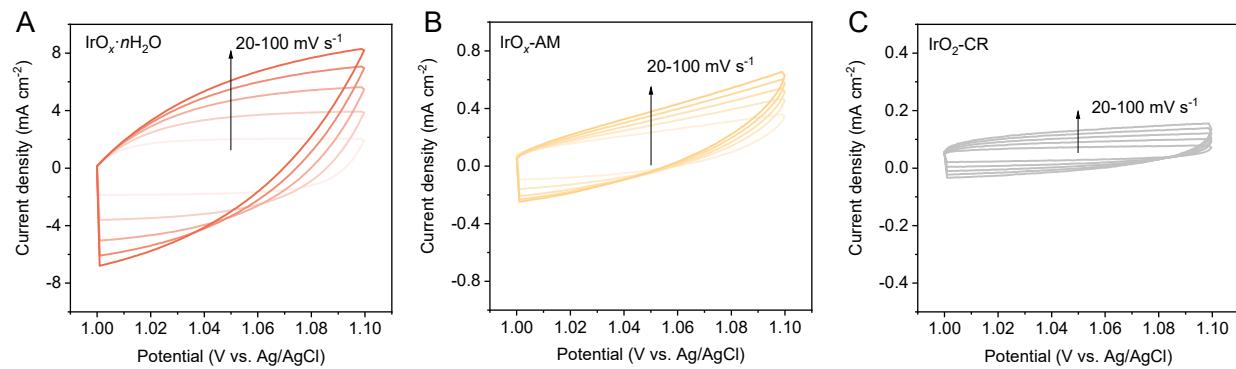


Fig. S8. CV curves at different scan rates in a non-Faradic region. (A) $\text{IrO}_x \cdot n\text{H}_2\text{O}$, (B) $\text{IrO}_x\text{-AM}$ and (C) $\text{IrO}_2\text{-CR}$.

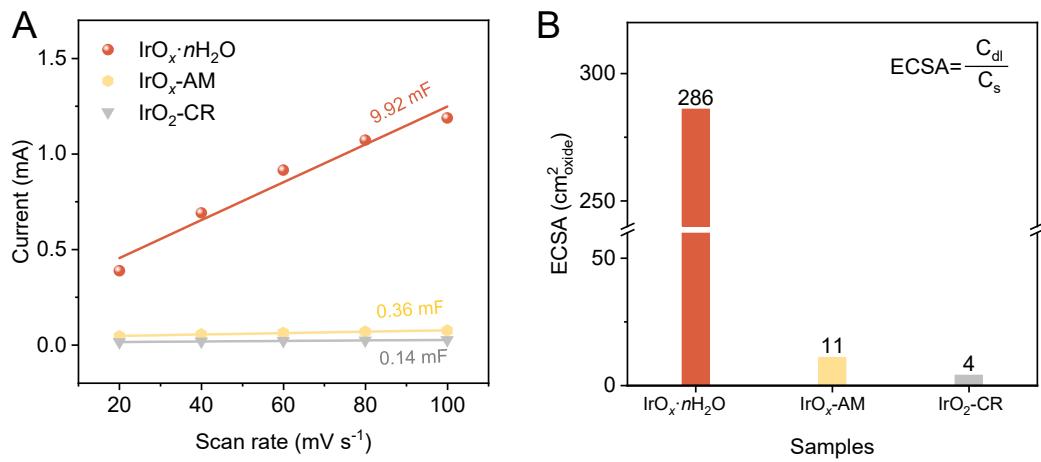


Fig. S9. Electrochemical active area (ECSA) analyses. (A) Double-layer capacitance (C_{dl}) represented by curve slope and **(B)** ECSA comparison.

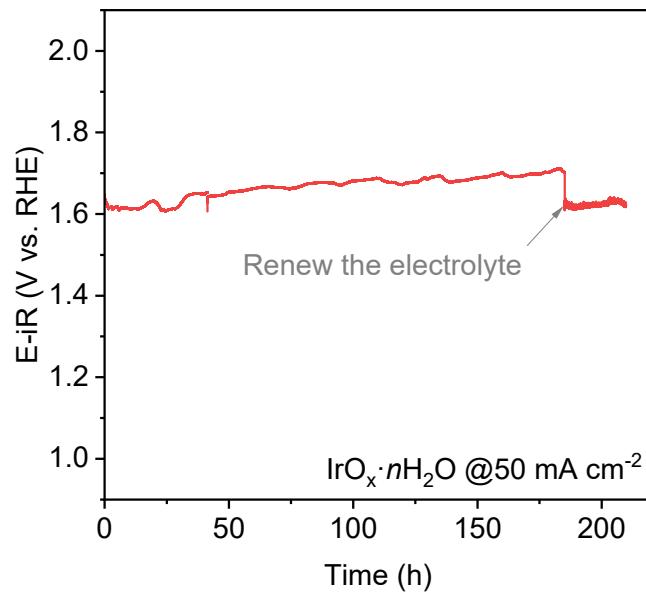


Fig. S10. Chronopotentiometry curve of $\text{IrO}_x \cdot n\text{H}_2\text{O}$ at 50 mA cm⁻² in the three-electrode system. A platinized titanium felt as the stable substrate of the working electrode was used to increase the contact between catalysts and substrates.

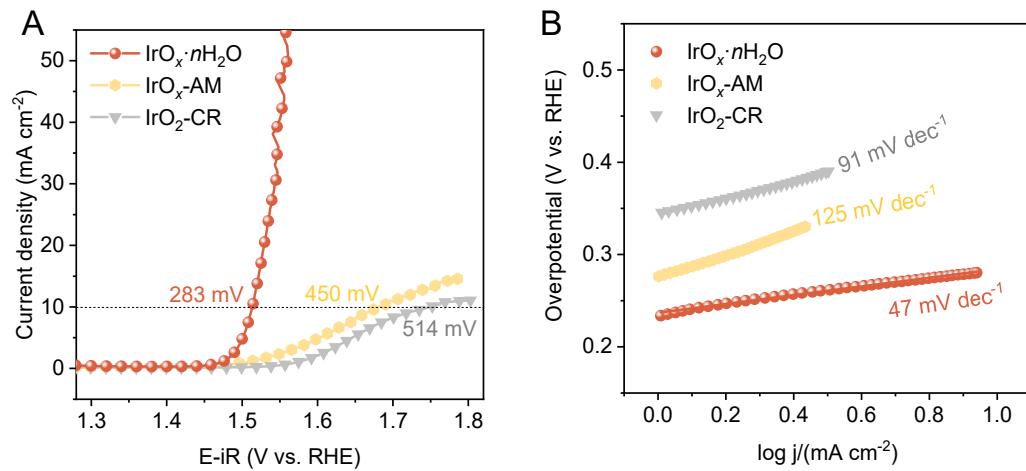


Fig. S11. Tafel plots analyses. (A) LSV curves normalized by geometric area, **(B)** Tafel plots from (A) of $\text{IrO}_x \cdot n\text{H}_2\text{O}$, $\text{IrO}_x\text{-AM}$ and $\text{IrO}_2\text{-CR}$.

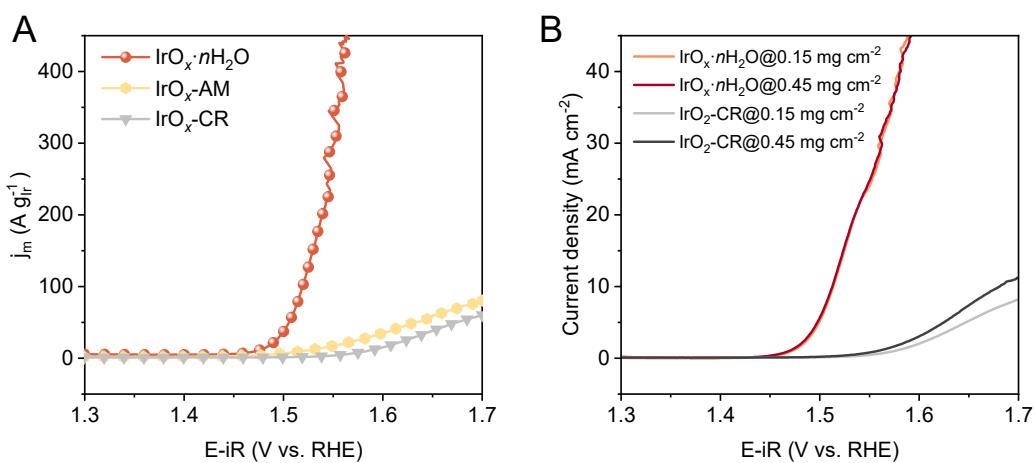


Fig. S12. Mass activity analyses. (A) Mass activity of $\text{IrO}_x \cdot n\text{H}_2\text{O}$, $\text{IrO}_x\text{-AM}$ and $\text{IrO}_2\text{-CR}$. **(B)** LSV curves normalized by geometric area with different loading.

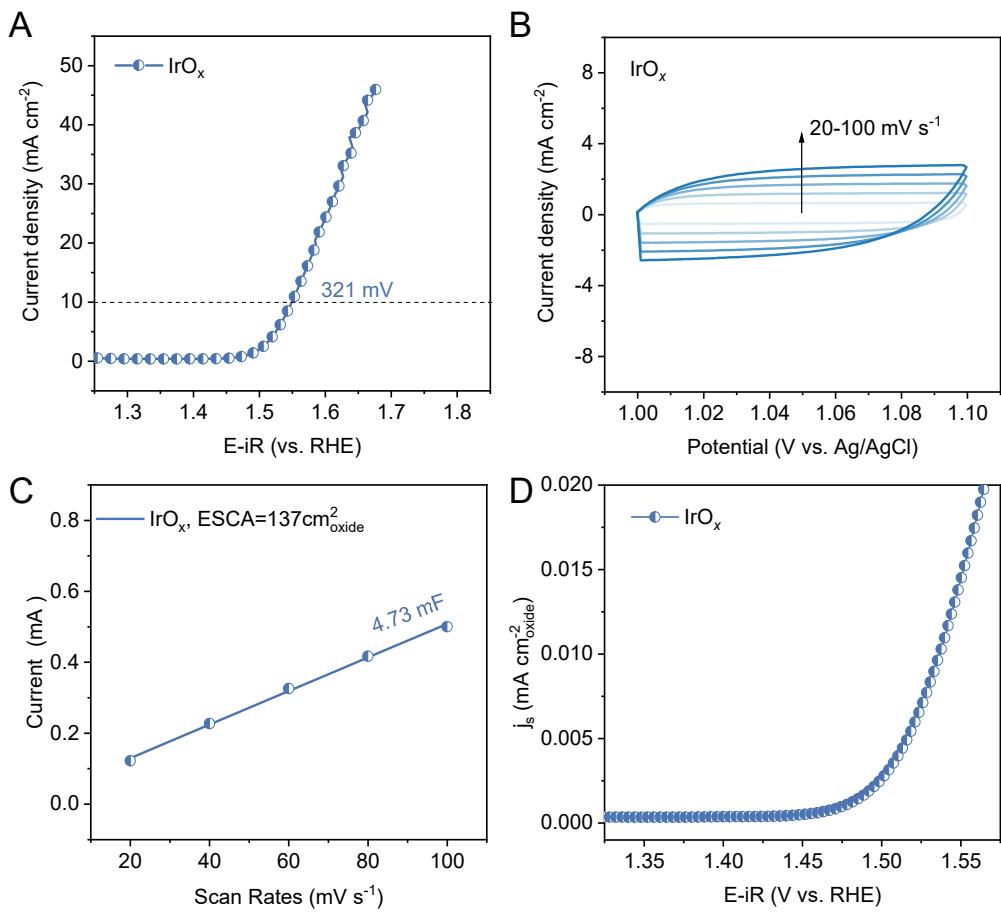


Fig. S13. Electrochemical measurements of IrO_x. (A) LSV curves normalized by geometric area. (B) CV curves with different scan rates in a non-Faradic region. (C) Double-layer capacitance (C_{dl}) represented by curve slope. (D) LSV curves normalized by ECSA.

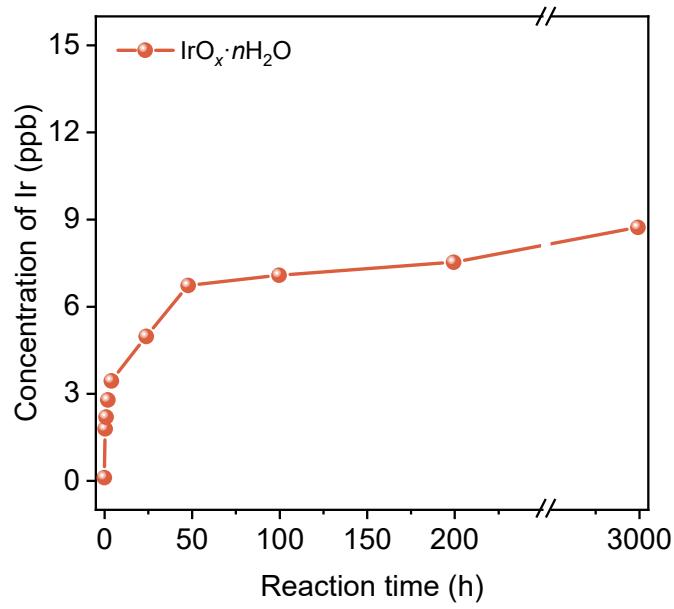


Fig. S14. Dissolved Ir of $\text{IrO}_x \cdot n\text{H}_2\text{O}$ in electrolyte following chronopotentiometry test (@10 mA cm⁻²).

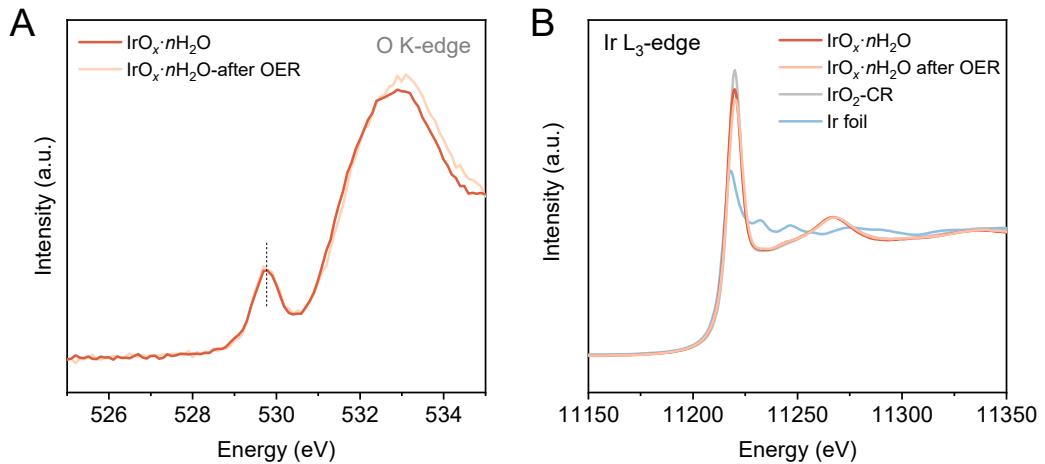


Fig. S15. Ex-situ XAS measurements on $\text{IrO}_x \cdot n\text{H}_2\text{O}$ prior to and following OER. (A) O K-edge and (B) Ir L₃-edge.

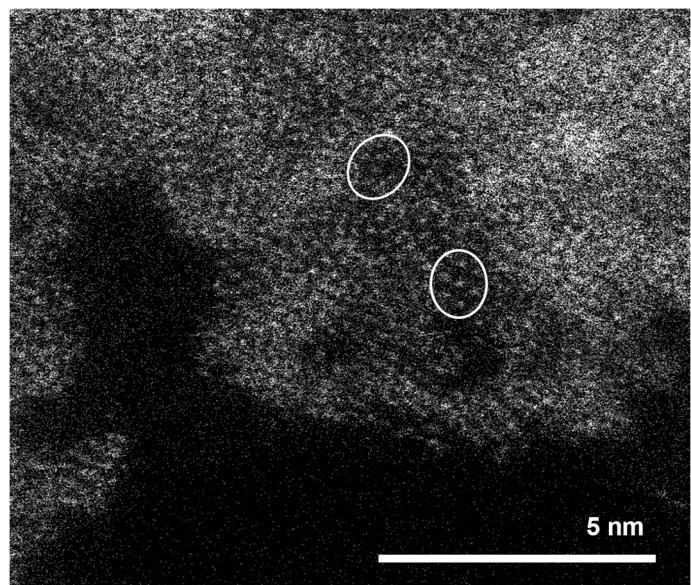


Fig. S16. HAADF-STEM image of $\text{IrO}_x \cdot n\text{H}_2\text{O}$ following OER test.

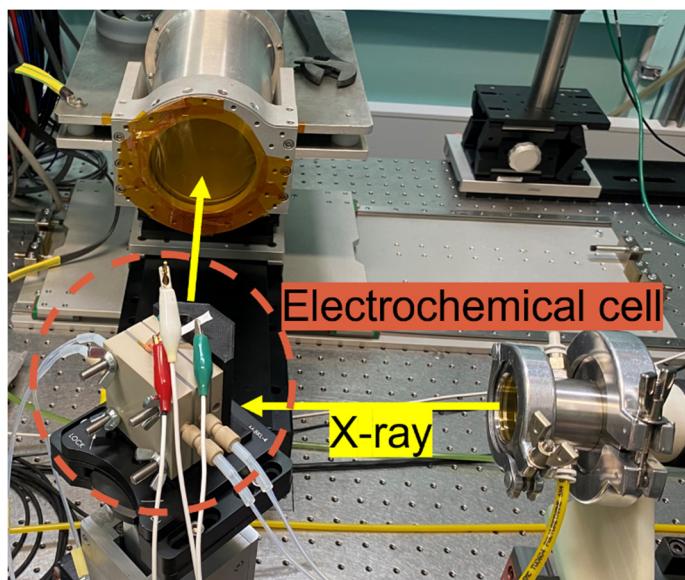


Fig. S17. Operando XAS setup.

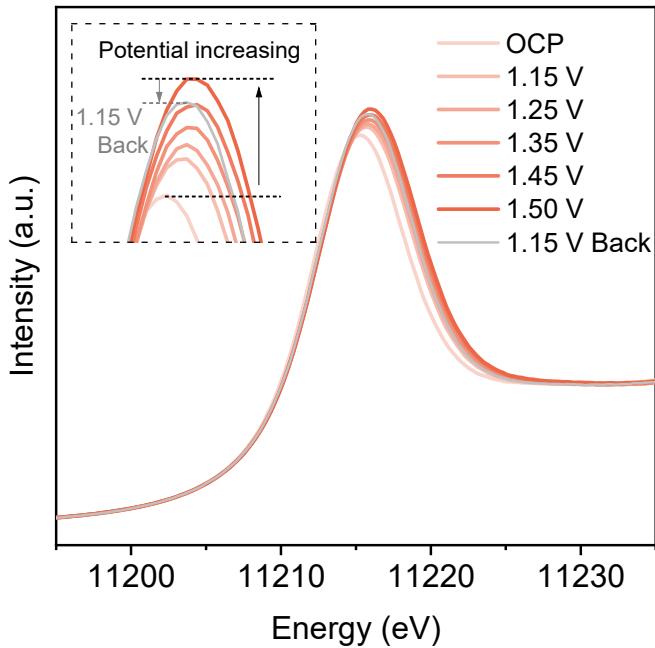


Fig. S18. Operando XANES spectra of $\text{IrO}_x \cdot n\text{H}_2\text{O}$ under potential range of OCP ~ 1.50 V vs. RHE.

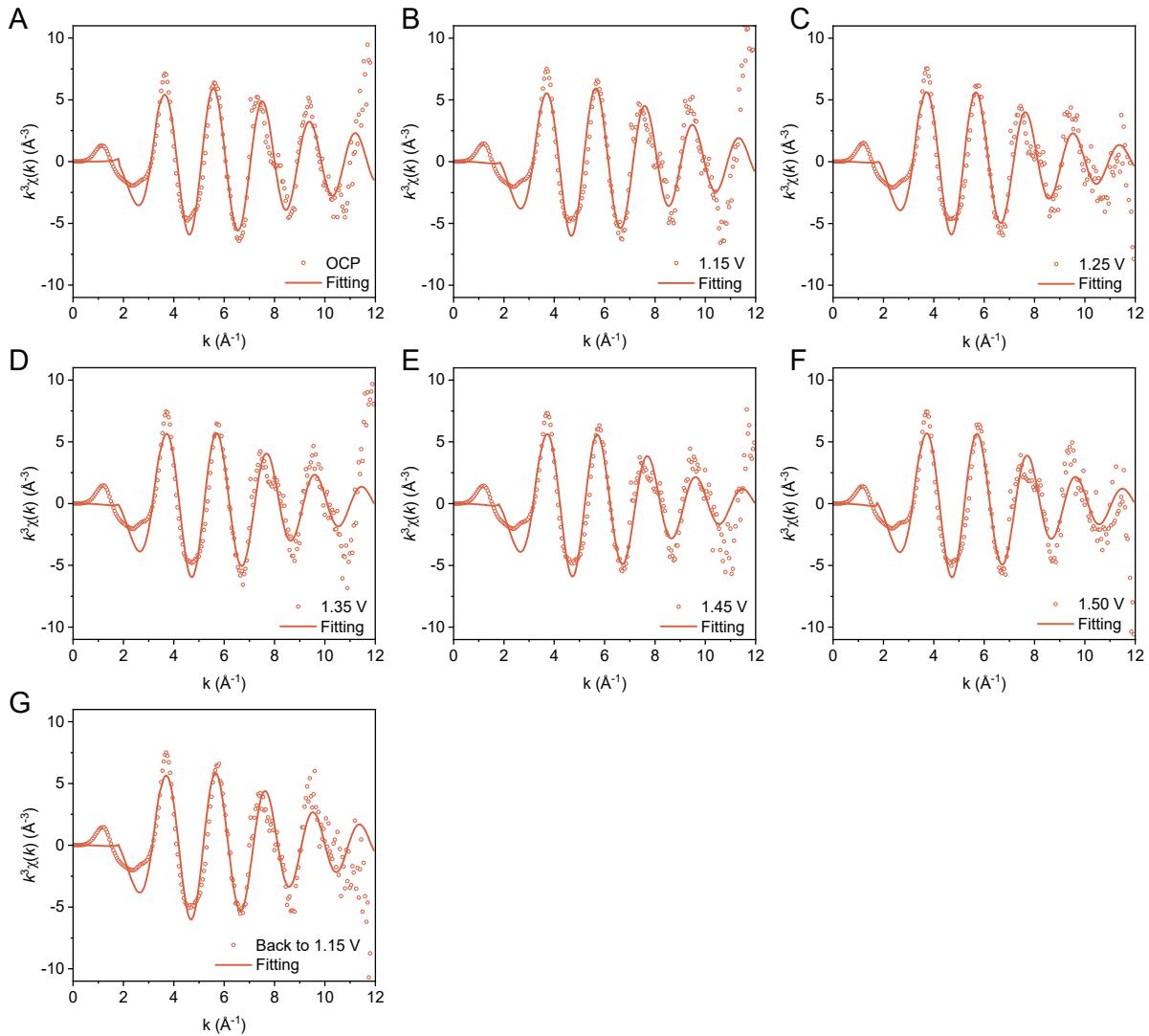


Fig. S19. Fitting data for operando XAS of $\text{IrO}_x \cdot n\text{H}_2\text{O}$. Ir L₃-edge EXAFS under different potentials fitting results at R space. Best-fit parameters are collected in Table S2.

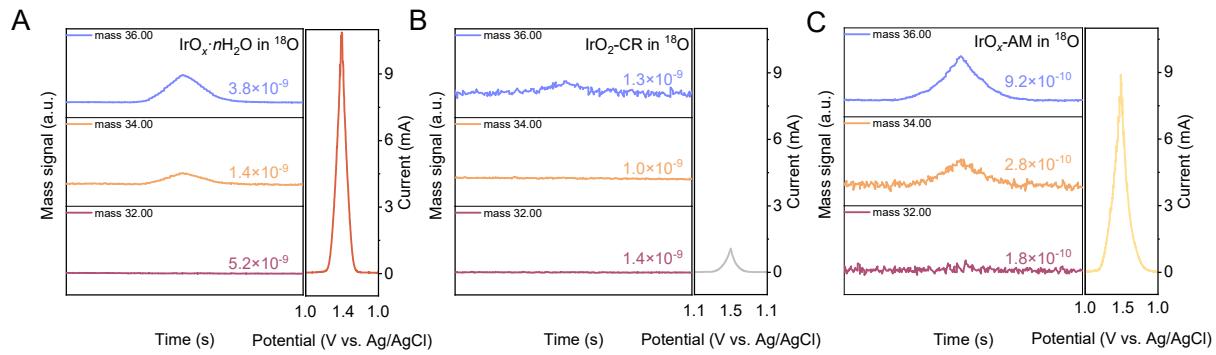


Fig. S20. DEMS results. Signals of O₂ products with corresponding CV curves in H₂¹⁸O supporting 0.05 M H₂SO₄ for (A) IrO_x·nH₂O, (B) IrO₂-CR and (C) IrO_x-AM.

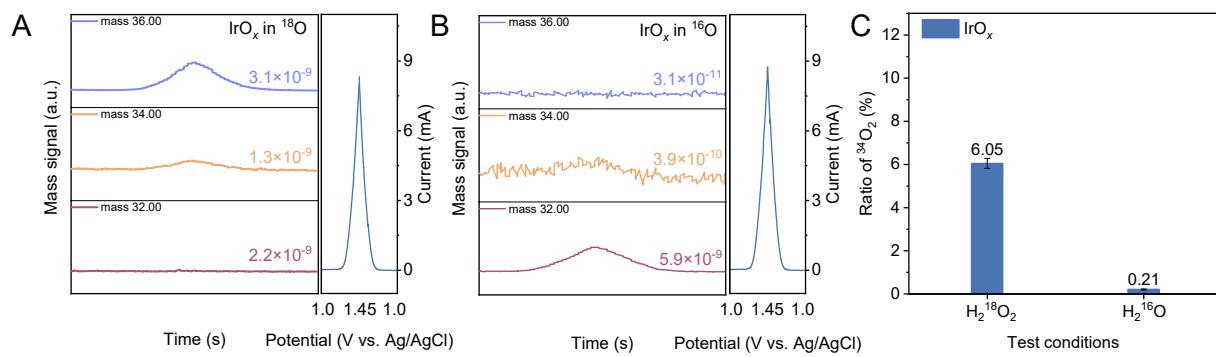


Fig. S21. Online DEMS signal for IrO_x under 0.05 M H₂SO₄ with different solvents. (A) H₂¹⁸O as solvent. (B) H₂¹⁶O as solvent. (C) Comparison of ³⁴O₂ produced from 0.05 M H₂SO₄ using H₂¹⁸O and H₂¹⁶O as solvents.

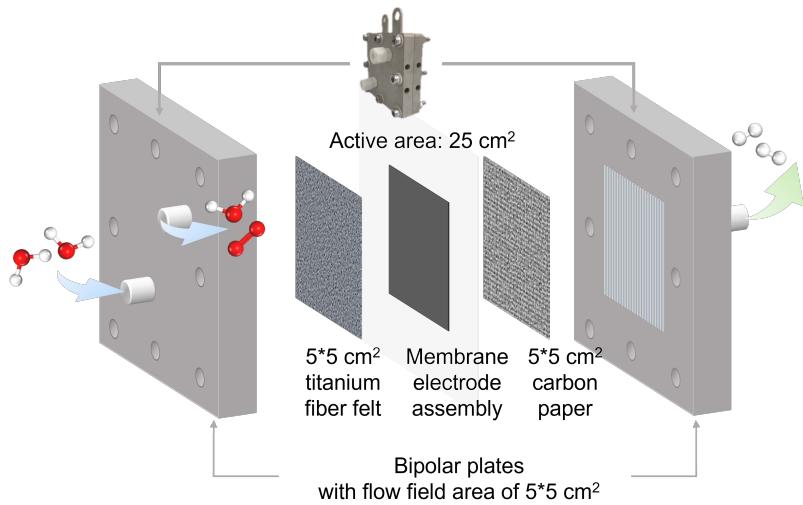


Fig. S22. Schematic for PEM electrolyzer.

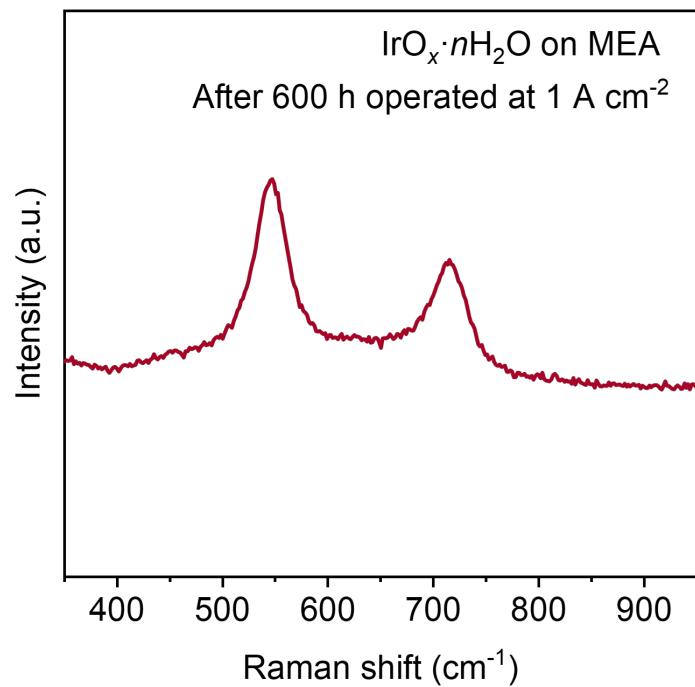


Fig. S23. Post Raman spectrum of MEA coated with $\text{IrO}_x \cdot n\text{H}_2\text{O}$.

Table S1. Comparative summary of $\text{IrO}_x \cdot n\text{H}_2\text{O}$ with selected Ir-based electrocatalysts for acidic OER reported in three-electrode system.

Catalyst	Electrolyte	Mass loading (mg cm ⁻²)	Overpotential at corresponding j	Stability (@10 mA cm ⁻²)	Reference
$\text{IrO}_x \cdot n\text{H}_2\text{O}$	0.1 M HClO_4	0.15	$\eta_{10} = 283$ mV	5700 h	This work
$\text{IrO}_x/\text{SrIrO}_3$	0.5 M H_2SO_4	--	$\eta_{10} = 270\text{-}290$ mV	30 h	(30)
$\text{Li}\text{-}\text{IrO}_x$	0.5 M H_2SO_4	0.125	$\eta_{10} = 270$ mV	10 h	(34)
IrO_2/GCN	0.5 M H_2SO_4	0.204	$\eta_{10} = 276$ mV	4 h (20 mA cm ⁻²)	(32)
GB-	0.5 M H_2SO_4	0.04	$\eta_{10} = 198$ mV	500 h	(37)
$\text{Ta}_{0.1}\text{Tm}_{0.1}\text{Ir}_{0.8}\text{O}_{2-\delta}$	0.5 M H_2SO_4	0.128	$\eta_{10} = 245$ mV	105 h	(38)
$\text{SrCo}_{0.9}\text{Ir}_{0.1}\text{O}_{3-\delta}$	0.1 M HClO_4	0.255	$\eta_{16.3} = 320$ mV	1.5 h	(33)
1T- IrO_2	0.5 M H_2SO_4	0.207	$\eta_{10} = 197$ mV	45 h (50 mA cm ⁻²)	(35)
Ba_2YIrO_6	0.1 M HClO_4	0.015	$\eta_{10} = 315$ mV	1 h	(29)
Ir NSS	0.1 M HClO_4	0.204	$\eta_{10} = 255$ mV	8 h	(36)
6H-SrIrO ₃	0.5 M H_2SO_4	0.90	$\eta_{10} = 248$ mV	30 h	(31)

Table S2. Operando EXAFS fitted parameters at Ir L₃-edge of $\text{IrO}_x \cdot n\text{H}_2\text{O}$. Artimise software together with standard procedure(s) was used for fits, and all $|\Delta E_0|$ were confirmed below 10 eV. N is the coordination number, σ^2 Debye-Waller factor, R coordination distance and R -factor relative error for fit.

E (V vs. RHE)	Scattering path	N	ΔR	R (Å)	σ^2 (10 ⁻³ Å ²)	R-factor
OCP	Ir-O	5.667	0.069	2.027	5.5	0.0162
1.15	Ir-O	5.680	0.053	2.011	6.1	0.0195
1.25	Ir-O	6.056	0.046	2.004	7.7	0.0202
1.35	Ir-O	6.082	0.030	1.988	7.6	0.0161
1.45	Ir-O	6.139	0.028	1.986	8.1	0.0172
1.50	Ir-O	6.235	0.025	1.983	8.1	0.0206
1.15	Ir-O	5.949	0.045	2.003	6.8	0.0172

Table S3. Summary comparison of PEM electrolyzer performance with selected reports.

Anode catalyst	Mass loading /(mg cm^{-2})	Membrane	Operating temperature /°C	Cell voltage at 1 A cm^{-2}/V	Stability /(h @ A cm^{-2})	Cost /(USD per kg of H_2)	Energy consumption / $\text{kWh m}^{-3} \text{H}_2$	Reference
$\text{IrO}_x \cdot n\text{H}_2\text{O}$	2.0	N115	60	1.77	600@1.0	0.95	4.27	This work
IrO_2	3.0	N115	60	1.83	--	--	--	This work
Pt/ IrO_2	1.8	N117	60	1.81	--	--	--	(47)
GB- $\text{Ta}_{0.1}\text{Tm}_{0.1}\text{Ir}_{0.8}\text{O}_{2-\delta}$	0.2	N117	50	1.766	500@1.5	1.002	4.51	(37)
GB- $\text{IrO}_{2-\delta}$	0.2	N117	50	1.946	--	--	--	(37)
$\text{Ir/Nb}_2\text{O}_{5-x}$	1.80	N115	80	~1.65	2,000@2.0	0.984	4.43	(38)
Ir Black	2.0	N117	90	1.71	--	--	--	(48)
Ir AC/NN	1.0	N212	80	1.58	90@3	--	--	(49)
IrO_2 NN	1.0	N212	80	1.64	90@3	--	--	(49)
IrO_2 (Adams)	1.0	N212	80	1.66	< 90@3	--	--	(49)
IrO_x	1.5	N115	60	~1.70	--	--	--	(50)
$\text{Ir}_{0.2}\text{Ru}_{0.8}\text{O}_2$	1.5	N115	80	1.676	140@0.5	--	--	(51)