# nature research

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# **Reporting Summary**

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see our <u>Editorial Policies</u> and the <u>Editorial Policy Checklist</u>.

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FOL	ali st	atistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.
n/a	Cor	nfirmed
	$\boxtimes$	The exact sample size $(n)$ for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement
	$\boxtimes$	A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly
		The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided  Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.
$\boxtimes$		A description of all covariates tested
$\boxtimes$		A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons
	$\boxtimes$	A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)
	$\boxtimes$	For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i> ) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted <i>Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.</i>
$\boxtimes$		For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings
$\boxtimes$		For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes
	$\boxtimes$	Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d, Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated
	'	Our web collection on statistics for biologists contains articles on many of the points above.

### Software and code

Policy information about availability of computer code

Data collection No software was used for data collection.

Data analysis

The customized code used in the present study is publicly available at: https://github.com/viannegao/RA\_Fibroblast\_Multiome\_Analysis.git Data analysis software used:

FlowJo v10.8.1 Prism v9.4.1

Imaris v9.6.1 / v9.7.1 ArchR v1.0.1

Bowtie2 v2.4.1

cellranger-arc v1.0.1

ChromVAR v1.20.2

CountClust v1.18.011

DESeq2 v1.38.3

DoubletDetection v4.1

fastq-dump v3.0.3

fGSEA v1.24.0

GProfiler v0.2.113 R

MACS2 v2.2.7.1

MAST v1.8.2

Palantir v1.0.0

PhenoGraph v1.5.7

SAMtools v1.8

scanpy v1.7.3

Space Ranger v1.2.2 SnakePipes v2.5.3

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

### Data

Policy information about availability of data

All manuscripts must include a data availability statement. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A list of figures that have associated raw data
- A description of any restrictions on data availability

The data supporting this publication have been deposited at ImmPort (https://www.immport.org) under study accession SDY2213 (accessible with next release scheduled May 26, 2023). An interactive data viewer is also available for download.

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∑ Life sciences	Behavioural & social sciences	Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences
For a reference copy of the docum	nent with all sections, see <u>nature.com/document</u>	ts/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf
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## Life sciences study design

All studies must dis	sclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.
Sample size	No sample size calculation was performed. Based on published scRNAseq data from the synovium, we estimated that we could isolate sufficient FLS to detect multiple inflammation associated FLS clusters from 2 highly inflamed synovia. We then sequenced an additional 3 samples with varying degrees of leukocyte infiltration.
Data exclusions	Sequencing data for cells that did not past quality control was excluded from downstream analysis. See Methods section "Pre-processing of single cell multiome ATAC + gene expression data" for details.
Replication	Multiome and spatial transcriptomics were replicated with five separate RA patient synovial samples.
Randomization	Not performed as there was no intervention.
Blinding	Not performed as there was no intervention.

# Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.

Ma	aterials & experimental systems	Methods
n/a	Involved in the study	n/a Involved in the study
	Antibodies	ChIP-seq
	Eukaryotic cell lines	Flow cytometry
$\boxtimes$	Palaeontology and archaeology	MRI-based neuroimaging
$\boxtimes$	Animals and other organisms	
	Human research participants	
$\boxtimes$	Clinical data	
$\boxtimes$	Dual use research of concern	
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### **Antibodies**

Antibodies used

For sorting FLS: Anti-CD45-FITC (eBiosciences; 11-9459-42, 2D1; lot 4271593; 1:100) Anti-PDPN-APC (Invitrogen; 17-9381-42; NZ-1.3; lot 1988690; 1:100)

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Anti-CD31- PE/Cy7 (Biolegend; 303118; WM59; lot B276836; 1:100)
Anti-CD90/THY1-BV650 (Biolegend, 328144, 5E10, lot B362535, 1:100)
Anti-CD34- PE (Biolegend, 343506, 581, lot B351594, 1:100)
Ghost Dye Violet 510 (Tonbo; 13-0870-T100; no clone; lot D0870040521133; 1:1000)
For flow cytometry of cultured FLS:
Anti-PDPN-APC (Invitrogen; 17-9381-42; NZ-1.3; lot 1988690; 1:200)
Anti-CD90/THY1-BV650 (Biolegend, 328144, 5E10, lot B362535, 1:100)
Anti-HLA.DR- FITC (Biolegend; 307604, L243, lot B275368; 1:50)
For immunofluorescence:
Primary:
Anti-PDPN (Invitrogen; 14-9381-82; NZ-1.3; lot 2400405; 1:100 – final 5 ug/mL)
Anti-HLA.DR-AF488 (Biolegend; 307620; L243; lot B271228; 1:100 - 2 ug/mL)
Anti-CD3-BV480 (BD biosciences; 566105; UCHT1; lot 0079903; 1:100)
Anti-CD8-AF647 (Biolegend; 344725; SK1; lot B270006; 1:50 – final 1 ug/mL)
Anti-pSTAT1-PE (Biolegend; 686403; A15158B; lot B327686; 1:50 - final 0.12 ug/mL)
Anti-cJun (Cell Signaling Technology; 9165T; 60A8, lot 13; 1:250)
Anti-CD68-AF488 (Biolegend; 333812; Y1/82A; lot B278908; 1:10 - final 2.4 ug/mL)
Anti-CD163-AF647 (Biolegend; 333619; GH1/61; lot B353001; 1:100 - final 1.5 ug/mL)
Anti-CD19-PE (Biolegend; 302208; HIB19; lot B273506; 1:20 – final 2.5 ug/mL)
Anti-CD90/THY1-AF700 (R&D systems; FAB2067N; Thy1A1; lot 1569061; 1:50 - final 4 ug/mL)
Anti-CD34-AF647 (Biolegend; 343507; 581; lot B312791; 1:100 – final 2 ug/mL)
Anti-CD31-AF488 (Biolegend; 303109; WM59; lot B290397; 1:50 - final 4 ug/mL)
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### Validation

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For flow cytometry / sorting FLS:
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Secondary:

Anti-CD45-FITC (2D1) -- Mizoguchi et al (see main references)

Anti-rat-AF594 (Biolegend; 405422; polyclonal; lot B302011; 1:1000) Anti-rabbit-AF488 (Thermo Fischer; A-11034; polyclonal; lot 1737902, 1:1000)

Anti-PDPN-APC (NZ-1.3) -- Mizoguchi et al

Anti-CD31- PE/Cy7 (WM59) -- Mizoguchi et al

Anti-CD90/THY1-BV650 (5E10) -- same IF sigal as glone Thy1A1 used in Mizoguchi et al

Anti-CD34- PE (581) -- same IF signal as clone EP373Y used in Mizoguchi et al (preferred the clone 581 as it came in a fluorophore conjugated format)

Anti-HLA.DR- FITC (L243) -- Radtke et al

#### For immunofluorescence:

Anti-PDPN (NZ-1.3) -- Mizoguchi et al

Anti-HLA.DR-AF488 (L243) -- Radtke et al

Anti-CD3-BV480 (UCHT1) -- Radtke et al

Anti-CD8-AF647 (SK1) -- Radtke et al

Anti-pSTAT1-PE (A15158B) -- Lin et al

Anti-cJun (60A8) -- Larsen et al.

Anti-CD68-AF488 (Y1/82A) -- Lin et al

Anti-CD163-AF647 (GH1/61) -- Radtke et al Anti-CD19-PE (HIB19) -- Alivernini et al and Zhang et al (see main references)

Anti-CD90-AF700 (Thy1A1) -- Mizoguchi et al

Anti-CD34-AF647 (581) -- same signal as clone EP373Y used in Mizoguchi et al (preferred the clone 581 as it came in a fluorophore conjugated format)

Anti-CD31-AF488 (WM59) -- Radtke et al

References (not in primary references for the manuscript)

Larsen SB, et al. Establishment, maintenance, and recall of inflammatory memory. Cell Stem Cell. 2021 Oct 7;28(10):1758-1774.e8. doi: 10.1016/j.stem.2021.07.001. Epub 2021 Jul 27.

Lin JR, et al. Highly multiplexed immunofluorescence imaging of human tissues and tumors using t-CyCIF and conventional optical microscopes. Elife. 2018 Jul 11;7:e31657. doi: 10.7554/eLife.31657.

Radtke AJ, et al. IBEX: an iterative immunolabeling and chemical bleaching method for high-content imaging of diverse tissues. Nat Protoc. 2022 Feb;17(2):378-401. doi: 10.1038/s41596-021-00644-9. Epub 2022 Jan 12.

### Eukaryotic cell lines

Policy information about cell lines

Cell line source(s) Only primary synovial fibroblast cell lines were used (no established cell lines).

Authentication

Mycoplasma contamination

cells were not tested for mycoplasma

### Human research participants

Policy information about studies involving human research participants

Population characteristics

See supplemental table 1.

Recruitment

Under IRB 2014-233, all patients <18 years of age with rheumatoid arthritis (RA) satisfying the 1987 and/or 2010 ACR/EULAR classification criteria and undergoing arthroplasty or synovectomy at the Hospital for Special Surgery main campus were identified via an electronic medical record screen. The charts of patients identified via the electronic medical record screen were reviewed by a board certified rheumatologist to assess the likelihood of a true diagnosis of RA based of diagnoses, lab results, x-rays and active medications. For those patients with a high likelihood of having RA and with the approval of their surgeons, patients were contacted by a research assistant and invited to participate in the study. Patients were enrolled preoperatively and information regarding demographics, medical history and disease activity was collected. Informed consent was obtained from all participants. Participates were not compensated for their involvement in the study.

Ethics oversight

Patient samples were collected under the approval of Hospital for Special Surgery IRB 2014 -233 and Memorial Sloan Kettering Cancer Center IRB 06-107.

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

### Flow Cytometry

#### **Plots**

Confirm that:

- The axis labels state the marker and fluorochrome used (e.g. CD4-FITC).
- The axis scales are clearly visible. Include numbers along axes only for bottom left plot of group (a 'group' is an analysis of identical markers).
- All plots are contour plots with outliers or pseudocolor plots.
- $\boxed{\hspace{-0.2cm} \nearrow}\hspace{-0.2cm}$  A numerical value for number of cells or percentage (with statistics) is provided.

### Methodology

Sample preparation

Synovial tissue samples were disaggregated into a single-cell suspension using published methods. Briefly, fragments were minced and enzymatically digested (Liberase TL (Sigma-Aldrich) 100 ug/mL and DNasel (New England Biolabs) 100  $\mu$ g/mL in RPMI) for 30 min at 37°C. Disaggregated cells were assessed for quality and viability (Nexcelom Cellometer Auto 2000) and then stained with antibodies to CD45 (2D1), CD31 (WM59), PDPN (NZ-1.3) and Ghost Dye Violet 510 (Tonbo) for fluorescence activated cell sorting (BD FACSAria III Cell Sorter).

Instrument

BD FACSAria III Cell Sorter

Software

FlowJo 10.8.1

Cell population abundance

Post sort fractions can be found in Extended Data Figures 1 and 4 along with gating strategy. The purity of samples was not independently verified.

Gating strategy

single cells, live cells, CD45-, CD31-, PDPN+.

For Extended Data Figure 4, cells were further sorted into THY1-, CD34- versus CD34+

See Extended Data Figure 1 and Extended Data Figure 4 for gates.

☑ Tick this box to confirm that a figure exemplifying the gating strategy is provided in the Supplementary Information.