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Reporting Summary

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see our <u>Editorial Policies</u> and the <u>Editorial Policy Checklist</u>.

Statistics

For all statistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.							
n/a	Confirmed						
		The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement					
\boxtimes		A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly					
		The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.					
\boxtimes		A description of all covariates tested					
\boxtimes		A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons					
		A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)					
		For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. F, t, r) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and P value noted Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.					
		For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings					
\boxtimes		For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes					
\boxtimes		Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d, Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated					
Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> contains articles on many of the points above.							

Software and code

Policy information about availability of computer code							
Data collection	No software was used for data collection.						
Data analysis	Custom scripts have been deposited on Github (https://github.com/laurajjeme/phylogenetics). Published software used for data analysis include BBTools v38.79, Sickle v1.33, metaSPAdes v3.10.1, MetaBAT v2.12.1, Trimmomatic v.0.36, MEGAHIT v.1.1.1-2-g02102e1, SeqTK v1.0r75, CONCOCT v0.4.1, CLARK v1.2.3, miComplete v1, mmgenome v0.7.1, IDBA-UD 1.1.3, cutadapt v1.12, CheckM v1.0.5, IQ-TREE v. 2.0-rc2, Prokka v1.12, SiLiX v.1.2.10, Hifix v1.0.6, HHblits v3.0.3, Interproscan 5.25-64.0, EggNOG mapper v0.12.7, GhostKoala,						

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

Data

Policy information about availability of data

All manuscripts must include a data availability statement. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A list of figures that have associated raw data
- A description of any restrictions on data availability

The MAGs reported in this study have been deposited at DDBJ/EMBL/GenBank. BioProject IDs, BioSample IDs and GenBank assembly accession numbers are available in Supplementary Table 1. All raw data underlying phylogenomic analyses (raw and processed alignments and corresponding phylogenetic trees), and all predicted proteomes have been deposited on Figshare (10.6084/m9.figshare.22678789).

Field-specific reporting

Please select the one below that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.

Life sciences

Behavioural & social sciences

Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences For a reference copy of the document with all sections, see nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf

Life sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative. Sample sizes (i.e. the number of lineages included in phylogenomic analyses) were empirically determined based on the computational Sample size resources necessary to run the various analyses. Data exclusions No data was excluded Robustness and reliability of phylogenetic analyses were assessed using 100 bootstrap replicates for all maximum likelihood analyses, as is Replication commonly done in the field. Randomization Randomization is not necessary to a study using phylogenetic approaches because these approaches rely on the comparison of evolutionary relationships between species, rather than on random assignment of treatments or control groups. Phylogenetic analyses are not affected by the same sources of bias as experimental designs, such as confounding variables or selection bias. Therefore, while randomization is a useful tool in many types of research, it is not essential in studies that using phylogenetics and comparative genomics. Blinding Blinding is not necessary to a study using phylogenetic approaches because these methods are based on objective comparisons of evolutionary relationships between species, rather than on subjective assessments or measurements of treatment effects. These analyses do not involve human subjects, interventions, or subjective judgments that could be influenced by knowledge of the study conditions or treatments. Therefore, blinding is not relevant to the validity or reliability of phylogenetic studies, and its use is not required or expected in this type of research.

Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.

Materials & experimental systems

Methods

n/a	Involved in the study	n/a	Involved in the
\boxtimes	Antibodies	\boxtimes	ChIP-seq
\boxtimes	Eukaryotic cell lines	\boxtimes	Flow cytom
\boxtimes	Palaeontology and archaeology	\boxtimes	MRI-based r
\boxtimes	Animals and other organisms		
\boxtimes	Human research participants		
\boxtimes	Clinical data		
\boxtimes	Dual use research of concern		

e study etrv neuroimaging