

## Reporting Summary

Nature Portfolio wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Portfolio policies, see our [Editorial Policies](#) and the [Editorial Policy Checklist](#).

### Statistics

For all statistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.

n/a Confirmed

- The exact sample size ( $n$ ) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement
- A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly
- The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided  
*Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.*
- A description of all covariates tested
- A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons
- A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)
- For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g.  $F$ ,  $t$ ,  $r$ ) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and  $P$  value noted  
*Give  $P$  values as exact values whenever suitable.*
- For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings
- For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes
- Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's  $d$ , Pearson's  $r$ ), indicating how they were calculated

*Our web collection on [statistics for biologists](#) contains articles on many of the points above.*

### Software and code

Policy information about [availability of computer code](#)

Data collection

Study data were collected and managed using REDCap electronic data capture tools hosted at Emory University. Peripheral blood was collected in either heparin sodium tubes (PBMcs) or serum tubes (serum; both BD Diagnostic Systems). Frozen donor plasma was submitted for analysis using the commercially available Olink Explore 3072 platform. Flow cytometry was performed on a Cytek Aurora flow cytometer using Cytek SpectroFlo software (V3.0). Up to  $3 \times 10^6$  cells were analyzed using FlowJo v10 (Treestar).

Data analysis

Software and analysis

Computational analysis was carried out in R (v3.6.2; release 12 Dec 2019). Heat maps were generated using the 'pheatmap' library (v1.0.12), with data pre normalized (log-transformed z-scores calculated per feature) before plotting. Clustering was carried out using Ward's method. Custom plotting, such as biological pathway analysis, was performed using the 'ggplot2' library for base analysis, and then post-processed in Adobe Illustrator. UMAP coordinates were generated using the 'UMAP' library, and then visualized through the 'ggplot2' library package. GSEA analyses were performed using the GSEA desktop application using Reactome or KEGG gene sets. Statistical analyses were performed directly in R, or in GraphPad Prism (v8.2.1).

Patient classification through machine learning

Random forest models were trained using 'MLJ.jl' and 'DecisionTrees.jl'. Hyperparameter tuning (maximum splits, minimum number of samples to allow split, minimum number of samples per leaf) for each class of models (CR vs PASC, infPASC vs Other) was performed independently using a subset of 80% of samples. Iterative training was performed as follows:

1. A stable random number generator seed was selected
2. Samples were randomly assigned to training (80%) and test (20%) sets

3. The model was trained on the training set using 1000 trees, and hyperparameters identified from tuning step
4. Gini (impurity) feature importance was calculated from training data
5. AUC for the model was calculated based on classifications of the test set.
6. Importance scoring for feature  $f$  and model  $M$  was calculated as  $\text{Score}(f|M) = \text{Gini}(f) * \text{AUC}(M)$

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Portfolio [guidelines for submitting code & software](#) for further information.

## Data

Policy information about [availability of data](#)

All manuscripts must include a [data availability statement](#). This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A description of any restrictions on data availability
- For clinical datasets or third party data, please ensure that the statement adheres to our [policy](#)

The proteomics data have been deposited in Zonodo under accession number 8092298 [<https://zenodo.org/record/8092298>]. All data are included in the Supplemental Information or available from the authors upon reasonable requests, as are unique reagents used in this Article. Source data are provided with this paper where appropriate.

## Research involving human participants, their data, or biological material

Policy information about studies with [human participants or human data](#). See also policy information about [sex, gender \(identity/presentation\), and sexual orientation](#) and [race, ethnicity and racism](#).

Reporting on sex and gender	This study was performed inclusively of both males and females, and blinded to gender and sexual orientation. Cohort data are available in Table 1.
Reporting on race, ethnicity, or other socially relevant groupings	This study was performed on a demographic cohort reflective of the racial and ethnic diversity of Atlanta, GA. USA. Cohort data are available in Table 1.
Population characteristics	This study was performed on adults, aged 20-81. Cohort data are available in Table 1.
Recruitment	Participants were recruited from Emory healthcare clinics, or voluntary draw sites overseen by Emory IRB protocols
Ethics oversight	Emory University Institutional Research Board

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

## Field-specific reporting

Please select the one below that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.

- Life sciences       Behavioural & social sciences       Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences

For a reference copy of the document with all sections, see [nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf](https://www.nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf)

## Life sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Sample size	No sample size calculation was performed. Similar studies have been carried out by our group previously and reached statistically significant conclusions.
Data exclusions	One patient sample was excluded due to proteomics data QC failure.
Replication	Replication could not be done on this cohort due to limitations in both patient availability and cost.
Randomization	Allocation was determined by patient disease characteristics.
Blinding	Blinding was not relevant to the study.

## Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.

## Materials &amp; experimental systems

## Methods

- n/a | Involved in the study
- Antibodies
- Eukaryotic cell lines
- Palaeontology and archaeology
- Animals and other organisms
- Clinical data
- Dual use research of concern
- Plants

- n/a | Involved in the study
- ChIP-seq
- Flow cytometry
- MRI-based neuroimaging

## Antibodies

Antibodies used

Target; Fluorophore; Panel; Clone; Vendor; Cat#; Dilution

antibody	conjugated	clone	company	Cat #	Dilution
CD14	BUV 805	M5E2	BD	612902	1:400
CD3	PE Fire640	SK7	Biolegend	344860	1:400
CD19	BUV 563	SJ25C1	BD	612916	1:400
CD20	BV 650	2H7	BD	563780	1:400
CD4	cFluorYG 584	SK3	Cytek	R7-20042	1:400
CD8	Spark Blue 550	SK1	Biolegend	344760	1:400
CD69	BUV737	FN50	BD	612818	1:100
PD-1	BV 785	EH12.2H7	Biolegend	329930	1:150
CD45RA	BV 570	HI100	Biolegend	304132	1:200
CCR7	BUV496 2-L1-A	BD		749827	1:200
CD24	BV 605	ML5	BD	562788	1:300
CD38	APC Fire810	HIT2	Biolegend	303550	1:300
CD27	BV750	O323	Biolegend	302850	1:200
Cd11c	APC Fire750	3.9	Biolegend	301646	1:100
CD21	PE-Dazzle 594	Bu32	Biolegend	354922	1:300
CXCR5	BV750	RF8B2	BD	747111	1:300
CXCR3	BUV395	1C6/CXCR3	BD	565223	1:80
CCR6	BV 480	11A9	BD	566130	1:200
CD138	APC-R700	MI15	BD	566050	1:100
HLA-DR	BB 700	G46-6	BD	745782	1:500
CD25	PE Fire700	M-A251	Biolegend	356146	1:200
CD127	BV711	HIL-7R-M21	BD	563165	1:200
IgM	BV 510	MHM-88	Biolegend	314522	1:200
IgD	Pacific Blue	IA6-2	Biolegend	348224	1:200
IgG	PE Cy7	G18-145	BD	561298	1:100
IgA	FITC	Polyclonal	Southern Biotech	2052-02	1:200
Streptavidin	PerCP	n/a	Biolegend	405213	
Streptavidin	BV 421	n/a	Biolegend	405225	
Streptavidin	PE	n/a	Biolegend	405204	
Streptavidin	Alexa Fluor 647	n/a	Biolegend	405237	
Live/Dead	Zombie NIR	n/a	n/a	423106	1:500

Validation

All antibodies have been validated by the manufacturer for use in targeting human proteins as indicated above.

## Flow Cytometry

## Plots

Confirm that:

- The axis labels state the marker and fluorochrome used (e.g. CD4-FITC).
- The axis scales are clearly visible. Include numbers along axes only for bottom left plot of group (a 'group' is an analysis of identical markers).
- All plots are contour plots with outliers or pseudocolor plots.
- A numerical value for number of cells or percentage (with statistics) is provided.

## Methodology

Sample preparation

PBMCs were isolated from whole blood through ficoll gradient separation and frozen down in aliquots for future use. 5 million cell aliquots were thawed, and then stained with the antibody/antigen cocktail as detailed above.

Instrument	Flow cytometry was performed on a Cytex Aurora flow cytometer.
Software	Cytek SpectroFlo software was used for signal unmixing/data collection (V3.0). Up to 3×10 <sup>6</sup> cells were analyzed using FlowJo v10 (Treestar).
Cell population abundance	NA
Gating strategy	The complete gating strategy is provided in Supplemental Figure 2.

Tick this box to confirm that a figure exemplifying the gating strategy is provided in the Supplementary Information.