nature portfolio

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Last updated by author(s):	Jan 23, 2023

Reporting Summary

Nature Portfolio wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Portfolio policies, see our <u>Editorial Policies</u> and the <u>Editorial Policy Checklist</u>.

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For	all statistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.
n/a	Confirmed
	The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement
	A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly
	The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.
\boxtimes	A description of all covariates tested
\times	A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons
	A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)
	For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i>) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted <i>Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.</i>
\boxtimes	For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings
\times	For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes
	Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's <i>d</i> , Pearson's <i>r</i>), indicating how they were calculated
	Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> contains articles on many of the points above.

Software and code

Policy information about availability of computer code

Data collection NIS-Elements Advanced Research (Nikon's software version 5.01).

Data analysis

Custom-written Matlab script (version R2019), open-source ilastik (version 1.3.2), GraphPad Prism (version 9.2), Microsoft Excel 2019, FlowJo (version 10.8.0), and ImageJ (version 1.53f51). The data analysis for cytokine quantification using the LEGENDplex kits was conducted via LEGENDplex software (version 8.0).

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Portfolio guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

Data

Policy information about availability of data

All manuscripts must include a <u>data availability statement</u>. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A description of any restrictions on data availability
- For clinical datasets or third party data, please ensure that the statement adheres to our policy

The main data supporting the results in this study are available within the paper and its Supplementary Information. The raw and analysed datasets generated during the study are too large to be publicly shared, yet they are available for research purposes from the corresponding author on reasonable request.

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Please select the or	ne below that is	the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.					
X Life sciences	В	ehavioural & social sciences Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences					
For a reference copy of t	the document with	all sections, see <u>nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf</u>					
Life scier	nces stu	udy design					
All studies must dis	close on these	points even when the disclosure is negative.					
Sample size	paper. Because	or each experiment, either with cell lines or human peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMCs), the exact number of cells is indicated in the oper. Because a goal of this study was to increase the throughput from a few tens of cells to hundreds of cells, we used the full potential of e system to have the maximum number of cells. No sample-size calculation was performed.					
Data exclusions	No data were ex	were excluded.					
Replication	replicates are in	eriments for cytokine quantification and ELISpot assays were performed in duplicate, and the results were reproducible. Data of all es are included in the paper. The experiments with hybridoma cells for antibody detection were performed in duplicate, with incible results (yet only the result for one of the experiments is shown).					
Randomization	No randomizati clinical samples	randomization was used because the study was focused on demonstrating the sensor performance rather than evaluating and comparing ical samples.					
Blinding	No blinding was	performed.					
Reportin	g for sr	pecific materials, systems and methods					
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material,					
		your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.					
Materials & exp	perimental s	ystems Methods					
n/a Involved in th	•	n/a Involved in the study					
Antibodies ChIP-seq							
Eukaryotic Palaeontol	cell lines ogy and archaeol	Flow cytometry					
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Antibodies							
anti-human CD27(Cat# 61-0279-42, 1:50) were obtained from FITC anti-human CD14 (Cat# 301803, 3:500), FITC anti-human (Cat# 302245, 1:200) were purchased from Biolegend. Biotiny		recombinant protein A/G (Cat# 21186, 50µg/mL), AlexaFluor700 anti-human CD38 (Cat# 56-0389-42, 1:50), and PE-eF610 Iman CD27(Cat# 61-0279-42, 1:50) were obtained from Thermo Fisher Scientific. FITC anti-human CD16 (Cat# 302005, 1:200), ati-human CD14 (Cat# 301803, 3:500), FITC anti-human CD3 (Cat# 300405, 1:100), and Brillant Violet 711 anti-human CD19 (Cat# 30245, 1:200) were purchased from Biolegend. Biotinylated mouse IL-2 antibody (Cat# 3441-6-250, 50µg/mL), anti-human IgG (850-3-250, 1pg/mL), biotinylated anti-human IgG (Cat# 3850-6-250, 1µg/mL), anti mouse IgG (kit Cat# 3825-2A, 15 µg/mL),					
	and Bio	otinylated anti-mouse IgG (kit Cat# 3825-2A, 1µg/mL) were purchased from Mabtech.					
Validation All antibodies were validated by the manufacturers and used according to the manufacturers' protocols. For experiments single-cell microwell array, SPR characterization was performed (Supplementary information).							
Eukaryotic c	ell lines						
Policy information	about <u>cell lines</u>						
Cell line source(s)	Clonal mouse hybridoma cells (anti-CD45.1) and mouse EL-4 cells (TIB-39) were kindly provided by Dr. Anne Wilson from the University of Lausanne. K562 cells (CCL-243) were obtained from ATCC.					
Authentication In addition to the flow cytometry analyses done by Dr. Wilson, ELISpot assays were used to check the secretory behavior the cells.							

Mycoplasma contamination The cell lines tested negative for mycoplasma contamination.

Commonly misidentified lines (See ICLAC register)

No commonly misidentified cells lines were used.

Human research participants

Policy information about studies involving human research participants

PBMCs derived from anonymised buffy coats obtained from healthy blood donors from the transfusion center at the Population characteristics

University hospitals of Geneva who met the local criteria for blood donation. No additional information on population

characteristics was available.

Recruitment Samples were obtained from the local donor blood bank, for which participants volunteered, and the selection of the Buffy

Ethics oversight The Swiss Transfusion Center of Geneva, Switzerland.

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

Flow Cytometry

Plots

Confirm that:

The axis labels state the marker and fluorochrome used (e.g. CD4-FITC).

The axis scales are clearly visible. Include numbers along axes only for bottom left plot of group (a 'group' is an analysis of identical markers).

All plots are contour plots with outliers or pseudocolor plots.

A numerical value for number of cells or percentage (with statistics) is provided.

Methodology

Sample preparation Sample preparations for flow-cytometry analysis are detailed in Methods.

Instrument FACSAria II instrument (BD Biosciences)

Software FlowJo (version 10.8.0)

The abundance of antibody-secreting cells was 6.5% and 2.3% in the two donor samples used in this study. Cell population abundance

First, we excluded cell debris and selected lymphocytes in the population based on forward and side scatters. Then, we Gating strategy excluded doublets and selected singlets based on forward and side scatters, respectively. Live cells (Zombie negative) were

> gated on CD3/14/16 (negative) to exclude the monocytes, T cells and natural killer cells. Next, we gated the obtained population on CD19 (positive) to reach the B cells. Within the B cells, antibody-secreting cells were identified as CD27/38

(high) cells.

Tick this box to confirm that a figure exemplifying the gating strategy is provided in the Supplementary Information.