The STROCSS Guideline				
Item	Item description	Page		
no.		No.		
TITLE				
1	Title:			
	<ul> <li>The word cohort or cross-sectional or case-controlled is included</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>The area of focus is described (e.g. disease, exposure/intervention,</li> </ul>	1		
	outcome)	•		
	<ul> <li>Key elements of study design are stated (e.g. retrospective or</li> </ul>			
_	prospective)			
ABSTE				
2a	Introduction: the following points are briefly described	1		
	- Background	1		
	- Scientific Rationale for this study			
2b	Methods: the following areas are briefly described			
	- Study design (cohort, retro-/prospective, single/multi-centred)			
	- Patient populations and/or groups, including control group, if applicable	1		
	- Interventions (type, operators, recipients, timeframes)			
0	- Outcome measures			
2c	Results: the following areas are briefly described	1		
	- Summary data (with statistical relevance) with qualitative descriptions,			
24	where appropriate			
2d	Conclusion: the following areas are briefly described			
	<ul><li>Key conclusions</li><li>Implications to practice</li></ul>	2		
	- Implications to practice - Direction of and need for future research			
INTPO	DUCTION			
3	Introduction: the following areas are described in full			
3	- Relevant background and scientific rationale			
	- Aims and objectives	3		
	- Research question and hypotheses, where appropriate			
METH				
4a	Registration and ethics			
1.4	- Research Registry number is stated, in accordance with the			
	declaration of Helsinki*			
	- All studies (including retrospective) should be registered before			
	submission	4,14		
		7,17		
	*"Every research study involving human subjects must be registered in a			
	publicly accessible database before recruitment of the first subject" (this can			
	be obtained from; ResearchRegistry.com or ClinicalTrials.gov or ISRCTN)			
4b	Ethical Approval: the following			
	areas are described in full			
	<ul> <li>Necessity for ethical approval</li> </ul>	4,14		
	<ul> <li>Ethical approval, with relevant judgement reference from ethics</li> </ul>	,		
	committees			
	- Where ethics was unnecessary, reasons are provided			
4c	Protocol: the following areas are described comprehensively	_		
	- Protocol (a priori or otherwise) details, with access directions	4		
	<ul> <li>If published, journal mentioned with the reference provided</li> </ul>			

4d	Patient involvement in Research	
<del>4</del> u	- Describe how, if at all, patients were involved in study design e.g. were	4.0
	they involved on the study steering committee, did they provide input	4-6
	on outcome selection, etc.	
5a	Study Design: the following areas are described comprehensively	
- C	- 'Cohort' study is mentioned	4-6
	- Design (e.g. retro-/prospective, single/multi-centred)	
5b	Setting: the following areas are described comprehensively	4.0
	- Geographical location	4-6
	- Nature of institution (e.g. academic/community, public/private)	
	- Dates (recruitment, exposure, follow-up, data collection)	
5c	Cohort Groups: the following areas are described in full	
	- Number of groups	4-6
	- Division of intervention between groups	
5d	Subgroup Analysis: the following areas are described comprehensively	
	- Planned subgroup analyses	4-6
	- Methods used to examine subgroups and their interactions	
6a	Participants: the following areas are described comprehensively	
	- Eligibility criteria	4-6
	- Recruitment sources	4-0
	- Length and methods of follow-up	
6b	Recruitment: the following areas are described comprehensively	4.0
	- Methods of recruitment to each patient group	4-6
	- Period of recruitment	
6c	Sample Size: the following areas are described comprehensively	
	- Margin of error calculation	4-6
	- Analysis to determine study population	'
	- Power calculations, where appropriate	
Interv	vention and Considerations	
7a	Pre-intervention Considerations: the following areas are described	
	comprehensively	4.0
	- Patient optimisation (pre-surgical measures)	4-6
	- Pre-intervention treatment (hypothermia/-volaemia/-tension; ICU care;	
	bleeding problems; medications)	
7b	Intervention: the following areas are described comprehensively	
	- Type of intervention and reasoning (e.g. pharmacological, surgical,	
	physiotherapy, psychological)	4-6
	- Aim of intervention (preventative/therapeutic)	
	- Concurrent treatments (antibiotics, analgaesia, anti-emetics, NBM,	
	VTE prophylaxis)	
	- Manufacturer and model details where applicable	
7c	Intra-Intervention Considerations: the following areas are described	
	comprehensively	4-6
	- Administration of intervention (location, surgical details, anaesthetic,	
	positioning, equipment needed, preparation, devices, sutures,	
	operative time)	
	- Pharmacological therapies include formulation, dosages, routes and	
	durations	
	- Figures other media are used to illustrate	

7d	Operator Details: the following areas are described comprehensively	
	- Training needed	4.0
	- Learning curve for technique	4-6
	- Specialisation and relevant training	
7e	Quality Control: the following areas are described comprehensively	4.0
	- Measures taken to reduce variation	4-6
	<ul> <li>Measures taken to ensure quality and consistency in intervention</li> </ul>	
	delivery	
7f	Post-Intervention Considerations: the following areas are described	
	comprehensively	4.0
	- Post-operative instructions and care	4-6
	- Follow-up measures	
	- Future surveillance requirements (e.g. imaging, blood tests)	
8	Outcomes: the following areas are described comprehensively	
	- Primary outcomes, including validation, where applicable	4-6
	- Definitions of outcomes	4-6
	- Secondary outcomes, where appropriate	
	- Follow-up period for outcome assessment, divided by group	
9	Statistics: the following areas are described comprehensively	
	- Statistical tests, packages/software used, and interpretation of	
	significance	6-7
	- Confounders and their control, if known	
	- Analysis approach (e.g. intention to treat/per protocol)	
	- Sub-group analysis, if any	
RESUI	LTS	
10a	Participants: the following areas are described comprehensively	
	- Flow of participants (recruitment, non-participation, cross-over and	
	withdrawal, with reasons)	7
	- Population demographics (prognostic features, relevant socioeconomic	
	features, and significant numerical differences)	
10b	Participant Comparison: the following areas are described comprehensively	
	- Table comparing demographic included	7-8
	- Differences, with statistical relevance	, 0
	- Any group matching, with methods	
10c	Intervention: the following areas are described comprehensively	
	- Changes to interventions, with rationale and diagram, if appropriate	7.0
	- Learning required for interventions	7-8
	- Degree of novelty for intervention	
11a	Outcomes: the following areas are described comprehensively	
	- Clinician-assessed and patient-reported outcomes for each group	8-9
	- Relevant photographs and imaging are desirable	0-3
	- Confounders to outcomes and which are adjusted	
11b	Tolerance: the following areas are described comprehensively	
	- Assessment of tolerance	0 0
		8-9
	- Loss to follow up, with reasons (percentage and fraction)	
	<ul> <li>Loss to follow up, with reasons (percentage and fraction)</li> <li>Cross-over with explanation</li> </ul>	
110	- Cross-over with explanation	
11c	- Cross-over with explanation Complications: the following areas are described comprehensively	0.0
11c	- Cross-over with explanation	8-9

	<ul> <li>Mitigation for adverse events (blood loss, wound care, revision surgery should be specified)</li> <li>*Dindo D, Demartines N, Clavien P-A. Classification of Surgical Complications. A New Proposal with Evaluation in a Cohort of 6336 Patients and Results of a Survey. Ann Surg. 2004; 240(2): 205-213</li> </ul>	8-9
12	Key Results: the following areas are described comprehensively - Key results, including relevant raw data - Statistical analyses with significance	8-10
DISCU	SSION	•
13	Discussion: the following areas are described comprehensively - Conclusions and rationale - Reference to relevant literature - Implications to clinical practice - Comparison to current gold standard of care	10-13
	- Relevant hypothesis generation	
14	Strengths and Limitations: the following areas are described comprehensively - Strengths of the study - Limitations and potential impact on results - Assessment of bias and management	10
15	Implications and Relevance: the following areas are described comprehensively  - Relevance of findings and potential implications to clinical practice are detailed  - Future research that is needed is described, with study designs detailed	10-13
CONC	LUSION	
16	Conclusions: - Key conclusions are summarised - Key directions for future research are summarised	13
DECLA	RATIONS	
17a	Conflicts of interest - Conflicts of interest, if any, are described	14
17b	Funding - Sources of funding (e.g. grant details), if any, are clearly stated	14