Supplementary Information for:

Design and characterization of rapid optogenetic circuits for dynamic control in yeast metabolic engineering

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Supplementary discussion on lactic acid fermentation

The enhanced kinetics of OptoINVRT7 allows optimal chemical production to occur at higher cell densities, resulting in higher titers. The optimal ρ_s for lactic acid production with OptoINVRT2 (YEZ212C) is 3.5, while the optimal ρ_s with OptoINVRT7 (YEZ212) is 7 (Fig. 4b). Because there are no differences in these strains other than the OptoINVRT circuit they contain, we can conclude that changes in production are solely due to differences in circuit dynamics. Due to its faster light-to-dark kinetics, OptoINVRT7 produces more LDH faster than OptoINVRT2, allowing it to better compete with *PDC1*, even at ρ_s values higher than 3.5, resulting in higher LA production. By having a higher optimal ρ_s and thus operating at a higher cell density throughout the fermentation, OptoINVRT7 produces as much as 53.6 ± 8.4% more LA than OptoINVRT2 at its optimal ρ_s (Fig. 4b). Therefore, enabling high lactic acid production at higher ρ_s compounds higher LDH activity with higher cell density for a significant boost in production.

Furthermore, the rapid induction of LDH afforded by OptoINVRT7 seems to better compensate for the reduced expression of *PDC1* upon switching to dark conditions, compared to OptoINVRT2 (Supplementary Fig. 9c). We observe that for every ρ_s , the strain with OptoINVRT2 is unable to reach the same final cell density achieved in full light. In contrast, the final cell densities of fermentations with the strain containing OptoINVRT7 operated at ρ_s of 7.0 or above are much closer to the density achieved in full light (Supplementary Fig. 9c). The activity of LDH involves oxidizing NADH to NAD⁺ and can thus replace, to some extent, this metabolic role of Pdc1p that is diminished in the dark. Therefore, by allowing strong induction

of LDH at higher cell densities (ρ =7.0-9.5), the strain containing OptoINVRT7 is able to reach almost the same final cell density as in full light (Supplementary Fig. 9c) despite producing less ethanol (Supplementary Fig. 9b) because it produces more LA (Fig. 4b and Supplementary Fig. 9a). This effect of inducing LDH rapidly later in the fermentation, enabled by OptoINVRT7, thus combines higher biomass accumulation with prolonged cell growth in the dark and higher LDH activity for higher LA production.

Another important difference is that OptoINVRT7 is less leaky than OptoINVRT2 when cells are grown under full light (Fig. 1c). The reason is likely the light sensitive degron domain fused to Gal4p, which lowers its basal activity level in the light. This is another advantage of OptoINVRT7 in cases where the product of interest is toxic to the cell and it would be desirable to keep its production repressed during cell growth.

Supplementary Sequences

Supplementary Sequence 1 - ODCmut:

TTTCCCCCCGAAGTTGAAGAGCAAGATGACGGGACATTACCTATGTCTTGTGCCCAG GAATCAGGGATGGATAGACACCCAGCTTCTTGTCCAGAAAGGGCCGCATGTGCTTC AGCCAGGATAAACGTA

Supplementary Sequence 3 – P_{GAL1-S}:

111	Supplementary	Table 1	. Plasmids	used in study.
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Plasmid	Position 1	Position 2	Position 3	Position 4	Position 5	Marker	Vector	Source
							type	
pJLA1210301	P _{PGK1} _	EMPTY	EMPTY	EMPTY	EMPTY	URA3	2μ	1
	MCS_T _{CYC1}							
pYZ12-B	EMPTY	EMPTY	EMPTY	EMPTY	EMPTY	HIS3 _{Cg}	HIS3 locus	2
							Integration	
pYZ23	EMPTY	EMPTY	EMPTY	EMPTY	EMPTY	Zeocin	δ-sites	2
							Integration	
EZ-L164	P _{GAL1} _GFP_	EMPTY	EMPTY	EMPTY	EMPTY	HIS3 _{Cg}	HIS3 locus	This
	T _{ADH1}						Integration	Study
EZ-L260	P _{TEF1}	P _{C120} _ <i>GAL80</i> _	P _{GAL1} _GFP_	P _{PGK1} _GAL4_T	P _{C120} _ <i>GAL</i> 80_	HIS3 _{Cg}	HIS3 locus	This
	VP16-EL222	T _{ACT1}	T _{ADH1}	ACT1	T _{ADH1}		Integration	Study
	_T _{CYC1}							
EZ-L352	P _{C120} _PDC1_T	P _{GAL1-M} _	EMPTY	EMPTY	EMPTY	Zeocin	δ-sites	This

	ACT1	ILV2_T _{ADH1}					integration	Study
EZ-L353	P _{C120} _ <i>PDC1</i> _T	P _{GAL1-M}	EMPTY	EMPTY	EMPTY	Zeocin	δ-sites	This
	ACT1	LDH_T _{ADH1}					integration	Study
EZ-L390	P _{PGK1} _ <i>ILV3</i> _T	P _{TEF1} CoxIV_	P _{GAL1-M} _	$P_{\text{TEF1}}ILV5_T_A$	P _{TDH3} _CoxIV_	URA3	2μ	This
	CYC1	LlAdhA ^{RE1} _	ILV2_T _{ADH1}	CT1	ARO10_			Study
		T _{ACT1}			T _{ADH1}			
EZ-L400	P _{TEF1}	P _{C120} _ <i>GAL80</i> _	P _{GAL1} _GFP_	P _{C120} _ <i>GAL</i> 80_	P _{PGK1} _GAL4_P	HIS3 _{Cg}	HIS3 locus	This
	VP16-EL222	CLN2PEST_T	T _{ADH1}	CLN2PEST	SD_T _{ADH1}		Integration	Study
	_T _{CYC1}	ACT1		_T _{ACT1}				
EZ-L417	P _{GAL1-S} _	EMPTY	EMPTY	EMPTY	EMPTY	URA3	2μ	This
	MCS_T _{ADH1}							Study
EZ-L436	P _{TEF1}	P _{C120} _ <i>GAL80</i> _	P _{GAL1-S} _GFP_	P _{C120} _ <i>GAL80</i> _	P _{PGK1} _GAL4_P	HIS3 _{Cg}	HIS3 locus	This
	VP16-EL222	ODCmut_	T _{ADH1}	<i>ODCmut</i> _T _{ACT}	SD_T _{ADH1}		Integration	Study
		T _{ACT1}		1				
EZ-L437C	P _{TEF1}	P _{C120} _ <i>GAL80</i> _	P _{GAL1} _GFP_	P _{C120} _ <i>GAL80</i> _	P _{PGK1} _GAL4_P	HIS3 _{Cg}	HIS3 locus	This
							Integration	

	VP16-EL222	ODCmut_	T _{ADH1}	ODCmut_	SD_T _{ADH1}			Study
	_T _{CYC1}	T _{ACT1}		T _{ACT1}				
EZ-L437	P _{TEF1}	P _{C120} _ <i>GAL80</i> _	P _{GAL1-M} _	P _{C120} _ <i>GAL80</i> _	P _{PGK1} _GAL4_P	$HIS3_{Cg}$	HIS3 locus	This
	VP16-EL222	ODCmut_	GFP_T _{ADH1}	ODCmut_	SD_T _{ADH1}		Integration	Study
	_T _{CYC1}	T _{ACT1}		T _{ACT1}				
EZ-L439	P _{TEF1} _VP16-	P _{C120} _ <i>GAL80</i> _	EMPTY	P _{PGK1} _GAL4_P	P _{C120} _ <i>GAL80</i> _	HIS3 _{Cg}	HIS3 locus	This
	EL222 _T _{CYC1}	ODCmut_		SD_T _{ADH1}	ODCmut_		Integration	Study
		T _{ACT1}			T _{ACT1}			
EZ-L559	P _{ADH2} GFP_	EMPTY	EMPTY	EMPTY	EMPTY	$HIS3_{Cg}$	HIS3 locus	This
	T _{ADH1}						Integration	Study
EZ-L561	P _{MET3} _GFP_	EMPTY	EMPTY	EMPTY	EMPTY	$HIS3_{Cg}$	HIS3 locus	This
	T _{ADH1}						Integration	Study
EZ-L571	P _{TEF1} _	P _{C120} _ <i>GAL80</i> _	EMPTY	P _{ADH1} _GAL4_	P _{C120} _ <i>GAL80</i> _	$HIS3_{Cg}$	HIS3 locus	This
	VP16-EL222	T _{ADH1}		T _{ACT1}	T _{ADH1}		Integration	Study
	_T _{CYC1}							

EZ-L827	P _{C120} _ <i>PDC</i> 1_T	P _{GAL1-S} _	EMPTY	EMPTY	EMPTY	Zeocin	δ-sites	This
	ACT1	LDH_T _{ADH1}					Integration	Study
pMAL81	P _{PGK1} _LexA-	P _{9xLexA_CYC1} _G	EMPTY	EMPTY	EMPTY	HIS3 _{Cg}	HIS3 locus	This
	hER-B112_	FP_T _{ADH1}					Integration	Study
	T _{CYC1}							
pMAL125	P _{PGK1} _LexA-	P _{9xLexA_CYC1} _G	EMPTY	EMPTY	EMPTY	HIS3 _{Cg}	HIS3 locus	This
	hER-VP16_	FP_T _{ADH1}					Integration	Study
	T _{CYC1}							
pMAL140	P _{6xtetO} _tTA_	EMPTY	EMPTY	P _{7xtetO_CYC1} _GF	EMPTY	HIS3 _{Cg}	HIS3 locus	This
	T _{ACT1}			P_T _{ADH1}			Integration	Study

112 MCS = Multiple cloning sites; Gene positions are mapped on the general plasmid structure shown in Supplementary Fig. 12.

113 Intergenic distances are as previously described.¹

118 Supplementary Table 2. Yeast strains used in study

Strain Name	Genotype	Source
BY4741	S288C MATa his $3\Delta 1 \ leu 2\Delta 0 \ met 15\Delta 0 \ ura 3\Delta 0$	3
CEN.PK2-1C	$MATa$ his3 $\Delta 1$ leu2-3_112 trp1-289 ura3-53	4
Y202	S288C gal80::KanMX, pdc1Δ, pdc5Δ, pdc6Δ + pJLA121-PDC1 ⁰²⁰²	2
YEZ25	CEN.PK2-1C gal80::KanMX	This
		Study
YEZ44	CEN.PK2-1C gal80::KanMX, gal4::HygB	2
YEZ48	CEN.PK2-1C <i>HIS3_{Cg}</i> ::P _{GAL1} _GFP_T _{ADH1}	This
		Study
YEZ94	$Y202 HIS3_{Cg} :: P_{PGK1} VP16 - EL222 T_{CYC1}$	2
YEZ100	$YEZ44 HIS3_{Cg}::(P_{TEF1}VP16-EL222 _T_{CYC1}, P_{C120}_GAL80_T_{ACT1}, P_{GAL1}_GFP_T_{ADH1}, P_{C120}_GAL80_T_{ADH1}, P_{C120}_T_{ADH1}, P_{C120_T_{ADH1}, P_{C120_T_{ADH1}, P_{C120_T_{ADH1}}, P_{C120_T_{ADH1}, P_{C120_T_{ADH1}}, P_{C120_T_{A$	2
	$P_{ADH1}GAL4_T_{ACT1}$	
YEZ101	$YEZ44 HIS3_{Cg}::(P_{TEF1}VP16-EL222 _T_{CYC1}, P_{C120}_GAL80_T_{ACT1}, P_{GAL1}_GFP_T_{ADH1}, P_{C120}_GAL80_T_{ADH1}, P_{C120}_T_{ADH1}, P_{C120_T_{ADH1}, P_{C120_T_{ADH1}, P_{C120_T_{ADH1}}, P_{C120_T_{ADH1}, P_{C120_T_{ADH1}}, P_{C120_T_{A$	2
	$P_{PGK1}GAL4_T_{ACT1}$	

YEZ102	$YEZ44 HIS3_{Cg}::(P_{TEF1}VP16-EL222 _T_{CYC1}, P_{C120}_GAL80_T_{ACT1}, P_{GAL1}_GFP_T_{ADH1}, P_{C120}_GAL80_T_{ADH1}, P_{C120}_T_{ADH1}, P_{C120_T_{ADH1}, P_{C120_T_{ADH1}, P_{C120_T_{ADH1}}, P_{C120_T_{ADH1}, P_{C120_T_{ADH1}}, P_{C120_T_{A$	2
	$P_{PGK1}GAL4_PSD_T_{ACT1}$	
YEZ140	CEN.PK2-1C HIS3 _{cg}	2
YEZ171	$Y202 HIS3_{Cg}::P_{TEF1}GFP_{TCYC1}$	2
YEZ186	CEN.PK2-1C <i>HIS3_{Cg}</i> ::P _{TEF1} _GFP_T _{CYC1}	2
YEZ200	Y202 $gal80\Delta$::KanMX, $gpd1\Delta$::HygB, $pdc1\Delta$, $pdc5\Delta$, $pdc6\Delta + pJLA121-PDC1^{0202}$	This
		Study
YEZ203	YEZ200 $pdc1\Delta$, $pdc5\Delta$, $pdc6\Delta$ gal80 Δ gpd1 Δ + $pJLA121$ - $PDC1^{0202}$	This
		Study
YEZ207	$YEZ203 HIS3_{Cg}::(P_{TEF1}VP16-EL222 _T_{CYC1}, P_{C120}GAL80_ODCmut_T_{ACT1},$	This
	$P_{C120}GAL80ODCmut_T_{ADH1}, P_{PGK1}GAL4PSD_T_{ACT1})$	Study
YEZ207C	$YEZ203 HIS3_{Cg}::(P_{TEF1}VP16-EL222 T_{CYC1}, P_{C120}GAL80 T_{ACT1}, P_{GAL1}GFP_{ADH1}, P_{C120}GAL80 T_{ACT1}, P_{C120}$	This
	$P_{C120}GAL80_{T_{ADH1}}, P_{PGK1}GAL4_{T_{ACT1}})$	Study
YEZ209	$Y202 HIS3_{Cg} :: (P_{TEF1}VP16-EL222 _T_{CYC1}, P_{C120}GAL80 ODCmut_T_{ACT1}, P_{GAL1-S}GFP_T_{ADH1}, P_{C120}GAL80 ODCmut_T_{ACT1}, P_{C120}GFP_T_{ADH1}, P_{C120$	This
	$P_{C120}GAL80ODCmut_T_{ADH1}, P_{PGK1}GAL4PSD_T_{ACT1})$	Study

YEZ210	$Y202 HIS3_{Cg} :: (P_{TEF1}VP16-EL222 T_{CYC1}, P_{C120}GAL80ODCmut_{ACT1}, P_{GAL1-M}GFP_{ADH1}, P_{C120}GAL80ODCmut_{ACT1}, P_{GAL1-M}GFP_{ADH1}, P_{C120}GAL80ODCmut_{ACT1}, P_{C120}GAL80ODCmut_$	This
	$P_{C120}_{GAL80}_{ODCmut}_{T_{ADH1}}, P_{PGK1}_{GAL4}_{PSD}_{T_{ACT1}})$	Study
YEZ210C	$Y202 HIS3_{Cg} :: (P_{TEF1}VP16-EL222 T_{CYC1}, P_{C120}GAL80ODCmut_{ACT1}, P_{GAL1}GFP_{ADH1}, P_{C120}GAL80ODCmut_{ACT1}, P_{C120}GAL80ODC$	This
	$P_{C120}_{GAL80}_{ODCmut}_{T_{ADH1}}, P_{PGK1}_{GAL4}_{PSD}_{T_{ACT1}})$	Study
YEZ212	YEZ207 YARCdelta5::(P_{C120} _PDC1_T _{ACT1} ,	This
	P _{GAL1-M} _LDH_T _{ADH1}) minus <i>pJLA121-PDC1</i> ⁰²⁰²	Study
YEZ212C	YEZ207C YARCdelta5::(P_{C120} _PDC1_T _{ACT1} ,	This
	P _{GAL1-M} _LDH_T _{ADH1}) minus <i>pJLA121-PDC1</i> ⁰²⁰²	Study
YEZ228	CEN.PK2-1C <i>HIS3_{Cg}</i> ::P _{TDH3} _GFP_T _{ADH1}	This
		Study
YEZ229	$YEZ25 HIS3_{Cg}::(P_{TEF1}VP16-EL222 T_{CYC1}, P_{C120}GAL80ODCmut_{ACT1}, P_{GAL1-S}GFP_{ADH1}, P_{C120}GAL80ODCmut_{ACT1}, P_{C120}GAL80OD$	This
	$P_{C120}_{GAL80}_{ODCmut}_{T_{ADH1}}, P_{PGK1}_{GAL4}_{PSD}_{T_{ACT1}})$	Study
YEZ230	$YEZ25 HIS3_{Cg}::(P_{TEF1}VP16-EL222 _T_{CYC1}, P_{C120}_GAL80_ODCmut_T_{ACT1}, P_{GAL1-M}_GFP_T_{ADH1},$	This
	$P_{C120}_{GAL80}_{ODCmut}_{T_{ADH1}}, P_{PGK1}_{GAL4}_{PSD}_{T_{ACT1}})$	Study
YEZ230-5	$YEZ25 HIS3_{Cg}::(P_{TEF1}VP16-EL222 T_{CYC1}, P_{C120}GAL80 CLN2PEST T_{ACT1}, P_{GAL1}GFP T_{ADH1},$	This
	$P_{C120}_{GAL80}_{CLN2PEST}_{T_{ACT1}}, P_{PGK1}_{GAL4}_{PSD}_{T_{ADH1}})$	Study

YEZ230C	$YEZ25 HIS3_{Cg}::(P_{TEF1}VP16-EL222 _T_{CYC1}, P_{C120}GAL80 ODCmut_T_{ACT1}, P_{GAL1}GFP_T_{ADH1}, P_{C120}GAL80 ODCmut_T_{ACT1}, P_{C120}GFP_T_{ADH1}, P_{C120}GF$	This
	$P_{C120}GAL80ODCmut_T_{ADH1}, P_{PGK1}GAL4PSD_T_{ACT1})$	Study
YEZ235	CEN.PK2-1C gpd1 Δ ::HygB, pdc1 Δ , pdc5 Δ , pdc6 Δ gal80 Δ ald6 Δ bat1 Δ + pJLA121-PDC1 ⁰²⁰²	This
		Study
YEZ294	CEN.PK2-1C <i>HIS3_{Cg}</i> ::P _{ADH2} _GFP_T _{ADH1}	This
		Study
YEZ295	CEN.PK2-1C HIS3 _{Cg} ::P _{MET31} _GFP_T _{ADH1}	This
		Study
YEZ531	$YEZ235 HIS3_{Cg}::(P_{TEF1}VP16-EL222_T_{CYC1}, P_{C120}GAL80_T_{ADH1}, P_{ADH1}GAL4_T_{ACT1}, P_{ACT1}, P_{ACT1},$	This
	$P_{C120}GAL80_{T_{ADH1}})$	Study
YEZ532	$YEZ235 HIS3_{Cg}::(P_{TEF1}VP16-EL222_T_{CYC1}, P_{C120}GAL80_ODCmut_T_{ACT1},$	This
	$P_{C120}_GAL80_ODCmut_T_{ADH1}, P_{PGK1}_GAL4_PSD_T_{ACT})$	Study
YEZ535	YEZ531 YARCdelta5::(P_{C120} _PDC1_T _{ACT1} , P_{GAL1-M} _ILV2_T _{ADH1}) minus pJLA121-PDC1 ⁰²⁰²	This
		Study
YEZ536	YEZ532 YARCdelta5::(P_{C120} _ <i>PDC1</i> _T _{ACT1} , P_{GAL1-M} _ILV2_T _{ADH1}) minus <i>pJLA121-PDC1</i> ⁰²⁰²	This
		Study

YEZ544-1	YEZ535 + EZ-L390	This
		Study
YEZ546-2	YEZ536 + EZ-L390	This
		Study
YEZ597-5	YEZ207C YARCdelta5::(P_{C120} PDC1_T _{ACT1} ,	This
	$P_{GAL1-S}LDH_T_{ADH1}$) minus <i>pJLA121-PDC1</i> ⁰²⁰²	Study
YEZ598-4	YEZ207 YARCdelta5::(P_{C120} _PDC1_T _{ACT1} ,	This
	$P_{GAL1-S}LDH_T_{ADH1}$) minus <i>pJLA121-PDC1</i> ⁰²⁰²	Study
YEZ636	CEN.PK2-1C <i>HIS3_{Cg}</i> :: P _{GAL1-S} _GFP_T _{ADH1}	This
		Study
yMAL34	$CEN.PK2-1C HIS3_{Cg} :: P_{PGK1}LexA-hER-B112_T_{CYC1}, P_{9xLexA}CYC1_GFP_T_{ADH1}$	This Study
yMAL35	CEN.PK2-1C <i>HIS3_{Cg}</i> ::P _{PGK1} _LexA-hER-VP16_T _{CYC1} , P _{9xLexA_CYC1} _GFP_T _{ADH1}	This
		Study
yMAL36	$CEN.PK2-1C HIS3_{Cg}::P_{6xtetO}_tTA_T_{ACT1}, P_{7xtetO}_{CYC1}_GFP_T_{ADH1}$	This
		Study

121 Supplementary Figures:



122

123 Supplementary Figure 1. The endogenous galactose regulation system

124 In carbon sources other than galactose, Gal80p represses Gal4p activation of genes controlled by

125 P_{GAL1}. When the cells are grown in galactose, Gal3p is allosterically activated by galactose and

binds to Gal80p to carry it out of the nucleus. Gal4p is also more highly expressed in galactose

127 media.





- 131 Growth curves of cells containing OptoINVRT1 (YEZ100), OptoINVRT2 (YEZ101),
- 132 OptoINVRT3 (YEZ102), and OptoINVRT7 (YEZ230C), compared to a wild type control
- 133 (YEZ140) in full blue light (a) and dark (b) conditions. Data points of three independent
- 134 replicates are shown.



136 Supplementary Figure 3. Activity of OptoINVRT circuits and P_{GAL1-S} in different carbon

137 sources

138 Activity of OptoINVRT1-P_{GAL1} (YEZ100) and OptoINVRT7-P_{GAL1-S} (YEZ229) in 2% ethanol (a)

- 139 or 2% glycerol (b) as sole carbon sources. For all experiments, a positive control strain
- 140 expressing GFP under P_{TEF1} (YEZ186) was included in each repeat, and YEZ140 (no GFP
- 141 control) was used to subtract background and auto-fluorescence. All data are shown as mean
- 142 values; dots represent individual data points; error bars represent the s.d. of four biologically
- 143 independent 1-ml sample replicates exposed to the same conditions. All experiments were
- 144 repeated at least three times.





147 Supplementary Figure 4. Activity of OptoINVRT7 and P_{GAL1} engineered promoters in a

148 yeast S288C (BY4741) background strain (Y202)

- 149 Specific expression of GFP using OptoINVRT7 with P_{GAL1-S} (YEZ209) or P_{GAL1-M} (YEZ210) in
- an S288C background strain (Y202; S288C, $pdc1\Delta$, $pdc5\Delta$, $pdc6\Delta$, $gal80\Delta$ containing
- 151 pJLA121PDC1⁰²⁰²), compared to constitutive expression using P_{TEF1} (YEZ171) in the same
- 152 background. This background is used for lactic acid and isobutanol production. YEZ94 (no GFP
- 153 control) was used to subtract background and auto-fluorescence. All data are shown as mean
- values; dots represent individual data points; error bars represent the s.d. of four biologically
- independent 1-ml sample replicates exposed to the same conditions. All experiments were
- 156 repeated at least three times.



158 Supplementary Figure 5. GFP expression using P_{TEF1} in different conditions

159 Specific expression of GFP using P_{TEF1} in different media and light conditions, used as controls

160 for experiments shown in Figure 1d. YEZ186 (P_{TEF1}-GFP) was grown in different media and

161 light conditions. YEZ140 (no GFP control) was used to subtract background and auto-

162 fluorescence. All data are shown as mean values; dots represent individual data points; error bars

represent the s.d. of four biologically independent 1-ml sample replicates exposed to the same

164 conditions. All experiments were repeated at least three times.



166

167 Supplementary Figure 6. Activation of P_{GAL1-S} in galactose and light-tunability of

- 168 **OptoINVRT Circuits**
- (a) Light-independent activation of P_{GAL1-S} by galactose: strains expressing GFP under P_{GAL1}
- 170 (YEZ48) or P_{GAL1-S} (YEZ636), without any optogenetic circuit, grown in either 2% glucose or 2%
- 171 galactose as sole carbon sources. (b) Response of different OptoINVRT circuits to different duty
- 172 cycles of light. Circuits were compared in CENPK.2-1C-derived ($gal80\Delta$, $gal4\Delta$ for
- 173 OptoINVRT1,2,3; gal80/1 for OptoINVRT5,7) strains: YEZ100 (OptoINVRT1), YEZ101

- 174 (OptoINVRT2), YEZ102 (OptoINVRT3), YEZ230-5 (OptoINVRT5) and YEZ230C
- 175 (OptoINVRT7). Specific expression of GFP under constitutive P_{TEF1} (YEZ186) is shown as
- 176 control. YEZ140 (no GFP control) was used to subtract background and auto-fluorescence. All
- 177 data are shown as mean values; dots represent individual data points; error bars represent the s.d.
- 178 of four biologically independent 1-ml sample replicates exposed to the same conditions. All
- 179 experiments were repeated at least three times.



a

182 Supplementary Figure 7. Flow cytometry histograms

- (a) The FSC vs. SSC plot shows the gating for isolating yeast cell events (left panel), while the
- 184 SSC-H vs. SSC-A plot shows the gating for isolating single cell events (right panel). (b-f)
- 185 Representative histograms of GFP expression for OptoINVRT1 (b), OptoINVRT2 (c),
- 186 OptoINVRT7 (d), negative control (e), and positive control (f) measured 9 hours after induction
- 187 of gene expression, corresponding to the data shown in Figure 3.
- 188
- 189





192 Supplementary Figure 8. Schematics for OptoEXP and biosynthetic pathways

- 193 (a) Mechanism of OptoEXP, where light-responsive VP16-EL222 activates gene expression². (b)
- 194 OptoEXP control of *PDC1* in our triple *PDC* deletion strains used for lactic acid and isobutanol
- 195 production². (c) Lactic acid biosynthetic pathway, where *PDC1* is control with OptoEXP, and
- 196 LDH with OptoINVRT circuits². (d) Isobutanol biosynthetic pathway, where *PDC1* is controlled
- 197 with OptoEXP and *ILV2* with OptoINVRT circuits.²





199 Supplementary Figure 9. Ethanol production and cell growth during LA fermentations

200 The ratio of lactic acid to ethanol titers (a), ethanol titers (b), and final cell density after 48-hour

201 fermentations (c), measured at different ρ_s values, and using OptoINVRT2 (YEZ212C, gray) or

202 OptoINVRT7 (YEZ212, red). All data are shown as mean values; dots represent individual data

- 203 points; error bars represent the s.d. of four biologically independent 1-ml sample replicates
- 204 exposed to the same conditions. All experiments were repeated at least three times.



207 Supplementary Figure 10. Ethanol production by OptoINVRT circuits regulating P_{GAL1-S}

208 Lactic acid to ethanol titer ratios (a) and ethanol titers (b), at different ρ_s , of strains using P_{GAL1-S}

to express LDH, controlled by OptoINVRT2 (gray, YEZ597-5) or OptoINVRT7 (red, YEZ598-

210 4). All data are shown as mean values; dots represent individual data points; error bars represent

- the s.d. of four biologically independent 1-ml sample replicates exposed to the same conditions.
- 212 All experiments were repeated at least three times.
- 213
- 214
- 215



216

217 Supplementary Figure 11. Comparison of optogenetic circuits for lactic acid and isobutanol

production. Isobutanol production at different ρ_s values using OptoINVRT1 (YEZ544-1) and OptoINVRT7 (YEZ546-2) with P_{GAL1-M} ; full light samples were kept under continuous light

220 throughout growth and production phases. **P < 0.01, ***P < 0.001. Statistics are derived using

a one-sided *t*-test. All data are shown as mean values; dots represent individual data points; error

bars represent the s.d. of four biologically independent 1-ml sample replicates exposed to the

same conditions. All experiments were repeated at least three times.





226 Supplementary Figure 12. General scheme of vectors

227 General vector map showing the relative orientation of the five positions listed in Supplementary

228 Table 1. Different genes (including promoters and terminators) were assembled using a

229 previously described multiple gene insertion strategy¹. All vectors have an ampicillin resistance

230 marker (*AMPR*) for cloning in *E. coli* and a selection marker for *S. cerevisiae* (Marker). Vector

231 types include 2μ , or integrative^{5–7}.

232



236 Supplementary Figure 13. Light panel setup

Picture of experimental setup for protocols involving light stimulation. Light panels were placed
40 cm above 24-well plates, which were shaken at 200 RPM in a warm room (set to 30°C) with

ambient lights turned off.

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