

Supplementary Materials

Sialic Acids Neu5Ac and KDN in Adipose Tissues from Individuals Following Habitual Vegetarian and Non-Vegetarian Dietary Patterns

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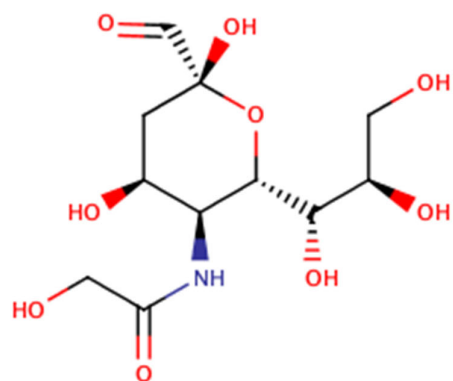
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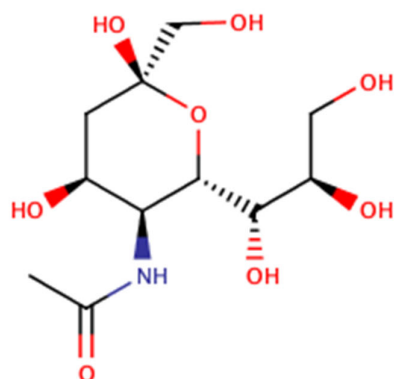
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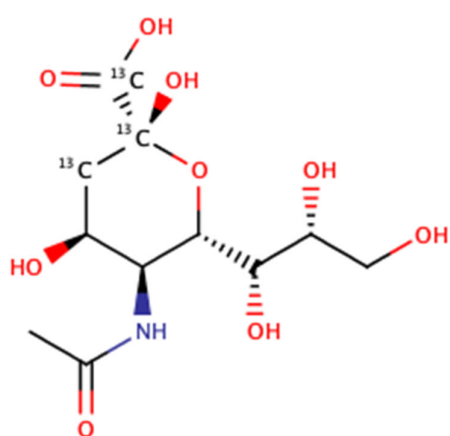
*Corresponding author: fmiles@llu.edu



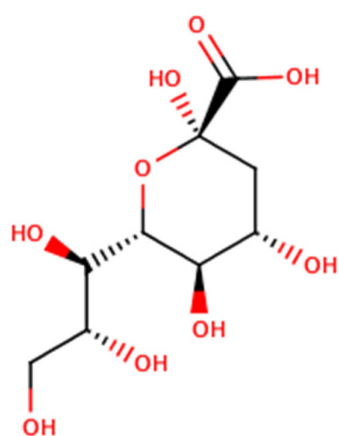
N-glycolylneuraminic acid



N-acetylneuraminic acid



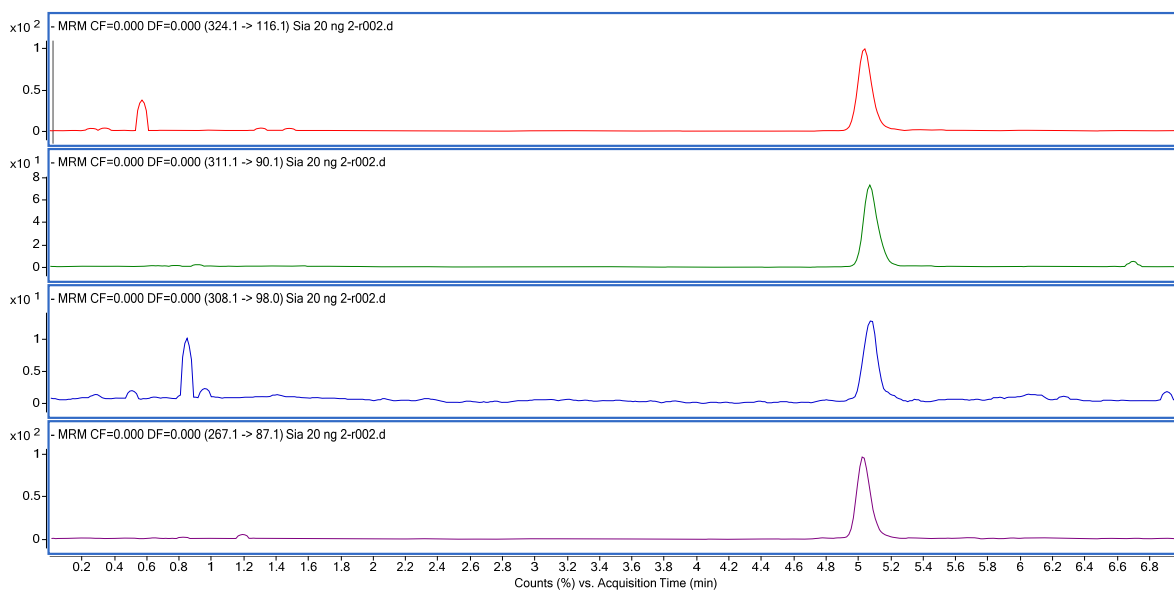
N-Acetyl D neuraminic acid 1,2,3 ¹³C₃



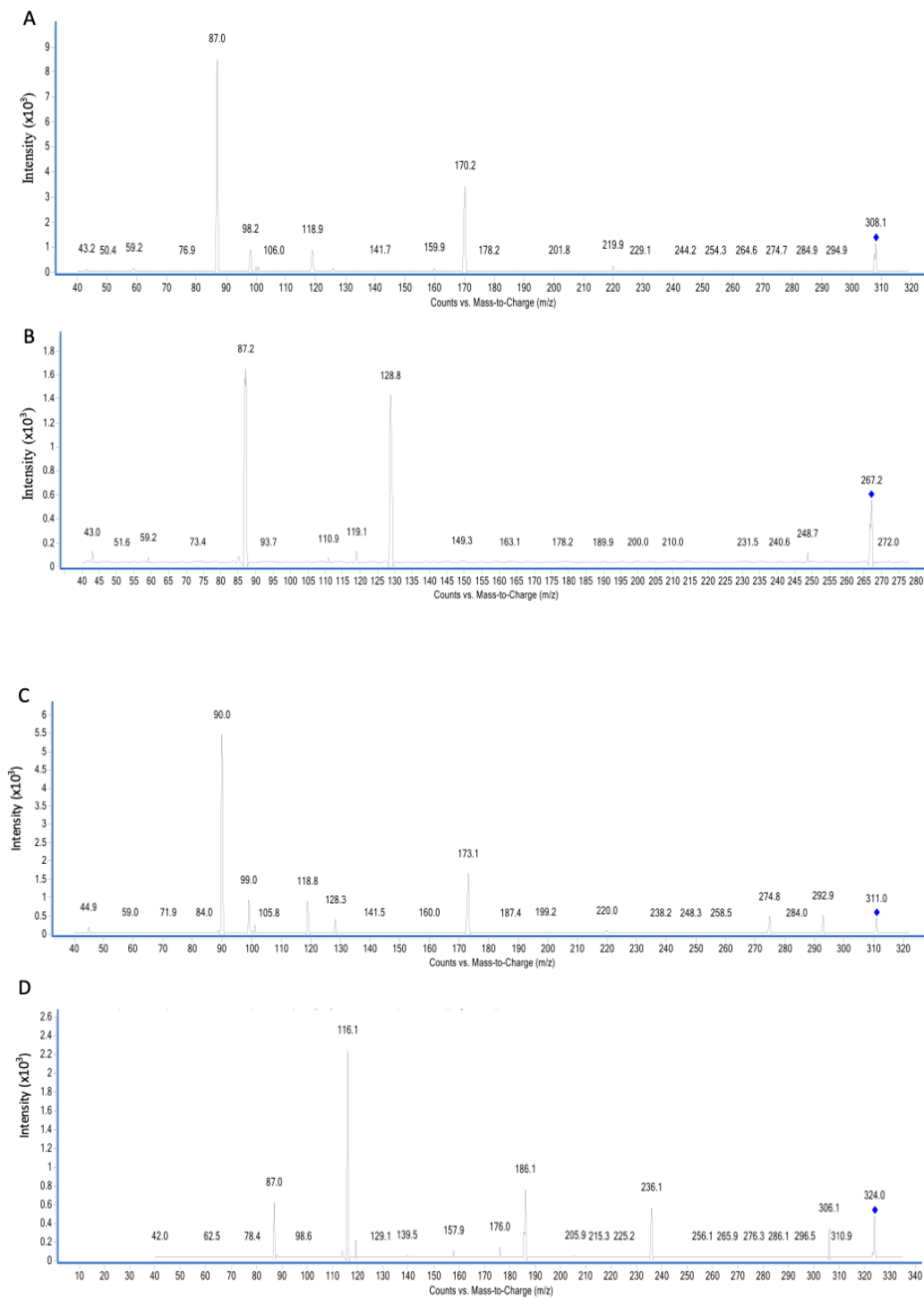
Ketodeoxynonulosonic acid

Supplementary Figure S1. Chemical structure of N-Glycolylneuraminic acid (Neu5Gc), N-Acetylneuraminic Acid (Neu5Ac), N-Acetyl-D-1,2,3-¹³C₃ neuraminic acid (Neu5Ac-D-1,2,3-¹³C₃) and Ketodeoxynonulosonic acid (KDN).

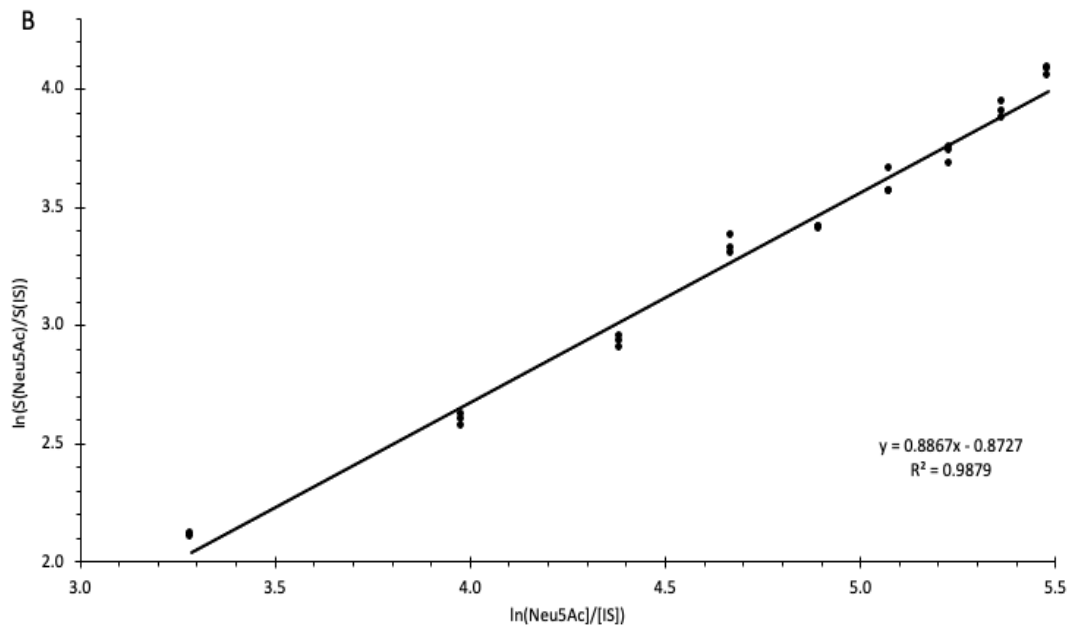
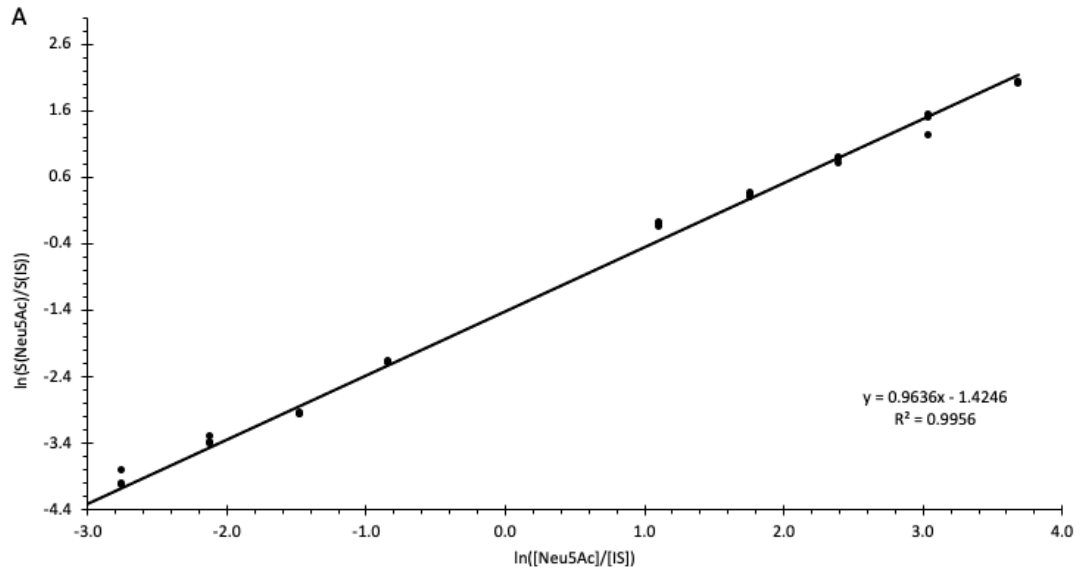
*Molecules were drawn and checked with the software MarvinSketch (version 22.13, academic package, ChemAxon).



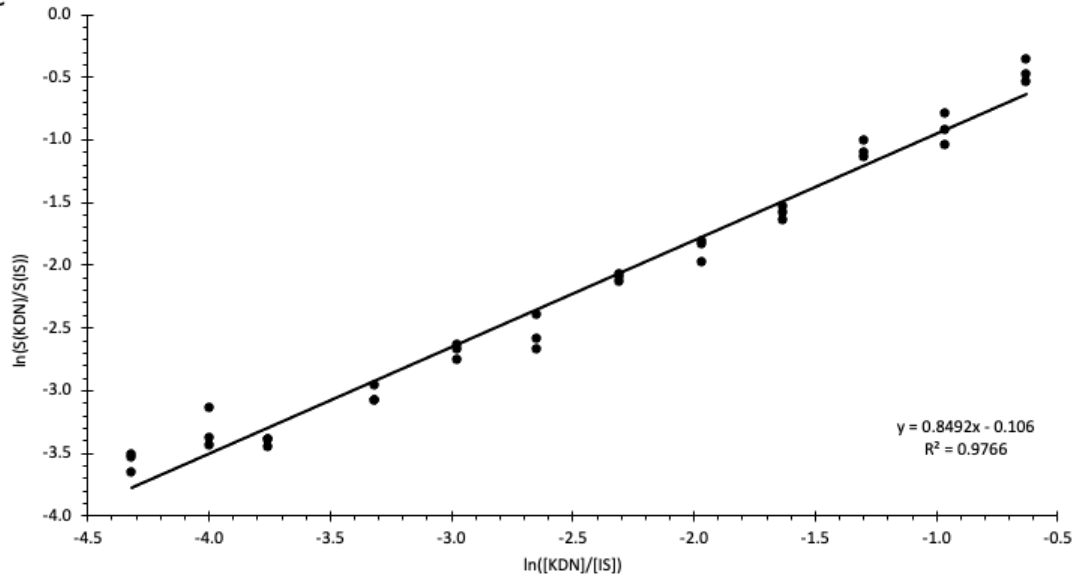
Supplementary Figure S2. HPLC chromatograms for quantification of Neu5Gc, Neu5Ac-D-1,2,3- $^{13}\text{C}_3$, Neu5Ac, and KDN content (20 ng/mL, each standard).



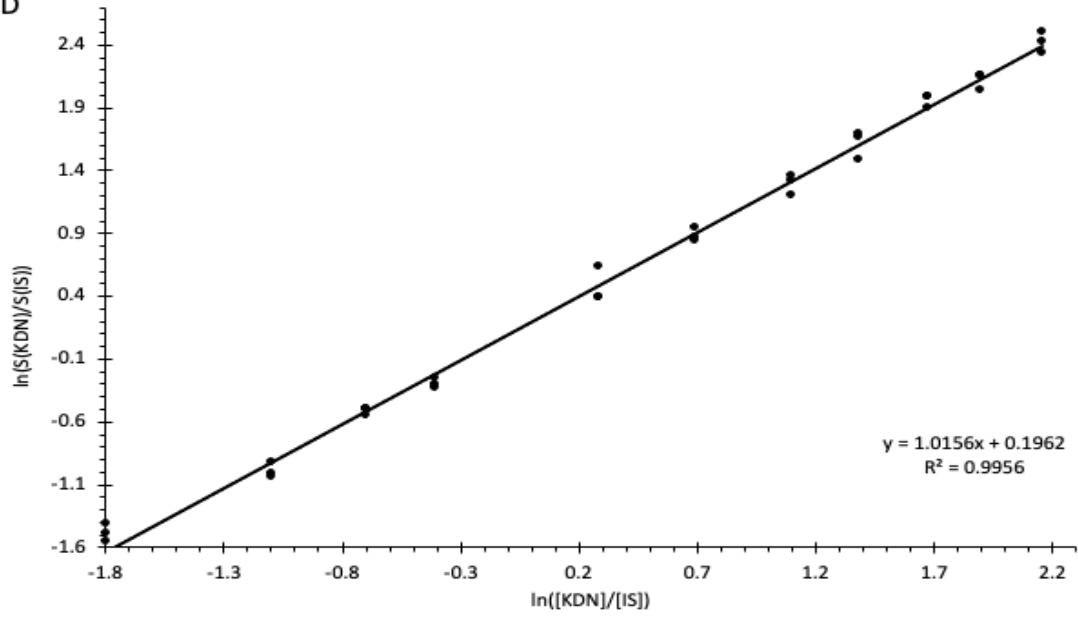
Supplementary Figure S3. Negative ionization electrospray mass spectra of the parent and daughter ion. A) Neu5Ac at m/z 87.0 with m/z 308.0 as the parent ion; B) KDN at m/z 87.2, with m/z 267.2 as the parent ion; C) Neu5Ac-D-1,2,3-¹³C₃ at m/z 90.0 with m/z 311.0 as the parent ion; D) Neu5Gc at m/z 116.1, with m/z 324.0 as the parent ion.

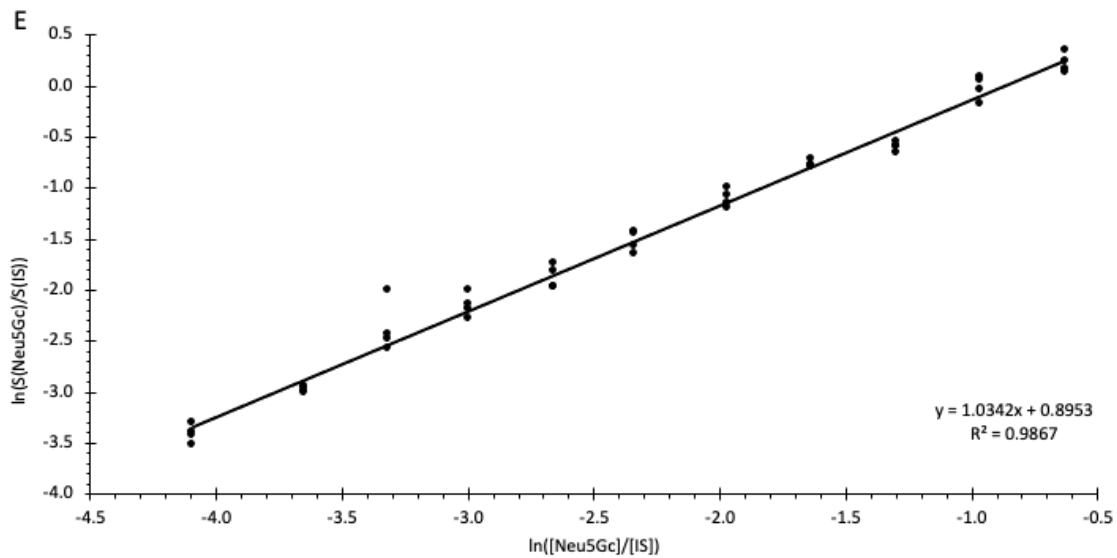


C



D





Supplementary Figure S4. The standard curves for the LC–MS/MS method for Sia quantitation, as a function of the ratios of the Neu5Ac (A-B), KDN (C-D), or Neu5Gc (E) concentrations to the concentration of the internal standard Neu5Ac-D-1,2,3- $^{13}\text{C}_3$ (IS).

The above standard lines were used to obtain respective inverse line equations as follows:

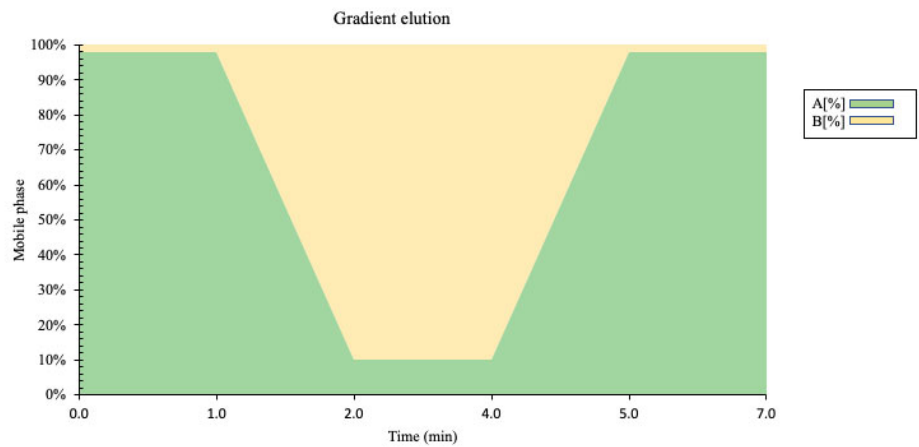
$$\ln\left(\frac{[\text{Neu5Ac}]}{[\text{IS}]}\right) = 1.0378 * \ln\left(\frac{S(\text{Neu5Ac})}{S(\text{IS})}\right) + 1.4784 \quad (\text{A})$$

$$\ln\left(\frac{[\text{Neu5Ac}]}{[\text{IS}]}\right) = 1.1277 * \ln\left(\frac{S(\text{Neu5Ac})}{S(\text{IS})}\right) + 0.9842 \quad (\text{B})$$

$$\ln\left(\frac{[\text{KDN}]}{[\text{IS}]}\right) = 1.1776 * \ln\left(\frac{S(\text{KDN})}{S(\text{IS})}\right) + 0.1248 \quad (\text{C})$$

$$\ln\left(\frac{[\text{KDN}]}{[\text{IS}]}\right) = 0.9847 * \ln\left(\frac{S(\text{KDN})}{S(\text{IS})}\right) - 0.1932 \quad (\text{D})$$

$$\ln\left(\frac{[\text{Neu5Gc}]}{[\text{IS}]}\right) = 0.9669 * \ln\left(\frac{S(\text{Neu5Gc})}{S(\text{IS})}\right) - 0.8657 \quad (\text{E})$$



Supplementary Figure S5. HPLC gradient profile for the chromatographic separation of Sias. A= 10% ammonium formate in water; B= 10% ammonium formate in acetonitrile.

Supplementary Table S1. HPLC gradient profile for the chromatographic separation of Sias.

Time	Solvent A	Solvent B	Flow	Pressure
0.00 min	98.0 %	2.0 %	0.300 mL/min	400.00 bar
1.00 min	98.0 %	2.0 %	0.300 mL/min	400.00 bar
2.00 min	10.0 %	90.0 %	0.300 mL/min	400.00 bar
4.00 min	10.0 %	90.0 %	0.300 mL/min	400.00 bar
5.00 min	98.0 %	2.0 %	0.300 mL/min	400.00 bar
7.00 min	98.0 %	2.0 %	0.300 mL/min	400.00 bar

A = 10% ammonium formate in water; B = 10% ammonium formate in acetonitrile.

Supplementary Table S2. Parameters of the LC-MS/MS method for qualitative and quantitative determination of Neu5Gc, Neu5Ac, KDN and, Neu5Ac-D-1,2,3-¹³C₃

Analyte	Retention time	Precursor ion (<i>m/z</i>)	Product ions (<i>m/z</i>)	Frag (V)	Collision energy (eV)	Quantitation transition
Neu5Gc	5.036	324.1	116.1	110	14	324.1 → 116.1
Neu5Ac	5.079	308.1	98	100	18	308.1 → 98
KDN	5.028	267.1	87.1	90	14	267.1 → 87.1
Neu5Ac-D-1,2,3- ¹³ C ₃	4.994	311.1	90.1	90	12	311.1 → 90.1

Supplementary Table S3. Contents of total sialic acids in animal adipose tissue ($\mu\text{g}/\text{mg}$).

Animal samples <i>n</i> =3	Neu5Ac		KDN		Neu5Gc		Total	
	mean	\pm SD	mean	\pm SD	mean	\pm SD	mean	\pm SD
Chicken	2.18	0.37	0.26	0.04	-	-	2.44	0.37
Pork	4.68	0.39	0.32	0.02	0.67	0.03	5.67	0.39
Lamb	2.78	0.33	0.28	0.06	0.54	0.04	3.60	0.34
Cow	3.13	0.56	0.11	0.10	1.73	0.16	4.97	0.59