nature portfolio

Corresponding author(s):	Tiina Mattila and Mattias Jakobsson
Last updated by author(s):	May 9, 2023

Reporting Summary

Nature Portfolio wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Portfolio policies, see our Editorial Policies and the Editorial Policy Checklist.

		4.0		•
✓.	12	۱۲۱	ıct	ics
.)	ıo		ו כ.ו	1107

For	all statistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.
n/a	Confirmed
	The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement
	A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly
	The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.
\boxtimes	A description of all covariates tested
\times	A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons
	A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)
	For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i>) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.
	For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings
	For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes
\boxtimes	Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d , Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated
	Our web collection on statistics for high gists contains articles on many of the points above

Software and code

Policy information about availability of computer code

Data collection

No software were used to collect data

Data analysis

The tools used to process and analyze data are publicly available and described in materials and methdos. The versions of publicly available

Software used in data processing:

AdapterRemoval v. 2.1.7 MergeReadsFastQ_cc.py bwa aln Version: 0.7.17-r1188 FilterUniqueSAMCons.py

samtools v. 1.5 MapDamage v.2.0.8 BamUtil v. 1.0.14 Plink version 1.90b4.9

Software used in data analysis:

ANGDS v.0.921 HaploGrep v. 2.1.16. online version of HaploFind

EIGENSOFT smartpca version: 10210

ADMIXTURE v. 1.3.0

pong v. 1.4.7
AdmixTools v. 20160803 (Covertf)
Admixr v. 0.7.1
R v. 3.6.1 or 3.6.2 as described in materials and methods qpAdm v. 401
qpGraph v. 6100
ArcGIS pro 2.7.0

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Portfolio guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

Data

Policy information about availability of data

All manuscripts must include a data availability statement. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A description of any restrictions on data availability
- For clinical datasets or third party data, please ensure that the statement adheres to our policy

The sequence data used in this study will be available from the European Nucleotide Archive under the project PRJEB59598

Human research participants

Policy information about studies involving human research participants and Sex and Gender in Research.

Reporting on sex and gender
Population characteristics
Public population genetic data is used, and population identifiers follow the original publications.

Recruitment
N/A

Ethics oversight
N/A

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

Field-specific reporting

Randomization

Please select the one below that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.

☐ Life sciences ☐ Behavioural & social sciences ☐ Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences

For a reference copy of the document with all sections, see <u>nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf</u>

Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

	3		
Study description	Investigation of genetic relationships among pre-historic humans using ancient DNA technology.		
Research sample	56 human remains from the Mesolithic, Neolithic and Eneolithic across Central and Eastern Europe		
Sampling strategy	We sampled available material from museum collections		
Data collection	The following co-authors collected the samples at the museums and brought the samples to Uppsala U: Anna Juras, Łukasz Pospieszny, Mihai Constantinescu, Mihai Rotea, Stanisław Wilk, Jerzy Łapo, Inna Potekhina, Andrei Soficaru, Marzena Szmyt, Alexey G. Nikitin. Upon arrival, the samples were given a lab-code number that follow the samples all the way to sequencing and analysis.		
Timing and spatial scale	2014-2017.		
Data exclusions	Samples with poor DNA preservation were excluded. The procedure is described in the supplement.		
Reproducibility	The data is available and the population genomic tools are also available to reproduce the results.		

This is a population genomic study of human relationships. Uncertainties are quantified using various statistical procedures.

Blinding	Initial population genomic analyses are blind in that individuals' identifiers are ignored (such as time period or archaeological context). Based on initial (blind) analyses, formal hypotheses are formed and tested.			
Did the study involve field	d work? Yes	No		
Reporting fo	r specific m	naterials, systems and methods		
	* *	materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, e not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.		
Materials & experime	ntal systems	Methods		
n/a Involved in the study		n/a Involved in the study		
Antibodies		ChIP-seq		
Eukaryotic cell lines		Flow cytometry		
Palaeontology and a	ırchaeology	MRI-based neuroimaging		
Animals and other o				
Clinical data				
Dual use research of concern				
Palaeontology and Archaeology				
Specimen provenance	men provenance Specimens come from established museum collections			
Specimen deposition	Specimens remain at their museum collections			

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

Tick this box to confirm that the raw and calibrated dates are available in the paper or in Supplementary Information.

Museum curators oversaw sampling in coordination with museum staff.

radiocarbon dating.

Dating methods

Ethics oversight