Dose-Response Effects of Exercise and Caloric Restriction on

Visceral Adiposity in Overweight and Obese Adults: A Systematic

Review and Meta-Analysis of Randomized Controlled Trials

Supplementary Materials

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Table S1A Exercise intensity categorization (Reference)

	%HR _{reserve}					METs		
Intensity	%VO _{2reserve}	%HR _{max}	%VO _{2max}	RPE 6-20	Young	Middle-aged	Older	%1-RM
Very light (v. LIG)	< 30	< 57	< 37	≤ 9	< 2.4	< 2.0	< 1.6	< 30
Light (LIG)	30 - < 40	57 – < 64	37 – < 45	9 – 11	< 4.8	< 4.0	< 3.2	30 - < 50
Moderate (MOD)	40 – < 60	64 – < 76	46 – < 64	12 – 13	4.8 – < 7.2	4.0 - < 6.0	3.2 - < 4.8	50 – < 70
Vigorous (VIG)	60 – < 90	76 – < 96	64 – < 91	14 – 17	7.2 – < 10.2	6.0 – < 8.5	4.8 – < 6.8	70 – < 85
Near max to max (MAX)	≥ 90	≥ 96	≥ 91	≥ 18	≥ 10.2	≥ 8.5	≥ 6.8	≥ 85

Adopted from the American College of Sports Medicine's Guidelines for Exercise Testing and Prescription (9th Edition).

1-RM One-Repetition Maximum; METs Metabolic Equivalent of Task; RPE Rate of Perceived Exertion.

Table S1B Exercise intensity categorization (Implementation)

Study	Groups	Prescribed Intensity	Categorization
Abdelbasset et al.,	HIIT (1)	80-85% VO _{2max} 50% VO _{2max}	VIG
2019, 2020a,b	MICT (2)	60-70% HR _{max}	LIG – MOD
Blond et al., 2019	MOD (1) (2)	50% VO _{2reserve}	MOD
Biolid et al., 2019	VIG (3) (4)	$70\%~VO_{2reserve}$	VIG
Chaptal 2011	HI (1)	70-75% VO _{2max}	VIG
Cho et al., 2011	LI (2)	$40\text{-}50\%\ VO_{2max}$	LIG – MOD
Coker et al., 2009a	EX	50% VO _{2peak}	MOD
	LILV (1)	50% VO _{2peak}	MOD
Cowan et al., 2018	LIHV (2)	50% VO _{2peak}	MOD
	HIHV (3)	$75\%\ VO_{2peak}$	VIG
Hallsworth et al., 2015	HIIT	RPE 16 – 17 NA	VIG
Hong et al., 2014	EX	50-60% VO _{2max}	MOD
Irving et al., 2008, 2009	HI (1)	RPE 15 – 17 RPE 10 – 12	LIG – VIG (taken as MOD)
ii ving et al., 2000, 2007	LI (2)	RPE 10 – 12	LIG – MOD
Johnson et al., 2009	EX	50-70% VO _{2peak}	MOD – VIG
Lung et al. 2012	MOD (1)	3.5-5.2 METs	LIG – MOD
Jung et al., 2012	VIG (2)	> 5.3 METs	MOD – VIG
Vacting at al. 2015	UII V (1)	70% VO _{2peak}	VIG
Keating et al., 2015	HILV (1)	50% VO _{2peak}	MOD

	LIHV (2)		7.505	
	LILV (3)	50% VO _{2peak}	MOD	
Keating et al., 2017	RT	80-85% 1-RM	VIG	
Lesser et al., 2016	EX	55-85% HR _{max}	LIG – VIG (taken as MOD)	
Nordby et al., 2012 Bladbjerg et al., 2017	EX	65-85% HR _{reserve}	VIG	
Reichkendler et al.,	HV (1)	> 70% VO _{2max} 50-70% VO _{2max}	MOD – VIG	
2013	MV (2)	> 70% VO _{2max} 50-70% VO _{2max}	MOD – VIG	
Ross et al., 2000 Thong et al., 2000	EX	$\leq 70\%~VO_{2peak}$	MOD – VIG	
Ross et al., 2004	EX	80% HR _{max}	VIG	
Saremi et al., 2010	EX	60-85% HR _{max}	LIG – VIG (taken as MOD)	
Shojaee-Moradie et al., 2007	EX	60-85% VO _{2max}	MOD – VIG	
	HIHV	65-80% VO _{2peak}	VIG	
Slentz et al., 2005	HILV	65-80% VO _{2peak}	VIG	
	MILV	40-55% VO _{2peak}	LIG – MOD	
Wu et al., 2017	HI (1) (2)	65-70% VO _{2max}	VIG	
wu et al., 2017	LI (3) (4)	50-56% VO _{2max}	MOD	
Zhang et al., 2015	HIIT (1)	85-95% HR _{peak} 50-60% HR	VIG	
	MICT (2)	60-70% HR _{peak}	MOD	
Thong et al. 2016	MOD (1)	3.0 – 6.0 METs	LIG – MOD	
Zhang et al., 2016	VIG (2)	8.0 – 10.0 METs	VIG – MAX	

Zhang et al., 2017	HIIT (1)	90% VO _{2max} Passive	VIG
,	MICT (2)	$60\%\ VO_{2max}$	MOD

EX exercise; HI high intensity; HIIT High-intensity interval training; HV high volume; LI low intensity; LIG light intensity; LV low volume; MI moderate intensity; MICT Moderate intensity continuous training; MOD moderate intensity; MV moderate volume; RT resistance training; VIG vigorous intensity.

Table S2A Additional study and intervention characteristics (exercise)

Study	Location	Groups ^a	Frequency	Intensity	Time	Caloric deficit
Abdelbasset et al.,	Egypt	HIIT (1)	3 d/wk	80%-85% VO _{2max} & 50%VO _{2max}	3 x 4 min & 2 x 2 min	NR
2019, 2020a,b	<i>3</i> ,11	MICT (2)	3 d/wk	60%-70% HR _{max}	40-50 min	NR
Blond et al.,	Denmark	MOD (1)	5 d/wk	50% VO _{2reserve}	NR	370 kcal/d
2019	Demmark	VIG (2)	5 d/wk	70% VO _{2reserve}	NR	370 kcal/d
Cho et al.,	South	HI (1)	3 d/wk	$70\%-75\% \\ VO_{2max}$	NR	400 kcal/d
2011	Korea	LI (2)	3 d/wk	40%-50% VO _{2max}	NR	400 kcal/d
Coker et al., 2009a	United States	AE	NR	50% VO _{2peak}	NR	2,500 kcal/wk
Coker et al.,	United	HI (1)	4-5 d/wk	75% VO _{2peak}	NR	1,000 kcal/wk
2009b*	States	MI (2)	4-5 d/wk	50% VO _{2peak}	NR	1,000 kcal/wk
		LILV (1)	5 d/wk	50%VO _{2peak}	NR	240 kcal/d
Cowan et al., 2018	Canada	LIHV (2)	5 d/wk	$50\%VO_{2peak}$	NR	480 kcal/d
		HIHV (3)	5 d/wk	$75\%VO_{2peak}$	NR	480 kcal/d
Davidson et al., 2009*	Canada	AE	5 d/wk	60%-75% VO _{2peak}	30 min	NR
Hallsworth et al., 2015	United Kingdom	HIIT	3 d/wk	RPE 16 – 17	30-40 min	NR
Hong et al., 2014	South Korea	AE	3 d/wk	50%-60% VO _{2max}	50-70 min	400 kcal/d
Irving et al.,	United	HI (1)	5 d/wk	RPE 15 – 17	NR	400 kcal/d
2008, 2009	States	LI (2)	2 d/wk	RPE 10 – 12	NR	400 kcal/d
Johnson et al., 2009	Australia	AE	3 d/wk	50%-70% VO _{2peak}	30-45 min	280 kcal/d
Jung et al.,	South	MOD (1)	5 d/wk	3.5-5.2 METs	60 min	500 kcal/d
2012	Korea	VIG (2)	5 d/wk	> 5.3 METs	30 min	500 kcal/d
Keating et al.,	Australia	HILV (1)	3 d/wk	70% VO _{2peak}	45 min	360 kcal/d
2015	. Lagrana	LIHV (2)	4 d/wk	50% VO _{2peak}	60 min	360 kcal/d

		LILV (3)	3 d/wk	50% VO _{2peak}	45 min	220 kcal/d
Keating et al., 2017	Australia	RT	3 d/wk	80%-85% 1- RM	30-60 min	NR
Koo et al., 2010	South Korea	AE	7 d/wk	NR	120 min	500 kcal/d
Lee et al.,	South	HI (1)	3-5 d/wk	70% VO _{2max}	NR	13.5-22.5 METs-h/wk
2012*	Korea	LI (2)	3-5 d/wk	50% VO _{2max}	NR	13.5-22.5 METs-h/wk
Lesser et al., 2016	Canada	AE	3 d/wk	55%-85% HR _{max}	40 min	NA
Nordby et al., 2012 Bladbjerg et al., 2017	Denmark	AE	7 d/wk	65%/85% HR _{reserve}	NR	600 kcal/d
Pugh et al., 2014* Cuthbertson et al., 2016*	United Kingdom	AE	3-5 d/wk	30%-60% HR _{reserve}	30-45 min	230 kcal/d
Reichkendler	Denmark	HV (1)	3 d/wk	> 70% VO _{2max}	NR	600 kcal/d
et al., 2013		MV (2)	4 d/wk	50%-70% VO _{2max}	NR	300 kcal/d
Ross et al., 2000 Thong et al., 2000	Canada	AE	7 d/wk	$\leq 70\%$ VO _{2peak}	NR	700 kcal/d
Ross et al., 2004	Canada	AE	7 d/wk	80% HR _{max}	NR	500 kcal/d
Saremi et al., 2010	Iran	AE	5 d/wk	60%- $85%$ HR _{max}	15-50 min	NR
Schmitz et al., 2007	United States	RT	2 d/wk	NR	45-60 min	NR
Shojaee- Moradie et al., 2007	United Kingdom	AE	3 d/wk	60%-85% VO _{2max}	20 min	200 kcal/d
		HIHV (1)	NR	65%-80% VO _{2peak}	NR	23 kcal/kg/wk
Slentz et al., 2005	United States	HILV (2)	NR	65%-80% VO _{2peak}	NR	14 kcal/kg/wk
		MILV (3)	NR	40%-55% VO _{2peak}	NR	14 kcal/kg/wk
Wu et al., 2017	South Korea &	HI (1)	4-5 d/wk	65%-70% VO _{2max}	NR	13.5-22.5 METs-h/wk
	United States	LI (2)	4-5 d/wk	50%-56% VO _{2max}	NR	13.5-22.5 METs-h/wk
Zhang et al., 2015	China	HIIT (1)	4 d/wk	90% HR _{peak} & 55%HR _{peak}	4 x 4min & 3 x 3min	249 kcal/d

		MICT (2)	4 d/wk	65% HR _{peak}	33min	253 kcal/d
				3.0 – 6.0		
Zhang et al.,	China	MOD (1)	5 d/wk	METs	30 min	170 kcal/d
2016		VIG (2)	5 d/wk	8.0 – 10.0 METs	30 min	340 kcal/d
Zhang et al., 2017	China	HIIT (1)	3-4 d/wk	90% VO _{2max} Passive	NR	60 kcal/d
		MICT (2)	3-4 d/wk	60% VO _{2max}	NR	60 kcal/d

AE aerobic exercise; HI high intensity; HIIT high-intensity interval training; HR_{max} maximum heart rate; HR_{reserve} heart rate reserve; HV high volume; LI low intensity; LV low volume; METs metabolic equivalents of task; MI/MOD moderate intensity; MICT moderate-intensity continuous training; MV moderate volume; NR not reported; RM repetition maximum; RPE rating of perceived exertion; RT resistance training; VIG vigorous intensity; VO_{2max} maximal oxygen uptake; VO_{2peak} peak oxygen uptake; VO_{2reserve} oxygen uptake reserve

^{*} NOT included in the meta-analysis due to insufficient data

^aIntervention arms being synthesized only

Table S2B Additional study and intervention characteristics (caloric restriction)

Study	Location	Groups ^a	Diet Prescription	Caloric deficit
Bouchonville et al., 2014 Napoli et al., 2014	United States	CR	NR	500-750 kcal/d
Brennan et al., 2021	United States	CR	NR	500-1000 kcal/d
Coker et al., 2009a	United States	CR	NR	2,500 kcal/wk
Ibáñez et al., 2010 Idoate et al., 2011 García-Unciti et al., 2012	Spain	WL	NR	500 kcal/d
Kang et al., 2018	South Korea	LCD	NR	300 kcal/d
Koo et al., 2010	South Korea	CR	1200 kcal/d	550 kcal/d
Larson-Meyer et al., 2006, 2010 Redman et al., 2007, 2010	United States	CR	25% daily deficit	700 kcal/d
Lee et al., 2018	South Korea	WL	NR	300 kcal/d
Ng et al., 2007, 2009 Chan et al., 2008	Australia	WL	6,143 kJ/d	870 kcal/d
Nordby et al., 2012 Bladbjerg et al., 2017	Denmark	CR	NR	600 kcal/d
Ross et al., 2000 Thong et al., 2000	Canada	CR	NR	700 kcal/d
Ross et al., 2004	Canada	WL	NR	500 kcal/d
Schübel et al., 2018	Germany	CR	20% daily deficit	410 kcal/d
Schutte et al., 2022	The Netherlands	LNCR (1) HNCR (2)	25% daily deficit 25% daily deficit	415 kcal/d 415 kcal/d
Trepanowski et al., 2018	United States	CR	25% daily deficit	730 kcal/d

CR caloric restriction; HN High nutrient; LCD low-calorie diet; LN Low nutrient; NR not reported; WL weight loss; WM weight maintenance

^aIntervention arms being synthesized only

Table S3A Summary of findings for exercise (GRADE Framework)

Effect of exercise in adu	Effect of exercise in adults with excess adiposity						
Population: Adults (≥ 1)	8 years old) with an elevated BMI and	d/or waist circumference					
Setting: Community/out	patient						
Interventions: Exercise							
Comparisons: Usual car	re/no intervention/health education/w	eight maintenance					
Outcomes	Effect size	Participants	Quality of Evidence				
	(95% CI)	(Studies)	(GRADE)*				
Visceral fat	-0.34	921	ФФФ⊖а				
(healthy)	(healthy) (-0.45 to -0.23) (19)						
Visceral fat	-0.17	431	$\oplus \oplus \oplus \ominus$	•			
(comorbidities)	(-0.33 to -0.01)	(7)					

^{*}Certainty of evidence grades:

- (1) $\bigoplus \bigoplus \bigoplus \bigoplus$ High: further research is unlikely to change the confidence in the estimate of effect.
- (2) $\bigoplus \bigoplus \bigoplus \bigoplus$ Moderate: further research is likely to have an important impact on the confidence in the estimate of effect and may change the estimate.
- (3) $\bigoplus \bigoplus \bigoplus$ Low: further research is very likely to have an important impact on the confidence in the effect estimate and is likely to change the estimate.
- $(4) \bigoplus \bigoplus \bigoplus \bigoplus$ Very low: any estimate of effect is very uncertain.

^aDowngraded by one level for risk of bias: most of the included studies were susceptible to at least moderate risk of bias.

^bDowngraded by one level for heterogeneity: compared to the healthy counterparts, the heterogeneity is higher among studies of participants with comorbidities. Nonetheless, more than half of the studies were only susceptible to low risk of bias. The certainty of evidence was therefore downgraded by one level.

Table S3B Summary of findings for caloric restriction (GRADE Framework)

Effect of caloric restriction in adults with excess adiposity						
Population: Adults (≥ 18	years old) with an elevated BMI and/or w	vaist circumference				
Setting: Community/outp	Setting: Community/outpatient					
Interventions: Caloric re	striction					
Comparisons: Usual care	e/no intervention/health education/weight	maintenance				
Outcomes	Effect size	Participants	Quality of Evidence			
	(95% CI)	(Studies)	(GRADE)*			
Visceral fat	-0.53	721	⊕⊕⊕a			
	(-0.71 to -0.35)	(15)				

^{*}Certainty of evidence grades:

⁽¹⁾ $\bigoplus \bigoplus \bigoplus \bigoplus$ High: further research is unlikely to change the confidence in the estimate of effect.

⁽²⁾ $\bigoplus \bigoplus \bigoplus \bigoplus$ Moderate: further research is likely to have an important impact on the confidence in the estimate of effect and may change the estimate.

⁽³⁾ $\bigoplus \bigoplus \bigoplus \bigoplus$ Low: further research is very likely to have an important impact on the confidence in the effect estimate and is likely to change the estimate.

 $^{(4) \}bigoplus \bigoplus \bigoplus \bigoplus$ Very low: any estimate of effect is very uncertain.

^aDowngraded by one level for risk of bias: most of the included studies were susceptible to at least moderate risk of bias.

Table S4A Meta-regression analyses for exercise studies

Moderator	K	Effect [95% CI]	P value
Intervention duration	46	.00 [00 to .00]	.95
Age	41	.01 [.00 to .02]	.14
BMI	42	03 [07 to .00]	.05
Sex	44	18 [44 to .08]	.16
Exercise frequency	42	02 [08 to .05]	.66
(continuous)			

Table S4B Meta-regression analyses for caloric restriction studies

Moderator	K	Effect [95% CI]	P value
Intervention duration	16	.00 [01 to .02]	.69
Age	15	.00 [02 to .02]	.79
BMI	16	.01 [05 to .06]	.78
Sex	15	37 [98 to .23]	.21

Table S5A Subgroup analyses for exercise studies

Moderator	K	Effect [95% CI]	P value
Exercise frequency			
(categorical)			
\leq 3.5 d/wk	15	31 [48 to14]	< .001
> 3.5 d/wk	22	25 [40 to09]	= .002
Intensity			
Low	6	11 [33 to .11]	= .11
Moderate	22	32 [46 to17]	< .001
Vigorous	16	34 [49 to19]	< .001
Disease			
Healthy	33	34 [45 to23]	< .001
DM	6	21 [48 to .05]	= .11
METS	2	02 [49 to .45]	= .92
NAFLD	5	18 [39 to .04]	= .10
Measure			
MRI	20	22 [32 to11]	< .001
CT	26	44 [57 to30]	< .001
Supervision			
Supervised	35	33 [43 to22]	< .001
Unsupervised	11	18 [36 to .00]	= .05
Continent			
Asia	19	23 [40 to06]	= .012
USA	13	30 [46 to15]	= .001
Europe	9	45 [75 to14]	= .010
Australia	5	22 [35 to09]	= .009

CT Computed Tomography; DM Diabetes Mellitus; METS Metabolic Syndrome; MRI Magnetic Resonance Imaging; NAFLD Non-Alcoholic Fatty Liver Disease.

Table S5B Subgroup analyses for caloric restriction studies

Moderator	K	Effect [95% CI]	P value
Disease			
Healthy	14	55 [73 to36]	< .001
DM	1	06 [86 – .78]	= .86
METS	1	07 [-1.50 to .05]	= .05
Measure			
MRI	11	50 [73 to28]	= .002
CT	5	58 [91 to25]	< .001
Continent			
Asia	3	57 [-2.19 to 1.04]	= .27
USA	7	50 [61 to38]	< .001
Europe	5	50 [95 to06]	= .034
Australia	1	74 [-1.44 to04]	= .038

CT Computed Tomography; DM Diabetes Mellitus; METS Metabolic Syndrome; MRI Magnetic Resonance Imaging.

Fig. S1 PRISMA Flow chart

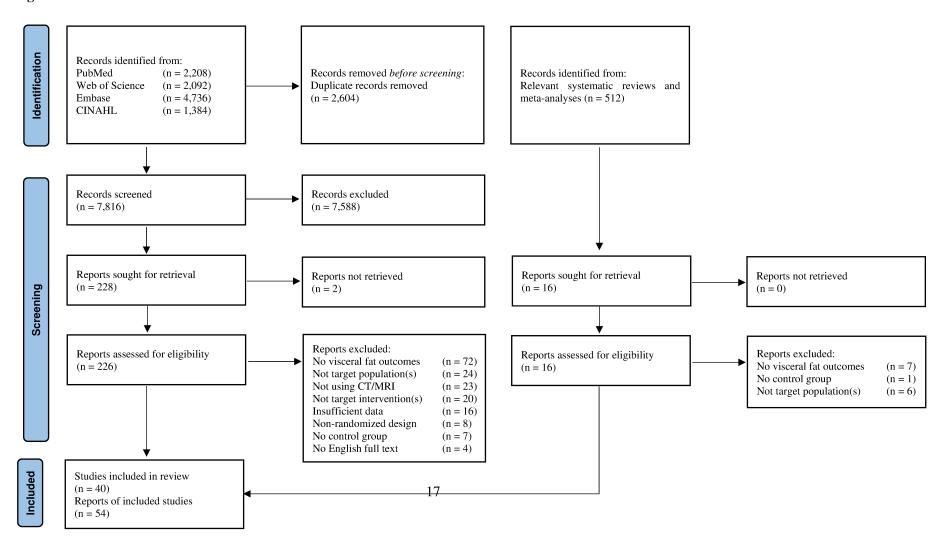


Fig. S2 Forest plot of the effect of exercise on waist circumference

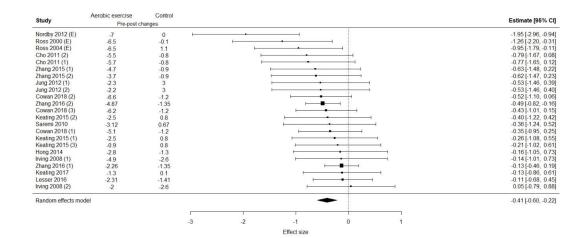


Fig. S3 Dose-response effect of exercise on waist circumference

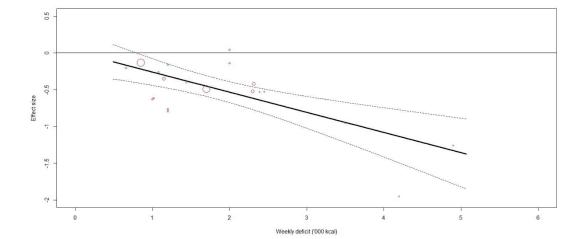


Fig. S4 Forest plot of the effect of caloric restriction on waist circumference

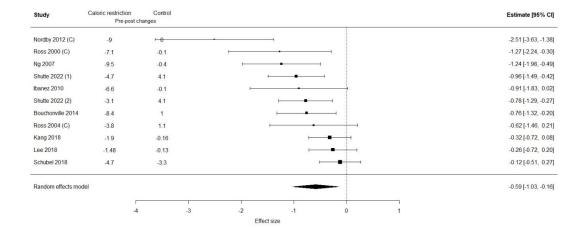


Fig. S5 Dose-response effect of caloric restriction on waist circumference

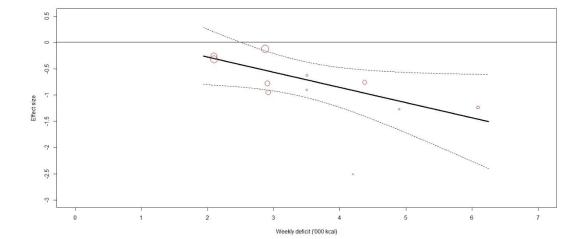


Fig. S6A Risk of Bias assessment for exercise studies

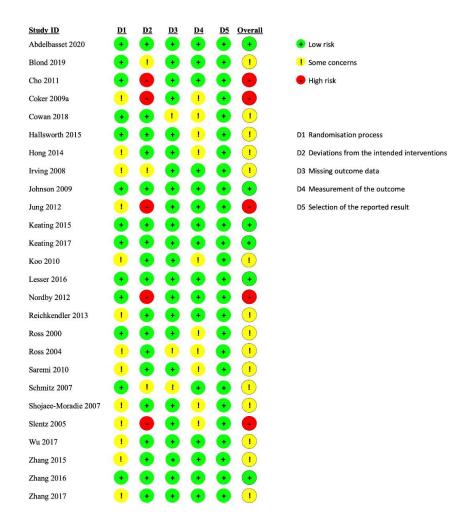


Fig. S6B Risk of Bias assessment for caloric restriction studies



Appendix S1 Search strategy

PubMed

(overweight OR obesity OR central obesity) AND (exercise OR "physical training" OR endurance training OR "aerobic training" OR "continuous training" OR resistance training OR "strength training" OR "weight training" OR "interval training" OR "interval training" OR "interval training" OR "HIIT" OR caloric restriction OR calori* restrict* OR calori* reduc* OR "low calorie diet*" OR "hypocaloric diet*" OR diet, reducing[MH] OR "diet intervention*" OR "dietary intervention*" OR "energy restrict*" OR "low energy diet*" OR weight loss[MH] OR "weight reduction") AND (visceral fat OR intra abdominal fat OR abdominal fat OR adipose tissue) AND ((randomized controlled trial[PT] OR controlled clinical trial[PT] OR randomized[TIAB] OR randomised[TIAB] OR placebo[TIAB] OR randomly[TIAB] OR trial[TIAB] OR groups[TIAB]) NOT (animals[MH] NOT humans[MH]))

Web of Science

(ALL=(overweight OR obes* OR "central* obes*" OR "abdominal* obes*")) AND (ALL=(exercise OR "physical training" OR "endurance training" OR "aerobic training" OR "continuous training" OR "resistance training" OR "strength training" OR "weight training" OR "interval training" OR "intermittent training" OR "HIIT" OR "calori* restrict*" OR "calori* reduc*" OR "low calorie" OR hypocaloric OR diet\$ OR "diet* intervention*" OR "diet* restrict*" OR "energy restrict*" OR "energy reduc*" OR "weight loss" OR "weight reduction")) AND (ALL=("CON" OR control* OR "usual care" OR "conventional care" OR "standard care" OR "no intervention" OR "health education")) AND ((ALL=(visceral OR abdominal OR intraabdominal)) AND (ALL=(fat OR "adipose tissue" OR adiposity OR lipid\$))) AND (TI=(randomized OR randomised OR randomly OR placebo OR trial OR groups))

Embase

((exp overweight/ or overweight or exp obesity/ or obes* or ((abdominal* or central*) adj obes*)) and (exercise or ((physical or endurance or aerobic or continuous or resistance or strength or weight or interval or intermittent) adj training) or HIIT or (calori* adj (restrict* or reduc*)) or low calor* diet* or hypocaloric diet* or (diet* adj

(intervention* or restrict* or therapy)) or energy restrict* or low energy diet* or (weight adj (loss or reduction))) and ((visceral fat or intraabdominal fat or abdominal fat or adipose tissue))).mp. and ((randomized controlled trial/ or controlled clinical trial/ or controlled study/ or (randomized or randomised or placebo or randomly or trial or groups).ti,ab.) not ((animal/ or nonhuman/) not human/))

CINAHL

Search modes: Boolean/Phrase; Expanders: Also search within the full text of the articles (overweight OR obes* OR (MH "obesity+") OR "central* obes*" OR "abdominal* obes*") AND (exercise OR (MH "exercise+") OR "physical training" OR "endurance training" OR "aerobic training" OR "continuous training" OR "resistance training" OR "strength training" OR "weight training" OR "interval training" OR "interval training" OR "intermittent training" OR "HIIT" OR (calori* W1 (restrict* OR reduc*)) OR "low calorie diet*" OR "hypocaloric diet*" OR (MH "diet, reducing") OR (MH "restricted diet") OR "diet* restrict*" OR "diet* intervention*" OR "energy restrict*" OR "low energy diet*" OR (weight W1 (loss OR reduction))) AND (((visceral OR intraabdominal OR abdominal) W1 fat) OR adipose tissue) AND ((PT randomized controlled trial OR (MH "randomized controlled trial") OR PT clinical trial OR (MH "clinical trial") OR TI (randomi#ed OR placebo OR randomly OR trial OR groups) OR AB (randomi#ed OR placebo OR randomly OR trial OR groups)) NOT ((MH "animals") NOT (MH "human")))

Appendix S2 Reference list

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