Standards for Reporting Qualitative Research: A Synthesis of Recommendations

O'Brien, Bridget C.; Harris, Ilene B.; Beckman, Thomas J.; Reed, Darcy A.; Cook, David A. Academic Medicine89(9):1245-1251, September 2014. doi: 10.1097/ACM.00000000000388

lo.	Торіс	Item	Corresponding page
	Title and abstract		number of manuscript
	Title	Concise description of the nature and topic of the study Identifying the study as qualitative or indicating the approach (e.g., ethnography, grounded theory) or data collection methods (e.g., interview, focus group) is recommended	S1) Title page
	Abstract	Summary of key elements of the study using the abstract format of the intended publication; typically includes background, purpose, methods, results, and conclusions	S2) Abstract
	Introduction	methods, results, and conclusions	- S3) pp.1-2
	Problem formulation	Description and significance of the problem/phenomenon studied; review of relevant theory and empirical work; problem statement	S4) p. 2
	Purpose or research question	Purpose of the study and specific objectives or questions	
	Methods Qualitative approach and research paradigm	Qualitative approach (e.g., ethnography, grounded theory, case study, phenomenology, narrative research) and guiding theory if appropriate;	S5) p. 4
		identifying the research paradigm (e.g., postpositivist, constructivist/ interpretivist) is also recommended; rationale ^b	S6) p.3
5	Researcher characteristics and reflexivity	Researchers' characteristics that may influence the research, including personal attributes, qualifications/experience, relationship with participants, assumptions, and/or presuppositions; potential or actual interaction between researchers' characteristics and the research	
	Contract	questions, approach, methods, results, and/or transferability Setting/site and salient contextual factors; rationale ^b	S7) p. 2
7 3	Context Sampling strategy	How and why research participants, documents, or events were	S8) p. 2
		selected; criteria for deciding when no further sampling was necessary (e.g., sampling saturation); rationale ^b	S9) pp.3-4
9	Ethical issues pertaining to human subjects	Documentation of approval by an appropriate ethics review board and participant consent, or explanation for lack thereof; other confidentiality and data security issues	S10) p. 3-4
10	Data collection methods	Types of data collected; details of data collection procedures including (as appropriate) start and stop dates of data collection and analysis, iterative process, triangulation of sources/methods, and modification	S11) p. 3; Table 1
11	Data collection instruments and technologies	of procedures in response to evolving study findings; rationale ^b Description of instruments (e.g., interview guides, questionnaires) and devices (e.g., audio recorders) used for data collection; if/how the	S12) pp. 2-3; p. 4
12	Units of study	instrument(s) changed over the course of the study Number and relevant characteristics of participants, documents, or events included in the study; level of participation (could be reported in results)	S13) pp. 3-4
13	Data processing	Methods for processing data prior to and during analysis, including transcription, data entry, data management and security, verification of data integrity, data coding, and anonymization/deidentification of excerpts	S14) p.4
14	Data analysis	Process by which inferences, themes, etc., were identified and developed, including the researchers involved in data analysis; usually	S15) p. 4
15	Techniques to enhance trustworthiness	references a specific paradigm or approach; rationale ^b Techniques to enhance trustworthiness and credibility of data analysis (e.g., member checking, audit trail, triangulation); rationale ^b	S16) p.5
	Results/findings		S17) Tables 2-4
6	Synthesis and interpretation	Main findings (e.g., interpretations, inferences, and themes); might include development of a theory or model, or integration with prior research or theory	
7	Links to empirical data	Evidence (e.g., quotes, field notes, text excerpts, photographs) to substantiate analytic findings	S18) pp. 9-11
Q	Discussion	Short summary of main findings: evaluation of how findings	
8	Integration with prior work, implications, transferability, and contribution(s) to the field	Short summary of main findings; explanation of how findings and conclusions connect to, support, elaborate on, or challenge conclusions of earlier scholarship; discussion of scope of application/	S19) pp.11-12
		generalizability; identification of unique contribution(s) to scholarship in a discipline or field	S20) Title page
9	Limitations Other	Trustworthiness and limitations of findings	S21) Title page
0	Conflicts of interest	Potential sources of influence or perceived influence on study conduct and conclusions; how these were managed	
21	Funding	Sources of funding and other support; role of funders in data collection, interpretation, and reporting	
itical apprais ontacting exp search by pr	eated the SRQR by searching the literature to identify guidelines, re sal criteria for qualitative research; reviewing the reference lists of re perts to gain feedback. The SRQR aims to improve the transparency oviding clear standards for reporting qualitative research. should briefly discuss the justification for choosing that theory, appr	trieved sources; and of all aspects of qualitative	
ather than ot hoices influer	ther options available, the assumptions and limitations implicit in the nec study conclusions and transferability. As appropriate, the rational together.	ose choices, and how those	

"We're Playing on the Same Team": Communication (Dis)connections Between Trauma Patients and Surgical Residents

Barriers to communication reported by

patients & residents



Interviewed 14 surgery residents and 29 survivors of violent injury



Lack of time

each other



Different racial & class backgrounds



stress



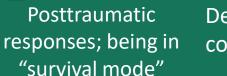


Qualitative analysis of interviews using grounded theory

Similarities between patients & residents



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Desire for more communication

Resident education in structural justice and patient outreach may help bridge disconnects between patients and residents

Huang et al. *Journal of Trauma and Acute Care Surgery*. Month Year [doi]

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