

Supporting Information

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Disruption of the Clock Component Bmal1 in Mice Promotes Cancer Metastasis through the PAI-1-TGF- β -myoCAF-Dependent Mechanism

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Supporting Information

Disruption of the clock component Bmal1 in mice promotes cancer metastasis through the PAI-1-TGF-β-myoCAF-dependent mechanism

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Supplemental Figure 1. mRNA expression levels of fibroblast-related markers in tumors.

- **A.** qPCR quantification of mRNA levels of *Fap*, *Acta2*, *Des*, *Pdgfra* and *Pdgfrb* in CRC tumors in Bmal1^{+/+} and Bmal1^{-/-} mice (n = 4 samples per group).
- **B.** qPCR quantification of mRNA levels of *Fap*, *Acta2*, *Des*, *Pdgfra* and *Pdgfrb* in PDAC tumors in Bmal1^{+/+} and Bmal1^{-/-} mice (n = 4 samples per group).
- C. qPCR quantification of mRNA levels of Fap, Acta2, Des, Pdgfra and Pdgfrb in HCC

tumors in Bmal1^{+/+} and Bmal1^{-/-} mice (n = 4 samples per group).

Data presented as mean \pm s.e.m. *P < 0.05; **P < 0.01; ***P < 0.001; two-tailed student *t*-test.



Supplemental Figure 2. Cell proliferation, cell death, hypoxia, microvessels, and inflammation of CRC tumors grown in Bmal1^{+/+} and Bmal1^{-/-} mice.

A. Representative micrographs of immunohistochemical staining of CRC tumor tissue stained with Ki-67 (red), FAP (green), CA9 (green), CD31 (red), NG2 (green), F4/80 (red), CD80

(red), CD206 (red), DAPI (blue), fluorochrome-based TUNEL assay (green) and green fluorescent protein (GFP) signal-labeled tumor cells (green).

B. Quantification of Ki-67⁺, FAP⁺ plus Ki-67⁺, GFP⁺ plus Ki-67⁺, DAPI, TUNEL⁺, CA9⁺, CD31⁺, NG2⁺, NG2⁺ plus CD31⁺, F4/80⁺, CD80⁺, and CD206⁺ in Bmal1^{+/+} and Bmal1^{-/-} mice (n = 6 random fields per group).

Data presented as mean determinants from random fields \pm s.e.m. **P* < 0.05; ***P* < 0.01; ****P* < 0.001, ns = not significant; two-tailed student *t*-test. Scale bar = 50 µm.



Supplemental Figure 3. Cell proliferation, cell death, hypoxia, microvessels, and inflammation of PDAC and HCC tumors grown in Bmal1^{+/+} and Bmal1^{-/-} mice.

A. Representative micrographs of immunohistochemical staining of PDAC tumor tissues from Bmal1^{+/+} and Bmal1^{-/-} mice stained with Ki-67 (red), FAP (green), fluorochrome-based

TUNEL assay (green), CA9 (green), CD31 (red), NG2 (green), F4/80 (red), CD80 (red), CD206 (red), DAPI (blue), and GFP signal-labeled tumor cells (green).

- B. Quantification of Ki-67⁺, FAP⁺ plus Ki-67⁺, GFP⁺ plus Ki-67⁺, DAPI⁺, TUNEL⁺, CA9⁺, CD31⁺, NG2⁺, NG2⁺ plus CD31⁺, F4/80⁺, CD80⁺, and CD206⁺ (n = 6 random fields per group).
- C. Representative micrographs of immunohistochemical staining of orthotopic HCC tumor tissues stained with Ki-67 (red), FAP (green), CA9 (green), CD31 (red), NG2 (green), F4/80 (red), CD80 (red), CD206 (red), DAPI (blue) and fluorochrome-based TUNEL assay (green).
- D. Quantification of Ki-67⁺, FAP⁺ plus Ki-67⁺, DAPI, TUNEL⁺, CA9⁺, CD31⁺, NG2⁺, NG2⁺ plus CD31⁺, F4/80⁺, CD80⁺, and CD206⁺ in Bmal1^{+/+} and Bmal1^{-/-} mice (n = 6 random fields per group).

Data presented as mean determinants from random fields \pm s.e.m. **P* < 0.05; ***P* < 0.01; ****P* < 0.001, ns = not significant; two-tailed student *t*-test. Scale bar = 50 µm.



Supplemental Figure 4. mRNA expression levels of *Arntl* and *Serpine1* in FACS sorted GFP⁺ cells from CRC tumor.

qPCR quantification of mRNA levels of *Arntl (Bmal1)* and *Serpine1* in FACS-sorted-GFP⁺ tumor cells from CRC tumor in Bmal1^{+/+} and Bmal1^{-/-} mice (n = 4 samples per group).

Data presented as mean \pm s.e.m. ns = not significant; two-tailed student *t*-test.



Supplemental Figure 5. mRNA expression levels of fibrotic markers in vehicle- and SB-431542-treated CRC tumors grown in Bmal1^{+/+} and Bmal1^{-/-} mice.

qPCR quantification of mRNA levels of Fap, Acta2, Des, Pdgfra and Pdgfrb in vehicle- and SB-

431542-treated CRC tumors grown in Bmal1^{+/+} and Bmal1^{-/-} mice (n = 3 samples per group).

Data presented as mean \pm s.e.m. **P* < 0.05; ***P* < 0.01; ****P* < 0.001, ns = not significant; oneway ANOVA.



Supplemental Figure 6. Cell proliferation, cell death, hypoxia, microvessels, and inflammation of vehicle- and SB-431542-treated CRC tumors grown in Bmal1^{+/+} and Bmal1^{-/-} mice.

A. Representative micrographs of immunohistochemical staining of vehicle- and SB-431542-treated CRC tumor tissues grown in Bmal1^{+/+} and Bmal1^{-/-} mice stained with Ki-67 (red), FAP (green), fluorochrome-based TUNEL assay (green), CA9 (green), CD31 (red), NG2 (green), F4/80 (red), CD80 (red), CD206 (red), DAPI (blue), and GFP signal-labeled tumor cells (green).
B. Quantification of positive signals of vehicle- and SB-431542-treated CRC tumor tissues in Bmal1^{+/+} and Bmal1^{-/-} mice stained with Ki-67, FAP plus Ki-67, GFP plus Ki-67, DAPI, TUNEL, CA9, CD31, NG2, NG2 plus CD31, F4/80, CD80, and CD206 (n = 6 random fields per group).

Data presented as mean determinants from random fields \pm s.e.m. **P* < 0.05; ***P* < 0.01; ****P* < 0.001, ns = not significant; one-way ANOVA. Scale bar = 50 µm.



Supplementary Figure 7. Hyperfibrosis in metastatic nodules of Bmal1^{-/-} mice.

A. Representative micrographs of immunohistochemical staining of lung metastatic lesions of CRC tumor in Bmal1^{+/+} and Bmal1^{-/-} mice with fibroblast markers: FAP (green); α -SMA (green); DESMIN (red); PDGFR α (green); and PDGFR β (green).

- **B.** Quantification of FAP⁺, α -SMA⁺, DESMIN⁺, PDGFR α^+ and PDGFR β^+ signals (n = 6 random fields per group).
- C. Representative micrographs of immunohistochemical staining of liver metastatic lesions of CRC tumor in Bmal1^{+/+} and Bmal1^{-/-} mice with fibroblast markers: FAP (green); α-SMA (green); DESMIN (red); PDGFRα (green); and PDGFRβ (green).
- **D.** Quantification of FAP⁺, α -SMA⁺, DESMIN⁺, PDGFR α^+ and PDGFR β^+ signals (n = 6 random fields per group).
- **E.** Representative micrographs of immunohistochemical staining of lung metastatic lesions of PDAC tumor Bmal1^{+/+} and Bmal1^{-/-} mice with fibroblast markers: FAP (green); α-SMA (green) plus CD31 (red); DESMIN (red) plus ENDOMUCIN (green); PDGFRα (green); and PDGFRβ (green).
- **F.** Quantification of FAP⁺, α -SMA⁺, DESMIN⁺, PDGFR α^+ and PDGFR β^+ signals (n = 6 random fields per group).
- G. Representative micrographs of immunohistochemical staining of liver metastatic lesions of PDAC tumor Bmal1^{+/+} and Bmal1^{-/-} mice with fibroblast markers: FAP (green); α-SMA (green); DESMIN (red); PDGFRα (green); and PDGFRβ (green).
- **H.** Quantification of FAP⁺, α -SMA⁺, DESMIN⁺, PDGFR α^+ and PDGFR β^+ signals (n = 6 random fields per group).

- I. Representative micrographs of immunohistochemical staining of lung metastatic lesions of CRC tumor in C57BL/6 wild type mice that received CRC tumor cell alone implantation, CRC tumor cell plus Bmal1^{+/+} CAF co-injection and CRC tumor cell plus Bmal1^{-/-} CAF coinjection with fibroblast markers: FAP (green); α-SMA (green); DESMIN (red); PDGFRα (green); and PDGFRβ (green).
- **J.** Quantification of FAP⁺, α -SMA⁺, DESMIN⁺, PDGFR α^+ and PDGFR β^+ signals (n = 6 random fields per group).
- K. Representative micrographs of immunohistochemical staining of lung metastatic lesions of PDAC tumor in C57BL/6 wild type mice that received PDAC tumor cell alone implantation, PDAC tumor cell plus Bmal1^{+/+} CAF co-injection and PDAC tumor cell plus Bmal1^{-/-} CAF co-injection with fibroblast markers: FAP (green); α-SMA (green); DESMIN (red) plus ENDOMUCIN (green); PDGFRα (green); and PDGFRβ (green).c
- **L.** Quantification of FAP⁺, α -SMA⁺, DESMIN⁺, PDGFR α^+ and PDGFR β^+ signals (n = 6 random fields per group).
- M. Representative micrographs of immunohistochemical staining of liver metastatic lesions of PDAC tumor in C57BL/6 wild type mice that received PDAC tumor cell alone implantation, PDAC tumor cell plus Bmal1^{+/+} CAF co-injection and PDAC tumor cell plus Bmal1^{-/-} CAF co-injection with fibroblast markers: FAP (green); α-SMA (green); DESMIN (red); PDGFRα (green); and PDGFRβ (green). Representative micrographs of immunohistochemical staining of lung metastatic lesions of
- **N.** Quantification of FAP⁺, α -SMA⁺, DESMIN⁺, PDGFR α^+ and PDGFR β^+ signals (n = 6 random fields per group).

Data presented as mean determinants from random fields \pm s.e.m. *P < 0.05; **P < 0.01; ***P < 0.001, ns = not significant; two-tailed student t-test and one-way ANOVA. Scale bar = 50 μ m. meta = metastasis, TC = tumor cell



Supplemental Figure 8. Bmal1-/- CAFs promotes cancer metastasis in zebrafish.

- A. Representative micrographs of zebrafish receiving co-implantation of GFP⁺ CRC cancer cells (green) plus DiI-labeled Bmal1^{+/+} CRC-isolated CAFs (red) in the perivitelline space of each zebrafish embryo. At 48 h post-implantation, cancer metastasis was analyzed. White arrows indicate green or red cell clusters; yellow arrows point CAF-CRC (red merged green) cell clusters. Dashed lines encircle the amplified area of the trunk region (scale bars: 100 μm).
- **B.** Representative micrographs of zebrafish receiving co-implantation of GFP⁺ CRC cancer cells (green) plus DiI-labeled Bmal1^{-/-} CRC-isolated CAFs (red) in the perivitelline space of each

zebrafish embryo. At 48 h post implantation, cancer metastasis in was analyzed. White arrows indicate green or red cell clusters; yellow arrows point CAF-CRC (red merged green) cell clusters. Dashed lines encircle the amplified area of the trunk region (scale bars: 100 μm).

- C. Representative micrographs of zebrafish receiving implantation of CRC cancer cells (green) in the perivitelline space of each zebrafish embryo. At 48 h post-implantation, cancer metastasis in was analyzed. White arrows indicate metastatic cancer cells. Dashed lines encircle the amplified area of the trunk region (scale bars: 100 μm; in amplified fields, 50 μm).
- D. Representative micrographs of zebrafish receiving implantation of DiI-labeled Bmal1^{+/+} CAFs (red) in the perivitelline space of each zebrafish embryo. At 48 h post-implantation, cell metastasis in was analyzed. White arrows indicate metastatic CRC-isolated CAF cells. Dashed lines encircle the amplified area of the trunk region (scale bars: 100 μm).
- **E.** Representative micrographs of zebrafish receiving implantation of DiI-labeled Bmal1^{-/-} CRCisolated CAFs (red) in the perivitelline space of each zebrafish embryo. At 48 h postimplantation, cancer metastasis was analyzed. White arrows indicate metastatic CRC-isolated CAF cells. Dashed lines encircle the amplified area of the trunk region (scale bars: 100 μm).
- **F.** Quantification of metastatic cells in the trunk and tail regions at 48 h post-implantation (n = 8 zebrafish embryos per group).
- G. Representative micrographs of zebrafish receiving co-implantation of GFP⁺ PDAC cancer cells (green) plus DiI-labeled Bmal1^{+/+} PDAC-isolated CAFs (red) in the perivitelline space of each zebrafish embryo. At 48 h post-implantation, cancer metastasis in was analyzed. White arrows indicate green or red cell clusters; yellow arrows point CAF-PDAC (red

merged green) cell clusters. Dashed lines encircle the amplified area of the trunk region (scale bars: $100 \ \mu m$).

- H. Representative micrographs of zebrafish receiving co-implantation of GFP⁺ PDAC cancer cells (green) plus DiI-labeled Bmal1^{-/-} PDAC-isolated CAFs (red) in the perivitelline space of each zebrafish embryo. At 48 h post implantation, cancer metastasis in was analyzed. White arrows indicate green or red cell clusters; yellow arrows point CAF-PDAC (red merged green) cell clusters. Dashed lines encircle the amplified area of the trunk region (scale bars: 100 μm).
- I. Representative micrographs of zebrafish receiving implantation of PDAC cancer cells (green) in the perivitelline space of each zebrafish embryo. At 48 h post-implantation, cancer metastasis in was analyzed. White arrows indicate metastatic cancer cells. Dashed lines encircle the amplified area of the trunk region (scale bars: 100 μm).
- J. Representative micrographs of zebrafish receiving implantation of DiI-labeled Bmal1^{+/+} PDAC-isolated CAFs (red) in the perivitelline space of each zebrafish embryo. At 48 h postimplantation, cancer metastasis in was analyzed. White arrows indicate metastatic PDACisolated CAF cells. Dashed lines encircle the amplified area of the trunk region (scale bars: 100 μm).
- K. Representative micrographs of zebrafish receiving implantation of DiI-labeled Bmal1^{-/-} PDAC-isolated CAFs (red) in the perivitelline space of each zebrafish embryo. At 48 h postimplantation, cancer metastasis in was analyzed. White arrows indicate metastatic PDACisolated CAF cells. Dashed lines encircle the amplified area of the trunk region (scale bars: 100 μm).

L. Quantification of metastatic cells in the trunk and tail regions at 48 h post-implantation (n = 8 zebrafish embryos per group).

Data presented as mean \pm s.e.m. **P* < 0.05; ***P* < 0.01; ****P* < 0.001, ns = not significant; oneway ANOVA. Scale bar = 50 µm; TC = tumor cell.

Table S1. Primer sequences

Gene	Forward primer sequence	Reverse primer sequence
Actin	5'-AGGCCCAGAGCAAGAGAGG-3'	5'- AGGGTTGCACTAAACATGTCAG-3'
Serpine l	5'- GACACCCTCAGCATGTTCATC-3'	5'-GCCGTGTTAAGGAATCTGCTG-3'
Fap	5'- CACCTGATCGGCAATTTGTG-3'	5'-CCCATTCTGAAGGTCGTAGATGT-3'
Acta2	5'- ATTGTGCTGGACTCTGGAGATGGT-3'	5'- TGATGTCACGGACAATCTCACGCT-3'
Des	5'- CCTGGAGCGCAGAATCGAAT-3'	5'- TGAGTCAAGTCTGAAACCTTGGA -3'
Pdgfra	5'- TGGCATGATGGTCGATTCTA-3'	5'- CGCTGAGGTGGTAGAAGGAG -3'
Pdgfrb	5'- TCAACGACTCACCAGTGCTC -3'	5'- TTCAGAGGCAGGAAGGTGCT -3'