Supplementary information

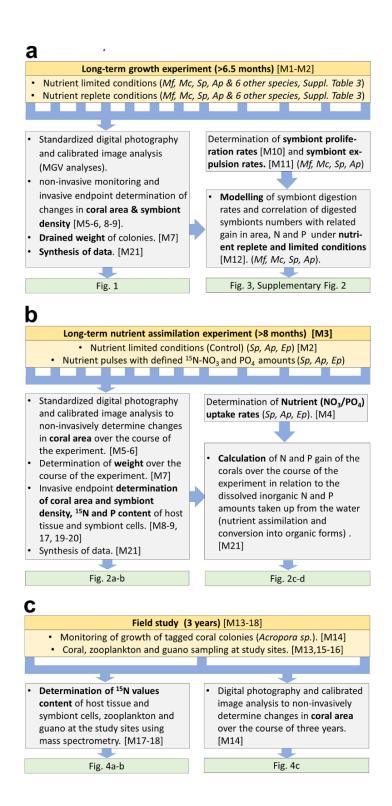
Reef-building corals farm and feed on their photosynthetic symbionts

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Reef-building corals farm and feed on their photosynthetic symbionts

Jörg Wiedenmann, Cecilia D'Angelo, M. Loreto Mardones, Shona Moore, Cassandra E. Benkwitt, Nicholas A.J. Graham, Bastian Hambach, Paul A. Wilson, James Vanstone; Gal Eyal, Or Ben-Zvi, Yossi Loya, Amatzia Genin

Supplementary Information



Supplementary Figure 1: Overview of experiments and associated methods. (a) Long-term experiment to determine the growth of corals under replete and limited concentrations of dissolved inorganic N and P in the absence of particulate organic food. (b) Long-term experiment to quantify the uptake and partitioning of 15N-nitrate and phosphate and incorporation as organic N and P in host and symbiont cells in the absence of particulate organic food. (d) Field study to analyse growth and 15N isotopic values and potential nitrogen sources (guano, zooplankton) in corals close to islands with dense seabird colonies and with low seabird numbers. *Mf, Montipora foliosa; Mc, Montipora capricornis; Sp, Stylophora pistillata; Ap, Acropora polystoma; Ep, Euphyllia paradivisa.* Method [M] Numbers in brackets refer to relevant paragraphs in the method section.

Supplementary Table 1: Experimental corals and their symbionts

Experimental coral species	Symbiont species associated with experimental coral (ITS2 sequence) (a)	Growth morphology	Global distribution of coral species (c)
Acropora polystoma	Cladocopium sp. (C3cc) (Clade C)	Branching	 46.7% of global ecoregions 52.6% of ecoregions in the IndoPacific realm Red Sea
Montipora capricornis	Cladocopium sp. (C26a) (Clade C)	Foliose	26% of global ecoregions29.3% of ecoregions in the IndoPacific realm
Montipora foliosa	Cladocopium sp. (C15) (Clade C)	Foliose	 58% of global ecoregions 65.4% of ecoregions in the IndoPacific realm Red Sea
Porites lichen	Cladocopium sp. (C96) (Clade C)	Encrusting	 68.7% of global ecoregions 77.4% of ecoregions in the IndoPacific realm Red Sea & Persian/Arabian Gulf Eastern Pacific
Seriatopora hystrix	Durusdinium trenchii / glynnii (Clade D)	Branching	 58% of global ecoregions 65.4% of ecoregions in the IndoPacific realm Red Sea
Stylophora pistillata	Symbiodinium microadriaticum (Clade A)	Branching	 68.7% of global ecoregions 77.4% of ecoregions in the IndoPacific realm Red Sea & Persian/Arabian Gulf
Turbinaria reniformis	Cladocopium sp. (C21) Cladocopium sp. (C3) (Clade C)	Foliose	 67.3% of global ecoregions 75.9% of ecoregions in the IndoPacific realm Red Sea & Persian/Arabian Gulf
Euphyllia paradivisa	Cladocopium sp. (C1) (Clade C) ^(b)	Phaceloid	 Central Indopacific (d) Red Sea (e)
Pavona cactus	n.d.	Contorted fronds	 60% of global ecoregions 67.7% of ecoregions in the IndoPacific realm
Hydnophora grandis	n.d.	Encrusting or subarborescent.	Central Indopacific ^(d)
Pocillopora damicornis	n.d.	Branching	 85.3% of global ecoregions 96.2% of ecoregions in the IndoPacific realm Red Sea & Persian/Arabian Gulf Eastern Pacific
Lobophytum crassum	n.d.	Leather (soft) coral	 Australia, India, Japan, Madagascar, Red Sea, Seychelles, South Africa, Tanzania^(d)

⁽a) From 66

⁽b) From 44

 $^{{}^{(}c)}\ From\ ``Corals\ of\ the\ World-online''\ (http://www.coralsoftheworld.org/page/home/)\ unless\ indicated\ otherwise$

⁽d) "World Register of Marine Species - online" (https://www.marinespecies.org/index.php)

⁽e) From 67