

APPENDIX A: ALABAMA Infections for which an antibiotic prescription would be considered a primary event, and subsequently assessed for primary trial outcome.
Acute sore throat, pharyngitis, tonsillitis
Oral infection
Parotitis, salivary gland infection
Community acquired pneumonia
Chest infections i.e. 'acute bronchitis' or 'lower respiratory infection' or unspecified
Acute otitis media
Acute bacterial rhinosinusitis
Infective COPD exacerbation: amoxicillin or doxycycline first line unless patient at higher risk of treatment failure then co-amoxiclav; empirical treatment or guided by most recent sputum culture and susceptibilities
acute exacerbation of bronchiectasis
Skin and soft tissue infection (cellulitis, surgical wound infection, infected ulcer/pressure sore, erysipelas, boil, furuncle, impetigo etc)
Diverticulitis
Dental Abscesses