



Subsequent female breast cancer risk associated with anthracycline chemotherapy for childhood cancer

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Supplementary Table 1 | Demographic and treatment characteristics of 17,903 female five-year childhood cancer survivors (primary cancer diagnosis year 1946-2012) overall and by subsequent breast cancer status

	Total (n = 17,903) No. (%)	Subsequent breast cancer^a (n = 782) No. (%)	No subsequent breast cancer (n = 17,121) No. (%)
Primary childhood cancer^b			
Leukemia	4,574 (25.5)	81 (10.4)	4,493 (26.2)
Non-Hodgkin lymphoma	1,097 (6.1)	37 (4.7)	1,060 (6.2)
Hodgkin lymphoma	2,101 (11.7)	405 (51.8)	1,696 (9.9)
Central nervous system tumor	2,946 (16.5)	14 (1.8)	2,932 (17.1)
Neuroblastoma	1,657 (9.3)	15 (1.9)	1,642 (9.6)
Retinoblastoma	426 (2.4)	2 (0.3)	424 (2.5)
Renal tumor	1,372 (7.7)	45 (5.8)	1,327 (7.8)
Bone tumor	1,459 (8.1)	106 (13.6)	1,353 (7.9)
Soft tissue tumor	1,405 (7.8)	55 (7.0)	1,350 (7.9)
Germ cell tumor	440 (2.5)	9 (1.2)	431 (2.5)
Other malignant epithelial	297 (1.7)	11 (1.4)	286 (1.7)
Other ^c	129 (0.7)	2 (0.2)	127 (0.8)
Cumulative doxorubicin dose, mg/m²			
0	11,170 (62.4)	431 (55.1)	10,739 (62.7)
<100	912 (5.1)	16 (2.0)	896 (5.2)
100-199	1,795 (10.0)	69 (8.8)	1,726 (10.1)
200-299	1,026 (5.7)	67 (8.6)	959 (5.6)
300-399	1,012 (5.7)	64 (8.2)	948 (5.5)
≥400	779 (4.4)	58 (7.4)	721 (4.2)
Unknown ^d	1,209 (6.8)	77 (9.8)	1,132 (6.6)
Cumulative daunorubicin dose, mg/m²			
0	14,630 (81.7)	684 (87.5)	13,946 (81.5)
<100	623 (3.5)	7 (0.9)	616 (3.6)
100-199	953 (5.3)	16 (2.0)	937 (5.5)
≥200	645 (3.6)	17 (2.2)	628 (3.7)
Unknown ^e	1,052 (5.9)	58 (7.4)	994 (5.8)
Epirubicin			
No	16,637 (92.9)	717 (91.7)	15,920 (93.0)
Yes	325 (1.8)	9 (1.2)	316 (1.8)
Unknown	941 (5.3)	56 (7.2)	885 (5.2)
Idarubicin			
No	16,843 (94.1)	725 (92.7)	16,118 (94.1)
Yes	107 (0.6)	1 (0.1)	106 (0.6)
Unknown	953 (5.3)	56 (7.2)	897 (5.2)
CED^f			
0	7,951 (44.4)	301 (38.5)	7,650 (44.7)
<6000	3,069 (17.1)	94 (12.0)	2,975 (17.4)
6000-17999	3,899 (21.8)	192 (24.6)	3,707 (21.7)
≥18000	1,117 (6.2)	47 (6.0)	1,070 (6.2)
Unknown	1,867 (10.4)	148 (18.9)	1,719 (10.0)

Supplementary Table 1 | Demographic and treatment characteristics of 17,903 female five-year childhood cancer survivors (primary cancer diagnosis year 1946-2012) overall and by subsequent breast cancer status

	Total (n = 17,903)	Subsequent breast cancer^a (n = 782)	No subsequent breast cancer (n = 17,121)
	No. (%)	No. (%)	No. (%)
Epipodophyllotoxins			
No	13,434 (75.0)	611 (78.1)	12,823 (74.9)
Yes	3,346 (18.7)	78 (10.0)	3,268 (19.1)
Unknown	1,123 (6.3)	93 (11.9)	1,030 (6.0)
Vinca Alkaloids			
No	6,194 (34.6)	269 (34.4)	5,925 (34.6)
Yes	10,586 (59.1)	420 (53.7)	10,166 (59.4)
Unknown	1,123 (6.3)	93 (11.9)	1,030 (6.0)
Platinum Compounds			
No	14,219 (79.4)	642 (82.1)	13,577 (79.3)
Yes	2,561 (14.3)	47 (6.0)	2,514 (14.7)
Unknown	1,123 (6.3)	93 (11.9)	1,030 (6.0)
Antimetabolites			
No	10,376 (58.0)	504 (64.5)	9,872 (57.7)
Yes	6,404 (35.8)	185 (23.7)	6,219 (36.3)
Unknown	1,123 (6.3)	93 (11.9)	1,030 (6.0)
Chest radiotherapy fields and doses^e			
No chest radiotherapy	13,004 (72.6)	250 (32.0)	12,754 (74.5)
High-dose mantle (≥ 36 Gy) median 40 Gy, IQR 39-44 Gy ^h	698 (3.9)	238 (30.4)	460 (2.7)
Low-dose mantle (< 36 Gy) median 26 Gy, IQR 21-30 Gy ^h	524 (2.9)	93 (11.9)	431 (2.5)
Mediastinal median 26 Gy, IQR 21-36 Gy ^h	469 (2.6)	33 (4.2)	436 (2.5)
TBI median 12 Gy, IQR 11-13 Gy ^h	371 (2.1)	22 (2.8)	349 (2.0)
Whole lung median 16 Gy, IQR 12-23 Gy ^h	184 (1.0)	23 (2.9)	161 (0.9)
Other median 28 Gy, IQR 21-36 Gy ^h	1,316 (7.4)	63 (8.1)	1,253 (7.3)
Unknown	1,337 (7.5)	60 (7.7)	1,277 (7.5)
Pelvic radiotherapy doseⁱ			
No pelvic radiotherapy	13,727 (76.7)	505 (64.6)	13,222 (77.2)
<10 Gy	142 (0.8)	6 (0.8)	136 (0.8)
10-19 Gy	594 (3.3)	24 (3.1)	570 (3.3)
20-29 Gy	719 (4.0)	38 (4.9)	681 (4.0)
30-39 Gy	767 (4.3)	82 (10.5)	685 (4.0)
≥ 40 Gy	713 (4.0)	72 (9.2)	641 (3.7)
Unknown	1,241 (6.9)	55 (7.0)	1,186 (6.9)
Age at diagnosis of primary cancer, yrs			
<5	7,376 (41.2)	66 (8.4)	7,310 (42.7)
5-9	3,788 (21.2)	65 (8.3)	3,723 (21.7)
10-14	3,930 (22.0)	273 (34.9)	3,657 (21.4)
15-21	2,809 (15.7)	378 (48.3)	2,431 (14.2)
Treatment subgroups^j			
Anthracycline ^k & Chest radiotherapy	1,634 (9.1)	163 (20.8)	1,471 (8.6)
Anthracycline & No Chest radiotherapy	5,714 (31.9)	156 (19.9)	5,558 (32.5)

Supplementary Table 1 | Demographic and treatment characteristics of 17,903 female five-year childhood cancer survivors (primary cancer diagnosis year 1946-2012) overall and by subsequent breast cancer status

	Total (n = 17,903)	Subsequent breast cancer^a (n = 782)	No subsequent breast cancer (n = 17,121)
	No. (%)	No. (%)	No. (%)
No Anthracycline & Chest radiotherapy	1,962 (11.0)	294 (37.6)	1,668 (9.7)
No Anthracycline & No Chest radiotherapy	7,096 (39.6)	83 (10.6)	7,013 (41.0)
Unknown	1,497 (8.4)	86 (11.0)	1,411 (8.2)
Period of primary cancer diagnosis			
<1960	60 (0.3)	9 (1.2)	51 (0.3)
1960-1969	384 (2.1)	34 (4.3)	350 (2.0)
1970-1979	4,081 (22.8)	343 (43.9)	3,738 (21.8)
1980-1989	6,121 (34.2)	283 (36.2)	5,838 (34.1)
1990-1999	6,134 (34.3)	107 (13.7)	6,027 (35.2)
2000-2012	1,123 (6.3)	6 (0.8)	1,117 (6.5)
Time since five-year of primary cancer diagnosis, yrs			
<10	2,448 (13.7)	64 (8.2)	2,384 (13.9)
10-19	6,504 (36.3)	310 (39.6)	6,194 (36.2)
20-29	5,332 (29.8)	315 (40.3)	5,017 (29.3)
≥30	3,619 (20.2)	93 (11.9)	3,526 (20.6)
Attained age, yrs			
<20	1,870 (10.4)	3 (0.4)	1,867 (10.9)
20-29	4,882 (27.3)	76 (9.7)	4,806 (28.1)
30-39	5,847 (32.7)	322 (41.2)	5,525 (32.3)
≥40	5,304 (29.6)	381 (48.7)	4,923 (28.8)
Vital status			
Alive at last contact	15,278 (85.3)	549 (70.2)	14,729 (86.0)
Deceased at last contact	2,625 (14.7)	233 (29.8)	2,392 (14.0)

CED = Cyclophosphamide Equivalent Dose; Gy = Gray; IQR = Interquartile range; No. = number; TBI = Total Body Irradiation; yr = year

^aIncluded both invasive and ductal carcinoma in situ breast cancer.

^bBecause of eligibility criteria of the cohort, the composition of primary cancer diagnosis groups in our pooled data may differ from the composition in underlying populations of childhood cancer survivors.

^cIncluded the ICCC-3 classification groups “Hepatic Tumor” (0 case/61 survivors), “Other and Unspecified” (1 case/38 survivors), and “Unclassified” (1 case/30 survivors).

^dThe Unknown category under the variable “Doxorubicin dose” included both survivor groups with any doxorubicin (yes/no) unknown (56 cases/941 survivors) and with doxorubicin treatment but dose information unknown (21 cases/268 survivors).

^eThe Unknown category under the variable “Daunorubicin dose” included both survivor groups with any daunorubicin (yes/no) unknown (56 cases/953 survivors) and with daunorubicin treatment but dose information unknown (2 cases/99 survivors).

^fCyclophosphamide Equivalent Dose calculation: $CED (mg/m^2) = 1.0 (cumulative\ cyclophosphamide\ dose\ (mg/m^2)) + 0.244 (cumulative\ ifosfamide\ dose\ (mg/m^2)) + 0.857 (cumulative\ procarbazine\ dose\ (mg/m^2)) + 14.286 (cumulative\ chlorambucil\ dose\ (mg/m^2)) + 15.0 (cumulative\ BCNU\ (carmustine)\ dose\ (mg/m^2)) + 16.0 (cumulative\ CCNU\ (lomustine)\ dose\ (mg/m^2)) + 40 (cumulative\ melphalan\ dose\ (mg/m^2)) + 50 (cumulative\ Thio-TEPA\ (thiotepa)\ dose\ (mg/m^2)) + 100 (cumulative\ nitrogen\ mustard\ dose\ (mg/m^2)) + 8.823 (cumulative\ busulfan\ dose\ (mg/m^2))$.

^gIncluded radiotherapy fields exposing (parts of) the chest. Radiation dose referred to the cumulative prescribed dose (including boost doses, if applicable), or slight variations, depending on definitions in the underlying cohorts (see Wang et al. 2022). Chest radiotherapy was categorized as the combination of chest radiation fields with the associated maximum chest radiotherapy dose below or above the median. The variable was classified as follows: high-dose mantle (median 40 Gy, IQR 39-44 Gy), low-dose mantle (median 26 Gy, IQR 21-30 Gy), mediastinal (median 26 Gy, IQR 21-36 Gy), TBI (median 12 Gy, IQR 11-13 Gy), whole lung (median 16 Gy, IQR 12-23 Gy), other (median 28 Gy, IQR 21-36 Gy), and unknown.

^hDose represents the maximum cumulative prescribed chest dose (including boost doses, if applicable) of survivors classified in this group. This could include doses to chest field other than this category.

ⁱIncluded radiotherapy fields exposing (parts of) the pelvis (including TBI). Radiation dose referred to the cumulative prescribed dose (including boost doses, if applicable), or slight variations, depending on definitions in the underlying cohorts (see Wang et al. 2022). The Unknown category under the variable “Pelvic radiotherapy dose” included both survivor groups with any pelvic radiotherapy (yes/no) unknown (54 cases/1,212 survivors) and with pelvic radiotherapy treatment but dose information unknown (1 cases/29 survivors).

^jTreatment subgroup variable set to unknown if either of the treatment categories was unknown.

^kAnthracyclines included doxorubicin, daunorubicin, epirubicin, and idarubicin.

Supplementary Table 2 | Demographic and treatment characteristics of 17,903 female five-year childhood cancer survivors (primary cancer diagnosis year 1946-2012) overall and by subsequent breast cancer status (row percentage)

	Total (n = 17,903) No.	Subsequent breast cancer ^a (n = 782) No. (%)	No subsequent breast cancer (n = 17,121) No. (%)
Primary childhood cancer^b			
Leukemia	4,574	81 (1.8)	4,493 (98.2)
Non-Hodgkin lymphoma	1,097	37 (3.4)	1,060 (96.6)
Hodgkin lymphoma	2,101	405 (19.3)	1,696 (80.7)
Central nervous system tumor	2,946	14 (0.5)	2,932 (99.5)
Neuroblastoma	1,657	15 (0.9)	1,642 (99.1)
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0	11,170	431 (3.9)	10,739 (96.1)
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Yes	3,346	78 (2.3)	3,268 (97.7)
Unknown	1,123	93 (8.3)	1,030 (91.7)
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Pelvic radiotherapy doseⁱ			
No pelvic radiotherapy	13,727	505 (3.7)	13,222 (96.3)
<10 Gy	142	6 (4.2)	136 (95.8)
10-19 Gy	594	24 (4.0)	570 (96.0)
20-29 Gy	719	38 (5.3)	681 (94.7)
30-39 Gy	767	82 (10.7)	685 (89.3)
≥ 40 Gy	713	72 (10.1)	641 (89.9)
Unknown	1,241	55 (4.4)	1,186 (95.6)
Age at diagnosis of primary cancer, yrs			
<5	7,376	66 (0.9)	7,310 (99.1)
5-9	3,788	65 (1.7)	3,723 (98.3)
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≥40	5,304	381 (7.2)	4,923 (92.8)
Vital status			
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Deceased at last contact	2,625	233 (8.9)	2,392 (91.1)

CED = Cyclophosphamide Equivalent Dose; Gy = Gray; IQR = Interquartile range; No. = number; TBI = Total Body Irradiation; yr = year

^aIncluded both invasive and ductal carcinoma in situ breast cancer.

^bBecause of eligibility criteria of the cohort, the composition of primary cancer diagnosis groups in our pooled data may differ from the composition in underlying populations of childhood cancer survivors.

^cIncluded the ICCC-3 classification groups “Hepatic Tumor” (0 case/61 survivors), “Other and Unspecified” (1 case/38 survivors), and “Unclassified” (1 case/30 survivors).

^dThe Unknown category under the variable “Doxorubicin dose” included both survivor groups with any doxorubicin (yes/no) unknown (56 cases/941 survivors) and with doxorubicin treatment but dose information unknown (21 cases/268 survivors).

^eThe Unknown category under the variable “Daunorubicin dose” included both survivor groups with any daunorubicin (yes/no) unknown (56 cases/953 survivors) and with daunorubicin treatment but dose information unknown (2 cases/99 survivors).

^fCyclophosphamide Equivalent Dose calculation: $CED (mg/m^2) = 1.0 (cumulative\ cyclophosphamide\ dose\ (mg/m^2)) + 0.244 (cumulative\ ifosfamide\ dose\ (mg/m^2)) + 0.857 (cumulative\ procarbazine\ dose\ (mg/m^2)) + 14.286 (cumulative\ chlorambucil\ dose\ (mg/m^2)) + 15.0 (cumulative\ BCNU\ (carmustine)\ dose\ (mg/m^2)) + 16.0 (cumulative\ CCNU\ (lomustine)\ dose\ (mg/m^2)) + 40 (cumulative\ melphalan\ dose\ (mg/m^2)) + 50 (cumulative\ Thio-TEPA\ (thiotepa)\ dose\ (mg/m^2)) + 100 (cumulative\ nitrogen\ mustard\ dose\ (mg/m^2)) + 8.823 (cumulative\ busulfan\ dose\ (mg/m^2))$.

^gIncluded radiotherapy fields exposing (parts of) the chest. Radiation dose referred to the cumulative prescribed dose (including boost doses, if applicable), or slight variations, depending on definitions in the underlying cohorts (see Wang et al. 2022). Chest radiotherapy was categorized as the combination of chest radiation fields with the associated maximum chest radiotherapy dose below or above the median. The variable was classified as follows: high-dose mantle (median 40 Gy, IQR 39-44 Gy), low-dose mantle (median 26 Gy, IQR 21-30 Gy), mediastinal (median 26 Gy, IQR 21-36 Gy), TBI (median 12 Gy, IQR 11-13 Gy), whole lung (median 16 Gy, IQR 12-23 Gy), other (median 28 Gy, IQR 21-36 Gy), and unknown.

^hDose represents the maximum cumulative prescribed chest dose (including boost doses, if applicable) of survivors classified in this group. This could include doses to chest field other than this category.

ⁱIncluded radiotherapy fields exposing (parts of) the pelvis (including TBI). Radiation dose referred to the cumulative prescribed dose (including boost doses, if applicable), or slight variations, depending on definitions in the underlying cohorts (see Wang et al. 2022). The Unknown category under the variable “Pelvic radiotherapy dose” included both survivor groups with any pelvic radiotherapy (yes/no) unknown (54 cases/1,212 survivors) and with pelvic radiotherapy treatment but dose information unknown (1 cases/29 survivors).

^jTreatment subgroup variable set to unknown if either of the treatment categories was unknown.

^kAnthracyclines included doxorubicin, daunorubicin, epirubicin, and idarubicin.

Supplementary Table 3 | Demographic and treatment characteristics of female five-year childhood cancer survivors by cohort

	CCSS (n = 9,671)	SJLIFE (n = 2,236)	DCCSS-LATER (n = 2,237)	FCCSS (n = 3,415)	DHL (n = 265)	SCCSS (n = 79)	Total (N = 17,903)
Primary childhood cancer type							
Leukemia	2,987 (30.9%)	802 (35.9%)	770 (34.4%)	-	-	15 (19.0%)	4,574 (25.5%)
Non-Hodgkin lymphoma	586 (6.1%)	115 (5.1%)	157 (7.0%)	235 (6.9%)	-	4 (5.1%)	1,097 (6.1%)
Hodgkin lymphoma	1,276 (13.2%)	227 (10.2%)	125 (5.6%)	189 (5.5%)	265 (100%)	19 (24.1%)	2,101 (11.7%)
Central nervous system tumor	1,841 (19.0%)	287 (12.8%)	312 (13.9%)	498 (14.6%)	-	8 (10.1%)	2,946 (16.5%)
Neuroblastoma	901 (9.3%)	101 (4.5%)	145 (6.5%)	505 (14.8%)	-	5 (6.3%)	1,657 (9.3%)
Retinoblastoma	-	119 (5.3%)	14 (0.6%)	293 (8.6%)	-	-	426 (2.4%)
Renal tumor	389 (4.0%)	170 (7.6%)	250 (11.2%)	558 (16.3%)	-	5 (6.3%)	1,372 (7.7%)
Bone tumor	884 (9.1%)	133 (5.9%)	141 (6.3%)	295 (8.6%)	-	6 (7.6%)	1,459 (8.1%)
Soft tissue tumor	763 (7.9%)	127 (5.7%)	151 (6.8%)	361 (10.6%)	-	3 (3.8%)	1,405 (7.8%)
Germ cell tumor	20 (0.2%)	68 (3.0%)	101 (4.5%)	249 (7.3%)	-	2 (2.5%)	440 (2.5%)
Other malignant epithelial	-	49 (2.2%)	50 (2.2%)	187 (5.5%)	-	11 (13.9%)	297 (1.7%)
Other ^a	24 (0.2%)	38 (1.7%)	21 (0.9%)	45 (1.3%)	-	1 (1.3%)	129 (0.7%)
Age at primary childhood cancer diagnosis (yr)							
Median [IQR]	7.5 [3.1, 13.7]	6.2 [2.7, 12.6]	5.4 [2.7, 10.7]	5.2 [1.7, 11.4]	18.3 [16.6, 19.7]	14.2 [6.0, 17.3]	6.7 [2.8, 13.0]
Age at primary childhood cancer diagnosis (yr) category							
<5	3,666 (37.9%)	973 (43.5%)	1,049 (46.9%)	1,671 (48.9%)	-	17 (21.5%)	7,376 (41.2%)
5-9	2,027 (21.0%)	468 (20.9%)	569 (25.4%)	707 (20.7%)	7 (2.6%)	10 (12.7%)	3,788 (21.2%)
10-14	2,204 (22.8%)	472 (21.1%)	471 (21.1%)	744 (21.8%)	21 (7.9%)	18 (22.8%)	3,930 (22.0%)
15-21	1,774 (18.3%)	323 (14.4%)	148 (6.6%)	293 (8.6%)	237 (89.4%)	34 (43.0%)	2,809 (15.7%)
Period of childhood cancer diagnosis, range							
Median [IQR]	1985 [1979, 1992]	1994 [1984, 2002]	1989 [1981, 1996]	1986 [1978, 1994]	1982 [1974, 1991]	1990 [1984, 1999]	1986 [1979, 1994]
Period of childhood cancer diagnosis category							
<1960	-	-	-	60 (1.8%)	-	-	60 (0.3%)
1960-1969	-	42 (1.9%)	49 (2.2%)	264 (7.7%)	29 (10.9%)	-	384 (2.1%)
1970-1979	2,639 (27.3%)	274 (12.3%)	386 (17.3%)	693 (20.3%)	81 (30.6%)	8 (10.1%)	4,081 (22.8%)
1980-1989	3,737 (38.6%)	535 (23.9%)	711 (31.8%)	1,035 (30.3%)	76 (28.7%)	27 (34.2%)	6,121 (34.2%)
1990-1999	3,295 (34.1%)	633 (28.3%)	871 (38.9%)	1,233 (36.1%)	76 (28.7%)	26 (32.9%)	6,134 (34.3%)
2000-2012	-	752 (33.6%)	220 (9.8%)	130 (3.8%)	3 (1.1%)	18 (22.8%)	1,123 (6.3%)
Duration of follow-up since 5-yr survival and the end of follow-up^b (yr)							
Median [IQR]	20.2 [14.7, 28.0]	18.0 [10.3, 27.5]	16.8 [10.8, 25.0]	23.2 [16.3, 31.8]	17.6 [12.3, 25.7]	11.0 [6.7, 18.7]	19.9 [14.1, 28.2]
Duration of follow-up since 5-yr survival and the end of follow-up^b (yr) category							
<10	1,096 (11.3%)	543 (24.3%)	482 (21.5%)	251 (7.4%)	40 (15.1%)	36 (45.6%)	2,448 (13.7%)
10-19	3,672 (38.0%)	703 (31.4%)	859 (38.4%)	1,130 (33.1%)	116 (43.8%)	24 (30.4%)	6,504 (36.3%)
20-29	3,012 (31.1%)	570 (25.5%)	645 (28.8%)	1,018 (29.8%)	69 (26.0%)	18 (22.8%)	5,332 (29.8%)
≥30	1,891 (19.6%)	420 (18.8%)	251 (11.2%)	1,016 (29.8%)	40 (15.1%)	1 (1.3%)	3,619 (20.2%)
Attained age at last follow-up^b (yr)							

Supplementary Table 3 | Demographic and treatment characteristics of female five-year childhood cancer survivors by cohort

Median [IQR]	34.4 [26.7, 42.0]	31.8 [23.7, 39.9]	29.3 [22.1, 36.9]	35.8 [27.3, 44.0]	40.9 [35.5, 48.8]	28.6 [24.3, 37.6]	33.7 [25.9, 41.6]
Attained age at last follow-up^b age (yr) category							
<20	838 (8.7%)	380 (17.0%)	395 (17.7%)	242 (7.1%)	1 (0.4%)	14 (17.7%)	1,870 (10.4%)
20-29	2,552 (26.4%)	614 (27.5%)	798 (35.7%)	862 (25.2%)	26 (9.8%)	30 (38.0%)	4,882 (27.3%)
30-39	3,314 (34.3%)	688 (30.8%)	666 (29.8%)	1,068 (31.3%)	93 (35.1%)	18 (22.8%)	5,847 (32.7%)
≥40	2,967 (30.7%)	554 (24.8%)	378 (16.9%)	1,243 (36.4%)	145 (54.7%)	17 (21.5%)	5,304 (29.6%)
SBC^c							
No	9,219 (95.3%)	2,159 (96.6%)	2,196 (98.2%)	3,288 (96.3%)	200 (75.5%)	59 (74.7%)	17,121 (95.6%)
Yes	452 (4.7%)	77 (3.4%)	41 (1.8%)	127 (3.7%)	65 (24.5%)	20 (25.3%)	782 (4.4%)
First SBC type							
Invasive	344 (3.6%)	54 (2.4%)	36 (1.6%)	111 (3.3%)	51 (19.2%)	20 (25.3%)	616 (3.4%)
DCIS	108 (1.1%)	23 (1.0%)	5 (0.2%)	16 (0.5%)	14 (5.3%)	-	166 (0.9%)
Vital status							
Alive at last contact	8,174 (84.5%)	2,171 (97.1%)	1,928 (86.2%)	2,759 (80.8%)	178 (67.2%)	68 (86.1%)	15,278 (85.3%)
Deceased at last contact	1,497 (15.5%)	65 (2.9%)	309 (13.8%)	656 (19.2%)	87 (32.8%)	11 (13.9%)	2,625 (14.7%)
Radiotherapy exposure to the chest							
No	6,607 (68.3%)	1,706 (76.3%)	1,892 (84.6%)	2,728 (79.9%)	22 (8.3%)	49 (62.0%)	13,004 (72.6%)
Yes	2,098 (21.7%)	506 (22.6%)	341 (15.2%)	482 (14.1%)	243 (91.7%)	23 (29.1%)	3,693 (20.6%)
Unknown	966 (10.0%)	24 (1.1%)	4 (0.2%)	205 (6.0%)	-	7 (8.9%)	1,206 (6.7%)
Chest radiation dose (Gy)							
Median [IQR]	30.0 [20.0, 39.0]	25.3 [15.0, 33.0]	25.0 [13.8, 35.2]	27.5 [20.0, 40.0]	38.0 [35.0, 40.0]	36.0 [19.8, 40.0]	28.0 [20.0, 39.0]
Chest radiation dose (Gy) category							
No chest radiation	6,607 (68.3%)	1,706 (76.3%)	1,892 (84.6%)	2,728 (79.9%)	22 (8.3%)	49 (62.0%)	13,004 (72.6%)
<10	73 (0.8%)	5 (0.2%)	48 (2.1%)	7 (0.2%)	-	-	133 (0.7%)
10-19	403 (4.2%)	133 (5.9%)	69 (3.1%)	102 (3.0%)	2 (0.8%)	6 (7.6%)	715 (4.0%)
20-29	533 (5.5%)	210 (9.4%)	60 (2.7%)	148 (4.3%)	11 (4.2%)	2 (2.5%)	964 (5.4%)
30-39	542 (5.6%)	85 (3.8%)	82 (3.7%)	92 (2.7%)	90 (34.0%)	5 (6.3%)	896 (5.0%)
≥40	511 (5.3%)	41 (1.8%)	68 (3.0%)	133 (3.9%)	85 (32.1%)	6 (7.6%)	844 (4.7%)
Unknown	1,002 (10.4%)	56 (2.5%)	18 (0.8%)	205 (6.0%)	55 (20.8%)	11 (13.9%)	1,347 (7.5%)
Chest radiation field							
No chest radiation	6,607 (68.3%)	1,706 (76.3%)	1,892 (84.6%)	2,728 (79.9%)	22 (8.3%)	49 (62.0%)	13,004 (72.6%)
Axilla	12 (0.1%)	5 (0.2%)	15 (0.7%)	-	2 (0.8%)	-	34 (0.2%)
Mantle	723 (7.5%)	191 (8.5%)	39 (1.7%)	86 (2.5%)	192 (72.5%)	11 (13.9%)	1,242 (6.9%)
Mediastinal	227 (2.3%)	23 (1.0%)	36 (1.6%)	134 (3.9%)	45 (17.0%)	4 (5.1%)	469 (2.6%)
Spine	598 (6.2%)	131 (5.9%)	109 (4.9%)	98 (2.9%)	-	3 (3.8%)	939 (5.2%)
Total body irradiation	223 (2.3%)	67 (3.0%)	69 (3.1%)	10 (0.3%)	-	2 (2.5%)	371 (2.1%)
Whole lung	79 (0.8%)	44 (2.0%)	22 (1.0%)	37 (1.1%)	-	2 (2.5%)	184 (1.0%)
Other	177 (1.8%)	33 (1.5%)	49 (2.2%)	117 (3.4%)	-	1 (1.3%)	377 (2.1%)
Unknown	1,025 (10.6%)	36 (1.6%)	6 (0.3%)	205 (6.0%)	4 (1.5%)	7 (8.9%)	1,283 (7.2%)
Radiotherapy exposure to the pelvis							
No	7,191 (74.4%)	1,873 (83.8%)	2,129 (95.2%)	2,287 (67.0%)	179 (67.5%)	68 (86.1%)	13,727 (76.7%)
Yes	1,515 (15.7%)	337 (15.1%)	105 (4.7%)	923 (27.0%)	81 (30.6%)	3 (3.8%)	2,964 (16.6%)
Unknown	965 (10.0%)	26 (1.2%)	3 (0.1%)	205 (6.0%)	5 (1.9%)	8 (10.1%)	1,212 (6.8%)
Pelvic radiation dose (Gy)							

Supplementary Table 3 | Demographic and treatment characteristics of female five-year childhood cancer survivors by cohort

Median [IQR]	26.0 [15.0, 36.0]	23.4 [16.8, 36.0]	12.0 [7.5, 38.5]	33.0 [22.0, 43.5]	NA ^d	11.0 [10.5, 11.5]	30.0 [19.0, 39.0]
Pelvic radiation dose (Gy) category							
No pelvic radiation	7,191 (74.4%)	1,873 (83.8%)	2,129 (95.2%)	2,287 (67.0%)	179 (67.5%)	68 (86.1%)	13,727 (76.7%)
<10	66 (0.7%)	4 (0.2%)	47 (2.1%)	25 (0.7%)	-	-	142 (0.8%)
10-19	369 (3.8%)	89 (4.0%)	20 (0.9%)	114 (3.3%)	-	2 (2.5%)	594 (3.3%)
20-29	365 (3.8%)	120 (5.4%)	2 (0.1%)	232 (6.8%)	-	-	719 (4.0%)
30-39	398 (4.1%)	66 (3.0%)	6 (0.3%)	216 (6.3%)	81 (30.6%) ^e	-	767 (4.3%)
≥40	295 (3.1%)	57 (2.5%)	25 (1.1%)	336 (9.8%)	-	-	713 (4.0%)
Unknown	987 (10.2%)	27 (1.2%)	8 (0.4%)	205 (6.0%)	5 (1.9%)	9 (11.4%)	1,241 (6.9%)
Anthracyclines^f							
No	4,889 (50.6%)	955 (42.7%)	1,250 (55.9%)	2,095 (61.3%)	155 (58.5%)	36 (45.6%)	9,380 (52.4%)
Yes	3,990 (41.3%)	1,263 (56.5%)	982 (43.9%)	1,201 (35.2%)	98 (37.0%)	36 (45.6%)	7,570 (42.3%)
Unknown	792 (8.2%)	18 (0.8%)	5 (0.2%)	119 (3.5%)	12 (4.5%)	7 (8.9%)	953 (5.3%)
Doxorubicin							
No	5,729 (59.2%)	1,377 (61.6%)	1,541 (68.9%)	2,300 (67.4%)	181 (68.3%)	42 (53.2%)	11,170 (62.4%)
Yes	3,150 (32.6%)	841 (37.6%)	691 (30.9%)	996 (29.2%)	84 (31.7%)	30 (38.0%)	5,792 (32.4%)
Unknown	792 (8.2%)	18 (0.8%)	5 (0.2%)	119 (3.5%)	-	7 (8.9%)	941 (5.3%)
Cumulative doxorubicin dose (mg/m²)							
Median [IQR]	224.7 [130.4, 358.3]	177.4 [135.1, 256.2]	150.0 [65.0, 300.0]	235.7 [131.7, 346.8]	210.0 [140.0, 280.0]	200.0 [150.0, 300.0]	203.3 [120.0, 340.0]
Cumulative doxorubicin dose (mg/m²) category							
0	5,729 (59.2%)	1,377 (61.6%)	1,541 (68.9%)	2,300 (67.4%)	181 (68.3%)	42 (53.2%)	11,170 (62.4%)
<100	502 (5.2%)	121 (5.4%)	188 (8.4%)	95 (2.8%)	5 (1.9%)	1 (1.3%)	912 (5.1%)
100-199	769 (8.0%)	414 (18.5%)	232 (10.4%)	347 (10.2%)	20 (7.5%)	13 (16.5%)	1,795 (10.0%)
200-299	590 (6.1%)	124 (5.5%)	62 (2.8%)	207 (6.1%)	38 (14.3%)	5 (6.3%)	1,026 (5.7%)
300-399	568 (5.9%)	146 (6.5%)	77 (3.4%)	203 (5.9%)	11 (4.2%)	7 (8.9%)	1,012 (5.7%)
≥400	474 (4.9%)	35 (1.6%)	124 (5.5%)	137 (4.0%)	6 (2.3%)	3 (3.8%)	779 (4.4%)
Unknown	1,039 (10.7%)	19 (0.8%)	13 (0.6%)	126 (3.7%)	4 (1.5%)	8 (10.1%)	1,209 (6.8%)
Daunorubicin							
No	7,660 (79.2%)	1,618 (72.4%)	1,795 (80.2%)	3,239 (94.8%)	253 (95.5%)	65 (82.3%)	14,630 (81.7%)
Yes	1,219 (12.6%)	600 (26.8%)	437 (19.5%)	57 (1.7%)	-	7 (8.9%)	2,320 (13.0%)
Unknown	792 (8.2%)	18 (0.8%)	5 (0.2%)	119 (3.5%)	12 (4.5%)	7 (8.9%)	953 (5.3%)
Cumulative daunorubicin (mg/m²)							
Median [IQR]	151.0 [100.0, 319.4]	87.5 [50.0, 106.7]	120.0 [120.0, 175.0]	255.7 [140.8, 419.7]	-	150.0 [120.0, 247.5]	120.0 [98.1, 234.1]
Cumulative daunorubicin dose (mg/m²) category							
0	7,660 (79.2%)	1,618 (72.4%)	1,795 (80.2%)	3,239 (94.8%)	253 (95.5%)	65 (82.3%)	14,630 (81.7%)
<100	263 (2.7%)	339 (15.2%)	16 (0.7%)	5 (0.1%)	-	-	623 (3.5%)
100-199	373 (3.9%)	198 (8.9%)	361 (16.1%)	17 (0.5%)	-	4 (5.1%)	953 (5.3%)
≥200	494 (5.1%)	62 (2.8%)	51 (2.3%)	35 (1.0%)	-	3 (3.8%)	645 (3.6%)
Unknown	881 (9.1%)	19 (0.8%)	14 (0.6%)	119 (3.5%)	12 (4.5%)	7 (8.9%)	1,052 (5.9%)
Epirubicin							
No	8,877 (91.8%)	2,217 (99.2%)	2,104 (94.1%)	3,116 (91.2%)	251 (94.7%)	72 (91.1%)	16,637 (92.9%)
Yes	2 (0.0%)	1 (0.0%)	128 (5.7%)	180 (5.3%)	14 (5.3%)	-	325 (1.8%)

Supplementary Table 3 | Demographic and treatment characteristics of female five-year childhood cancer survivors by cohort

Unknown	792 (8.2%)	18 (0.8%)	5 (0.2%)	119 (3.5%)	-	7 (8.9%)	941 (5.3%)
Idarubicin							
No	8,814 (91.1%)	2,198 (98.3%)	2,212 (98.9%)	3,296 (96.5%)	253 (95.5%)	70 (88.6%)	16,843 (94.1%)
Yes	65 (0.7%)	20 (0.9%)	20 (0.9%)	-	-	2 (2.5%)	107 (0.6%)
Unknown	792 (8.2%)	18 (0.8%)	5 (0.2%)	119 (3.5%)	12 (4.5%)	7 (8.9%)	953 (5.3%)
Alkylating agents							
No	4,003 (41.4%)	947 (42.4%)	1,152 (51.5%)	1,597 (46.8%)	100 (37.7%)	33 (41.8%)	7,832 (43.7%)
Yes	4,876 (50.4%)	1,271 (56.8%)	1,080 (48.3%)	1,699 (49.8%)	153 (57.7%)	39 (49.4%)	9,118 (50.9%)
Unknown	792 (8.2%)	18 (0.8%)	5 (0.2%)	119 (3.5%)	12 (4.5%)	7 (8.9%)	953 (5.3%)
CED^a dose (mg/m²)							
0	4,093 (42.3%)	956 (42.8%)	1,160 (51.9%)	1,608 (47.1%)	100 (37.7%)	34 (43.0%)	7,951 (44.4%)
<6000	1,687 (17.4%)	489 (21.9%)	265 (11.8%)	606 (17.7%)	-	22 (27.8%)	3,069 (17.1%)
6000-17999	1,876 (19.4%)	631 (28.2%)	563 (25.2%)	819 (24.0%)	-	10 (12.7%)	3,899 (21.8%)
≥18000	561 (5.8%)	139 (6.2%)	192 (8.6%)	222 (6.5%)	-	3 (3.8%)	1,117 (6.2%)
Unknown	1,454 (15.0%)	21 (0.9%)	57 (2.5%)	160 (4.7%)	165 (62.3%)	10 (12.7%)	1,867 (10.4%)
Epipodophyllotoxins							
No	7,567 (78.2%)	1,402 (62.7%)	1,796 (80.3%)	2,531 (74.1%)	83 (31.3%)	55 (69.6%)	13,434 (75.0%)
Yes	1,312 (13.6%)	816 (36.5%)	436 (19.5%)	765 (22.4%)	-	17 (21.5%)	3,346 (18.7%)
Unknown	792 (8.2%)	18 (0.8%)	5 (0.2%)	119 (3.5%)	182 (68.7%)	7 (8.9%)	1,123 (6.3%)
Vinca alkaloids							
No	3,351 (34.7%)	706 (31.6%)	653 (29.2%)	1,367 (40.0%)	83 (31.3%)	34 (43.0%)	6,194 (34.6%)
Yes	5,528 (57.2%)	1,512 (67.6%)	1,579 (70.6%)	1,929 (56.5%)	-	38 (48.1%)	10,586 (59.1%)
Unknown	792 (8.2%)	18 (0.8%)	5 (0.2%)	119 (3.5%)	182 (68.7%)	7 (8.9%)	1,123 (6.3%)
Platinum compounds							
No	7,817 (80.8%)	1,870 (83.6%)	1,911 (85.4%)	2,473 (72.4%)	83 (31.3%)	65 (82.3%)	14,219 (79.4%)
Yes	1,062 (11.0%)	348 (15.6%)	321 (14.3%)	823 (24.1%)	-	7 (8.9%)	2,561 (14.3%)
Unknown	792 (8.2%)	18 (0.8%)	5 (0.2%)	119 (3.5%)	182 (68.7%)	7 (8.9%)	1,123 (6.3%)
Antimetabolites							
No	5,012 (51.8%)	1,151 (51.5%)	1,261 (56.4%)	2,816 (82.5%)	83 (31.3%)	53 (67.1%)	10,376 (58.0%)
Yes	3,867 (40.0%)	1,067 (47.7%)	971 (43.4%)	480 (14.1%)	-	19 (24.1%)	6,404 (35.8%)
Unknown	792 (8.2%)	18 (0.8%)	5 (0.2%)	119 (3.5%)	182 (68.7%)	7 (8.9%)	1,123 (6.3%)

CCSS = Childhood Cancer Survivor Study; CED = Cyclophosphamide Equivalent Dose; DCCSS-LATER = Dutch Childhood Cancer Survivor Study LATER; DCIS = Ductal carcinoma in situ; DHL = Dutch Hodgkin Late Effects cohort; FCCSS = French Childhood Cancer Survivor Study; Gy = Gray; IQR = Interquartile range; NA = Not applicable; SBC = Subsequent breast cancer; SCCSS = Swiss Childhood Cancer Survivor Study; SJLIFE = St. Jude Lifetime Cohort Study; yr = year

^aIncluded the ICCC-3 classification groups “Hepatic Tumor”, “Other and Unspecified”, and “Unclassified”.

^bFollow-up time was calculated from five years after a primary cancer diagnosis to the date of subsequent breast cancer diagnosis, death, or the date of the last follow-up observation, whichever occurred first.

^cIncluded both invasive and DCIS breast cancer.

^dPrecise pelvic radiation dose information was not available in the DHL.

^eDose of pelvic radiation information was not available for the DHL. We assume the survivors in the DHL who had pelvic radiotherapy received 30 Gy radiotherapy exposure to the pelvis since Hodgkin lymphoma patients usually receive 30 Gy pelvic radiation.

^fAnthracyclines included doxorubicin, daunorubicin, epirubicin, and idarubicin.

^gCyclophosphamide Equivalent Dose calculation: $CED (mg/m^2) = 1.0 (cumulative\ cyclophosphamide\ dose\ (mg/m^2)) + 0.244 (cumulative\ ifosfamide\ dose\ (mg/m^2)) + 0.857 (cumulative\ procarbazine\ dose\ (mg/m^2)) + 14.286 (cumulative\ chlorambucil\ dose\ (mg/m^2)) + 15.0 (cumulative\ BCNU\ (carmustine)\ dose\ (mg/m^2)) + 16.0 (cumulative\ CCNU\ (lomustine)\ dose\ (mg/m^2)) + 40 (cumulative\ melphalan\ dose\ (mg/m^2)) + 50 (cumulative\ Thio-TEPA\ (thiotepa)\ dose\ (mg/m^2)) + 100 (cumulative\ nitrogen\ mustard\ dose\ (mg/m^2)) + 8.823 (cumulative\ busulfan\ dose\ (mg/m^2))$.

Supplementary Table 4 | Sensitivity analyses for risk of subsequent breast cancer by excluding each cohort on a one-by-one basis

	Without CCSS ^a				Without SJLIFE ^b				Without DCCSS-LATER ^c				Without FCCSS ^d				Without DHL ^e				Without SCCSS ^f				
	No. SBC	Total	HR	95%CI	No. SBC	Total	HR	95%CI	No. SBC	Total	HR	95%CI	No. SBC	Total	HR	95%CI	No. SBC	Total	HR	95%CI	No. SBC	Total	HR	95%CI	
Cumulative doxorubicin dose, mg/m²																									
0	179 (54.2%)	5,441 (66.1%)	1.0	Ref.	395 (56.0%)	9,793 (62.5%)	1.0	Ref.	409 (55.2%)	9,629 (61.5%)	1.0	Ref.	370 (56.5%)	8,870 (61.2%)	1.0	Ref.	379 (52.9%)	10,989 (62.3%)	1.0	Ref.	423 (55.5%)	11,128 (62.4%)	1.0	Ref.	
<100	6 (1.8%)	410 (5.0%)	1.18	0.47-2.97	15 (2.1%)	791 (5.0%)	2.10	1.01-4.35	14 (1.9%)	724 (4.6%)	1.90	0.90-3.99	13 (2.0%)	817 (5.6%)	1.77	0.80-3.93	16 (2.2%)	907 (5.1%)	1.75	0.88-3.49	16 (2.1%)	911 (5.1%)	1.74	0.88-3.47	
100-199	42 (12.7%)	1,026 (12.5%)	2.34	1.49-3.67	54 (7.7%)	1,381 (8.8%)	1.72	1.20-2.47	66 (8.9%)	1,563 (10.0%)	1.84	1.34-2.54	52 (7.9%)	1,448 (10.0%)	1.63	1.15-2.30	66 (9.2%)	1,775 (10.1%)	1.75	1.28-2.39	65 (8.5%)	1,782 (10.0%)	1.66	1.21-2.26	
200-299	27 (8.2%)	436 (5.3%)	2.35	1.39-3.99	61 (8.7%)	902 (5.8%)	2.74	1.99-3.78	66 (8.9%)	964 (6.2%)	2.59	1.90-3.53	55 (8.4%)	819 (5.7%)	2.41	1.73-3.36	60 (8.4%)	988 (5.6%)	2.46	1.81-3.34	66 (8.7%)	1,021 (5.7%)	2.42	1.78-3.28	
300-399	28 (8.5%)	444 (5.4%)	3.03	1.80-5.11	52 (7.4%)	866 (5.5%)	2.02	1.40-2.92	60 (8.1%)	935 (6.0%)	2.33	1.66-3.26	55 (8.4%)	809 (5.6%)	2.42	1.71-3.43	62 (8.6%)	1,001 (5.7%)	2.31	1.67-3.19	63 (8.3%)	1,005 (5.6%)	2.30	1.67-3.19	
≥400	23 (7.0%)	305 (3.7%)	4.09	2.35-7.14	51 (7.2%)	744 (4.7%)	2.42	1.68-3.48	49 (6.6%)	655 (4.2%)	2.72	1.91-3.88	53 (8.1%)	642 (4.4%)	2.84	1.99-4.06	57 (7.9%)	773 (4.4%)	2.74	1.96-3.82	57 (7.5%)	776 (4.4%)	2.78	1.99-3.87	
Unknown	25 (7.6%)	170 (2.1%)	-	-	77 (10.9%)	1,190 (7.6%)	-	-	77 (10.4%)	1,196 (7.6%)	-	-	57 (8.7%)	1,083 (7.5%)	-	-	77 (10.7%)	1,205 (6.8%)	-	-	72 (9.4%)	1,201 (6.7%)	-	-	
Cumulative daunorubicin dose, mg/m²																									
0	284 (86.1%)	6,970 (84.7%)	1.0	Ref.	619 (87.8%)	13,012 (83.1%)	1.0	Ref.	648 (87.4%)	12,835 (81.9%)	1.0	Ref.	581 (88.7%)	11,391 (78.6%)	1.0	Ref.	619 (86.3%)	14,377 (81.5%)	1.0	Ref.	669 (87.8%)	14,565 (81.7%)	1.0	Ref.	
<100	5 (1.5%)	360 (4.4%)	1.42	0.56-3.61	2 (0.3%)	284 (1.8%)	0.48	0.12-1.93	7 (0.9%)	607 (3.9%)	1.00	0.47-2.16	7 (1.1%)	618 (4.3%)	1.01	0.47-2.18	7 (1.0%)	623 (3.5%)	0.98	0.46-2.09	7 (0.9%)	623 (3.5%)	0.97	0.45-2.07	
100-199	11 (3.3%)	580 (7.0%)	1.60	0.81-3.19	11 (1.6%)	755 (4.8%)	0.72	0.34-1.55	11 (1.5%)	592 (3.8%)	0.81	0.41-1.61	15 (2.3%)	936 (6.5%)	1.06	0.59-1.92	16 (2.2%)	953 (5.4%)	0.98	0.55-1.75	16 (2.1%)	949 (5.3%)	0.98	0.55-1.75	
≥200	6 (1.8%)	151 (1.8%)	2.99	1.14-7.85	15 (2.1%)	583 (3.7%)	1.07	0.58-1.98	17 (2.3%)	594 (3.8%)	1.29	0.72-2.32	14 (2.1%)	610 (4.2%)	0.99	0.52-1.89	17 (2.4%)	645 (3.7%)	1.21	0.68-2.15	16 (2.1%)	642 (3.6%)	1.21	0.68-2.14	
Unknown	24 (7.3%)	171 (2.1%)	-	-	58 (8.2%)	1,033 (6.6%)	-	-	58 (7.8%)	1,038 (6.6%)	-	-	38 (5.8%)	933 (6.4%)	-	-	58 (8.1%)	1,040 (5.9%)	-	-	54 (7.1%)	1,045 (5.9%)	-	-	
Epirubicin																									
No	297 (90.0%)	7,760 (94.3%)	1.0	Ref.	640 (90.8%)	14,420 (92.0%)	1.0	Ref.	677 (91.4%)	14,533 (92.8%)	1.0	Ref.	616 (94.0%)	13,521 (93.3%)	1.0	Ref.	654 (91.2%)	16,386 (92.9%)	1.0	Ref.	701 (92.0%)	16,565 (92.9%)	1.0	Ref.	
Yes	9 (2.7%)	323 (3.9%)	3.64	1.72-7.72	9 (1.3%)	324 (2.1%)	3.35	1.63-6.89	8 (1.1%)	197 (1.3%)	4.13	1.97-8.66	3 (0.5%)	145 (1.0%)	3.99	1.31-12.11	7 (1.0%)	311 (1.8%)	2.61	1.11-6.13	9 (1.2%)	325 (1.8%)	3.36	1.65-6.86	
Unknown	24 (7.3%)	149 (1.8%)	-	-	56 (7.9%)	923 (5.9%)	-	-	56 (7.6%)	936 (6.0%)	-	-	36 (5.5%)	822 (5.7%)	-	-	56 (7.8%)	941 (5.3%)	-	-	52 (6.8%)	934 (5.2%)	-	-	
Chest radiotherapy field and dose																									
No chest radiotherapy	96 (29.1%)	639.7 (77.7%)	1.0	Ref.	229 (32.5%)	11,298 (72.1%)	1.0	Ref.	226 (30.5%)	11,112 (70.9%)	1.0	Ref.	205 (31.3%)	10,276 (70.9%)	1.0	Ref.	250 (34.9%)	12,982 (73.6%)	1.0	Ref.	244 (32.0%)	12,955 (72.7%)	1.0	Ref.	
High-dose mantle (≥36 Gy)	89 (27.0%)	237 (2.9%)	11.20	7.10-17.67	223 (31.6%)	652 (4.2%)	8.55	6.55-11.16	233 (31.4%)	669 (4.3%)	9.33	7.20-12.11	222 (33.9%)	651 (4.5%)	8.67	6.69-11.24	192 (26.8%)	591 (3.4%)	9.03	7.01-11.64	231 (30.3%)	690 (3.9%)	8.37	6.56-10.69	
Low-dose mantle (<36 Gy)	43 (13.0%)	252 (3.1%)	5.83	3.63-9.37	69 (9.8%)	377 (2.4%)	4.29	3.02-6.11	90 (12.1%)	506 (3.2%)	4.70	3.43-6.44	89 (13.6%)	485 (3.3%)	4.66	3.40-6.38	81 (11.3%)	477 (2.7%)	4.85	3.54-6.65	93 (12.2%)	523 (2.9%)	4.61	3.40-6.25	
Mediastinal	18 (5.5%)	242 (2.9%)	1.40	0.59-3.28	31 (4.4%)	446 (2.8%)	1.59	0.98-2.60	33 (4.5%)	433 (2.8%)	1.83	1.13-2.97	23 (3.5%)	335 (2.3%)	1.45	0.83-2.55	27 (3.8%)	424 (2.4%)	1.64	1.00-2.69	33 (4.3%)	465 (2.6%)	1.73	1.09-2.75	
TBI	11 (3.3%)	148 (1.8%)	9.42	4.44-19.99	16 (2.3%)	304 (1.9%)	5.47	2.92-10.25	19 (2.6%)	302 (1.9%)	7.31	4.08-13.10	21 (3.2%)	361 (2.5%)	7.55	4.30-13.26	22 (3.1%)	371 (2.1%)	7.38	4.30-12.69	21 (2.8%)	369 (2.1%)	6.93	4.04-11.86	
Whole lung	14 (4.2%)	105 (1.3%)	8.33	4.24-16.38	20 (2.8%)	140 (0.9%)	7.29	4.36-12.19	19 (2.6%)	162 (1.0%)	6.83	4.02-11.60	18 (2.7%)	147 (1.0%)	8.42	4.86-14.59	23 (3.2%)	184 (1.0%)	7.74	4.77-12.56	21 (2.8%)	182 (1.0%)	7.04	4.32-11.46	
Other	39 (11.8%)	541 (6.6%)	4.58	2.97-7.07	59 (8.4%)	1,152 (7.4%)	2.54	1.79-3.60	62 (8.4%)	1,158 (7.4%)	2.95	2.09-4.16	30 (4.6%)	1,101 (7.6%)	1.42	0.88-2.29	63 (8.8%)	1,316 (7.5%)	2.67	1.91-3.73	62 (8.1%)	1,312 (7.4%)	2.51	1.80-3.51	
Unknown	20 (6.1%)	310 (3.8%)	-	-	58 (8.2%)	1,298 (8.3%)	-	-	59 (8.0%)	1,324 (8.5%)	-	-	47 (7.2%)	1,132 (7.8%)	-	-	59 (8.2%)	1,293 (7.3%)	-	-	57 (7.5%)	1,328 (7.5%)	-	-	
Pelvic radiotherapy ≥5 Gy																									
No	192 (58.2%)	6,551 (79.6%)	1.0	Ref.	452 (64.1%)	1,1876 (75.8%)	1.0	Ref.	469 (63.3%)	11,620 (74.2%)	1.0	Ref.	462 (70.5%)	11,453 (79.1%)	1.0	Ref.	462 (64.4%)	13,572 (76.9%)	1.0	Ref.	488 (64.0%)	13,683 (76.8%)	1.0	Ref.	
Yes	120 (36.4%)	1,427 (17.3%)	1.36	1.00-1.86	201 (28.5%)	2,577 (16.4%)	1.03	0.83-1.28	217 (29.3%)	2,813 (18.0%)	0.94	0.76-1.15	151 (23.1%)	1,999 (13.8%)	0.83	0.65-1.06	200 (27.9%)	2,830 (16.0%)	0.90	0.73-1.11	221 (29.0%)	2,909 (16.3%)	0.97	0.79-1.19	
Unknown	18 (5.5%)	254 (3.1%)	-	-	52 (7.4%)	1,214 (7.7%)	-	-	55 (7.4%)	1,233 (7.9%)	-	-	42 (6.4%)	1,036 (7.2%)	-	-	55 (7.7%)	1,236 (7.0%)	-	-	53 (7.0%)	1,232 (6.9%)	-	-	

Supplementary Table 4 | Sensitivity analyses for risk of subsequent breast cancer by excluding each cohort on a one-by-one basis

	Without CCSS ^a				Without SJLIFE ^b				Without DCCSS-LATER ^c				Without FCCSS ^d				Without DHL ^e				Without SCCSS ^f			
	No. SBC	Total	HR	95%CI	No. SBC	Total	HR	95%CI	No. SBC	Total	HR	95%CI	No. SBC	Total	HR	95%CI	No. SBC	Total	HR	95%CI	No. SBC	Total	HR	95%CI
Age at primary childhood cancer diagnosis, yr																								
<5	46 (13.9%)	3,710 (45.1%)	1.0	Ref.	59 (8.4%)	6,403 (40.9%)	1.0	Ref.	58 (7.8%)	6,327 (40.4%)	1.0	Ref.	36 (5.5%)	5,705 (39.4%)	1.0	Ref.	66 (9.2%)	7,376 (41.8%)	1.0	Ref.	65 (8.5%)	7,359 (41.3%)	1.0	Ref.
5-9	33 (10.0%)	1,761 (21.4%)	0.90	0.54-1.52	59 (8.4%)	3,320 (21.2%)	1.14	0.75-1.74	58 (7.8%)	3,219 (20.5%)	1.25	0.81-1.92	46 (7.0%)	3,081 (21.3%)	1.20	0.72-2.02	65 (9.1%)	3,781 (21.4%)	1.13	0.76-1.69	64 (8.4%)	3,778 (21.2%)	1.13	0.76-1.69
10-14	117 (35.5%)	1,726 (21.0%)	1.87	1.23-2.83	240 (34.0%)	3,458 (22.1%)	1.92	1.37-2.69	257 (34.7%)	3,459 (22.1%)	2.25	1.60-3.17	220 (33.6%)	3,186 (22.0%)	2.22	1.46-3.36	265 (37.0%)	3,909 (22.2%)	2.01	1.46-2.76	266 (34.9%)	3,912 (21.9%)	2.03	1.47-2.79
15-21	134 (40.6%)	1,035 (12.6%)	1.51	0.93-2.45	347 (49.2%)	2,486 (15.9%)	1.81	1.27-2.58	368 (49.7%)	2,661 (17.0%)	1.97	1.38-2.81	353 (53.9%)	2,516 (17.4%)	1.89	1.24-2.88	321 (44.8%)	2,572 (14.6%)	1.86	1.33-2.59	367 (48.2%)	2,775 (15.6%)	1.91	1.37-2.66
CEDe, mg/m ²																								
None	120 (36.4%)	3,858 (46.9%)	1.0	Ref.	279 (39.6%)	6,995 (44.6%)	1.0	Ref.	285 (38.5%)	6,791 (43.3%)	1.0	Ref.	259 (39.5%)	6,343 (43.8%)	1.0	Ref.	266 (37.1%)	7,851 (44.5%)	1.0	Ref.	296 (38.8%)	7,917 (44.4%)	1.0	Ref.
<6000	48 (14.5%)	1,382 (16.8%)	1.03	0.68-1.57	76 (10.8%)	2,580 (16.5%)	0.87	0.65-1.17	91 (12.3%)	2,804 (17.9%)	0.86	0.66-1.13	71 (10.8%)	2,463 (17.0%)	0.84	0.62-1.14	94 (13.1%)	3,069 (17.4%)	0.87	0.67-1.14	90 (11.8%)	3,047 (17.1%)	0.85	0.65-1.11
6000-17999	80 (24.2%)	2,023 (24.6%)	0.85	0.57-1.26	159 (22.6%)	3,268 (20.9%)	1.10	0.87-1.39	180 (24.3%)	3,336 (21.3%)	1.00	0.80-1.26	160 (24.4%)	3,080 (21.3%)	1.06	0.84-1.34	192 (26.8%)	3,899 (22.1%)	1.03	0.82-1.28	189 (24.8%)	3,889 (21.8%)	1.01	0.81-1.26
≥18000	23 (7.0%)	556 (6.8%)	0.78	0.43-1.42	43 (6.1%)	978 (6.2%)	1.47	0.99-2.18	38 (5.1%)	925 (5.9%)	1.18	0.79-1.75	38 (5.8%)	895 (6.2%)	1.26	0.84-1.89	47 (6.6%)	1,117 (6.3%)	1.21	0.84-1.76	46 (6.0%)	1,114 (6.3%)	1.16	0.80-1.68
Unknown	59 (17.9%)	413 (5.0%)	-	-	148 (21.0%)	1,846 (11.8%)	-	-	147 (19.8%)	1,810 (11.6%)	-	-	127 (19.4%)	1,707 (11.8%)	-	-	118 (16.5%)	1,702 (9.6%)	-	-	141 (18.5%)	1,857 (10.4%)	-	-

CCSS = Childhood Cancer Survivor Study; CED = Cyclophosphamide Equivalent Dose; CI = Confidence interval; DCCSS-LATER = Dutch Childhood Cancer Survivor Study LATER; DHL = Dutch Hodgkin Late Effects cohort; FCCSS = French Childhood Cancer Survivor Study; Gy = Gray; HR = Hazard ratio; NA = Not applicable; No. = number; SBC = Subsequent breast cancer; SCCSS = Swiss Childhood Cancer Survivor Study; SJLIFE = St. Jude Lifetime Cohort Study; TBI = Total Body Irradiation; yr = year

^aIn total, 9,671 survivors with 452 SBC cases were excluded.

^bIn total, 2,236 survivors with 77 SBC cases were excluded.

^cIn total, 2,237 survivors with 41 SBC cases were excluded.

^dIn total, 3,415 survivors with 127 SBC cases were excluded.

^eIn total, 265 survivors with 65 SBC cases were excluded.

^fIn total, 79 survivors with 20 SBC cases were excluded.

^gCyclophosphamide Equivalent Dose calculation: CED (mg/m²) = 1.0 (cumulative cyclophosphamide dose (mg/m²)) + 0.244 (cumulative ifosfamide dose (mg/m²)) + 0.857 (cumulative procarbazine dose (mg/m²)) + 14.286 (cumulative chlorambucil dose (mg/m²)) + 15.0 (cumulative BCNU (carmustine) dose (mg/m²)) + 16.0 (cumulative CCNU (lomustine) dose (mg/m²)) + 40 (cumulative melphalan dose (mg/m²)) + 50 (cumulative Thio-TEPA (thiotepa) dose (mg/m²)) + 100 (cumulative nitrogen mustard dose (mg/m²)) + 8.823 (cumulative busulfan dose (mg/m²)).

Supplementary Table 5 | Multivariable Cox proportional hazard regression analyses for subsequent breast cancer in female five-year childhood cancer survivors in each cohort^a

	CCSS ^b		SJLIFE ^b		DCCSS-LATER ^c		FCCSS ^d		DHL ^e	
	HR	95% CI	HR	95% CI	HR	95% CI	HR	95% CI	HR	95% CI
Cumulative doxorubicin dose, mg/m²										
0	1.0	Ref.	1.0	Ref.	1.0	Ref.	1.0	Ref.	1.0	Ref.
<100	2.58	0.99-6.74	0.99	0.13-7.70	1.00	0.19-5.11	1.40	0.42-4.70	1.49	0.45-4.91
100-199	1.34	0.85-2.10	2.49	1.10-5.65	1.04	0.27-4.02	2.23	1.12-4.43		
200-299	2.60	1.80-3.75	1.42	0.54-3.74	0.97	0.13-7.55	2.79	1.39-5.59	1.74	0.76-3.96
300-399	1.96	1.30-2.97	4.82	2.16-10.75	3.51	1.02-12.10	1.60	0.68-3.74	1.50	0.35-6.34
≥400	2.22	1.46-3.39	6.73	2.54-17.83	5.49	1.97-15.25	2.42	0.90-6.49	1.84	0.24-14.00
Cumulative daunorubicin dose, mg/m²										
0	1.0	Ref.	1.0	Ref.						
<100	0.47	0.11-1.89	2.28	0.83-6.27						
100-199	0.47	0.16-1.40	3.00	1.05-8.60						
≥200	0.83	0.40-1.70	4.06	0.82-20.17						
Daunorubicin										
No					1.0	Ref.	1.0	Ref.		
Yes					1.53	0.49-4.79	1.92	0.57-6.38		
Epirubicin										
No					1.0	Ref.	1.0	Ref.		
Yes					1.80	0.24-13.79	3.18	1.12-9.05		
Chest radiotherapy field and dose										
No chest radiotherapy	1.0	Ref.	1.0	Ref.			1.0	Ref.		
High-dose mantle (≥36 Gy)	7.65	5.76-10.16	11.51	5.12-25.84			9.05	4.54-18.07		
Low-dose mantle (<36 Gy)	4.04	2.72-6.00	8.40	3.95-17.87			2.06	0.47-9.14		
Mediastinal	1.66	0.94-2.95	1.86	0.24-14.52			1.84	0.75-4.51		
TBI	6.75	3.25-14.02	12.43	3.76-41.08			5.41	0.67-43.44		
Whole lung	6.32	3.05-13.11	11.83	3.07-45.57			3.72	1.28-10.83		
Other	1.37	0.78-2.40	2.65	0.85-8.23			7.43	4.53-12.17		
Chest radiotherapy fields										
No chest radiotherapy					1.0	Ref.				
Mantle					8.11	2.99-21.95				
TBI & Whole lung					15.43	4.65-51.27				
Other fields					0.67	0.20-2.30				
Chest radiotherapy fields										
Non-mantle									1.0	Ref.
Mantle									2.80	1.18-6.63
Pelvic radiotherapy ≥5 Gy										
No	1.0	Ref.	1.0	Ref.	1.0	Ref.	1.0	Ref.	1.0	Ref.
Yes	0.79	0.59-1.06	0.83	0.45-1.50	0.65	0.17-2.53	2.18	1.38-3.45	1.49	0.87-2.53
Age at primary childhood cancer diagnosis, yr										
<5	1.0	Ref.	1.0	Ref.	1.0	Ref.	1.0	Ref.	1.0	Ref.
5-9	1.62	0.83-3.18	0.97	0.27-3.45	0.48	0.16-1.45	1.10	0.57-2.11		
10-14	2.61	1.49-4.57	3.30	1.19-9.16	0.93	0.36-2.41	1.86	1.06-3.28		
15-21	2.50	1.43-4.38	2.08	0.71-6.05	1.36	0.47-3.92	2.17	1.09-4.30	0.64	0.30-1.36
CED^f, mg/m²										
None	1.0	Ref.	1.0	Ref.	1.0	Ref.	1.0	Ref.		

Supplementary Table 5 | Multivariable Cox proportional hazard regression analyses for subsequent breast cancer in female five-year childhood cancer survivors in each cohort^a

	CCSS ^b		SJLIFE ^b		DCCSS-LATER ^c		FCCSS ^d		DHL ^e	
	HR	95% CI	HR	95% CI	HR	95% CI	HR	95% CI	HR	95% CI
<6000	0.78	0.55-1.11	0.96	0.45-2.08	0.73	0.18-2.99	1.04	0.57-1.90		
6000-17999	1.11	0.86-1.45	0.74	0.40-1.36	1.40	0.57-3.42	0.93	0.54-1.62		
≥18000	1.61	1.00-2.59	0.43	0.14-1.38	1.49	0.51-4.31	1.05	0.46-2.39		

CCSS = Childhood Cancer Survivor Study; CED = Cyclophosphamide Equivalent Dose; CI = Confidence interval; DCCSS-LATER = Dutch Childhood Cancer Survivor Study LATER; DHL = Dutch Hodgkin Late Effects cohort; FCCSS = French Childhood Cancer Survivor Study; Gy = Gray; HR = Hazard ratio; SBC = Subsequent breast cancer; SJLIFE = St. Jude Lifetime Cohort Study; TBI = Total Body Irradiation; yr = year

^aThe results of the multivariable Cox proportional hazard regression analyses in the Swiss Childhood Cancer Survivor Study (SCCSS) are not provided due to low numbers in the case-cohort data.

^bThe model included cumulative doxorubicin and daunorubicin dose (categorical variables), chest radiotherapy field and dose (categorical variable), pelvic radiotherapy ≥5 Gy (yes/no), age at primary childhood cancer diagnosis (categorical variable), and CED (categorical variable).

^cThe model included cumulative doxorubicin dose (categorical variable), daunorubicin (yes/no), epirubicin (yes/no), chest radiotherapy fields (categorical variable), pelvic radiotherapy ≥5 Gy (yes/no), age at primary childhood cancer diagnosis (categorical variable), and CED (categorical variable).

^dThe model included cumulative doxorubicin dose (categorical variable), daunorubicin (yes/no), epirubicin (yes/no), chest radiotherapy field and dose (categorical variable), pelvic radiotherapy ≥5 Gy (yes/no), age at primary childhood cancer diagnosis (categorical variable), and CED (categorical variable).

^eThe model included cumulative doxorubicin dose (categorical variable), chest radiotherapy fields (categorical variable), pelvic radiotherapy ≥5 Gy (yes/no), and age at primary childhood cancer diagnosis (categorical variable).

^fCyclophosphamide Equivalent Dose calculation: $CED (mg/m^2) = 1.0 (\text{cumulative cyclophosphamide dose } (mg/m^2)) + 0.244 (\text{cumulative ifosfamide dose } (mg/m^2)) + 0.857 (\text{cumulative procarbazine dose } (mg/m^2)) + 14.286 (\text{cumulative chlorambucil dose } (mg/m^2)) + 15.0 (\text{cumulative BCNU (carmustine) dose } (mg/m^2)) + 16.0 (\text{cumulative CCNU (lomustine) dose } (mg/m^2)) + 40 (\text{cumulative melphalan dose } (mg/m^2)) + 50 (\text{cumulative Thio-TEPA (thiotepa) dose } (mg/m^2)) + 100 (\text{cumulative nitrogen mustard dose } (mg/m^2)) + 8.823 (\text{cumulative busulfan dose } (mg/m^2)).$

Supplementary Table 6 | Subsequent breast cancer ascertainment/validation process for each participating study

Studies	Subsequent breast cancer	
	Ascertainment	Validation
CCSS	Record linkage to the National death index; Initial self- or proxy-reports	Medical records including pathology reports
SJLIFE	Record linkage to the Cancer registry follow-up and the National Death Index; Prospective follow-up at St. Jude with breast imaging, self-report or next of kin reported	Medical records including pathology reports
DCCSS-LATER	Medical records; Record linkage to the Population-based Netherlands Cancer Registry and the Nationwide network and registry of histo- and cytopathology in the Netherlands (PALGA [Dutch Pathology Registry])	Pathology reports
FCCSS	Hospital clinical files and Long term follow-up visits; Record linkage to the National death certificate data and the National Public and Private Hospital and National Health Insurance Database; Self-completed questionnaire	Pathology reports
SCCSS	Medical records including pathology reports; Record linkage to the Cantonal cancer registries and the Cause-of death statistics; Self-report	Medical records including pathology reports
DHL	Medical records and Questionnaires sent to general practitioners; Record linkage to the Population-based Netherlands Cancer Registry	Pathology reports

CCSS = Childhood Cancer Survivor Study; system; DCCSS-LATER = Dutch Childhood Cancer Survivor Study LATER; DHL = Dutch Hodgkin Late Effects cohort; FCCSS = French Childhood Cancer Survivor Study; SCCSS = Swiss Childhood Cancer Survivor Study; SJLIFE = St. Jude Lifetime Cohort Study

Supplementary Table 7 | Selection procedures for chemotherapeutic agents other than anthracyclines and alkylating agents in multivariable Cox proportional hazard regression analyses for subsequent breast cancer risk among female five-year childhood cancer survivors^a

	No. SBC (n) ^b	Total (n)	Base model		Base model + Epipodophyllotoxins		Base model + Vinca alkaloids		Base model + Platinum compounds		Base model + Antimetabolites	
			HR	95% CI	HR	95% CI	HR	95% CI	HR	95% CI	HR	95% CI
Cumulative doxorubicin dose, mg/m²												
0	431 (55.1%)	11,170 (62.4%)	1.0	Ref.	1.0	Ref.	1.0	Ref.	1.0	Ref.	1.0	Ref.
<100	16 (2.0%)	912 (5.1%)	1.76	0.88-3.51	1.71	0.86-3.41	1.79	0.90-3.58	1.75	0.88-3.49	1.77	0.89-3.52
100-199	69 (8.8%)	1,795 (10.0%)	1.77	1.30-2.42	1.73	1.27-2.36	1.82	1.33-2.49	1.76	1.29-2.40	1.78	1.31-2.42
200-299	67 (8.6%)	1,026 (5.7%)	2.50	1.85-3.40	2.43	1.79-3.31	2.59	1.90-3.54	2.49	1.84-3.37	2.51	1.85-3.41
300-399	64 (8.2%)	1,012 (5.7%)	2.33	1.68-3.23	2.21	1.59-3.08	2.39	1.72-3.34	2.32	1.67-3.23	2.36	1.69-3.29
≥400	58 (7.4%)	779 (4.4%)	2.78	1.99-3.88	2.73	1.96-3.82	2.83	2.02-3.96	2.78	1.99-3.88	2.84	2.02-4.00
Unknown	77 (9.8%)	1,209 (6.8%)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cumulative daunorubicin dose, mg/m²												
0	684 (87.5%)	14,630 (81.7%)	1.0	Ref.	1.0	Ref.	1.0	Ref.	1.0	Ref.	1.0	Ref.
<100	7 (0.9%)	623 (3.5%)	0.98	0.46-2.09	0.91	0.42-1.95	1.01	0.47-2.18	0.98	0.46-2.09	1.02	0.47-2.22
100-199	16 (2.0%)	953 (5.3%)	0.98	0.55-1.75	0.93	0.53-1.64	1.01	0.57-1.81	0.98	0.55-1.75	1.03	0.56-1.88
≥200	17 (2.2%)	645 (3.6%)	1.22	0.69-2.17	1.14	0.64-2.03	1.24	0.69-2.20	1.22	0.68-2.16	1.28	0.71-2.32
Unknown	58 (7.4%)	1,052 (5.9%)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Epipodophyllotoxins												
No	611 (78.1%)	13,434 (75.0%)			1.0	Ref.						
Yes	78 (10.0%)	3,346 (18.7%)			1.33	0.98-1.80						
Unknown	93 (11.9%)	1,123 (6.3%)			-	-						
Vinca alkaloids												
No	269 (34.4%)	6,194 (34.6%)					1.0	Ref.				
Yes	420 (53.7%)	10,586 (59.1%)					0.86	0.68-1.09				
Unknown	93 (11.9%)	1,123 (6.3%)					-	-				
Platinum compounds												
No	642 (82.1%)	14,219 (79.4%)							1.0	Ref.		
Yes	47 (6.0%)	2,561 (14.3%)							0.99	0.68-1.44		
Unknown	93 (11.9%)	1,123 (6.3%)							-	-		
Antimetabolites												
No	504 (64.5%)	10,376 (58.0%)									1.0	Ref.
Yes	185 (23.7%)	6,404 (35.8%)									0.92	0.72-1.18
Unknown	93 (11.9%)	1,123 (6.3%)									-	-

CI = Confidence interval; HR = Hazard ratio; No. = number; SBC = Subsequent breast cancer

^aThe base multivariable model included cumulative doxorubicin dose (categorical variable), cumulative daunorubicin dose (categorical variable), epirubicin (yes/no), age at primary cancer diagnosis (categorical variable), the combination of the chest radiation field and the associated maximum dose (categorical variable), pelvic radiation dose ≥5 Gy (yes/no), and alkylating agent cumulative exposure (cyclophosphamide equivalent dose, categorical variable). Because there is only evidence for associations between anthracyclines and alkylating agents on SBC risk, we applied the following selection procedure to evaluate other chemotherapeutic agents: we added binary indicators for epipodophyllotoxins, vinca alkaloids, platinum compounds, and antimetabolites to the base model; if addition of each variable changed any HRs of doxorubicin dose and/or daunorubicin dose by >10% compared to a model without the variable, it was included in the final models.

^bOne survivor had a SBC prior to five years after primary cancer.