S8 Table: Incidence rate ratios (IRR) for uncomplicated malaria in Kenya by ABO genotype

			Crude				Adjusted <sup>†</sup>			
N	Episodes	ABO genotype	IRR	LCI	UCI	p value	IRR	LCI	UCI	<i>p</i> value
135	528	00	1				1			
52	237	AO	1.13	0.80	1.60	0.495	1.26	0.90	1.78	0.181
2	10	AA	1.19	0.27	5.31	0.817	1.03	0.26	4.05	0.963
5	19	AB	0.81	0.30	2.16	0.672	1.01	0.40	2.56	0.986
44	158	ВО	0.81	0.56	1.18	0.279	0.95	0.66	1.37	0.787
4	6	ВВ	0.37	0.10	1.38	0.139	0.58	0.16	2.11	0.411
107	430	Non-O*	0.96	0.72	1.27	0.753	1.09	0.83	1.45	0.532

Incidence rate ratios and 95% confidence intervals were generated using a random effects Poisson regression analysis, either without or  $^{\dagger}$  with adjustment for age, season, ethnic group, HbAS and  $\alpha^{\dagger}$  thalassaemia. The analysis also took into account within person clustering of events. Data represent 250, 88.1, 4.5, 10.7, 82.6, & 6.1 child years of follow up for *OO*, *AO*, *AA*, *AB*, *BO* and *BB* genotypes respectively. \* Analysis comparing non-*O* to *OO* was done using a recessive model of inheritance. Abbreviations: IRR, incident rate ratio; LCI: lower 95% confidence interval; UCI: upper 95% confidence interval.