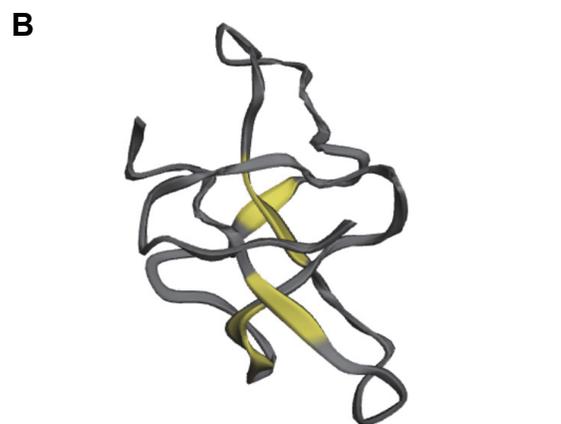
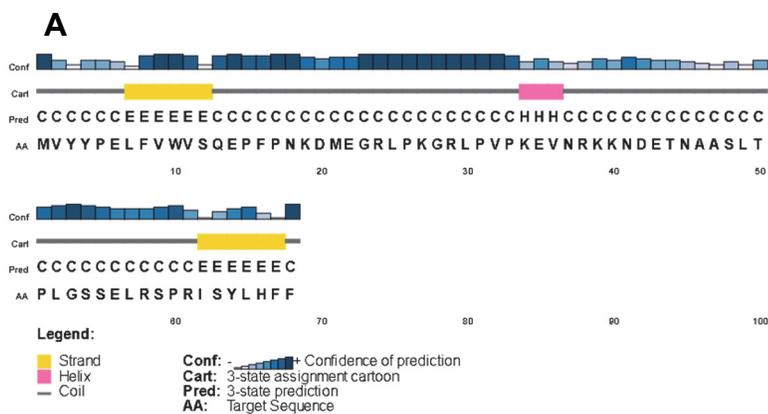
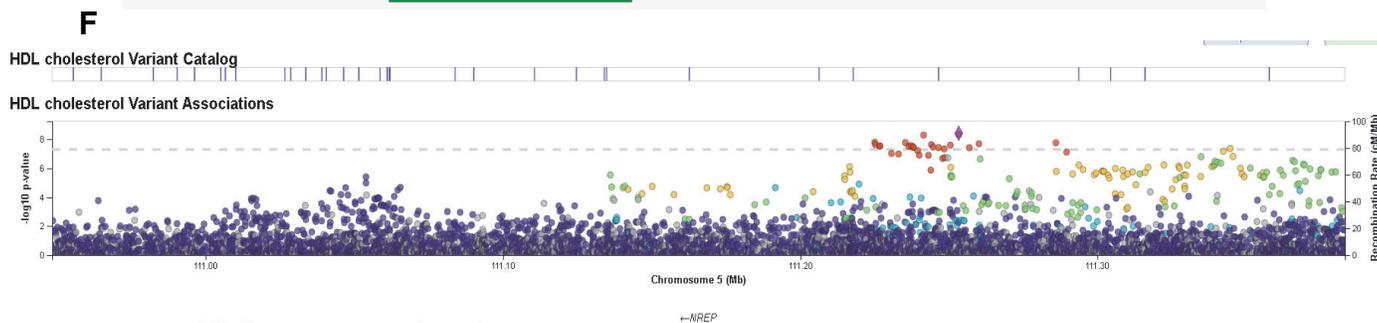
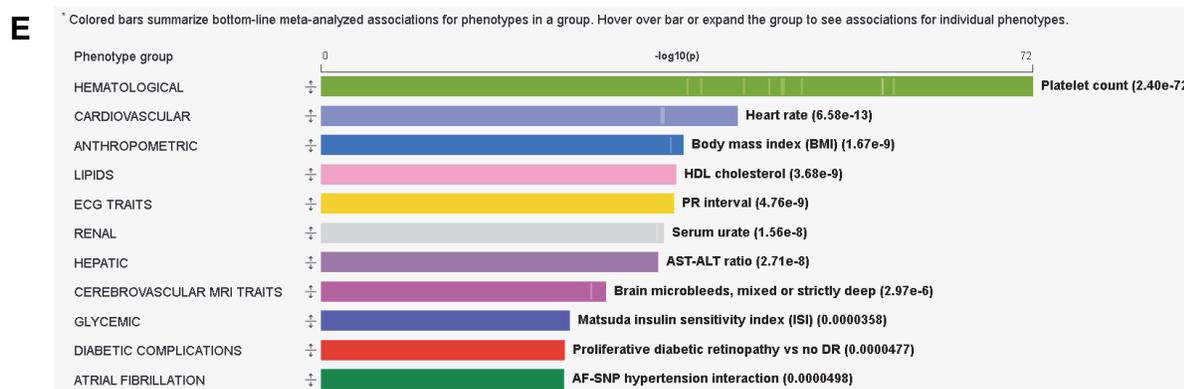
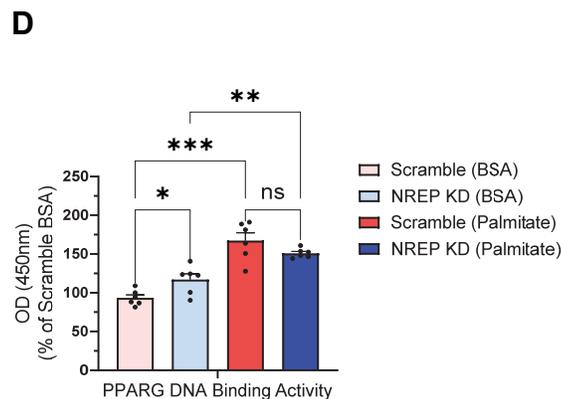


Supplementary Figure 1 (Related to Figure 1): Comparative transcriptomic impact of NREP silencing in HepG2 cells and primary human hepatocytes. (A) Venn diagram of intersected genes between NREP knock-down (KD) versus Scramble in primary human hepatocytes and HepG2 cells (GSE141078). (B-D) Pathway enrichment analyses on upregulated genes common between primary human hepatocytes and HepG2 (B); unique in primary human hepatocytes (C); or unique in HepG2 (D). (E-G) Pathway enrichment analyses on downregulated genes common between primary human hepatocytes and HepG2 (E); unique in primary human hepatocytes (F); or unique in HepG2 (G). Statistical analyses by Benjamini-Hochberg method (see Methods). All represented genes with FDR<0.05.



C Molecular Function Predictions

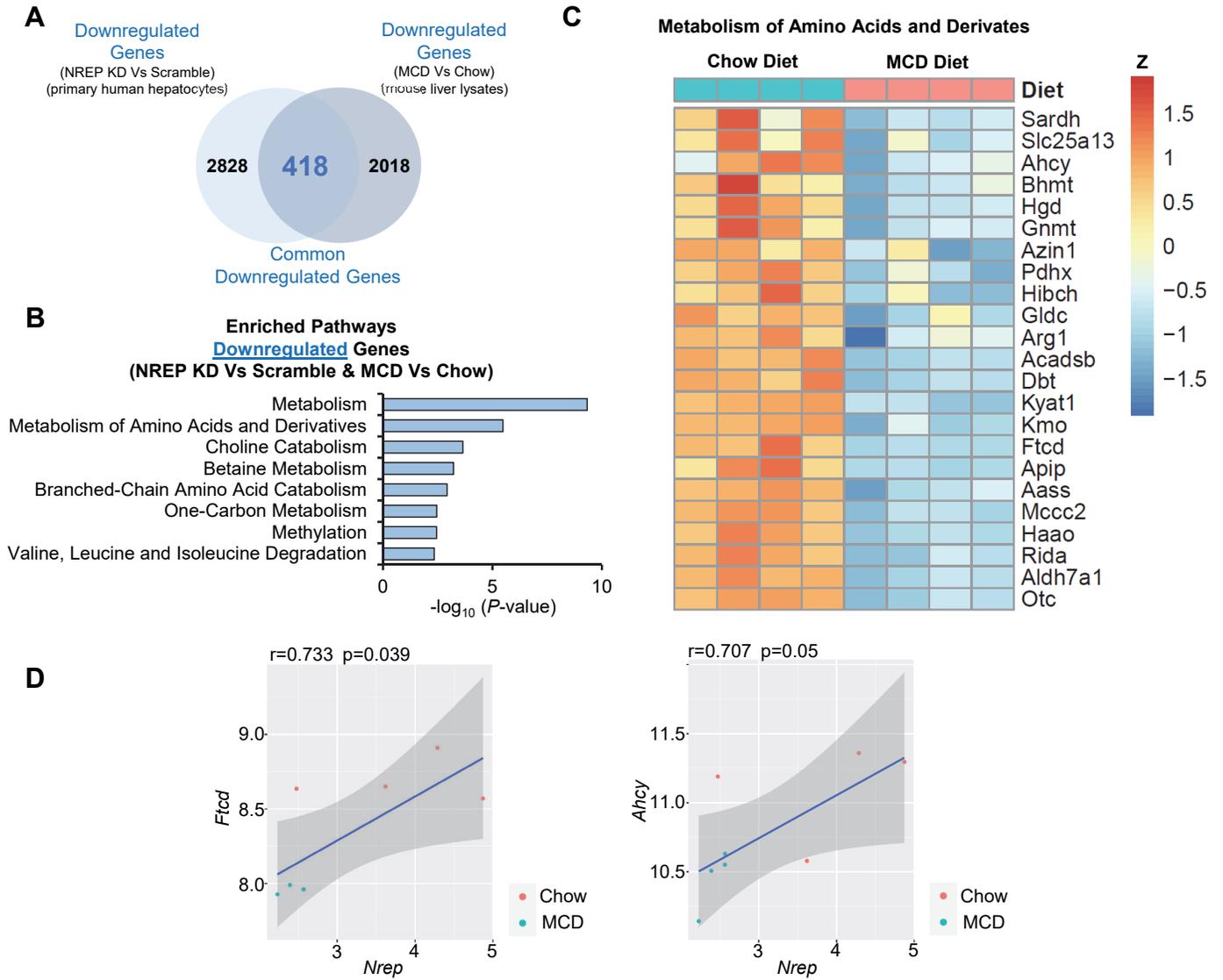
GO term	Name	SVM Reliability
GO:0003676	nucleic acid binding	H
GO:0003677	DNA binding	H
GO:0003824	catalytic activity	H
GO:0003700	sequence-specific DNA binding transcription factor activity	H
GO:0001071	nucleic acid binding transcription factor activity	H
GO:0008092	cytoskeletal protein binding	H
GO:0016773	phosphotransferase activity, alcohol group as acceptor	H
GO:0003723	RNA binding	H
GO:0003779	actin binding	H
GO:0000166	nucleotide binding	H
GO:0030695	GTPase regulator activity	H
GO:0016740	transferase activity	H
GO:0005516	calmodulin binding	H
GO:0015631	tubulin binding	H



G

varId	alt	beta	chromosome	n	pValue	phenotype	reference	stdErr	zScore	reference
5:111253269:T:C	C	0.0076	5	1681390	3.69E-09	HDL	T	0.0012	5.898	T
5:111253225:C:A	A	0.0075	5	1681390	4.56E-09	HDL	C	0.0012	5.862	C
5:111241454:G:A	A	0.0074	5	1694140	5.08E-09	HDL	G	0.0012	5.845	A
5:111225001:C:A	A	0.0072	5	1668960	1.56E-08	HDL	C	0.0012	5.655	A
5:111235304:A:C	C	0.0072	5	1681390	1.66E-08	HDL	A	0.0012	5.645	A
5:111285955:C:G	G	-0.0072	5	1678500	1.71E-08	HDL	C	0.0012	-5.639	G
5:111260051:A:G	G	0.0073	5	1776130	2.02E-08	HDL	A	0.0012	5.61	A
5:111225171:C:T	T	0.0072	5	1668960	2.27E-08	HDL	C	0.0012	5.59	C
5:111244077:G:C	C	0.0071	5	1681390	2.29E-08	HDL	G	0.0012	5.589	G
5:111250451:T:A	A	0.0073	5	1775690	2.48E-08	HDL	T	0.0012	5.575	T

Supplementary Figure 2 (Related to Figure 1): *In silico* prediction of NREP protein structure and functions and GWAS meta-analyses phenotype associations with NREP loci. (A) NREP protein structure domains and features. (B) NREP 3D structure modeling. (C) Molecular function predictions for NREP based on its theoretical structure. In (A) and (B) the terms represent those predicted where support vector machine (SVM; a machine learning technique) training includes assigned GO terms across all evidence code types. SVM reliability is regarded as High (H) when sensitivity, specificity, and precision are jointly above a given threshold. Otherwise, reliability is indicated as Low (L). Terms with lower reliability are not shown. (D) PPAR γ transcription binding activity in nuclear extracts of HepG2 cells (n=6 biological replicates/group). (E) Summary of bottom-line associations with represented phenotypes. Associations are clumped by linkage disequilibrium (complete list in Supplementary Table 1). (F) LocusZoom interactive visualization of bottom-line *P*-values for variant associations with HDL cholesterol across NREP loci (complete list in Supplementary Table 2). (G) Top SNPs associations table with HDL cholesterol across NREP loci. Data retrieved from the Common Metabolic Disease Risk Knowledge Portal. Statistical analyses by One-way ANOVA with LSD test in D.



Supplementary Figure 3 (Related to Figure 2): NREP silencing in hepatocytes recapitulates the downregulation of one-carbon metabolism genes seen in the methionine/choline-deficient diet (MCD) model of NASH. (A) Venn diagram of intersected downregulated genes between NREP knock-down (KD) versus Scramble in primary human hepatocytes and liver lysates from methionine-choline deficient diet (MCD) versus Chow diet (n=4 biological replicates/group) (Tomohiko K & Kulkarni RN, unpublished). (B) Pathway enrichment analyses on intersected genes. (C) Heat-map representation selected genes associated with metabolism of amino acids and commonly downregulated in the MCD model and NREP KD primary human hepatocytes. (D) Pearson's correlations between NREP and represented one-carbon metabolism genes in Chow and MCD liver lysates. Statistical analyses by Benjamini-Hochberg method.

Supplementary Figure 4 (Relates to Figures 3 and 4): NREP downregulation impacts transcriptional regulation of cholesterol and calcium signaling pathways in primary human hepatocytes. (A) Cholesterol metabolism signaling pathway. **(B)** Calcium signaling pathway. RNA-sequencing of NREP KD compared to Scramble in primary human hepatocytes. Colors indicate upregulated (red) or downregulated (green) genes. Genes selected with $FDR < 0.05$. Signaling pathways based on KEGG annotation and rendered by Pathview.