SUPPLEMENTAL MATERIAL

**Supplemental Table 1**. International Classification of Diseases (ICD) and Anatomical Therapeutic Chemical Classification System (ATC) codes definitions used in the study and their positive predictive values (PPVs) in the Danish registries.

Condition	ICD-10 codes	ATC codes	PPV
Chronic obstructive	J43-J44		92%[1]
pulmonary disease			
Smoking-related cancers	C00-C06, C09-		98%[2]
_	C22, C25, C32-		
	C34, C39, C50,		
	C65-C67		
Non-smoking-related	C00-C99		98%[2]
cancers	(excluding		
	codes for		
	smoking-related		
	cancers)		
Acute myocardial	I21		97%[3]
infarction			
Heart failure	I50, I110, I130,		76%[3]
	I132		
Peripheral arterial	I70-I74		69%[4]
disease			
Stroke	I60-I64, I69		76-
			94%[2,5,6]
Venous	I801-I803, I26		88%[3]
thromboembolism			
Diabetes mellitus	E10-E14	A10A, A10B (≥2 prescriptions in last	96%[2]
		year before index/within one year for	
		incident cases)	
Chronic liver disease	K70-K74,		100[2]
	K766, I85		
Ulcer/chronic gastritis	K211, K25-		98%[2]
	K28, K293-		
	K295		
Inflammatory bowel	K50-K51		82%[7]
disease			
Chronic kidney disease	N18		100%[2]
Prostate disorders	N40	C02CA, G04C (≥2 prescriptions in last	
		year before index/within one year for	
		incident cases)	
Connective tissue	M05-M06,		98%[2]
disorders	M08-M09,		
	M30-M36, D86		
Osteoporosis/hip	M80-M82,	M05B, G03XC01, H05AA (≥2	>90%[8]
fractures	S720, S721,	prescriptions in last year before	
	S722	index/within one year for incident	
		cases)	

Migraine	G43	N02C (≥2 prescriptions in last year before index/within one year for incident cases)	Unknown
Dementia	F00-F03, F051, G30	N06D (≥2 prescriptions in last year before index/within one year for incident cases)	86- 98%[2,9]
Mood, stress-related, or anxiety disorders	F32-F34, F40- F48	N06A (≥2 prescriptions in last year before index/within one year for incident cases)	65- 83%[10]
Alcohol or substance abuse disorders	F101-F109, F11-F16, F18- F19		Unknown
Bipolar affective disorders	F30-F31		Unknown
Schizophrenia	F20, F25		97%[11]

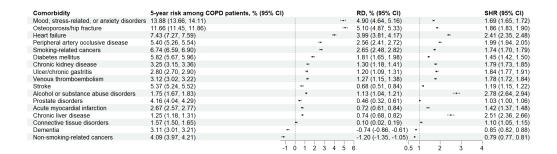
**Supplemental Figure 1.** Five-year absolute risks among patients with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), risk differences (RDs), and subdistribution hazard ratios (SHRs) for a spectrum of comorbidities, ranked according to the largest RD, comparing patients with COPD with matched individuals from the general population, stratified according to sex.

Comorbidity	5-year risk among COPD patients, % (95% CI)		RD, % (95% CI)		SHR (95% CI)
Mood, stress-related, or anxiety disorde			, /0 (00/0 01)		31111 (00 /0 01)
Men	12.34 (12.05, 12.63)	144	5.11 (4.79, 5.44)		1.86 (1.81, 1.91
Women	15.39 (15.05, 15.73)	н	6.21 (5.83, 6.59)		1.83 (1.78, 1.88
Osteoporosis/hip fracture	10.00 (10.00, 10.70)		0.21 (0.00, 0.00)		1.00 (1.70, 1.00
Men	8.05 (7.83, 8.29)	144	4.20 (3.95, 4.45)		2.18 (2.11, 2.26)
Women	15.60 (15.27, 15.93)		→ 6.87 (6.51, 7.25)		1.86 (1.82, 1.91
Heart failure	10.00 (10.21, 10.00)		0.01 (0.01, 1.20)		1.00 (1.02, 1.01
Men	8.53 (8.29, 8.77)	1961	4.54 (4.27, 4.80)		2.33 (2.26, 2.41)
Women	6.23 (6.03, 6.44)	i <del>e</del> i	3.83 (3.61, 4.04)	171	2.83 (2.72, 2.94
Peripheral artery occlusive disease	0.23 (0.03, 0.44)		3.03 (3.01, 4.04)		2.03 (2.72, 2.34
Men	6.14 (5.93, 6.35)	191	2.74 (2.51, 2.97)		1.89 (1.82, 1.96
Women	4.61 (4.44, 4.79)	i <del>v</del> i	2.68 (2.49, 2.87)	Her.	2.50 (2.39, 2.61
Smoking-related cancers	4.01 (4.44, 4.75)		2.00 (2.49, 2.01)		2.50 (2.55, 2.01
Men	6.52 (6.32, 6.73)	100	2.75 (2.52, 2.98)		1.83 (1.77, 1.89
Women	7.00 (6.79, 7.22)	181	2.85 (2.61, 3.09)		1.77 (1.72, 1.83
Diabetes mellitus	1.00 (0.19, 1.22)		2.83 (2.01, 3.09)		1.77 (1.72, 1.03
Men	6.60 (6.39, 6.83)	141	1.94 (1.69, 2.19)	_	1.47 (1.42, 1.52
Women	5.08 (4.89, 5.27)	100	2.00 (1.80, 2.21)	-	1.70 (1.63, 1.77
Chronic kidney disease	5.00 (4.09, 5.21)		2.00 (1.60, 2.21)		1.70 (1.03, 1.77
	2 00 /2 72 4 05)		4 54 (4 36 4 74)		1 74 /1 66 1 01
Men	3.88 (3.73, 4.05)		1.54 (1.36, 1.71)		1.74 (1.66, 1.81
Women	2.53 (2.41, 2.66)		1.36 (1.22, 1.50)		2.23 (2.12, 2.36
Ulcer/chronic gastritis	0.00 (0.70, 0.00)		1 10 (1 05 1 50)		1 00 (1 00 0 00)
Men	2.93 (2.79, 3.08)	**	1.40 (1.25, 1.56)		1.99 (1.89, 2.09
Women	2.67 (2.53, 2.80)	*	1.28 (1.14, 1.43)		2.00 (1.90, 2.12)
Venous thromboembolism	0.00 (0.00 0.40)				4 77 /4 00 4 00
Men	3.02 (2.88, 3.16)	-	1.23 (1.07, 1.38)		1.77 (1.68, 1.86)
Women	3.19 (3.05, 3.34)	-	1.47 (1.32, 1.63)		1.94 (1.85, 2.04)
Stroke					
Men	5.59 (5.39, 5.79)	144	0.73 (0.50, 0.96)	*	1.16 (1.12, 1.21
Women	5.08 (4.89, 5.26)	141	1.06 (0.85, 1.27)	•	1.28 (1.23, 1.33
Alcohol or substance abuse disorders					
Men	2.34 (2.21, 2.47)	*	1.49 (1.35, 1.63)	141	2.85 (2.68, 3.04
Women	1.29 (1.20, 1.38)	•	0.86 (0.77, 0.96)	<b>⊢•</b> ~	3.13 (2.88, 3.41
Prostate disorders					
Men	8.81 (8.56, 9.07)	H <del>e</del> H	0.52 (0.22, 0.82)	*	1.07 (1.03, 1.10
Women	0.39 (0.35, 0.44)	*	0.15 (0.09, 0.20)	1-4-4	1.65 (1.45, 1.88
Acute myocardial infarction					
Men	2.96 (2.82, 3.11)	*	0.48 (0.32, 0.65)		1.23 (1.17, 1.30
Women	2.37 (2.24, 2.49)		1.06 (0.93, 1.20)	191	1.87 (1.77, 1.98
Chronic liver disease					
Men	1.53 (1.43, 1.63)	*	0.96 (0.86, 1.07)	1-9-1	2.84 (2.63, 3.05
Women	1.00 (0.92, 1.08)	*	0.60 (0.52, 0.69)		2.61 (2.39, 2.85)
Connective tissue disorders					
Men	1.33 (1.24, 1.43)	-	0.19 (0.08, 0.30)	ret .	1.19 (1.11, 1.28)
Women	1.76 (1.66, 1.87)	-	0.17 (0.04, 0.29)	m	1.14 (1.07, 1.21
Dementia					
Men	2.81 (2.68, 2.95)	H=1	-0.53 (-0.69, -0.36)		0.85 (0.81, 0.89)
Women	3.24 (3.10, 3.38)	HT-	-0.35 (-0.52, -0.18)	*	0.89 (0.85, 0.93
Non-smoking-related cancers					
Men	5.06 (4.88, 5.25)		-1.57 (-1.80, -1.34)		0.77 (0.74, 0.80)

**Supplemental Figure 2.** Five-year absolute risks among patients with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), risk differences (RDs), and subdistribution hazard ratios (SHRs) for a spectrum of comorbidities, ranked according to the largest RD, comparing patients with COPD with matched individuals from the general population, stratified according to age group.

Comorbidity	5-year risk among COPD patients, % (95% CI)		RD, % (95% CI)		SHR (95% CI)
Mood, stress-related, or anxiety disorder	rs				
Age 40-59 years	14.52 (13.96, 15.08)	-	8.52 (7.92, 9.13)		2.60 (2.48, 2.73)
Age 60-69 years	12.27 (11.86, 12.69)	H <del>*</del> +1	7.06 (6.61, 7.51)	*	2.59 (2.48, 2.70)
Age 70-79 years	14.60 (14.21, 15.01)	H#H	5.91 (5.46, 6.36)	*	1.87 (1.81, 1.93)
Age ≥80 years	13.79 (13.34, 14.25)	H=-1	1.39 (0.86, 1.93)	•	1.21 (1.17, 1.25)
Osteoporosis/hip fracture					
Age 40-59 years	7.90 (7.53, 8.27)	144	5.95 (5.57, 6.34)	₩.	4.35 (4.08, 4.63)
Age 60-69 years	11.48 (11.11, 11.86)	144	7.22 (6.82, 7.63)	H	2.85 (2.74, 2.97)
Age 70-79 years	13.26 (12.89, 13.65)	H#H	6.08 (5.66, 6.50)	•	1.94 (1.88, 2.01)
Age ≥80 years	12.62 (12.17, 13.08)	H	1.04 (0.51, 1.58)	•	1.10 (1.06, 1.15
Heart failure					
Age 40-59 years	3.49 (3.25, 3.75)	-	2.79 (2.54, 3.06)	h <del></del>	5.33 (4.81, 5.90
Age 60-69 years	6.10 (5.83, 6.38)	**	4.37 (4.08, 4.67)	101	3.79 (3.57, 4.01
Age 70-79 years	8.79 (8.49, 9.10)	i <del>e</del> i	5.07 (4.74, 5.40)	*	2.63 (2.53, 2.74
Age ≥80 years	10.45 (10.06, 10.86)	141	3.64 (3.19, 4.09)	•	1.68 (1.61, 1.76
Peripheral artery disease					
Age 40-59 years	2.97 (2.74, 3.21)		2.07 (1.83, 2.32)	heri	3.40 (3.09, 3.74
Age 60-69 years	5.85 (5.58, 6.13)	141	3.58 (3.29, 3.88)	-	2.72 (2.57, 2.87
Age 70-79 years	7.14 (6.86, 7.42)	₩.	3.51 (3.20, 3.82)	•	2.09 (2.00, 2.18
Age ≥80 years	4.46 (4.20, 4.73)	i <del>e</del> i	1.06 (0.77, 1.36)	*	1.36 (1.28, 1.44
Smoking-related cancers					
Age 40-59 years	4.17 (3.90, 4.45)		2.32 (2.03, 2.62)	m .	2.34 (2.17, 2.52
Age 60-69 years	8.13 (7.82, 8.46)	i <del>e</del> i	4.00 (3.66, 4.35)		2.10 (2.01, 2.19
Age 70-79 years	8.66 (8.36, 8.96)	HH.	3.76 (3.43, 4.09)	•	1.92 (1.84, 1.99
Age ≥80 years	4.83 (4.57, 5.09)	·*·	0.40 (0.10, 0.71)	*	1.13 (1.07, 1.20
Diabetes mellitus					
Age 40-59 years	6.96 (6.61, 7.33)	He4	3.58 (3.19, 3.98)		2.13 (2.01, 2.26
Age 60-69 years	6.92 (6.62, 7.22)	191	2.72 (2.38, 3.06)		1.71 (1.63, 1.79
Age 70-79 years	6.02 (5.76, 6.29)	i <del>e</del> i	1.66 (1.37, 1.96)	¥	1.42 (1.36, 1.49
Age ≥80 years	3.34 (3.12, 3.57)	•	0.27 (0.01, 0.53)	·	1.12 (1.05, 1.20
Chronic kidney disease					
Age 40-59 years	1.23 (1.09, 1.39)	*	0.93 (0.78, 1.09)	h	4.06 (3.48, 4.74
Age 60-69 years	2.45 (2.29, 2.63)		1.55 (1.37, 1.73)	THE STATE OF THE S	2.81 (2.59, 3.05
Age 70-79 years	4.12 (3.92, 4.32)		1.94 (1.72, 2.16)	m	2.03 (1.92, 2.14
Age ≥80 years	4.41 (4.17, 4.66)	HH.	1.04 (0.77, 1.32)	*	1.35 (1.28, 1.44
Ulcer/chronic gastritis	()				(,
Age 40-59 years	2.27 (2.07, 2.48)		1.60 (1.40, 1.82)	HH	3.60 (3.22, 4.02
Age 60-69 years	2.85 (2.66, 3.04)		1.78 (1.58, 1.98)	(m)	2.80 (2.59, 3.02
Age 70-79 years	3.26 (3.08, 3.45)		1.54 (1.34, 1.74)		1.99 (1.87, 2.12
Age ≥80 years	2.54 (2.35, 2.73)		0.32 (0.10, 0.54)	5	1.19 (1.10, 1.28
Venous thromboembolism	2.01 (2.00) 2.10)		(0110) (0101)		(
Age 40-59 years	2.13 (1.94, 2.34)		1.38 (1.17, 1.59)	Here!	2.96 (2.66, 3.30
Age 60-69 years	3.15 (2.95, 3.35)	ж.	1.80 (1.59, 2.01)	He .	2.48 (2.31, 2.66
Age 70-79 years	3.58 (3.39, 3.77)		1.50 (1.29, 1.72)		1.81 (1.71, 1.92
Age ≥80 years	3.19 (2.99, 3.41)	**	0.57 (0.34, 0.82)		1.29 (1.20, 1.38
Stroke	0.10 (2.00, 0.11)		0.07 (0.01, 0.02)		1.20 (1.20, 1.00
Age 40-59 years	3.00 (2.78, 3.24)	iei .	1.70 (1.46, 1.96)	pel .	2.41 (2.21, 2.63
Age 60-69 years	4.88 (4.64, 5.14)		2.03 (1.76, 2.31)		1.76 (1.67, 1.86
Age 70-79 years	6.28 (6.02, 6.55)	iwi .	1.01 (0.71, 1.31)		1.24 (1.19, 1.30
Age ≥80 years	6.63 (6.32, 6.95)		-1.90 (-2.29, -1.50)		0.80 (0.76, 0.84
Alcohol or substance abuse disorders	0.03 (0.32, 0.33)		-1.30 (-2.23, -1.30)		0.00 (0.70, 0.04
Age 40-59 years	3.39 (3.13, 3.67)	let.	2.77 (2.50, 3.05)	_	5.72 (5.09, 6.43
Age 60-69 years	2.60 (2.42, 2.79)	_	1.79 (1.60, 1.99)	_	3.29 (3.02, 3.59
Age 70-79 years			0.66 (0.53, 0.79)		
Age ≥80 years	1.36 (1.24, 1.48) 0.53 (0.45, 0.62)	L.	0.17 (0.08, 0.27)	1"	2.05 (1.87, 2.26 1.53 (1.30, 1.81
Prostate disorders	0.33 (0.43, 0.02)	ſ	0.17 (0.00, 0.27)		1.33 (1.30, 1.01
	2.00 (4.92. 2.40)	_	0.52 (0.22, 0.74)		4 20 /4 25 4 52
Age 40-59 years Age 60-69 years	2.00 (1.82, 2.19) 4.58 (4.35, 4.83)	H	0.53 (0.32, 0.74) 0.73 (0.46, 1.00)	Į.	1.38 (1.25, 1.52 1.20 (1.13, 1.26
Age 70-79 years	4.56 (4.55, 4.65) 5.48 (5.24, 5.72)	mer en	0.73 (0.44, 1.00)		1.08 (1.03, 1.13
Age ≥80 years	3.53 (3.31, 3.77)	-	0.25 (-0.02, 0.53)		0.88 (0.82, 0.94
Age 280 years Acute myocardial infarction	0.00 (0.01, 0.11)	1	0.23 (-0.02, 0.03)		0.00 (0.02, 0.94
Age 40-50 years	1.80 (1.63, 1.99)		0.86 (0.67, 1.07)		1.96 (1.76, 2.18
Age 40-59 years Age 60-69 years	2.56 (2.39, 2.75)	*	1.12 (0.93, 1.32)	m	1.85 (1.71, 1.99
Ago 70 70 years					
Age 70-79 years	3.06 (2.88, 3.25)	1"	0.92 (0.72, 1.13)	i	1.51 (1.42, 1.61
Age ≥80 years	2.91 (2.71, 3.12)	T	0.09 (-0.15, 0.34)		1.06 (0.99, 1.14
Chronic liver disease	2 28 (2 00 - 2 40)		1 04 /4 64 0 001	-	E 10 (4 E4 E 77
Age 40-59 years	2.28 (2.09, 2.49)		1.81 (1.61, 2.02)		5.10 (4.51, 5.77
Age 60-69 years	1.76 (1.62, 1.91)	1."	1.13 (0.97, 1.29)	-	2.93 (2.66, 3.23
Age 70-79 years	0.94 (0.85, 1.04)	I.	0.45 (0.35, 0.56)	L. "	2.03 (1.82, 2.26
Age ≥80 years	0.37 (0.31, 0.45)	Ī	0.07 (-0.01, 0.15)	T .	1.21 (1.00, 1.47
Connective tissue disorders	4.45 (4.20, 4.62)		0.00 (0.51.0.00)	HP-I	4.00 (4.75.000
Age 40-59 years	1.45 (1.29, 1.62)	L.	0.68 (0.51, 0.86)		1.98 (1.75, 2.23
Age 60-69 years	1.63 (1.50, 1.78)		0.29 (0.13, 0.46)		1.27 (1.16, 1.39
Age 70-79 years	1.93 (1.79, 2.07)	Ţ	0.14 (-0.02, 0.31)		1.10 (1.02, 1.18
Age ≥80 years	1.00 (0.89, 1.13)		-0.31 (-0.45, -0.16)		0.77 (0.69, 0.87
Dementia	0.37 (0.30, 0.46)	L	0.40 (0.44 0.20)		0.40 (4.70 0.77
Age 40-59 years	0.37 (0.29, 0.46)		0.19 (0.11, 0.29)	_	2.18 (1.72, 2.77
Age 60-69 years	1.26 (1.14, 1.39) 3.97 (3.77, 4.18)		0.40 (0.27, 0.54)	-	1.51 (1.36, 1.68
Age 70-79 years		7	-0.17 (-0.40, 0.07)		1.00 (0.95, 1.05
Age ≥80 years	6.13 (5.84, 6.42)		-2.90 (-3.26, -2.54)	*	0.69 (0.66, 0.73
Non-smoking-related cancers	0.07 (0.07.0.40)		0.05 (0.05 5 5 5		
Age 40-59 years	2.27 (2.07, 2.48)	-	0.25 (0.03, 0.49)	*	1.15 (1.05, 1.26
Age 60-69 years	4.30 (4.07, 4.53)	141	-0.43 (-0.70, -0.15)	*	0.95 (0.90, 1.00
Age 70-79 years	4.99 (4.76, 5.22)	İ	-1.60 (-1.88, -1.32)	1	0.77 (0.73, 0.80
Age ≥80 years	3.99 (3.76, 4.24)		2.24 (-2.54, -1.93)_	•	0.66 (0.62, 0.70)
	-	101234567		1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	10

**Supplemental Figure 3.** Five-year absolute risks among patients with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), risk differences (RDs), and subdistribution hazard ratios (SHRs) for a spectrum of comorbidities, ranked according to the largest RD, comparing patients with COPD with matched individuals from the general population, after restricting the study population to those with  $\geq 2$  visits to a general practitioner within one year before the index date.



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