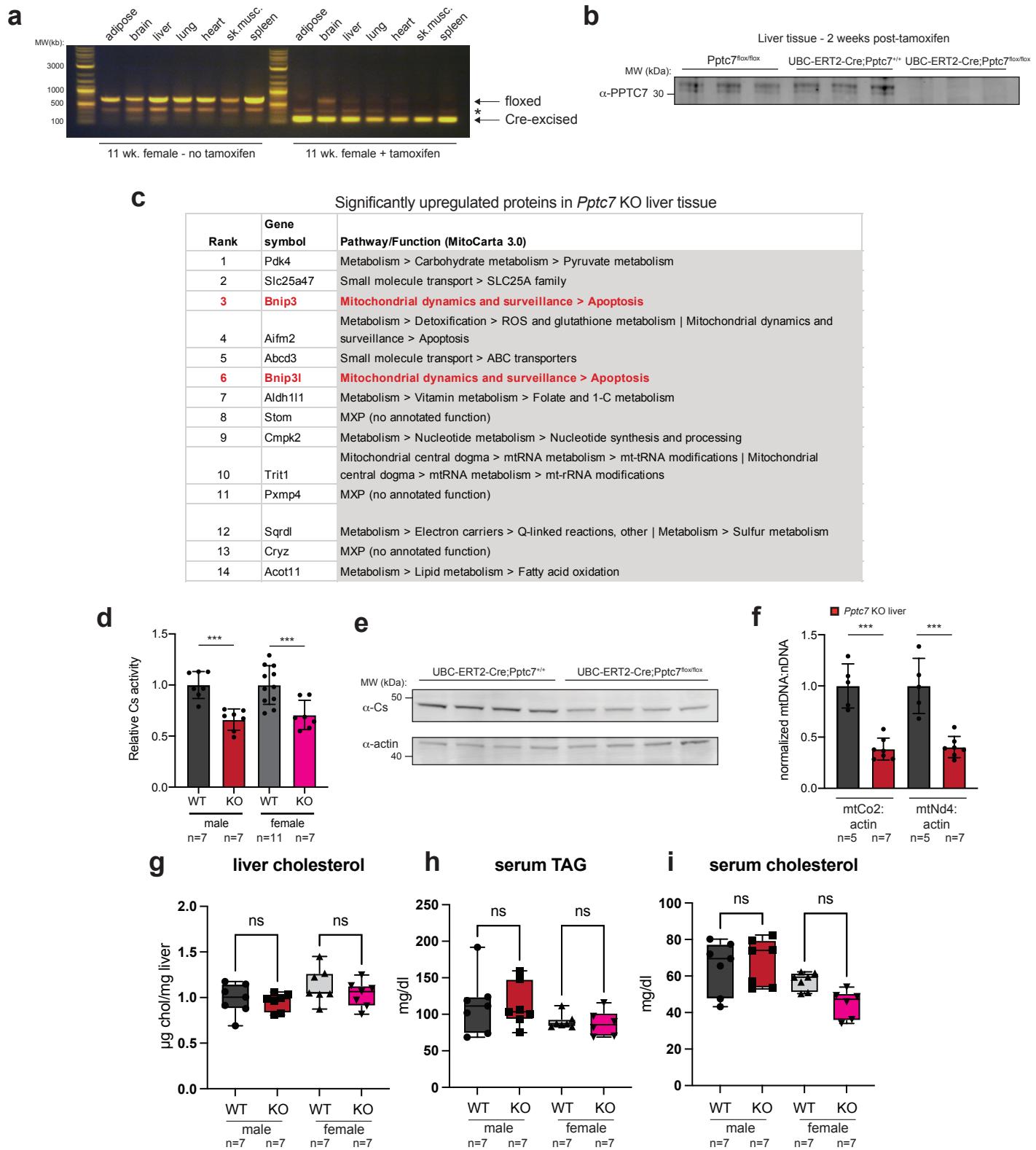


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

PPTC7 maintains mitochondrial protein content by suppressing receptor-mediated mitophagy

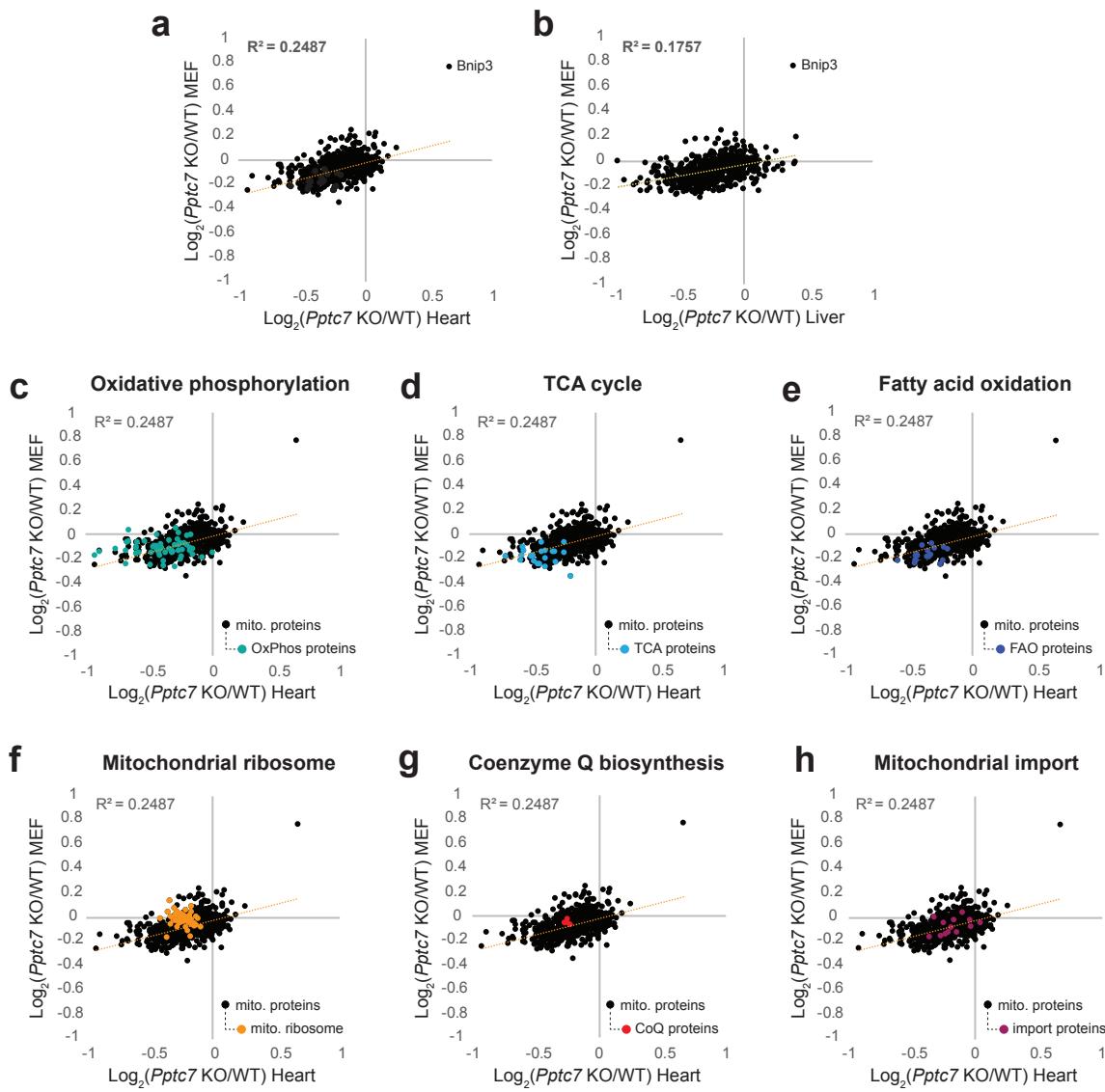
Niemi et al.

Supplementary Figure 1



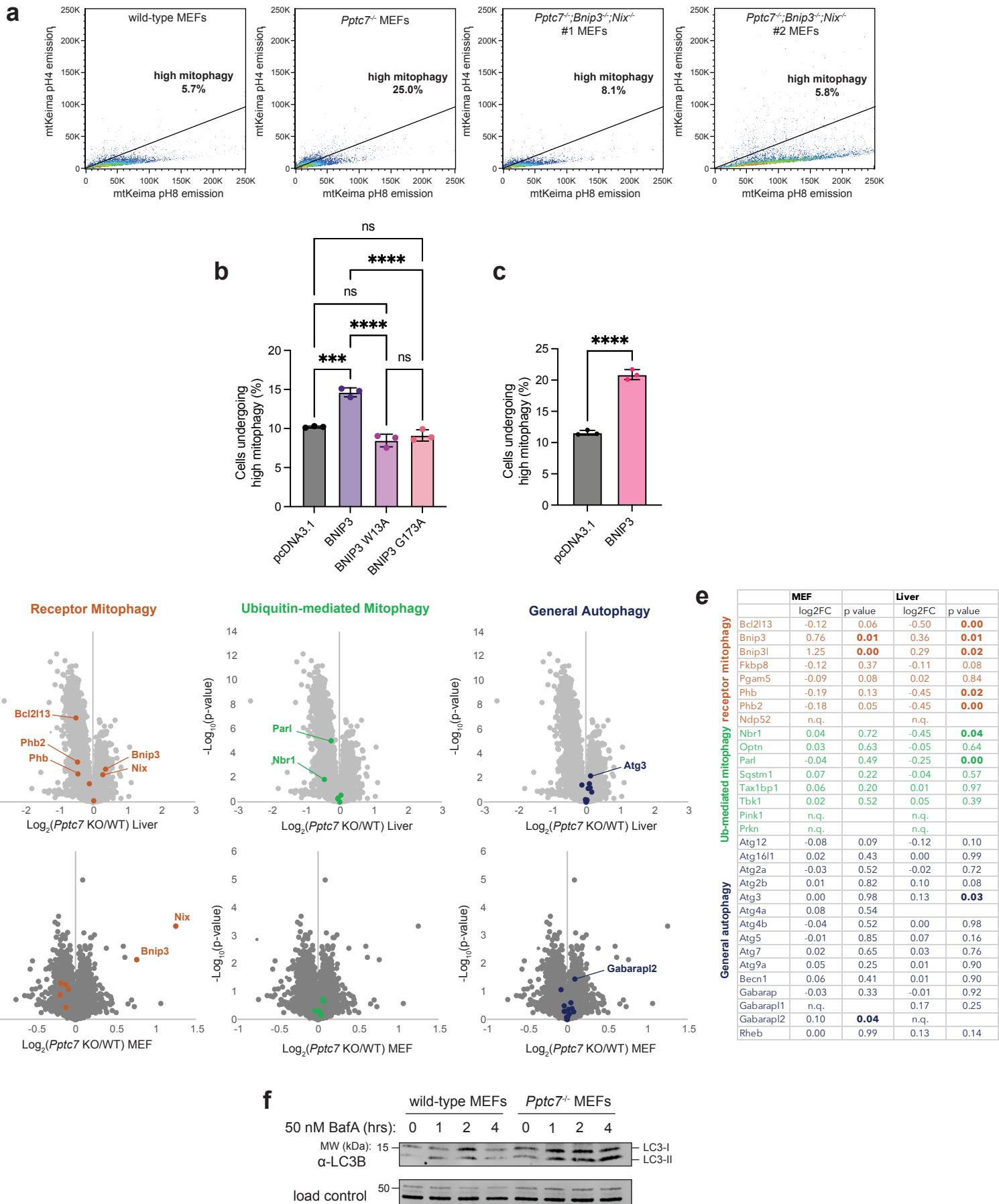
Supplementary Figure 1: Establishment and validation of the inducible *Pptc7* KO knockout mouse. **A.** Genotyping for the floxed allele in 11-week-old female mice without (left) and with (right) one week of tamoxifen administration. Genotyping reveals substantial recombination only in the presence of tamoxifen for most tissues assayed. *represents a non-specific band. Experiment is representative of at least three independent experiments. **B.** Endogenous PPTC7 in floxed mice (left, n=3), Cre-containing wild type mice (middle, n=3), or experimental knockout animals (right, n=3). Only the experimental animals show knockout at the protein level. Experiment is representative of at least three independent experiments. **C.** Table of significantly upregulated mitochondrial proteins in *Pptc7* knockout relative to control liver tissue. BNIP3 and NIX are highlighted. **D.** Citrate synthase (Cs) activity in liver tissue from male and female mice. Each dot represents mean Cs activity from an individual animal, n=7 for male WT, n=7 for male KO, n=11 for female WT, n=7 for female KO; error bars represent standard deviation. ***p<0.001, two-tailed Student's t test. **E.** Expression of citrate synthase protein in n=4 control (left) or n=4 experimental (right) animals. Actin is shown as a load control. Experiment is representative of at least three independent experiments. **F.** Relative mtDNA levels (compared to nuclear DNA, or nDNA) in male wild type (grey, n=5) or *Pptc7* KO (red, n=7) liver. Error bars represent standard deviation. ***p<0.001, two-tailed Student's t test. **G.** Liver cholesterol content in male and female wild-type (WT) and *Pptc7* KO mice fasted overnight. Ordinary one-way ANOVA performed. ns = not significant. The box plot extends from the 25th to 75th percentile; whiskers stretch from minimum to maximum datapoints. The line in the middle of the box plot represents the median. **H.** Serum triacylglycerol content (TAG) in male and female wild-type (WT) and *Pptc7* KO mice fasted overnight. Ordinary one-way ANOVA performed. ns = not significant. The box plot extends from the 25th to 75th percentile; whiskers stretch from minimum to maximum datapoints. The line in the middle of the box plot represents the median. **I.** Serum cholesterol content in male and female wild-type (WT) and *Pptc7* KO mice fasted overnight. Ordinary one-way ANOVA performed. ns = not significant. The box plot extends from the 25th to 75th percentile; whiskers stretch from minimum to maximum datapoints. The line in the middle of the box plot represents the median.

Supplementary Figure 2



Supplementary Figure 2: Metabolic proteins are amongst the most affected by *Pptc7* KO. **A.**, **B.** Correlation analysis between mitochondrial protein fold changes in *Pptc7* KO MEFs (y-axis) and perinatal heart (x-axis, **A.**) and perinatal liver (x-axis, **B.**). **C.-H.**, Pathway analysis highlighting proteins involved in oxidative phosphorylation (**C.**), the TCA cycle (**D.**), fatty acid oxidation (**E.**), the mitochondrial ribosome (**F.**), coenzyme Q biosynthesis (**G.**), and mitochondrial protein import (**H.**).

Supplementary Figure 3

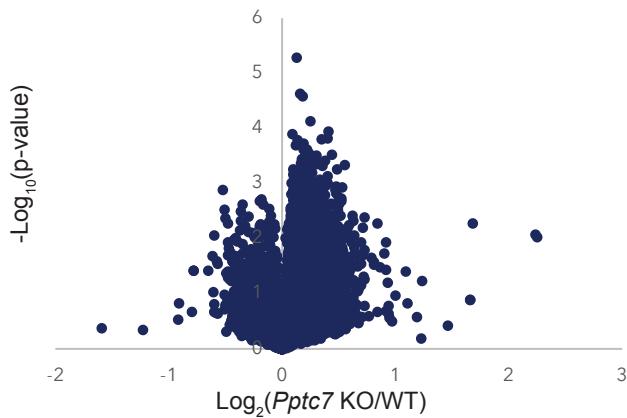


Supplementary Figure 3: *Pptc7* KO cells undergo elevated mitophagy and autophagy. **A.** FACS histograms of mt-Keima positive wild-type, *Pptc7* KO, or *Pptc7/Bnip3/Nix* TKO cells. The diagonal line represents the gate; ‘high mitophagy’ cells were quantified as above this line. **B.** Quantification of cells undergoing high mitophagy rates as quantified via FACS. Wild-type MEFs were stably transfected with pcDNA3.1 (vector only), BNIP3, BNIP3 W13A (a LIR mutant) or BNIP3 G173A (a TM mutant that disrupts dimerization). Dots each represent a biological replicate; error bars represent standard deviation. Ordinary one-way ANOVA performed. **** = p<0.0001, *** = p<0.001. **C.** Quantification of cells undergoing high mitophagy rates as quantified via FACS. Wild-type MEFs were stably transfected with pcDNA3.1 (vector only) or NIX. Dots each represent a biological replicate; error bars represent standard deviation. Two-tailed Student’s t-test performed. **** = p<0.0001, *** = p<0.001. **D., E.** Analysis of proteins identified in receptor-mediated mitophagy (orange), ubiquitination-mediated mitophagy (green), or general autophagy (navy blue) in adult liver tissue (top volcano plots) or MEFs (bottom volcano plots). Significantly changing proteins in *Pptc7* KO cells or tissue relative to control cells or tissue are highlighted. **F.** Table of all quantified proteins involved in receptor-mediated mitophagy (orange), ubiquitination-mediated mitophagy (green), or general autophagy (navy blue). Experiment is representative of at least three independent experiments. **G.** Wild-type or *Pptc7* KO MEFs were treated with 50 nM bafilomycin A for the indicated times. Cells were lysed, run on SDS-PAGE, and Western blotted for LC3. Source data included in Source data file.

Supplementary Figure 4

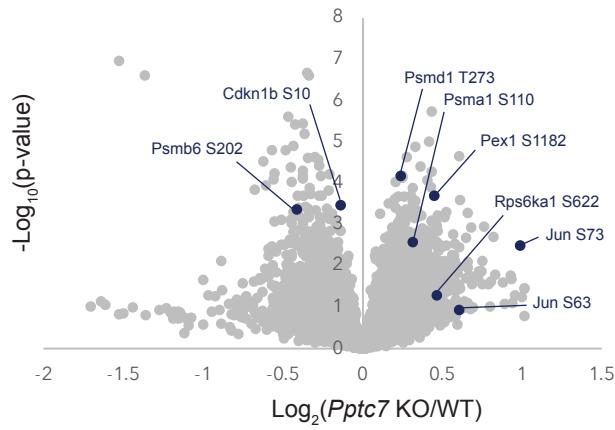
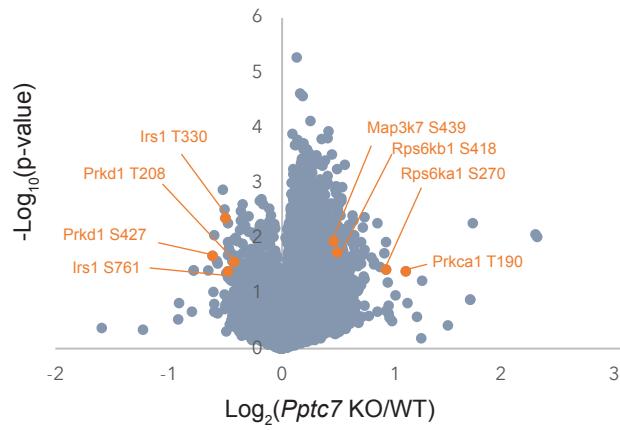
a

Non-mitochondrial phosphoisoforms -
Mouse embryonic fibroblasts



b

Non-mitochondrial phosphoisoforms -
inducible *Pptc7* KO liver tissue



Supplementary Figure 4: Non-mitochondrial phosphoproteome analysis from *Pptc7* knockout cells and tissues. A., B. Non-mitochondrial phosphopeptides shown as individual dots as quantified in MEFs (left) or adult mouse liver tissue (right). Distributions of total phosphoproteomes on top; highlights of select non-mitochondrial phosphorylation sites of interest on bottom.

Supplementary Table 1Niemi et al. *Pptc7* maintains mitochondrial protein content by suppressing receptor-mediated mitophagy

Sequences of CRISPR reagents used to generate the *Pptc7* conditional mouse (Int23 and Int24) and the sequence of the resulting floxed allele found in the *Pptc7* conditional mouse model are found below.

CRISPR reagents	
Int23	5'-CTGGCACTCGTGTCTACAGG AGG-3'
Int34	5'-TGCAAGGGACTTGAATAAG TGG-3'
Resulting floxed <i>Pptc7</i> allele sequence	
TTTGGAGGCTGGGTATGCCCTGTCAGAACATCAGTAAATTAGTGAAGTGTCA AGAACCTTGTCCAACGACTAAGTAGTAAGACCCAGTAACCTGCTGTGGGCCTGGCA CTCGTGTCTACATAACTTCGTATAATGTATGCTATACGAAGTTAGGAGGAGGAACATG GTGCACCTTGCTTACCGTGCTCCCACACCCCTTGCCTCAGCACCTCGGGTTCTCGGG TGTGGGGCAAACCTGGATGGAGCTGAGTGCTGACGGGCAGCAGCCCCGGGGAGACAG TGAGCGGATGCCATGTTGTTGAGGTAGCAGCACAGCCTGCATCGTGGTGCTGGACA GAAGTAGCCACCGCTTGACACAGCGAACCTGGGTACTCGGGCTTCCTGGTGGTCCG GGCGGGGAGGGTTGTGCACCGGTCTGACGAGCAGCAGCACTACTTCAACACTCCATT CAGCTCTCCATGCCCTCCTGAGGCCAGGGGGTTGTCCCTGAGCGACAGGTAAGCAA GCAGGAGGTGCCTCACCCATCCCTCCCTCCCTCCTGTCCTCTTCTGAGACACT GACGTCTCAGGACCAGTTAGTGGGCCCTTGCAAGGGACTTGGAAATAACTCGTATA ATGTATGCTATACGAAGTTATTAAAGTGGGTATCCCAGCCAAGCCAAGGTGCTCTTACAGA GTCAGCTGGAAGTGTGTCACAGGCCAGTCCGCCCTGTCAAGTCCAGTCCTCGGGC AGCCGCACACTGGCTGACGGCCGTCTTACTTGTCAAGAATAACTCCCCTCAGAGGTCC TTCTCACACATGCGCCCAACAGAAGAGAAGTGGCCAGACACTGCCCTGCTTAATGGG GTCACTAGGGTGGTCTTTTCTTGATGATTGCTAATGTCTTAGTTAATTAAACTTCC AGGAACCTTCAAAACAACCTG	
LoxP sites in red Exon 3 in blue	

Supplementary Table 2Niemi et al. *Pptc7* maintains mitochondrial protein content by suppressing receptor-mediated mitophagy

Sequences of primers used to genotype the *Pptc7* conditional mouse. Sequences amplify wild type or floxed allele (as full length or excised/knockout) and the UBC-Cre-ER^{T2} recombinase used in this study.

Primer name	Sequence
Pptc7 flox forward	5'-TAGTGAAGTGTCAAGCTGCAGGAA-3'
Pptc7 flox reverse	5'-GACTCTGTAAGAGCACCTTGGC-3'
Cre forward	5'-GACGTCAACC GTTCTGTTG-3'
Cre reverse	5'-AGGCAAATTG GGTACGG-3'

Supplementary Table 3Niemi et al. *Pptc7 maintains mitochondrial protein content by suppressing receptor-mediated mitophagy*

Sequences of primers used to amplify nuclear DNA (β -actin) and mitochondrial DNA (mtDNA, Mt-Co2 and Mt-Nd4).

Primer name	Sequence
β -actin fwd	5'-GGCTGTATTCCCCTCCATCG-3'
β -actin rev	5'-CCAGTTGTAACGCCATGT-3'
Mt-Co2 fwd	5'-CGAGTCGTTCTGCCAATAGAA-3'
Mt-Co2 rev	5'-CCTGGTCGGTTGATGTTACT-3'
Mt-Nd4 fwd	5'-GCCTCACATCATCACTCCTATT-3'
Mt-Nd4 rev	5'-GGCTATAAGTGGGAAGACCATT-3'

Supplementary Table 4Niemi et al. *Pptc7* maintains mitochondrial protein content by suppressing receptor-mediated mitophagy

Sequences guide RNAs (gRNAs) and primers for detecting *Bnip3* and *Bnip3l* deletion products post-CRISPR.

gRNA name	gRNA sequence
m.Bnip3.5'.sp2	5'-TCCTGGGAATGTGAATGGGC-3'
m.Bnip3.5'.sp6	5'-AAGTCATCAAGCCCCACAAG-3'
m.Bnip3.3'.sp17	5'-ATCTGGGCTCAAGTCTAGA-3'
m.Bnip3.3'.sp9	5'-CCAGGTCTGAGGCCACATT-3'
m.Bnip3l.5'.sp10	5'-TATTATCTGACTCGTCCAAC-3'
m.Bnip3l.5'.sp4	5'-TTATCTGAACTCAGCATGT-3'
m.Bnip3l.3'.sp1	5'-TGTAGCGTACATTTAAC-3'
m.Bnip3l.3'.sp14	5'-TAAGCACTTGATGTCAAAC-3'
Primers for deletion and inside PCR	
Bnip3 deletion – m.Bnip3.5F	5'-TGGCCTCTGGTAAATCACAGA-3'
Bnip3 deletion – m.Bnip3.3R	5'-GTAGTGCTGCCTAGGAACCG-3'
Bnip3 inside – m.Bnip3.inside.F	5'-TAGTCCTGCCTAGCCTTGAA-3'
Bnip3 inside – m.Bnip3.inside.R	5'-GCAACCCACCCACAAAAACAT-3'
Bnip3l deletion – m.Bnip3.5F	5'-AAACTAACTGGCTGGAGAGC-3'
Bnip3l deletion – m.Bnip3.3R	5'-GTGTATATGTGGAAGCCAGAGGA-3'
Bnip3l inside – m.Bnip3l.inside.F	5'-GTTCCCTCCTCGTCTCCATCCA-3'
Bnip3l inside – m.Bnip3l.inside.R	5'-GCAAATGAGCTGCCCTGTGA-3'