Cell Reports Medicine, Volume 4

# Supplemental information

## Preclinical development of a chimeric antigen

### receptor T cell therapy

#### targeting FGFR4 in rhabdomyosarcoma

Meijie Tian, Jun S. Wei, Nityashree Shivaprasad, Steven L. Highfill, Berkley E. Gryder, David Milewski, G. Tom Brown, Larry Moses, Hannah Song, Jerry T. Wu, Peter Azorsa, Jeetendra Kumar, Dina Schneider, Hsien-Chao Chou, Young K. Song, Abdelrahman Rahmy, Katherine E. Masih, Yong Yean Kim, Brian Belyea, Corinne M. Linardic, Boro Dropulic, Peter M. Sullivan, Poul H. Sorensen, Dimiter S. Dimitrov, John M. Maris, Crystal L. Mackall, Rimas J. Orentas, Adam T. Cheuk, and Javed Khan

# **Supplementary information**

# 2 Preclinical development of a Chimeric Antigen Receptor T-cell therapy targeting FGFR4 3 in rhabdomyosarcoma

Meijie Tian, Jun S. Wei, Nityashree Shivaprasad, Steven L. Highfill, Berkley E. Gryder, David
Milewski, G Tom Brown, Larry Moses, Hannah Song, Jerry T. Wu, Peter Azorsa, Jeetendra
Kumar, Dina Schneider, Hsien-Chao Chou, Young K. Song, Abdelrahman Rahmy, Katherine E.
Masih, Yong Yean Kim, Brian Belyea, Corinne M. Linardic, Boro Dropulic, Peter M. Sullivan,
Poul H. Sorensen, Dimiter S. Dimitrov, John M. Maris, Crystal L. Mackall, Rimas J. Orentas,

9 Adam T. Cheuk, and Javed Khan

1



11 Figure S1. Protein expression of FGFR4 in RMS cell lines and normal organs. Related to Figure 1. (A) FGFR4

12 protein is expressed at lower levels in normal tissues by electrochemiluminescence assay compared to the positive

13 control FP-RMS cell line RH30. (B) FGFR4 protein is expressed in FP-RMS and some FN-RMS cell lines by Western.

14 (C) FGFR4 expression is only detected in RH30 but not in normal tissues.



15 16

**6** Figure S2. Transduction efficiency of 3A11 CAR T-cells manufactured using the CliniMACS® Prodigy system

from three healthy donors. Related to Figure 4. (A) Representative flow cytometry plots show the transduction
efficiency of 3A11 CAR T-cells by staining with EGFR antibody. (B) The percentages of CD4<sup>+</sup> or CD8<sup>+</sup> CAR T-cells

19 gating on the  $EGFR^+$  T-cells are shown.



Figure S3. 3A11 CAR T-cells show specific killing activity to FGFR4 expressing RMS tumor cells. Related to Figure 4. (A and B) The specific lysis percentage of 3A11 CAR T-cells co-cultured with FGFR4 expressing RMS cells (A) or with RH30 FGFR4-KO, RH4 FGFR4-KO or human fibroblast cell line 7250 (B) at the indicated E:T ratios in an RTCA. (C) IL-2 and TNF- $\alpha$  production levels of 3A11 CAR T-cells following a 20-hour co-culture with FGFR4 expressing RMS cells or FGFR4-KO or 7250 are shown. Values represent mean ± SEM. Statistical test represents two-way ANOVA multiple comparisons (\*\*\*\*p < 0.0001, \*\*\*p < 0.01, \*\*p < 0.01, \*p < 0.05; ns, p >0.05).

20



29

30 Figure S4. 3A11 CAR T-cells exhibited low/absent antitumor activity when co-culturing with cells expressing 31 low levels of FGFR4, such as HR or HEK293 cells. Related to Figure 5. (A) Representative flow cytometry plot 32 showing differential levels of FGFR4 expression on RMS cell lines and normal cell HEK293. And Surface FGFR4 33 molecule numbers/cell of indicated cell lines listed in the right table are estimated and quantified by PE quantitation 34 beads. (B and C) Cytotoxicity assays show the differential killing activity of 3A11 CAR T-cells to different RMS cell 35 lines or HEK293 with variable FGFR4 expression levels at an E:T ratio of 1:8. (D) Cytokine release assays show 36 3A11 CAR T-cells only release high-level cytokine when co-cultured with RH30, RH4, or RD cells, rather than the 37 CTR, HR, or HEK293 cells. These data are consistent with their killing ability. Values in (B) and (C) represents mean 38  $\pm$  SEM. Values in (D)represents mean  $\pm$  SD. Representative of n = 2 independent experiments with n = 2 individual 39 donors.



Figure S5. 3A11 CAR T-cells exhibited similar low cytokine production when co-culturing with primary cells as 7250 cells. Related to Figure 5. Cytokine (IFN- $\gamma$ , IL-2, or TNF- $\alpha$ ) released by FGFR4 CAR T-cells from three individual donors when coculturing with primary cells or the FGFR4 negative cell line 7250, compared to the positive cell RH30, grown in their respective media. Statistics represent ordinary one-way ANOVA (\*\*\*\*p < 0.0001, \*\*p < 0.01, \*\*p < 0.01, \*p < 0.05; ns, p > 0.05). Values show n = 3 independent experiments with n = 3 individual donors.



46

value. \* *p* < 0.05.

47 Figure S6. 3A11 CAR T-cells successfully infiltrate into a solid subcutaneous RMS tumor. Related to Figure 7. 48 (A) Schema of the RH30 subcutaneous xenograft model infused with HBSS vehicle, mock or 3E6 CAR T-cells on 49 day 3 post tumor inoculation. (B) Individual RH30 tumor volume after receiving mock or CAR T-cells treatment was 50 measured by caliper. Arrow indicated the day that mice received treatment. Means and each replicate are shown, n =51 7. Mixed-effects analysis is used to calculate the p values between each two groups individually. \*\*\*\*p < 0.0001. (C) Kaplan-Meier survival analysis of mice receiving different treatments are shown. Tumor only vs  $3A11 \text{ CAR }^{***p}$ 52 53 0.0003; for mock T vs 3A11 CAR \*\*\*p = 0.0002. (D) Representative images of H&E, IHC staining within RH30 54 tumor grafts from mice treated with HBSS, mock T-cells and 3A11 CAR T-cells individually. All tumors are intensely 55 positive for FGFR4. 3A11 CAR T-cells treated mice typically harbor small tumors that contain significant CD4 and 56 CD8 positive tumor infiltrating lymphocytes. Rare CD4 and CD8 positive cells are observed in mock T-cell treated 57 tumors. Scale bars labeled on image is  $100\mu m$ , n = 4. (E) CD4<sup>+</sup> or CD8<sup>+</sup> T-cells significantly infiltrating into tumors 58 treated with 3A11 CAR T-cells. Annotations were made to include tumor tissue and exclude tumor necrosis and 59 section artifact for quantification of IHC. Digital pathology for biomarker quantification was performed following 60 Whole Slide Imaging (WSI). Thresholds for positivity was determined using known positive controls. CD4<sup>+</sup> and CD8<sup>+</sup> 61 T-cells are reported as number of positive cells per mm<sup>2</sup> of slide area. Mann-Whitney test was used to calculate the p 62



Figure S7. 3A11 CAR T-cells phenotype in RH4 orthotopic tumor model. Related to Figure 7. (A) Representative
flow cytometric plots of CAR T-cell percentages in CD45<sup>+</sup> CD3<sup>+</sup> T-cells of blood collected from above mice at day
49 post RH4 implant. (B and C) Percentage of CAR<sup>+</sup> and CAR<sup>-</sup> in CD45<sup>+</sup> CD3<sup>+</sup> T-cells from PBMCs (B) and total

67 counts of the indicated T-cells in 100µl blood (C). Data are shown as the mean  $\pm$  SEM (n = 7 or 8).