Supplemental Figures



Supplementary FIG S1. Recombinant expression of CFT073 RcrB complements the HOCI sensitivity phenotypes of *E. coli* strains deficient in *rcrB* or its homolog. Growth phenotype analyses of the UPEC strain CFT073 and Nissle 1 917 carrying pET28a or *rcrB*-pET28a in the presence and absence of *rcrB* were performed in MOPSg media in the presence of the indicated HOCI concentrations. HOCI-mediated LPE was calculated for each strain (see Materials and Methods for a detailed protocol). Recombinant expression of RcrB in (A) CFT073 and $\Delta rcrB$, and (B) *E. coli* Nissle 1917 and $\Delta rcrB$ -homolog ($\Delta rcrB$ -H) resulted in full complementation restoring HOCI resistance comparable to the corresponding wildtype strains CFT073 and EcN, respectively (n = 4, \pm S.D.).



3 0 <u>Ο Ο Ο</u> 0 1000 2000 3000 4000 5000 HOCI (μM)

Supplementary FIG S2. RcrB plays an important role for UPEC's HOCI resistance under various growth conditions. Growth phenotype analyses of UPEC strains CFT073 and $\Delta rcrB$ were performed in MOPSg media in the presence of the indicated HOCI concentrations. HOCI-mediated LPE was calculated for each strain (see Materials and Methods for a detailed protocol). (A) *Late log cultures:* overnight cultures of CFT073 (black fillings) and $\Delta rcrB$ (white fillings) were diluted 25-fold into fresh MOPSg and grown until they reached late log / early stationary phase (OD₆₀₀ ~2) before they were diluted again to the indicated start OD₆₀₀ and cultivated in the presence of the indicated HOCI concentrations; ($n = 3-4, \pm S.D.$). (B) *Exponential cultures:* overnight cultures of CFT073 (white circles) and $\Delta rcrB$ (grey circles) were diluted into fresh MOPSg to an OD₆₀₀ = 0.01 and grown until they reached an OD₆₀₀ = 0.3 before they were split up and cultivated in the presence of the indicated HOCI concentrations; ($n = 3-4, \pm S.D.$).



Supplementary FIG S3. Survival assays performed in conjunction with gene expression analyses. UPEC strain CFT073 was grown in MOPSg to mid-log phase (OD₆₀₀ ~0.5-0.55) before it was incubated with the indicated HOCI concentrations for the indicated time. Remaining HOCI was quenched with 5-fold excess of thiosulfate after (A) 15 min and (B) 45 min of exposure to 1 mM HOCI, cells serially diluted and spot-titered onto LB agar plates for overnight incubation at 37 °C. The experiments were repeated at least three independent times.



H₂O₂ (μM)



B NCT susceptibilty in growth assay

Supplementary FIG S4. The RcrR regulon protects from HOCI stress and its byproducts but not from H₂O₂ and HOSCN. Growth phenotype analyses of UPEC strains CFT073, $\Delta rcrB$, and $\Delta rcrR$ were performed in MOPSg media in the presence of the indicated stressor concentrations. LPE were calculated for each strain (see Materials and Methods for a detailed protocol). The absence of *rcrB* in CFT073 caused a reduction in HOCI resistance, while constitutive RcrB expression (i.e. $\Delta rcrR$) caused increased resistance to all stressors except HOSCN and H₂O₂, (*n* = 4-6, ± S.D.).



C Gly-Cl susceptibilty in LPE assay







B NCT susceptibilty in growth assay



D HOSCN susceptibilty in LPE assay



Supplementary FIG S5. The RcrR regulon protects from HOCI stress and its byproducts but not from H₂O₂ and HOSCN. Growth phenotype analyses of the K-12 *E. coli* strain MG1655 carrying pET28a or *rcrB*-pET28a, respectively, were performed in MOPSg media in the presence of the indicated stressor concentrations. LPE were calculated for each strain (see Materials and Methods for a detailed protocol). Recombinant expression of RcrB in MG1655 resulted in an increased resistance to all stressors except for HOSCN and H₂O₂ compared to the empty vector control, ($n = 4-6, \pm S.D.$).



Supplementary FIG S6. The predicted alphafold structure of RcrB.