712 Supplementary Table 1. Marmosets analyzed with snRNA-seq in this study. Colonies: NEPRC

- New England Primate Research Colony; CLEA - Central Institute for Experimental Animals,

Japan; Company A: marmosets obtained from a non-clinical contract research organization.

ID	Tissue	Sex	Age	No. birth siblings (sex of sibling(s))	Colony	Single-cell platform
CJ001	Brain	F	Neonate	2 (M, M)	NEPRC	Drop-seq
CJ006	Brain	М	Neonate	2 (F, unknown)	CLEA	10X
CJ007	Brain	F	Neonate	2 (M, unknown)	CLEA	10X
CJ022	Brain	F	2 yrs 8 mos	1 (M)	NEPRC	Drop-seq, 10X
CJ023	Brain	F	2 yrs	2 (F, M)	NEPRC	Drop-seq
CJ025	Brain	М	2 yrs	1 (M)	NEPRC	Drop-seq
CJ026	Brain	M			Drop-seq	
CJ026	Blood		2 vrs 8 mos	1 (E)	NEPRC	10X
CJ026	Liver		2 yrs o mos			10X
CJ026	Kidney					10X
CJ027	Brain	M	2 1/20172	1 (NA)	CompanyA	10X
CJ027	Blood		2 years		CompanyA	10X
CJ028	Brain		2 veers	2 (M E)		10X
CJ028	Blood		∠ years	2 (IVI, Γ)		10X
CJ029	Brain	М	2 years	1 (M)	CLEA	10X
CJ102	Brain	F	6 mos	1 (M)	CompanyA	Drop-seq, 10X

**Supplementary Table 2.** Number of microglia and macrophage cells identified in brain datasets and number of nuclei profiled in blood, liver and kidney. 

ID	Tissue	Microglia	Macrophage	Other Cell Types	Total nuclei	Percent Microglia	Percent Macrophage
CJ001	Brain	1,063	16	89,599	90,678	1.17%	0.02%
CJ006	Brain	632	259	165,272	166,163	0.38%	0.16%
CJ007	Brain	1,155	139	105,407	106,701	1.08%	0.13%
CJ022	Brain	3,659	228	217,312	221,199	1.65%	0.10%
CJ023	Brain	581	38	79692	80,311	0.72%	0.05%
CJ025	Brain	1,366	131	210628	212,125	0.64%	0.06%
CJ026	Brain	693	26	62743	63,462	1.09%	0.04%
CJ027	Brain	8,398	167	342,419	350,984	2.39%	0.05%
CJ028	Brain	18,185	172	478,765	497,333	3.66%	0.03%
CJ029	Brain	11,874	285	320,000	332,159	3.57%	0.09%
CJ102	Brain	1,124	43	56,602	57,769	1.95%	0.07%
CJ026	Blood	NA	NA	1,741	1,741	NA	NA
CJ026	Liver	NA	NA	10,877	10,877	NA	NA
CJ026	Kidney	NA	NA	9,262	9,262	NA	NA
CJ027	Blood	NA	NA	2,529	2,529	NA	NA
CJ028	Blood	NA	NA	10,042	10,042	NA	NA

**Supplementary Table 3**. Comparison of chimerism between CJ028's two birth siblings, in blood

and in brain myeloid cells (microglia and macrophage). *P*-values are from a two-sided test of

proportions between chimerism fractions of sibling 1 and sibling 2 using the prop.test function in

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Cell type	Total nuclei	Sibling 1 nuclei	Sibling 2 nuclei	Sibling 1 Fraction	Sibling 2 Fraction	Sibling 1 + Sibling 2 Fraction	<i>P</i> -value
microglia and macrophage	19701	6922	2689	0.35	0.14	0.49	<2.2x10 <sup>-16</sup>
microglia only	19447	6873	2621	0.35	0.13	0.49	<2.2x10 <sup>-16</sup>
macrophage only	254	49	68	0.20	0.27	0.46	5.8x10 <sup>-2</sup>
blood	10042	1758	6739	0.18	0.67	0.85	<2.2x10 <sup>-16</sup>

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730 **Supplementary Table 4.** Summary of context versus genetic effects analysis, with two brain

regions of an animal as two contexts. The analysis described in Fig. 5D-F was repeated across

all animals and brain regions with at least 60 cells that are available for analysis in each context,

and the summary of the correlations are tabulated here. The correlations are plotted in

734 Supplementary Fig. 5. Abbreviations; STR: striatum; Thal: thalamus; Hippo: hippocampus; Hyp:

735 hypothalamus; BF: basal forebrain.

Host ID	Sibling ID	Brain Region1	Brain Region2	Genetic Effects Spearman Correlation	Context Effects Spearman Correlation
CJ022	CJ106	Cortex	Thal	0.1	0.73
CJ025	CJ104	Cortex	STR	0.03	0.2
CJ027	CJ140	Cortex	Thal	0.13	0.64
CJ027	CJ140	Cortex	STR	0.14	0.69
CJ027	CJ140	Cortex	Hippo	0.08	0.46
CJ027	CJ140	Cortex	Нур	0.03	0.68
CJ027	CJ140	Thal	Hippo	0.04	0.56
CJ027	CJ140	Thal	Нур	0.09	0.66
CJ027	CJ140	STR	Hippo	0.08	0.43
CJ027	CJ140	STR	Нур	0.08	0.59
CJ027	CJ140	Hippo	Нур	0.04	0.51
CJ028	CJ141	Cortex	Thal	0.1	0.66
CJ028	CJ142	Cortex	Thal	0.03	0.55
CJ141	CJ142	Cortex	Thal	0.07	0.59
CJ028	CJ141	Cortex	STR	0.13	0.68
CJ028	CJ142	Cortex	STR	0.1	0.58
CJ141	CJ142	Cortex	STR	0.09	0.61
CJ028	CJ141	Cortex	Hippo	0.06	0.39

CJ028	CJ142	Cortex	Hippo	0	0.33
CJ141	CJ142	Cortex	Hippo	0.04	0.38
CJ028	CJ141	Cortex	BF	0.13	0.73
CJ028	CJ142	Cortex	BF	0.07	0.6
CJ141	CJ142	Cortex	BF	0.09	0.6
CJ028	CJ141	Cortex	Нур	0.06	0.78
CJ028	CJ142	Cortex	Нур	0.07	0.72
CJ141	CJ142	Cortex	Нур	0.08	0.75
CJ028	CJ141	Cortex	Amygdala	0.14	0.65
CJ028	CJ142	Cortex	Amygdala	0.1	0.53
CJ141	CJ142	Cortex	Amygdala	0.12	0.57
CJ028	CJ141	STR	Hippo	0.06	0.63
CJ028	CJ142	STR	Hippo	0.01	0.56
CJ141	CJ142	STR	Hippo	0.03	0.61
CJ028	CJ141	STR	BF	0.14	0.63
CJ028	CJ142	STR	BF	0.06	0.5
CJ141	CJ142	STR	BF	0.05	0.52
CJ028	CJ141	Нур	Amygdala	0.14	0.68
CJ028	CJ142	Нур	Amygdala	0.21	0.65
CJ141	CJ142	Нур	Amygdala	0.07	0.68
CJ029	CJ143	Cortex	Thal	0.09	0.61
CJ029	CJ143	Cortex	STR	0.06	0.5
CJ029	CJ143	Cortex	Hippo	0.05	0.62
CJ029	CJ143	Cortex	BF	0.09	0.79
CJ029	CJ143	Cortex	Нур	0.07	0.78
CJ029	CJ143	Cortex	Amygdala	0.07	0.32
CJ029	CJ143	Thal	STR	0.09	0.48
CJ029	CJ143	Thal	Hippo	0.06	0.71
CJ029	CJ143	Thal	BF	0.14	0.75
CJ029	CJ143	Thal	Нур	0.13	0.8
CJ029	CJ143	Thal	Amygdala	0.05	0.52
CJ029	CJ143	Hippo	BF	0.06	0.77
CJ029	CJ143	Hippo	Нур	0.03	0.78
CJ102	CJ103	Cortex	STR	0.07	0.32

740 **Supplementary Table 5**. Clustering parameters used to identify microglia and macrophage cell

types, and thresholds for identifying host-sibling doublets. The final number of microglia and

742 macrophages after the second round of clustering are in Supplementary Table 2. A cell is

743 assigned as a doublet if the Dropulation tool DetectDoublets assigned the highest likelihood 744 for the cell as a doublet and if the log10 of the best likelihood minus the log10 of the second-

best likelihood (Irt test stat) is greater than the doublet detection threshold (last column).

Marmo set ID	Tissue	Resolution parameter	Nearest neighbor parameter	UMI threshold (min log-UMI per cell)	Doublet Detection Threshold (Irt_test_stat)
CJ001	Brain	0.8	10	1.2	0.0
CJ006	Brain	0.5	10	1.2	5.0
CJ007	Brain	0.5	20	1.2	10.0
CJ022	Brain Drop-seq	0.5	20	1.2	2.0
CJ022	Brain 10X	0.5	20	1.5	2.0
CJ023	Brain	0.5	20	1.2	3.0
CJ025	Brain	0.5	20	1.0	0.5
CJ026	Brain	0.5	20	1.0	2.0
CJ026	Blood	0.5	20	1.4	4.0
CJ026	Liver	0.5	20	1.9	8.0
CJ026	Kidney	0.5	20	1.9	8.0
CJ027	Brain Cortex A	0.5	20	1.5	20.0
CJ027	Brain Cortex B	0.5	20	1.5	20.0
CJ027	Brain others	0.5	20	1.5	20.0
CJ027	Blood	0.5	20	1.5	1.0
CJ028	Brain Cortex A	0.5	20	1.5	25.0
CJ028	Brain Cortex B	0.8	10	1.5	25.0
CJ028	Brain others	0.5	20	1.5	25.0
CJ028	Blood	0.5	20	1.5	1.0
CJ029	Brain Cortex	0.5	20	1.5	20.0
CJ029	Brain others	0.5	20	1.5	20.0
CJ102	Brain, Drop-seq	0.8	10	1.2	3.0
CJ102	Brain, 10X	0.5	20	1.2	5.0

749 **Supplementary Table 6**. Whole genome sequencing datasets used in (1) donor-of-origin

assignment from snRNA-seq (Dropulation), and (2) estimating chimerism from blood whole

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genome sequencing (Census-seq).IDTissue/DNA sourceSequencing<br/>coverageCJ001Fibroblast culture36.4XCJ119 (CJ001's sibling1)Fibroblast culture39.7XCJ120 (CJ001's sibling2)Fibroblast culture36.7X

		00.177
CJ120 (CJ001's sibling2)	Fibroblast culture	36.7X
CJ006 (CJ007's sibling)	Fibroblast culture	45.9X
CJ007 (CJ006's sibling)	Fibroblast culture	55.8X
CJ022	Fibroblast culture	38.4X
CJ106 (CJ022's sibling)	Buccal swab	36.0X
CJ023	Fibroblast culture	34.9X
CJ131 (CJ023's sibling1)	Fibroblast culture	39.5X
CJ116 (CJ023's sibling2)	Fibroblast culture	28.3X
CJ025	Fibroblast culture	72.7X
CJ104 (CJ025's sibling)	Buccal swab	58.0X
CJ026	Fibroblast culture	74.1X
CJ105 (CJ026's sibling)	Buccal swab	43.7X
CJ027	Fibroblast culture	47.5X
CJ027	Blood	46.9X
CJ140 (CJ027's sibling)	Fibroblast culture	40.2X
CJ028	Fibroblast culture	44.6X
CJ028	Blood	52.6X
CJ141 (CJ028's sibling1)	Fibroblast culture	43.6X
CJ142 (CJ028's sibling2)	Fibroblast culture	41.2X
CJ029	Fibroblast culture	49.2X
CJ143 (CJ029's sibling)	Fibroblast culture	40.8X
CJ102	Brain	32.4X
CJ103 (CJ102's sibling)	Buccal swab	38.5X



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Supplementary Figure 1. Microglia and brain macrophages can be identified in all 755 animals. Expression of microglia and macrophage markers in microglia (left sub-panels), 756 macrophages (middle sub-panels) and all other cell types in the brain (right sub-panels; 757 neurons, glia (astrocytes, oligodendrocytes, polydendrocytes, ependymal cells), and endothelial cells of each animal. Marmosets CJ022 and CJ102 were profiled using two technologies (DS: 758 759 Drop-seg, 10X: 10X Chromium). y-axis: unique molecular identifier (UMI, a measure of 760 transcript abundance) of each gene across cells, summed and normalized to 100,000 761 transcripts. Microglia markers: TREM2, LAPTM5, C3; macrophage markers: F13A1, MSTN, 762 LYVE1.



765 tive UMIs (log scale) 766 Supplementary Figure 2. Donor-of-origin assignments from brain snRNA-seq reveals only microglia and macrophages are chimeric. (A-L) Donor of origin (Dropulation) 767 768 assignments of each nucleus from brain snRNA-seq of 10 animals. Marmosets CJ022 and 769 CJ102 were profiled using two technologies (DS: Drop-seq, 10X: 10X Chromium). For each marmoset, the snRNA-seg data are grouped into microglia, macrophage, and all other cell types 770 771 (others: neurons, astrocytes, oligodendrocytes, polydendrocytes, ependymal cells, endothelial

cells). x-axis: number of UMI that contains SNPs for which the host and sibling's genomes differ,

in log scale; y-axis: inferred likelihood that the cell has host genome minus likelihood that the

cell has sibling genome (log10). Nuclei with positive y-values are assigned to the host andthose on the negative y-axes are assigned to the sibling.

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778 779 Supplementary Figure 3. Summary of microglia (A) and macrophage (B) chimerism across animals. y-axis: fraction of twin cells. Vertical bars: binomial confidence interval (95%).

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*P*-values: test of heterogeneity across animals. 781



782 783 Supplementary Figure 4. Comparison of gene expression between microglia with

different genomes in each host animal's brain. Each point represents a gene; its location on the plot represents the level of expression of that gene among microglia with two different genomes in the same animal. x- and y-axes: normalized gene expression levels (number of transcripts per 100,000 transcripts). Fold-change and P-values were calculated using edgeR and differentially expressed genes (black dots) were defined as: FDR Q-value<0.05 and fold-change>1.5 or less than 1/1.5 and the gene must be expressed in at least 10% of one of the microglia sets. 



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799 **Supplementary Figure 5. Summary of genetic versus context effects**. This is a plot of the

correlation values from Supplementary Table 5. Abbreviations; STR: striatum; Thal: thalamus;
Hippo: hippocampus; Hyp: hypothalamus; BF: basal forebrain





identified as doublets and discarded in analyses were indicated (black dots). Marmosets CJ022
and CJ102 were profiled using two technologies (DS: Drop-seq, 10X: 10X Chromium).

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810 host gene expression (UMI/100K)<sup>1000</sup> host gene expression (UMI/10

812 cells. (A-M) Gene expression comparison between host and sibling cells. Red dots: nuclei identified as microglia from first-round of clustering, black dots: nuclei that were retained after 813 814 second-round clustering. For triplets, only the first sibling is included in the plots. Pearson 815 correlation as calculated for each set (before and after second round clustering) and shows an 816 improvement in correlation after discarding mis-classified cells. Marmosets CJ022 and CJ102 817 were profiled using two technologies (Drop-seq and 10X Chromium). (N) Summary (box plot) of 818 fraction of microglia cells discarded during second round of clustering, for host and birth sibling. 819 820 821







- 826 Supplementary Figure 8. Analysis of genotyping and chimerism if the genotypes of the
- sibling are contaminated by the hosts' DNA. (A)-(F) Sensitivity and false positives in

- 828 genotyping; HomRef: homozygous reference, HomAlt: homozygous alternate allele, Het:
- heterozygous. (G)-(L) Sensitivity and false positives in donor-of-origin assignment. (M)-(Q)
- 830 Microglia chimerism estimates when sibling WGS are contaminated by the hosts' DNA, for 5
- 831 brain regions; red horizontal line: chimerism estimates when there's no error in sibling
- genotypes. (R)-(U) Macrophage chimerism estimates when sibling WGS are contaminated by
- 833 hosts' DNA; red horizontal line: chimerism estimates when there's no error in sibling genotypes.