### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Title: Anti-tumor activity of All-Trans Retinoic Acid in gastric-cancer: gene-networks and molecular mechanisms

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#### CONTENT

Supplementary Methods	page 2
Legends to Tables S3-S5	page 3
Supplementary Table S1	page 4
Supplementary Table S2	page 5
Figure S1	page 6
Figure S2	page 7
Figure S3	page 8
Figure S4	page 9
Figure S5	page 10
Figure S6	page 11
Figure S7	page 12
Figure S8	page 13
Original Western blots	page 14-28

#### SUPPLEMENTARY METHODS

#### Short-term tissue slice cultures

The short term tissue slice cultures were prepared and used as already described (Centritto F, Paroni G, Bolis M, Garattini SK, Kurosaki M, Barzago MM, et al. Cellular and molecular determinants of all-trans retinoic acid sensitivity in breast cancer: Luminal phenotype and RARa expression. EMBO Mol Med. 2015;7:950–72). Briefly, tissue slices (thickness, 200  $\mu$ m) deriving from surgical specimens of 13 gastric cancer patients who underwent a diagnostic Tru-cut procedure were obtained within 24 hours from the resection. Tissue slices were challenged with vehicle (DMSO) or ATRA (1.0  $\mu$ M) for 48 hours in a 1:1 mixture of DMEM/F12 medium containing EGF (20 ng/ml), FGF (20ng/ml), insulin (5 $\mu$ g/ml), glucose (0.3%) in the presence *Antibiotic-Antimycotic* solution (GIBCO). At the end of the treatment, samples were fixed, paraffin-included, and dissected into 5- $\mu$ m slices, which were subjected to immuno-histochemical staining with an antibody targeting the Ki67 proliferation-associated marker. The percentage of Ki67-positive tumor cells in the various samples was assessed in a quantitative manner by automatic image analysis. Scoring of Ki67 was blinded as to treatment. Each value represents the mean  $\pm$  SE of at least five separate fields for each experimental sample.

Summary of the predicted ATRA-scores and histological characteristics of the gastric-cancer patients available in the TCGA database

Total No. of Diffuse Type Stomach Adenocarcinoma = 63; cases with calculated *ATRA-score*  $\geq$  0.55 = 35 (56%); with calculated *ATRA-score* < 0.55 = 28 (44%)

Total No. of Mucinous Stomach Adenocarcinoma = 19; cases with calculated *ATRA-score*  $\ge 0.55 = 10$  (53%); with calculated *ATRA-score* < 0.55 = 9 (47%)

Total No. of Papillary Stomach Adenocarcinoma = 5; cases with calculated *ATRA-score*  $\ge 0.55 = 0$  (0%); with calculated *ATRA-score* < 0.55 = 5 (100%)

Total No. of Signet Ring Cell Carcinoma of the Stomach = 12; cases with calculated *ATRA-score*  $\geq 0.55 = 6 (50\%)$ ; with calculated *ATRA-score* < 0.55 = 6 (50%)

Total No. of Stomach Adenocarcinoma = 207; cases with calculated *ATRA-score*  $\ge 0.55 = 87 (42\%)$ ; with calculated *ATRA-score* < 0.55 = 120 (58%)

Total No. of Tubular Stomach Adenocarcinoma = 69; cases with calculated *ATRA-score*  $\ge 0.55 = 22$  (32%); with calculated *ATRA-score* < 0.55 = 47 (68%)

### LEGENDS TO SUPPLEMENTARY TABLES S3-S5

**Table S3** Characteristics of the gastric-cancer patients used for the studies involving tissue-slicecultures

The table summarizes the clinical characteristics of the 13 patients considered.

#### Table S4 RNA-sequencing data

The table contains the processed *RNA-seq* data obtained with our panel of gastric cancer cell-lines exposed to vehicle and ATRA.

**Table S5** *Effects of ATRA on the expression of the RNAs derived from endogenous retroviruses* The table contains the levels of endogenous retroviral RNAs determined by *RNA-seq* data obtained from the indicated cell lines exposed to vehicle and ATRA.

Cell line	Group	Cellosaurus Expasy	Source	Cluster
231132/87	Gastric adenocarcinoma	CVCL_1046	DSMZ ACC-201	G-INT
AGS	Gastric adenocarcinoma	CVCL_0139	<b>ATCC CRL-1739</b>	G-INT
GSU	Gastric carcinoma	CVCL_8877	<b>RIKEN RCB2278</b>	G-INT
HuG1-N	Gastric tubular adenocarcinoma	CVCL_4846	<b>RIKEN RCB1178</b>	G-INT
IM95	Gastric adenocarcinoma	CVCL_2961	JCRB1075.0	G-INT
KATO-III	Signet ring cell gastric adenocarcinoma	CVCL_0371	ATCC HTB-103	G-INT
KE-39	Stomach adenocarcinoma	CVCL_3385	<b>RIKEN RCB1434</b>	G-INT
MKN45	Gastric adenocarcinoma	CVCL_0434	DSMZ ACC-409	G-INT
NCI-N87	Gastric tubular adenocarcinoma	CVCL_1603	ATCC CRL-5822	G-INT
NUGC-4	Signet ring cell gastric adenocarcinoma	CVCL_3082	JCRB0834	G-INT
OCUM-1	Signet ring cell gastric adenocarcinoma	CVCL_3084	JCRB0192	C1
SNU-16	Gastric adenocarcinoma	CVCL_0076	ATCC CRL-5974	G-INT
SNU-5	Gastric adenocarcinoma	CVCL_0078	ATCC CRL-5973	G-INT
ECC10	Gastric small cell neuroendocrine carcinoma	CVCL_1188	RIKEN RCB0983	G-DIFF
ECC12	Gastric small cell neuroendocrine carcinoma	CVCL_1189	<b>RIKEN RCB1009</b>	G-DIFF
GCIY	Gastric adenocarcinoma	CVCL_1228	<b>RIKEN RCB0555</b>	G-DIFF
GSS	Gastric carcinoma	CVCL_8876	<b>RIKEN RCB2277</b>	G-DIFF
HGC-27	Gastric carcinoma	CVCL_1279	ECACC 94042256	G-DIFF
Hs746.T	Gastric adenocarcinoma	CVCL_0333	ATCC HTB-135	G-DIFF
LMSU	Signet ring cell gastric adenocarcinoma	CVCL_5081	RIKEN RCB1062	G-DIFF
MKN1	Gastric adenosquamous carcinoma	CVCL_1415	JCRB0252	G-DIFF
MKN7	Gastric tubular adenocarcinoma	CVCL_1417	JCRB1025	G-DIFF
MKN74	Gastric tubular adenocarcinoma	CVCL_2791	JCRB0255	G-DIFF
NUGC-3	Gastric adenocarcinoma	CVCL_1612	JCRB0822	G-DIFF
RERF-GC1-B	Gastric carcinoma	CVCL_3152	JCRB1009	G-DIFF
SH-10-TC	Mucinous gastric adenocarcinoma	CVCL_5167	<b>RIKEN RCB1940</b>	G-DIFF
SNU-1	Gastric adenocarcinoma	CVCL_0099	ATCC CRL-5971	G-DIFF

**Table S1** *Characteristics and source of the gastric-cancer cell-lines* The cell-lines characterized by a *G-INT* and a *G-DIFF* phenotype are marked in blue and red, respectively. All the cell-lines used throughout the study were free from mycoplasma contamination.

sh-IRF1a sense	GATCCGATACAAAGCAGGGGAAAACTTCCTGTCAGATTTTCCCCTGCTTTGTATCTTTTTG
sh-IRF1a antisense	AATTCAAAAAGATACAAAGCAGGGGAAAATCTGACAGGAAGTTTTCCCCTGCTTTGTATCG
sh-IRF1b sense	GATCCCCCTGATACCTTCTCTGATCTTCCTGTCAGAATCAGAGAAGGTATCAGGGTTTTTG
sh-IRF1b antisense	AATTCAAAAACCCTGATACCTTCTCTGATTCTGACAGGAAGATCAGAGAAGGTATCAGGGG
sh-CTRL1 sense	GATCCGAACTCAGGATCTTTGGTACTTCCTGTCAGATACCAAAGATCCTGAGTTCTTTTG
sh-CTRL1 antisense	AATTCAAAAAGAACTCAGGATCTTTGGTATCTGACAGGAAGTACCAAAGATCCTGAGTTCG
sh-DHRS3a sense	GATCCCCTAATGGACAGTGATGATCTTCCTGTCAGAATCATCACTGTCCATTAGGTTTTTG
sh-DHRS3a antisense	AATTCAAAAACCTAATGGACAGTGATGATTCTGACAGGAAGATCATCACTGTCCATTAGGG
sh-DHRS3b sense	GATCCCCTGCATGAACACTTTCAACTTCCTGTCAGATTGAAAGTGTTCATGCAGGTTTTTG
sh-DHRS3b antisense	AATTCAAAAACCTGCATGAACACTTTCAATCTGACAGGAAGTTGAAAGTGTTCATGCAGGG
sh-CTRL2 sense	GATCCCAATGCGCAAGAAGATCAACTTCCTGTCAGATTGATCTTCTTGCGCATTGTTTTTG
sh-CTRL2 antisense	AATTCAAAAACAATGCGCAAGAAGATCAATCTGACAGGAAGTTGATCTTCTTGCGCATTGG

**Table S2** Structure of the double stranded DNAs used for the construction of the shRNA plasmidconstructs

The sequences of the sense and antisense strands of the oligonucleotides targeting the *IRF1* and *DHRS3* genes as well as the scramble control oligonucleotides (*CTRL1* and *CTRL2*) are illustrated. The nucleotides marked in red constitute the *EcoRI* and *BamH1* sites used for the insertion of the double-stranded oligonucleotides into the *pGreenPuro* plasmid. The nucleotides marked in black represent the sequences corresponding to different targeted regions of the *IRF1* (*shIRF1a* = exon 4, nucleotides 4-22; *shIRF1b* = exon 6, nucleotides 18-36) and *DHRS3* genes (*shDHRS3a* = exon 3, nucleotides 54-72; *shDHRS3b* = exon 6, nucleotides 54-72). In *shCTRL1* and *shCTRL2* the nucleotides marked in black are scrambled and non-targeting oligonucleotides. In each oligonucleotide the black sequences are separated by an *L12* loop marked in green.



# **Figure S1** Growth curves of the gastric cancer cell-lines exposed to increasing concentrations of ATRA

The indicated and exponentially growing cell-lines were exposed to vehicle or 5 increasing concentrations of ATRA ( $10^{-9}$  to  $10^{-5}$  M) for 6 days. At the end of the treatment, cell-lines were subjected to MTS assays to determine their growth. Each value represents the Mean  $\pm$  SE of 10 independent cultures with the exception of *HuG1-N*, *OCUM-1*, *SNU-1*, *SNU-5* and *SNU-16* cells where each value is the Mean  $\pm$  SE of 4 independent cultures. The *Area-Under-the-Curve* (*AUC*) value, which was used for the calculation of the *ATRA-scores*, is indicated for each growth curve.



**Figure S2** Ki67 immune-histochemistry in tissue-slice cultures of representative primary gastriccancers exposed to ATRA

Tissue slices deriving from surgical specimens of 13 separate patients (P1-P13) were challenged with vehicle (DMSO) or ATRA (1.0  $\mu$ M) for 48 hours. Tumor slices were fixed, paraffin embedded, cut into 5  $\mu$ m slices and stained for the *Ki67* protein using a specific antibody. The case characterized by a *G-INT* phenotype is marked in blue, the case characterized by a *G-DIFF* phenotype is marked in red. The figure illustrates examples of the immuno-histochemical data obtained in two representative cases: (i) Patient 1 (P1), *G-INT* case; (ii) Patient 2 (P2), *G-DIFF* case.



**Figure S3** Effects of ATRA on the body weight of SCID mice transplanted with LMSU and NCI-N87 cells

Ten *Nude* mice/experimental group were xeno-transplanted with human *LMSU* (**A**) and *NCI-N87* (**B**) gastric-cancer cell-lines. Subsequently, mice were treated with vehicle (DMSO) or ATRA (15mg/kg) intra-peritoneally at the indicated time points (arrows). The total body weight of each animal was determined and the results are shown as the Mean<u>+</u>SD of the values.

	High Sensitivity								Low Sensitivity					
HALLMARK	GCIY	HGC-27	GSU	RERF-GC-1B	KATO-III	IM 95	LMSU	MKN45	GSS	AGS	NCI-N87	HuG1-N	OCUM-1	
ADIPOGENESIS	6.6 (0.2)	7.9 (0.2)	2.3 (0.6)	1.9 (0.6)	0.6 (0.9)	0.4 (0.9)	0.4 (0.9)	25.6 (0.01*)	9.1 (0.1)	1.9 (0.7)	0.6 (0.9)	2.4 (0.6)	44.5 (4.0E-05*)	
ALLOGRAFT_REJECTION	19.8 (0.01*)	7.4 (0.2)	1.2 (0.8)	2.3 (0.6)	31.0 (0.01*)	0.4 (0.9)	8.1 (0.2)	0.3 (0.9)	0.1 (1.0)	7.2 (0.2)	3.6 (0.4)	2.4 (0.6)	0.8 (0.8)	
ANDROGEN_RESPONSE	3.3 (0.5)	17.3 (0.02*)	1.1 (0.8)	0.9 (0.8)	1.5 (0.7)	3.7 (0.4)	0.4 (0.9)	7.0 (0.2)	0.1 (1.0)	2.4 (0.6)	1.5 (0.7)	3.6 (0.4)	15.4 (0.03*)	
ANGIOGENESIS	4.9 (0.3)	24.1 (0.01*)	3.8 (0.4)	9.2 (0.1)	1.0 (0.8)	0.2 (0.9)	16.3 (0.02*)	1.4 (0.7)	6.3 (0.2)	3.4 (0.4)	3.6 (0.4)	2.4 (0.6)	2.7 (0.5)	
APICAL_JUNCTION	23.3 (0.01*)	28.9 (0.01*)	26.9 (0.01*)	0.9 (0.8)	2.4 (0.6)	0.4 (0.9)	0.7 (0.9)	2.2 (0.6)	9.1 (0.1)	4.8 (0.3)	3.6 (0.4)	2.5 (0.6)	0.2 (1.0)	
APICAL_SURFACE	8.9 (0.1)	4.3 (0.4)	1.3 (0.7)	8.0 (0.2)	1.2 (0.7)	0.1 (1.0)	3.1 (0.5)	1.6 (0.7)	1.7 (0.7)	5.5 (0.3)	3.6 (0.4)	1.0 (0.8)	4.4 (0.4)	
APOPTOSIS	1.7 (0.7)	61.0 (7.8E-07*)	9.8 (0.1*)	13.5 (0.04*)	13.5 (0.05*)	0.2 (0.9)	16.5 (0.02*)	1.2 (0.8)	1.9 (0.6)	0.6 (2.3)	1.3 (0.7)	2.5 (0.6)	0.2 (0.9)	
BILE_ACID_METABOLISM	0.4 (0.9)	4.9 (0.3)	0.4 (0.9)	2.4 (0.6)	1.2 (0.7)	2.9 (0.5)	0.3 (0.9)	15.1 (0.03*)	7.6 (0.2)	2.4 (0.6)	0.6 (0.9)	1.2 (0.8)	7.6 (0.2)	
CHOLESTEROL_HOMEOSTASIS	33.8 (0.01*)	0.1 (0.9)	14.9 (0.03*)	4.5 (0.4)	1.0 (0.8)	6.1 (0.2)	13.0 (0.05*)	11.2 (0.07*)	2.7 (0.5)	46.4 (2.3E-05*)	5.4 (0.3)	7.9 (0.2)	7.6 (0.2)	
COAGULATION	3.4 (0.5)	61.0 (7.8E-07*)	16.5 (0.02*)	2.3 (0.6)	12.9 (0.05*)	0.1 (1.0)	15.6 (0.03*)	2.2 (0.6)	0.1 (1.0)	2.4 (0.6)	6.0 (0.3)	1.3 (0.7)	4.4 (0.4)	
COMPLEMENT	3.4 (0.5)	35.4 (0.01*)	11.6 (0.07*)	19.9 (0.01*)	21.7 (0.01*)	0.4 (0.9)	16.3 (0.02*)	0.2 (0.9)	1.5 (0.7)	0.1 (1.0)	3.5 (0.4)	1.6 (0.7)	3.6 (0.4)	
DNA_REPAIR	24.9 (0.01*)	3.4 (0.5)	2.3 (0.6)	19.8 (0.01*)	4.1 (0.4)	0.1 (1.0)	4.8 (0.3)	2.2 (0.9)	0.2 (0.9)	0.3 (0.9)	1.0 (0.8)	2.4 (0.6)	4.6 (0.3)	
E2F_TARGETS	147.3 (1.8E-15*)	58.5 (1.4E-06*)	1.6 (0.7)	218.2 (1.5E-22*)	53.6 (4.4E-06*)	13.6 (0.04*)	28.2 (0.01*)	2.2 (0.6)	8.7 (0.1)	0.1 (1.0)	36.0 (0.01*)	0.2 (1.0)	48.3 (1.0E-05*)	
EPITHELIAL_MESENCHYMAL_TRANSITION	4.9 (0.3)	121.8 (6.5E-13*)	16.5 (0.02*)	15.3 (0.03*)	0.2 (0.9)	0.4 (0.9)	6.3 (0.2)	2.2 (0.6)	0.1 (1.0)	2.3 (0.6)	3.6 (0.4)	14.2 (0.04*)	0.4 (4.2)	
ESTROGEN_RESPONSE_EARLY	2.7 (0.5)	35.2 (0.01*)	26.6 (0.01*)	32.1 (0.01*)	1.0 (0.8)	0.2 (0.9)	10.9 (0.08*)	2.2 (0.6)	25.8 (0.01*)	0.4 (0.9)	0.1 (1.0)	1.0 (0.8)	11.2 (0.08*)	
ESTROGEN_RESPONSE_LATE	1.7 (0.7)	8.7 (0.1)	18.2 (0.01*)	10.7 (0.09*)	1.5 (0.7)	0.4 (0.9)	1.7 (0.7)	0.8 (0.8)	7.5 (0.2)	7.2 (0.2)	3.4 (0.5)	1.0 (0.8)	18.2 (0.02*)	
FATTY_ACID_METABOLISM	2.7 (0.5)	21.9 (0.01*)	0.1 (0.9)	0.1 (1.0)	1.4 (0.7)	0.2 (0.9)	3.1 (0.5)	35.6 (0.01*)	2.7 (0.5)	7.2 (0.2)	2.1 (0.6)	2.2 (0.6)	46.7 (2.0E-05*)	
G2M_CHECKPOINT	60.4 (9.1E-07*)	43.7 (0.01*)	1.3 (0.7)	144.7 (3.4E-15*)	53.6 (4.4E-06*)	24.6 (0.01*)	12.4 (0.06*)	8.6 (0.1)	9.1 (0.1)	0.9 (0.8)	31.9 (0.01*)	5.5 (0.3)	23.4 (0.01*)	
GLYCOLYSIS	2.9 (0.5)	0.1 (0.9)	1.6 (0.7)	5.0 (0.3)	5.1 (0.3)	0.4 (0.9)	13.7 (0.04*)	2.3 (0.6)	7.8 (0.2)	0.3 (0.9)	0.8 (0.8)	0.6 (0.9)	7.6 (0.2)	
HEDGEHOG_SIGNALING	34.0 (0.01*)	0.4 (0.9)	0.4 (0.9)	1.9 (0.6)	0.5 (0.9)	0.1 (1.0)	2.3 (0.6)	0.5 (0.9)	0.5 (0.9)	2.3 (0.6)	0.7 (0.8)	4.4 (0.4)	6.1 (0.2)	
HEME_METABOLISM	7.9 (0.2)	2.6 (0.6)	4.1 (0.4)	2.2 (0.6)	1.4 (0.7)	0.1 (1.0)	0.8 (0.8)	1.4 (0.7)	0.1 (1.0)	3.4 (0.4)	0.6 (0.9)	2.2 (0.6)	3.5 (0.4)	
HYPOXIA	3.4 (0.5)	28.5 (0.01*)	2.4 (0.6)	0.3 (0.9)	1.0 (0.8)	0.2 (0.9)	7.9 (0.2)	2.2 (0.6)	6.7 (0.2)	0.3 (0.9)	3.4 (0.5)	0.2 (1.0)	1.0 (0.8)	
IL2_STAT5_SIGNALING	3.4 (0.5)	47.6 (0.01*)	3.8 (0.4)	5.9 (0.3)	0.2 (0.9)	0.4 (0.9)	8.0 (0.2)	0.5 (0.9)	3.7 (0.4)	2.3 (0.6)	3.6 (0.4)	2.5 (0.6)	0.2 (0.9)	
IL6_JAK_STAT3_SIGNALING	2.7 (0.5)	17.5 (0.02*)	1.6 (0.7)	3.3 (0.5)	6.9 (0.2)	0.4 (0.9)	28.2 (0.01*)	1.7 (0.7)	2.3 (0.6)	2.1 (0.6)	3.6 (0.4)	2.3 (0.6)	0.7 (0.8)	
INFLAMMATORY_RESPONSE	7.7 (0.2)	11.2 (0.08*)	2.4 (0.6)	4.5 (0.4)	1.5 (0.7)	0.1 (1.0)	16.5 (0.02*)	2.2 (0.6)	3.3 (0.5)	8.0 (0.2)	3.6 (0.4)	2.3 (0.6)	1.5 (0.7)	
INTERFERON_ALPHA_RESPONSE	45.4 (0.01*)	47.6 (0.01*)	0.4 (0.9)	35.7 (0.01*)	132.1 (6.2E-14*)	0.4 (0.9)	34.1 (0.01*)	1.4 (0.7)	9.1 (0.1)	1.7 (0.7)	66.9 (2.0E-07*)	11.6 (0.07*)	1.4 (0.7)	
INTERFERON_GAMMA_RESPONSE	49.7 (0.01*)	32.6 (0.01*)	0.4 (0.9)	29.6 (0.01*)	122.1 (6.1E-13*)	0.4 (0.9)	55.1 (3.1E-06*)	2.0 (0.6)	7.5 (0.2)	2.7 (0.5)	46.1 (2.0E-05*)	7.9 (0.2)	2.4 (0.6)	
KRAS_SIGNALING_DN	6.1 (0.2)	0.9 (0.8)	3.8 (0.4)	1.9 (0.6)	2.2 (0.6)	4.4 (0.4)	3.1 (0.5)	1.4 (0.7)	0.7 (0.8)	19.9 (0.01*)	0.6 (0.9)	2.8 (0.5)	5.3 (0.3)	
KRAS_SIGNALING_UP	2.7 (0.5)	15.4 (0.03*)	2.4 (0.6)	11.9 (0.06*)	10.4 (0.1*)	0.1 (1.0)	13.0 (0.05*)	0.5 (0.9)	2.5 (0.6)	8.0 (0.2)	3.6 (0.4)	1.3 (0.7)	2.7 (0.5)	
MITOTIC_SPINDLE	5.3 (0.3)	1.9 (0.6)	1.3 (0.7)	15.9 (0.03*)	0.2 (0.9)	0.4 (0.9)	0.4 (0.9)	2.2 (0.6)	6.3 (0.2)	1.9 (0.6)	0.6 (0.9)	0.2 (1.0)	0.8 (0.8)	
MTORC1_SIGNALING	8.9 (0.1)	10.3 (0.09*)	3.9 (0.4)	16.2 (0.02*)	0.9 (0.8)	4.2 (0.4)	3.1 (0.5)	0.2 (1.0)	0.2 (0.9)	12.5 (0.06)	6.7 (0.2)	4.7 (0.3)	42.6 (5.0E-05*)	
MYC_TARGETS_V1	125.2 (3.0E-13*)	42.3 (0.01*)	1.6 (0.7)	93.4 (4.5E-10*)	77.2 (1.9E-08*)	4.4 (0.4)	13.2 (0.05*)	0.5 (0.9)	3.7 (0.4)	71.1 (7.7E-8*)	64.9 (3.0E-07*)	3.1 (0.5)	67.6 (2.0E-07*)	
MYC_TARGETS_V2	144.8 (3.3E-15*)	30.2 (0.01*)	2.4 (0.6)	33.6 (0.01*)	113.6 (4.4E-12*)	24.6 (0.01*)	7.7 (0.2)	2.2 (0.6)	9.1 (0.1)	71.1 (7.7E-8*)	44.1 (4.0E-05*)	2.5 (0.6)	55.9 (3.0E-06*)	
MYOGENESIS	17.1 (0.02*)	33.1 (0.01*)	10.0 (0.1*)	0.4 (0.9)	0.1 (1.0)	0.4 (0.9)	1.1 (0.8)	1.4 (0.7)	3.2 (0.5)	8.0 (0.2)	1.9 (0.6)	2.9 (0.5)	4.4 (0.4)	
NOTCH_SIGNALING	2.7 (0.5)	4.3 (0.4)	10.2 (0.1*)	15.3 (0.03*)	0.6 (0.9)	0.4 (0.9)	2.3 (0.6)	0.5 (0.9)	1.6 (0.7)	14.9 (0.03*)	3.6 (0.4)	1.0 (0.8)	0.8 (0.8)	
OXIDATIVE_PHOSPHORYLATION	27.0 (0.01*)	61.1 (7.8E-07*)	1.6 (0.7)	10.2 (0.09*)	0.2 (0.9)	0.1 (1.0)	8.6 (0.1)	35.6 (0.01*)	8.7 (0.1)	3.1 (0.5)	1.0 (0.8)	7.9 (0.2)	111.7 (7.0E-12*)	
P53_PATHWAY	2.6 (0.5)	10.1 (0.1*)	3.8 (0.4)	3.0 (0.5)	0.1 (1.0)	0.4 (0.9)	0.4 (0.9)	1.7 (0.7)	3.9 (0.4)	0.1 (1.0)	2.6 (0.6)	1.0 (0.8)	0.2 (0.9)	
PANCREAS_BETA_CELLS	3.4 (0.5)	2.9 (0.5)	10.0 (0.1*)	0.4 (0.9)	6.1 (0.2)	13.6 (0.04*)	10.9 (0.08*)	1.7 (0.7)	4.2 (0.4)	4.3 (0.4)	3.6 (0.4)	1.6 (0.7)	14.8 (0.03*)	
PEROXISOME	6.1 (0.2)	0.6 (0.9)	1.3 (0.7)	0.9 (0.8)	5.3 (0.3)	0.1 (1.0)	2.6 (0.5)	8.6 (0.1)	3.7 (0.4)	3.0 (0.5)	1.0 (0.8)	4.4 (0.4)	18.7 (0.01*)	
PI3K_AKT_MTOR_SIGNALING	3.4 (0.5)	2.3 (0.6)	9.8 (0.1*)	4.8 (0.3)	0.2 (0.9)	0.2 (0.9)	1.1 (0.8)	0.5 (0.9)	0.1 (1.0)	0.1 (1.0)	2.5 (0.6)	1.3 (0.7)	0.8 (0.8)	
PROTEIN_SECRETION	4.9 (0.3)	28.5 (0.01*)	4.1 (0.4)	2.6 (0.5)	28.4 (0.01*)	2.9 (0.5)	1.1 (0.8)	1.4 (0.7)	9.1 (0.1)	1.9 (0.6)	2.6 (0.6)	0.1 (1.0)	3.6 (0.4)	
REACTIVE_OXYGEN_SPECIES_PATHWAY	8.9 (0.1)	0.5 (0.9)	12.0 (0.06*)	2.6 (0.5)	0.1 (1.0)	0.2 (0.9)	0.5 (0.9)	5.8 (0.3)	1.9 (0.6)	3.2 (0.5)	3.6 (0.4)	4.7 (0.3)	7.6 (0.2)	
SPERMATOGENESIS	8.1 (0.2)	7.9 (0.2)	1.1 (0.8)	9.9 (0.1*)	2.9 (0.5)	3.0 (0.5)	1.9 (0.6)	1.4 (0.7)	3.3 (0.5)	4.0 (0.4)	3.6 (0.4)	2.2 (0.6)	0.7 (0.8)	
TGF_BETA_SIGNALING	8.1 (0.2)	39.7 (0.01*)	16.5 (0.02*)	0.3 (0.9)	0.5 (0.9)	0.1 (1.0)	12.4 (0.06*)	2.2 (0.6)	2.1 (0.6)	0.1 (1.0)	0.6 (0.9)	1.0 (0.8)	9.9 (0.1)	
TNFA_SIGNALING_VIA_NFKB	2.2 (0.6)	48.1 (0.01*)	18.2 (0.02*)	2.6 (0.5)	1.1 (0.8)	0.2 (0.9)	55.1 (3.1E-06*)	2.2 (0.6)	7.8 (0.2)	41.0 (7.8E-05*)	4.5 (0.4)	3.0 (0.5)	10.0 (0.1)	
UNFOLDED_PROTEIN_RESPONSE	3.8 (0.4)	0.1 (0.9)	1.9 (0.6)	9.2 (0.1)	1.5 (0.7)	0.1 (1.0)	14.3 (0.04*)	2.2 (0.6)	8.7 (0.1)	30.2 (9.6E-04*)	3.6 (0.4)	0.2 (1.0)	18.7 (0.01)	
UV_RESPONSE_DN	21.9 (0.01*)	53.0 (4.9E-06*)	0.5 (0.9)	2.6 (0.5)	5.3 (0.3)	6.1 (0.2)	3.1 (0.5)	0.5 (0.9)	0.1 (1.0)	1.9 (0.6)	1.0 (0.8)	0.1 (1.0)	2.6 (0.5)	
UV_RESPONSE_UP	21.8 (0.01*)	5.9 (0.2)	5.9 (0.3)	0.9 (0.8)	0.5 (0.9)	0.1 (1.0)	0.7 (0.9)	1.9 (0.6)	7.5 (0.2)	0.1 (1.0)	1.9 (0.6)	2.9 (0.5)	3.6 (0.4)	
WNT_BETA_CATENIN_SIGNALING	3.3 (0.5)	4.3 (0.4)	1.6 (0.7)	13.9 (0.04*)	10.4 (0.09*)	0.4 (0.9)	0.5 (0.9)	1.7 (0.7)	0.1 (1.0)	3.0 (0.5)	33.5 (0.01*)	2.3 (0.6)	15.1 (0.03*)	
XENOBIOTIC METABOLISM	2.6 (0.5)	0.6 (0.9)	3.8 (0.4)	10.7 (0.08*)	9.9 (0.1*)	0.1 (1.0)	3.1 (0.5)	8.6 (0.1)	5.4 (0.3)	2.3 (0.6)	1.9 (0.6)	7.9 (0.2)	14.0 (0.04*)	

# **Figure S4** HALLMARK pathway analysis of the RNA-seq results obtained following treatment of the indicated gastric cell lines with ATRA

Exponentially growing cultures of the indicated cell lines were exposed to ATRA (1.0  $\mu$ M) for 48 hours. At the end of the treatment cells were subjected to *RNA-seq* analysis (**Supplementary Table S3**). The data obtained were subjected to pathway analysis using the *HALLMARK* data set. The numbers shown indicate the *Score* values obtained. The *FDR* (*False-Discovery-Rate*) values are indicated in parenthesis. When the *FDR* values are <0.1, they are considered to be statistically significant and they are marked in red with an asterisk. When the statistically significant pathways are up-regulated they are contained in a pink box. By contrast, the down-regulated pathways are contained in light blue box. The most relevant up- (red) or down-regulated (blue) pathways are contained in a yellow box.

	High Sensitivity						Low Sensitivity						
KEGG Metabolis m	GCIY	HGC27	GSU	RERF-GC-1B	KATO-II	IM95	LMSU	MKN45	GSS	AGS	NCI-N87	HuG1-N	OCUM-1
ALANINE A SPARTATE AND GLUTAMATE METABOLISM	03/09)	56(0.3)	4.0/0.4	01(10)	07/08)	03/09	23(06)	01(10)	12(0.8)	21(0.6)	34(05)	04(09)	32(05)
ALPHA LINOLENIC ACID M ETABOLI SM	0.8 (0.8)	07(09)	16(07)	43(04)	0.2 (0.9)	0.3(0.9)	18(07)	0.8(0.8)	29(0.5)	02(10)	01(1.0)	04(0.9)	73(02)
AMINO SUGAR AND NUCLEOTIDE SUGAR METABOLISM	3.6 (0.4)	0.6 (0.9)	0.7 (0.8)	1.6 (0.7)	16.9 (0.02*)	0.1 (1.0)	11.7 (0.07%	4.5 (0.4)	0.5(0.9)	3.0 (0.5)	1.7 (0.7)	1.0 (0.8)	9.1 (0.1)
ARACHIDONIC ACID MET ABOLISM	0.6 (0.9)	1.2 (0.8)	5.2 (0.3)	1.6 (0.7)	1.8 (0.7)	0.1 (1.0)	11.0 (0.08")	0.1 (1.0)	3.7 (0.4)	1.4 (0.7)	8.7 (0.1)	2.60 (0.5)	0.8 (0.8)
ARGININE AND PROLINE METABOLISM	0.1 (1.0)	12.3 (0.06*)	1.0 (0.8)	4.3 (0.4)	5.1 (0.3)	0.1 (1.0)	10.0 (0.1)	0.4 (0.9)	2.6 (0.5)	1.3 (0.7)	1.5 (0.7)	0.3 (0.9)	13.5 (0.04*)
ASCORBATE AND ALDARATE METABOLISM	5.2 (0.3)	6.7 (0.2)	1.5 (0.7)	4.6 (0.3)	0.2 (0.9)	27.6 (1.7E-0.3")	1.0 (0.8)	12.6 (0.06")	0.2 (0.9)	0.1 (1.0)	4.5 (0.4)	9.8 (0.1)	29.7 (1.1E-03*)
BET A ALANINE METABOLISM	2.7 (0.5)	5.9 (0.3)	1.8 (0.7)	0.4 (0.9)	0.3 (0.9)	0.1 (1.0)	0.5 (0.9)	4.7 (0.3)	0.3 (0.9)	1.4 (0.7)	0.4 (0.9)	3.1 (0.5)	6.0 (0.2)
BIOSYNTHESIS OF UNSATURATED FATTY ACIDS	0.1 (1.0)	0.1 (1.0)	0.4 (0.9)	4.3 (0.4)	0.3 (0.9)	0.1 (1.0)	0.5 (0.9)	1.6 (0.7)	2.3 (0.6)	0.2 (1.0)	1.8 (0.7)	0.4 (0.9)	15.8 (0.03*)
BUT ANOATE METABOLISM	2.7 (0.5)	17.7 (0.02*)	0.2 (1.0)	5.1 (0.3)	1.0 (0.8)	6.0 (0.3)	5.8 (0.3)	25.6 (2.7E-03)	0.2 (0.9)	12.6 (0.06")	4.5 (0.4)	2.8 (0.5)	29.7 (1.1E-03*)
CITRATE CYCLE T CA CYCLE	0.8 (0.8)	41.9 (6.0E-05*)	2.4 (0.6)	6.3 (0.2)	2.1 (0.6)	8.3 (0.1)	3.3 (0.5)	7.4 (0.2)	3.7 (0.4)	0.1 (1.0)	1.7 (0.7)	0.4 (0.9)	51.3 (7.0E-06*)
CY ST EINE AND METHIONINE MET ABOLI SM	0.3 (0.9)	11.4 (0.07*)	1.5 (0.7)	0.9 (0.8)	6.9 (0.2)	0.3 (0.9)	0.6 (0.9)	0.6 (0.9)	1.6 (0.7)	5.2 (0.3)	2.8 (0.5)	0.4 (0.9)	7.2 (0.2)
DRUG METABOLISM CTTOCHROME P450	0.1 (1.0)	0.1 (1.0)	1.5 (0.7)	1.1 (0.8)	16.9 (0.02")	28.9 (1.3E-03')	0.3 (0.9)	53.0 (5.0E-06*)	0.1 (1.0)	3.0 (0.5)	8.4 (0.1)	36.0 (2.0E-04*)	23.6 (4.3E-03")
ENDOCYT ONE	0.3 (0.9)	0.8 (0.8)	1.9 (0.6)	1.0 (0.8)	1.9 (0.6)	5.8 (0.3)	0.1 (1.0)	4.1 (0.4)	2.6 (0.6)	0.1 (1.0)	3.7 (0.4)	4.7 (0.3)	23.6 (4.3E-03")
ETHER I RID METAROLISM	1.8 (0.6)	13.7 (0.04*)	2.9 (0.3)	0.8 (0.8)	7.3(0.2)	0.1(1.0)	14(0.7)	0.6 (0.9)	1.7 (0.7)	0.9 (0.8)	1.7 (0.7)	0.8 (0.8)	0.8 (0.8)
FATTY ACID METABOLISM	4.2 (0.4)	12 7 (0.041)	2.0 (0.0)	4.2 (0.4)	5.6 (0.3)	17.9 (0.021)	1.4(0.7	74 2 /2 7E 00*1	27/04	0.1 (1.0)	14(07)	29/041	51 2/7 0E 001
FOLATE BLOSY NT HE SIS	67(02)	34/0.5	0.2/1.0	19/0.6	0.2 (0.9)	01/10	57(03)	18/07)	55/03	0.1(1.0)	13/07)	3.0 (0.5)	98/011
FRUCTO SE AND MANNO SE METABOLI SM	19(0.6)	16.1 (0.02*)	0.5/0.9	01(10)	0.3(0.9)	0.6(0.9)	81(02)	0.9(0.8)	29(0.5)	16(07)	01(10)	04(0.9)	98(01)
GALACTO SE METABOLISM	39(04)	13(07)	1.0(0.8)	64(02)	9.6 (0.1)	0.3(0.9)	63(02)	41(0.4)	10.5 (0.09*)	16(07)	29(05)	0.9(0.8)	38(04)
GLUTAT HIONE METABOLISM	1.9 (0.6)	1,9(0,7)	4.9 (0.3)	6.4 (0.2)	6.5 (0.2)	0.1(1.0)	2,3(0,6)	11.0 (0.08%	0.2(1.0)	0.3 (0.9)	3.7 (0.4)	21.0 (7.9E-03*)	9.2 (0.1)
GLYCEROLIPID METABOLISM	2.7 (0.5)	2.3 (0.6)	1.8 (0.7)	5.1 (0.3)	0.9 (0.8)	0.6 (0.9)	1.4 (0.7)	11.0 (0.08")	3.7 (0.4)	1.1 (0.8)	2.4 (0.6)	0.9 (0.8)	20.9 (8.2E-03*)
GLYCEROP HO SPHOLIP ID M ET ABOLI SM	19.9 (0.01*)	1.2 (0.8)	0.8 (0.8)	4.0 (0.4)	7.3 (0.2)	2.4 (0.6)	4.9 (0.3)	18.8 (0.01")	13.1 (0.05")	0.1 (1.0)	5.7 (0.3)	2.4 (0.6)	9.3 (0.1)
GLYCINE SERINE AND THREONINE METABOLISM	16.2 (0.02*)	7.3 (0.2)	3.3 (0.5)	0.5 (0.9)	21 (0.6)	0.8 (0.8)	2.7 (0.5)	0.1 (1.0)	0.5 (0.9)	0.1 (1.0)	0.3 (0.9)	0.3 (0.9)	10.0 (0.01*)
GLYCOLY SIS GLUCONEO GENES IS	2.7 (0.5)	17.9 (0.02")	5.6 (0.3)	1.0 (0.8)	0.9 (0.8)	0.3 (0.9)	7.1 (0.2)	10.3 (0.09")	4.9 (0.3)	1.0 (0.8)	1.7 (0.7)	3.9 (0.4)	35.7 (3.0E-04")
GLYCOSAMINOGLYCAN BIOSY NT HE SIS CHONDROIT IN SULFATE	0.3 (0.9)	8.9 (0.1)	1.2 (0.8)	2.2 (0.6)	0.2 (0.9)	0.1 (1.0)	0.5 (0.9)	0.1 (1.0)	4.9 (0.3)	2.0 (0.6)	1.8 (0.7)	0.8 (0.8)	17.4 (0.02*)
GLY CO SAMINOG LY CAN BIO SYNTHES IS HEPARAN SULFATE	2.6 (0.5)	3.3 (0.5)	2.4 (0.6)	1.1 (0.8)	0.1 (1.0)	0.1 (1.0)	0.9 (0.8)	0.3 (0.9)	0.4 (0.9)	3.0 (0.5)	0.3 (0.9)	2.0 (0.6)	0.3 (0.9)
GLY CO SAMINOG LY CAN BIO SYNTHES IS KE RATAN SULFATE	1.4 (0.7)	1.5 (0.7)	2.6 (0.5)	5.5 (0.3)	8.8 (0.1)	0.1 (1.0)	0.2 (0.9)	1.8 (0.7)	3.3 (0.5)	1.2 (0.8)	9.0 (0.1)	1.0 (0.8)	6.7 (0.2)
GLY CO SPHING OLIPIDBIOSYNTHESIS GANGLIO SERIES	0.2 (1.0)	2.0 (0.6)	0.1 (1.0)	4.3 (0.4)	0.1 (1.0)	0.1 (1.0)	0.2 (1.0)	1.8 (0.7)	0.8 (0.8)	1.0 (0.8)	5.0 (0.3)	1.3 (0.7)	0.1 (1.0)
GLYCOSPHINGOLIPID BIOSYNT HESIS GLOBO SERIES	0.8 (0.8)	0.9 (0.8)	5.6 (0.3)	27.8 (1.7E-03")	0.1 (1.0)	0.1 (1.0)	0.5 (0.9)	2.1 (0.6)	2.7 (0.5)	0.2 (1.0)	1.5 (0.7)	1.2 (0.8)	0.4 (0.9)
GLYCO SPHINGOLIPID BIO SYNTHESIS LACI O AND NEOLACTO SERIES	0.8 (0.8)	0.4 (0.9)	16.1 (0.02*)	10.3 (0.09*)	1.9 (0.6)	0.5 (0.9)	0.7 (0.8)	0.1 (1.0)	2.0 (0.6)	0.1 (1.0)	4.0 (0.4)	0.5 (0.9)	1.1 (0.8)
KEGG GLYOYYI AT E AND DICAPROYYI AT E MET ADOLISM	1.7 (0.7)	3.5 (0.4)	2.6 (0.0)	4.3 (0.4)	0.3(0.9)	0.1(1.0)	3.6 (0.4)	0.4 (0.9)	3.3 (0.5)	0.1(1.0)	12(0.7)	0.1 (1.0)	1.3(0.7)
HISTIDINE MET ABOLISM	19(07)	60/07	2 2 (0.6)	0.5 (0.5)	0.2 (0.9)	2.5(0.9)	0.1/1.0)	14(0.7)	19(0.6)	0.1/1.0)	27(0.5)	10(0.9)	9.6 (0.4)
INO SITOL PHO SPHATE METABOLISM	13(07)	47/03	18/07	86(0.1)	21/06)	03/09	23(0.6)	0.1.(1.0)	33/05	0.6(0.9)	17/07	26(0.5)	0.1/1.0)
LINOLEIC ACID METABOLISM	13(07)	36(0.4)	98(01)	39(04)	02(09)	03(09)	23(0.6)	16(07)	32(05)	11(0.8)	18(07)	03(09)	39(0.4)
LY SINE DEGRADATION	8.8 (0.1)	14.3 (0.04*)	1.2(0.8)	21.5 (7.0E-03")	7.3(0.2)	0.6(0.9)	52(03)	0.1(1.0)	15(0.7)	21(0.6)	21(0.6)	10(0.8)	1.8 (0.7)
LY SO SOME	3.0 (0.5)	25.2 (3.0E-03*)	0.7 (0.9)	18.0 (1.6E-02")	18.7 (0.01*)	0.5 (0.9)	0.2(1.0)	3,2 (0,5)	0.3 (0.9)	52.8 (5.2E-06")	11.0 (0.08)	42(0.4)	0.2 (0.9)
M ETABOLISM OF XENOBIOTICS BY CYTOCHROME P450	0.8 (0.8)	0.7 (0.8)	1.2 (0.8)	0.4 (0.9)	26.8 (2.1E-03*)	54.0 (4.0E-06*)	1.4 (0.7)	46.1 (2.5E-05*)	0.8 (0.8)	3.0 (0.5)	9.0 (0.1)	48.8 (1.0E-05*)	28.8 (1.3E-03*)
N-GLYCAN BIOSYNTHESIS	18.4 (0.01*)	2.9 (0.5)	0.8 (0.8)	0.6 (0.9)	0.8 (0.8)	0.5 (0.9)	6.1 (0.2)	0.1 (1.0)	0.2 (1.0)	3.0 (0.5)	1.3 (0.7)	0.7 (0.9)	1.7 (0.7)
NICOT INAT E AND NICOT INAMIDE METABOLI SM	1.3 (0.7)	12(0.8)	0.7 (0.8)	0.7 (0.8)	0.4 (0.9)	0.5 (0.9)	3.3 (0.5)	0.1 (1.0)	2.9 (0.5)	2.6 (0.5)	12(0.8)	0.3 (0.9)	4.1 (0.4)
NITROGEN METABOLISM	0.2 (1.0)	12.5 (0.06*)	1.5 (0.7)	0.9 (0.8)	1.2 (0.8)	0.1 (1.0)	2.3 (0.6)	0.6 (0.9)	1.6 (0.7)	0.2 (1.0)	1.3 (0.7)	3.1 (0.5)	7.3 (0.2)
OTHER GLY CAN DEG RADATION	0.2 (1.0)	6.6 (0.2)	2.0 (0.6)	2.9 (0.5)	2.4 (0.6)	0.1 (1.0)	0.3 (0.9)	1.6 (0.7)	1.6 (0.7)	15.7 (2.7E-02")	3.8 (0.4)	1.2 (0.8)	8.1 (0.2)
OXIDATIVE PHOSPHORYLATION	26.6 (2.2E-03)*)	37.5 (1.8E-04*)	15 (0.7)	5.1 (0.3)	3.3 (0.5)	0.1 (1.0)	5.7 (0.3)	29.8 (1.0E-03*)	2.9 (0.5)	1.0 (0.8)	0.2 (0.9)	3.9 (0.4)	51.3 (7.0E-06*)
PANTOTHENATE AND COA BIOSYNTHESIS	0.5 (0.9)	2.4 (0.6)	1.6 (0.7)	0.3 (0.9)	15.6 (0.03*)	0.5 (0.9)	0.3 (0.9)	0.4 (0.9)	0.6 (0.9)	0.1 (1.0)	1.4 (0.7)	3.1 (0.5)	1.8 (0.7)
PENI OSE AND GLUCURONATE INTERCONVERSIONS	4.2 (0.4)	0.9 (0.8)	1.8 (0.7)	0.6 (0.9)	0.8 (0.8)	6.7 (0.2)	0.2 (1.0)	8.8 (0.1)	0.6 (0.9)	1.9 (0.7)	4.5 (0.4)	12.6 (0.05")	22.6 (5.4E-03*)
PENTO SE PHOSPHATE PAT HWAT	4.1 (0.4)	5.5 (0.3)	1.6 (0.7)	0.4 (0.9)	0.1 (1.0)	0.3 (0.9)	1.8 (0.7)	0.5 (0.9)	10.6 (0.09")	1.0 (0.8)	2.0 (0.6)	19.3 (0.01")	16.4 (0.02")
PHENYLALANINE METABOLISM	1 3 (0,4)	4.5 (0.3)	9.1 (0.1)	17(0.7)	3.7 (0.1)	0.5(0.9)	22(0.6)	0.2 (0.9)	16(07)	10(0.8)	26(0.5)	0.4(0.9)	10.7 (0.02")
PORPHYRIN AND CHLOROPHYLL METABOLISM	0.1(1.0)	56(0.3)	59/03	0.1(1.0)	0.8 (0.8)	16.6 (0.02*)	33(05)	13 2 /0.05	0.1(1.0)	01(10)	18(07)	15.0 (0.035	35 3 (3 0E-041)
PRIMARY BILE ACID BIO SYNTHESIS	20(0.6)	12(0.8)	21/06	51(0.3)	51(0.3)	01(10)	38(04)	16(07)	23(0.6)	30(0.5)	02(10)	13(07)	56(0.3)
PROPANOATE M ETABOLISM	10.2 (0.09*)	20.7 (8.4E-0.3*)	0.3 (0.9)	4.9 (0.3)	21(0.6)	0.3 (0.9)	63(02)	3.8 (0.4)	1.9 (0.6)	14(0.7)	3.6 (0.4)	3.1 (0.5)	22.6 (5.4E-03")
PURINE METABOLISM	23.7 (4.2E-03*)	5.6 (0.3)	1.6 (0.7)	1.8 (0.7)	0.9 (0.8)	0.5 (0.9)	3.6 (0.4)	0.1 (1.0)	3.5 (0.4)	3.5 (0.4)	1.5 (0.7)	1.0 (0.8)	9.2 (0.1)
PYRMIDINE M ETABOLISM	30.3 (0.9E-04*)	5.6 (0.3)	1.0 (0.8)	6.3 (0.2)	4.4 (0.4)	0.5 (0.9)	7.1 (0.2)	0.1 (1.0)	3.7 (0.4)	2.7 (0.5)	0.2 (1.0)	2.6 (0.6)	13.8 (0.04*)
PYRUVATE METABOLISM	4.6 (0.3)	37.5 (1.8E-04*)	2.3 (0.6)	20.1 (9.7E-03")	6.2 (0.2)	0.6 (0.9)	9.9 (0.1)	4.5 (0.4)	5.8 (0.3)	0.2 (1.0)	1.4 (0.7)	0.1 (1.0)	34.0 (4.0E-04")
RETINOL METABOLISM	3.2 (0.5)	25.1 (3.0E-03")	2.3 (0.6)	23.1 (4.9E-03")	18.7 (0.01*)	48.4 (1.0E-05*)	34.1 (4.0E-04*)	55.5 (2.8E-06*)	1.6 (0.7)	0.1 (1.0)	4.5 (0.4)	36.0 (2.0E-04*)	34.0 (4.0E-04*)
RIBOFLAVIN METABOLISM	0.1 (1.0)	12(0.8)	0.6 (0.9)	1.0 (0.8)	2.1 (0.6)	0.1 (1.0)	0.1 (1.0)	2.3 (0.6)	0.5 (0.9)	0.1 (1.0)	3.4 (0.5)	0.7 (0.8)	3.8 (0.4)
SELENOAMINO ACID METABOLISM	0.1 (1.0)	1.2 (0.8)	1.5 (0.7)	0.3 (0.9)	1.6 (0.7)	0.3 (0.9)	0.1 (1.0)	0.1 (1.0)	2.313062152	3.0 (0.5)	0.2 (0.9)	0.8 (0.8)	8.3 (0.1)
SPHINGOLIPID METABOLISM	4.1 (0.4)	8.3 (0.1)	8.0 (0.2)	4.3 (0.4)	0.6 (0.9)	0.1 (1.0)	0.2 (0.9)	0.1 (1.0)	2.9 (0.5)	5.2 (0.3)	1.8 (0.6)	0.3 (0.9)	0.3 (0.9)
STARCH AND SUCRO SE METABOLISM	1.4 (0.7	2.3 (0.6)	2.8 (0.5)	2.9 (0.5)	6.6 (0.2)	14.4 (0.04*)	1.7 (0.7)	1.6 (0.7)	1.7 (0.7)	1.7 (0.7)	5.9 (0.3)	3.9 (0.4)	5.8 (0.3)
STEROID BIOSYNTHESIS	2.8 (0.5)	11.4 (0.07*)	0.4 (0.9)	5.0 (0.3)	3.6 (0.4)	8.9 (0.1)	7.5(0.2)	22.8 (5.2E-03*)	0.4 (0.9)	76.0 (2.5E-08")	8.7 (0.1)	4.3 (0.4)	9.2 (0.1)
STEROID HORMONE BIOSYNTHESIS	9.9 (0.1)	4.7 (0.3)	2.1 (0.6)	2.9 (0.5)	7.3 (0.2)	54.3 (4.0E-06*)	3.4 0.5)	3.3 (0.5)	0.8 (0.8)	1.5 (0.7)	4.3 (0.4)	8.6 (0.1)	22.9 (5.1E-03*)
SULFUR METABOLISM	1.8 (0.7)	13.7 (0.04*)	1.5(0.7)	6.1 (0.2)	0.3 (0.9)	0.1 (1.0)	5.5(0.3)	0.3 (0.9)	3.2 (0.5)	62(02)	1.7(0.7)	0.9 (0.8)	1.8 (0.7)
TRYPTOPHAN M ETABOLISM	2.7 (0.5)	2.7 (0.5)	1.6(0.7)	3.0 (0.5)	1.3(0.7)	0.1(1.0)	22(0.6)	0.6 (0.9)	2.0 (0.6)	1.6(02)	2.6 (0.5)	2.1 (0.6)	8.6 (0.1)
TYROSINE METABOLISM	3.0 (0.5)	1910 3	0.1(1.0)	26(0.5)	0.2(0.9)	0.1(1.0)	2.3 (0.6)	9.2 (0.3)	11(0.8)	0.2(1.0)	26(0.5)	20(06)	32(0.5)
VALUE LEUCINE AND ISOL EUCINE BLOSY ME HE SIG	03(09)	12.3 (0.061)	10(0.8)	43(0.4)	0.3(0.9)	0.8(0.8)	71(02)	21/06)	16(07)	316/705-049	26(0.5)	2.0 (0.8)	136/0.04
WEINE LEVENE AND ISOLEVENE DECEMINATION	77/02	25 2 /2 0E 041	5 5 (0.3)	22(0.5)	0.3(0.9)	0.1(1.0)	64/02	22.1 (0.0)	0.2(1.0)	16/07	2.0(0.5)	10/09	27 2 /4 9E 0.241

# **Figure S5** KEGG pathway analysis of the RNA-seq results obtained following treatment of the indicated gastric cell lines with ATRA

Exponentially growing cultures of the indicated cell lines were exposed to ATRA (1.0  $\mu$ M) for 48 hours. At the end of the treatment cells were subjected to *RNA-seq* analysis (**Supplementary Table S3**). The data obtained were subjected to pathway analysis using the *KEGG* metabolic data set. The numbers shown indicate the *Score* values obtained. The *FDR* (*False-Discovery-Rate*) values are indicated in parenthesis. When the *FDR* values are <0.1, they are considered to be statistically significant and they are marked in red with an asterisk. When the statistically significant pathways are up-regulated they are contained in a pinkbox. By contrast, the down-regulated pathways are contained in light blue box. The most relevant up-regulated (red) and down-regulated (blue) pathways are contained in a yellow box.



**Figure S6** Number of genes modulated by ATRA in retinoid-sensitive G-INT and G-DIFF gastric cancer cell-lines

The *G-INT*/retinoid-sensitive *GSU*, *KATO-III* and *IM95* cell-lines as well as the *G-DIFF*/retinoidsensitive *HGC-27*, *LMSU*, *GCIY* and *RERF-GC-1B* cell-lines were exposed to vehicle (DMSO) or ATRA ( $1.0 \mu$ M) for 48 hours. At the end of the treatment, cells were subjected to *RNA-seq* analysis. **Left:** The panel illustrates the number of genes selectively up-regulated (red) or down-regulated (blue) in each *G-INT* cell-line (squares) and commonly up-regulated (red) or down-regulated (blue) in the 3 cell-lines (circle). **Right:** The panel illustrates the number of genes selectively up-regulated (red) or down-regulated (blue) in each *G-DIFF* cell-line (squares) and commonly up-regulated (red) or down-regulated (blue) in the 4 cell-lines (circle).



Figure S7 Effects of ATRA on IRF1 protein levels and cell-growth in the retinoid-sensitive LMSU cell-line

*LMSU* cells were transfected with two *IRF1*-targeting (*si-IRF1a/si-IRF1b*) and a control siRNA (*si-CTRL*). Twenty-four hours later, cells were treated with vehicle (DMSO) or ATRA (1µM) for 48 hours. **Upper**: Western-blot analysis using anti-*IRF1* and anti-tubulin antibodies: the lanes marked as "no-siRNA" indicate the parental *LMSU* cells. The values shown underneath the *IRF1* Western blots were obtained following densitometric analysis (Dens) of the *IRF1* and Tubulin (*Tub*) bands and represent the *IRF1/Tub* ratio, as indicated. **Lower**: Cell-growth of the transfected *LMSU* cells (sulforhodamine-assay): the results are expressed as the Mean±SD values of 3 replicate cultures, all the values are normalized for vehicle-treated cells (100%). The p-values (two-tailed Student's t-test) of the comparisons between ATRA-treated and vehicle-treated cells are shown above each red column. The p-values are marked in red if they indicate statistical significance. The figure shows the data obtained in one of the three independent experiments performed, which provided identical results.



**Figure S8** Effects of ATRA on IRF1 protein expression in retinoid resistant gastric cancer cells and IRF1 over-expression in AGS cells

(A) The G-INT, OCUM-1, HuG1-N and AGS cell-lines as well as the G-DIFF, MKN-74 cell-line, which are characterized by a low level of sensitivity to the anti-proliferative effects of ATRA, were exposed to vehicle (DMSO) or ATRA (1.0 µM) for 48 hours. At the end of the treatment, cells were subjected to Western blot analysis with specific anti-IRF1 and anti-tubulin (Tub) antibodies. The levels of tubulin in each lane of the gel are shown as a loading control. (B) Retinoid resistant AGS cells were transfected with a commercially available plasmid (myc-DDK-tagged human IRF1; Origene) allowing the expression of a tagged and biologically active form of the human IRF1 transcription factor (tag-IRF1) or the corresponding void vector (Vector). IRF1 expressing cells were selected in the presence of G418 (0.4 mg/ml) for 10 days. The Western blot shows the expression levels of the endogenous *IRF1* protein and the over-expressed *tag-IRF1* counterpart. (C) The entire *Vector* and *tag-IRF1* cell populations were plated at the same cell density (10<sup>4</sup> cells/ml) in a 12-wells plate (triplicate cultures). Cells were grown in RPMI medium supplemented with charcoal treated Fetal Bovine Serum (FBS) in the absence of G418 for 2 days. Subsequently cells were exposed to vehicle (DMSO) or 1.0 µM for 6 days. The number of viable cells was determined with the use of a Beckman Coulter Counter (Vi-CELL BLU v1.4.2). Each value is the Mean+SD of 6 independent cultures. The p-value of the ATRA vs. vehicle comparison is shown above each red column. The comparisons between the results obtained in vehicle treated Vector and tag-IRF1 cells did not provide statistically significant results (p-value = 0.818). Similarly, the comparisons between the results obtained in ATRA treated Vector and tag-IRF1 cells did not provide statistically significant results (p-value = 0.443), as shown in the panel.

### ORIGINAL WESTERN BLOTS



Original Fig 8A



Original Fig 8A



Original Fig 8A



Original Fig 8C



Original Fig 8C



Original Fig 8C



Original Fig 8C



Original Fig 8E



Original Fig 8E



Original Fig 8E



Original Fig S7



Original Fig S7



ATRA - + - + - + - +

Original Fig S8A



Original Fig S8A



Original Fig S8A