

## Supporting Information

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Machine Learning-Enabled Tactile Sensor Design for Dynamic Touch Decoding

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## Algorithm 1 Extract data samples of a particular class

**Input:** anchor sample: a(t), time series: X(t), sliding step:  $\tau$ , similarity metric:  $S(x_i, x_j)$ , number of target samples: N.

**Output:** list C, which contains cut samples.

```
1: L \leftarrow length[X(t)]
                                                                                         \triangleright length of time series X(t)
2: W \leftarrow length[a(t)]
                                                                                     \triangleright length of anchor sample a(t)
3: I \leftarrow (L - W) / / \tau
                                                                                      ▷ iterations cost for searching
4: C \leftarrow []
                                                                                ▶ empty list for saving cut samples
5: sim\_list \leftarrow 0_{[I \times 1]}

▷ array for saving calculated similarities

6: for i=1 \rightarrow I do
        temp = X[i \times \tau : (i+1) \times \tau]
        if length(temp) == W then
8:
             sim \leftarrow S(a, temp)
9:
             sim\_list[i] \leftarrow sim
10:
            append temp to C
11:
        end if
12:
13: end for
14: rank C refer to sim\_list in descending order.
15: C \leftarrow C[0:N]
16: return C
```