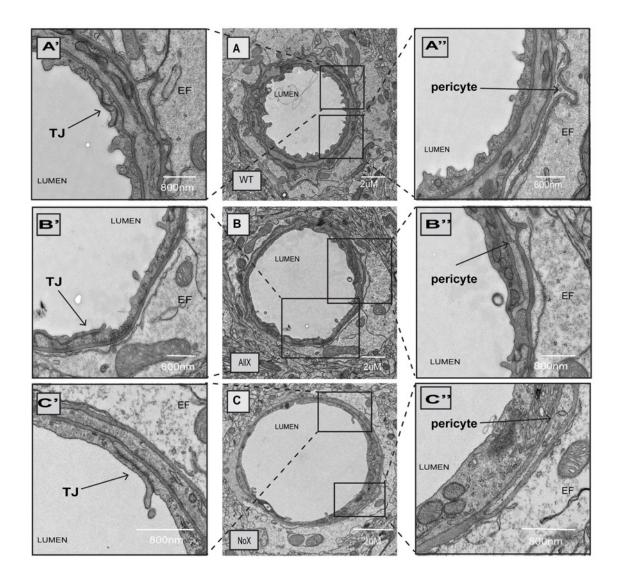
SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

Evaluation of gliovascular functions of Aqp4 readthrough isoforms

Shayna M. Mueller^{*1,2}, Kelli McFarland White^{*1,2}, Stuart B. Fass^{1,2}, Siyu Chen^{1,2,3}, Zhan Shi⁴, Xia Ge^{3,6}, John A. Engelbach^{3,6}, Seana H Gaines³, Annie R Bice³, Michael J. Vasek^{1,2}, Joel R. Garbow^{3,6}, Joseph P. Culver^{3,7,8,9,10}, Zila Martinez-Lozada¹¹, Martine Cohen-Salmon¹², Joseph D. Dougherty^{++1,2,6}, Darshan Sapkota^{++4,5}



Supplemental Figure 6. Other ultrastructures appear grossly normal between genotypes. A-C) Representative EM images of WT, AllX, and NoX blood vessels depicting tight junctions and pericytes. A' inset) Tight junction (TJ) (black arrow) between endothelial cells of a WT blood vessel. A'' inset) a presumed pericyte (black arrow) on the abluminal surface of a WT blood vessel. B' inset) Tight junction (TJ) (black arrow) between endothelial cells of an AllX blood vessel. B'' inset) a presumed pericyte (black arrow) on the abluminal surface of an AllX blood vessel. C' inset) Tight junction (TJ) (black arrow) between endothelial cells of an AllX blood vessel. B'' inset) a presumed pericyte (black arrow) on the abluminal surface of a NoX blood vessel. C'' inset) Tight junction (TJ) (black arrow) between endothelial cells of a NoX blood vessel. C'' inset) a presumed pericyte (black arrow) on the abluminal surface of a NoX blood vessel.