nature portfolio

Corresponding author(s):	Yu-Chih Chen
Last updated by author(s):	Oct 23, 2023

Reporting Summary

Nature Portfolio wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Portfolio policies, see our <u>Editorial Policies</u> and the <u>Editorial Policy Checklist</u>.

Statistics				
For all statistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.				
n/a Confirmed				
The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement				
A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly				
The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.				
A description of all covariates tested				
A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons				
A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)				
For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i>) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted Give <i>P</i> values as exact values whenever suitable.				
For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings				
For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes				
\square Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d , Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated				
Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> contains articles on many of the points above.				
Software and code				
Policy information about <u>availability of computer code</u>				
Data collection N/A				
Data analysis MATLAB 2021B				
For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Portfolio guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.				
Data				
Policy information about <u>availability of data</u> All manuscripts must include a <u>data availability statement</u> . This statement should provide the following information, where applicable: - Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets - A description of any restrictions on data availability				
- For clinical datasets or third party data, please ensure that the statement adheres to our <u>policy</u>				
N/A				

Policy information	volving hu about studies w	vith human participants or human data. See also policy information about sex, gender (identity/presentation),	
		thnicity and racism.	
Reporting on sex	and gender	N/A	
Reporting on race other socially rele groupings		N/A	
Population chara	ecteristics	N/A	
Recruitment		N/A	
Ethics oversight		N/A	
Note that full informa	ation on the appr	oval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.	
Field-spe	ecific re	porting	
Please select the o	ne below that is	s the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.	
\(\times\) Life sciences	В	ehavioural & social sciences	
For a reference copy of t	the document with	all sections, see <u>nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf</u>	
Life scier	nces stu	udy design	
All studies must dis	sclose on these	points even when the disclosure is negative.	
Sample size	In each well, we	n each well, we loaded 1000-4000 cells, which are sufficient to see differences between effective and ineffective treatments.	
Data exclusions	N/A		
Replication	3 or more replic	cates were used in our experiments	
Randomization	N/A		
Blinding	N/A		
-			
Danastis	~ f ~ v ~ v	a aifi a maata miala ayyata maa amad maatha ada	
RANATTIN	g for sp	pecific materials, systems and methods	
	<u> </u>		
We require informati	ion from authors	about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.	
We require informati	ion from authors ted is relevant to		
We require informati system or method list	ion from authors ted is relevant to	your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.	
We require informati system or method list	ion from authors ated is relevant to perimental some study	your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response. ystems Methods	
We require informati system or method list Materials & ex n/a Involved in th Antibodies Eukaryotic	perimental some study	ystems Methods n/a Involved in the study ChIP-seq Flow cytometry	
We require informati system or method list Materials & exponsion of the system of method list Materials & exponsion of the system of method list Antibodies of the system of the syst	perimental some study some study some lines logy and archaeol	ystems Methods Involved in the study ChIP-seq Sequence MRI-based neuroimaging MRI-ba	
We require informati system or method list Materials & ex n/a Involved in th Antibodies Eukaryotic Palaeontol Animals an	perimental some study some cell lines logy and archaeolod other organism	ystems Methods Involved in the study ChIP-seq Sequence MRI-based neuroimaging MRI-ba	
We require informati system or method list Materials & ex n/a Involved in th Antibodies Eukaryotic Palaeontol Animals an Clinical dat	perimental some study some cell lines logy and archaeolod other organism	ystems Methods n/a Involved in the study ChIP-seq Flow cytometry ogy MRI-based neuroimaging	

Eukaryotic cell lines

Policy information about $\underline{\text{cell lines and Sex and Gender in Research}}$

Cell line source(s)

From my collaborators, Drs. Wicha and Luker

Authentication	Protocols and data analyses of cell line authentication will be guided by the recommendations of the International Cell Line Authentication Committee (ICLAC).
Mycoplasma contamination	All cell lines are cultured with mycoplasma antibiotics Plasmocin (Purchased from InvivoGen). Cell lines are routinely examined for mycoplasma contamination by sensitive PCR assays, and contaminated cells will be discarded.
Commonly misidentified lines (See <u>ICLAC</u> register)	MDA-MB-231, SUM159, SUM149

Plants

Seed stocks	N/A
Novel plant genotypes	N/A
Authentication	N/A

Flow Cytometry

Plots

Confirm that:

- The axis labels state the marker and fluorochrome used (e.g. CD4-FITC).
- The axis scales are clearly visible. Include numbers along axes only for bottom left plot of group (a 'group' is an analysis of identical markers).
- All plots are contour plots with outliers or pseudocolor plots.
- A numerical value for number of cells or percentage (with statistics) is provided.

Methodology

Sample preparation	LIVE, DEAD, Hoechst, and CellROX staining
Instrument	Becton Dickinson LSR Fortessa II, Sony MA900
Software	FlowJo
Cell population abundance	Around 0.1 to 50% of PGCCs in the cell populations depending on different treatments. After flow cytometry, we very them with visual inspection under microscope and also Ploidy evaluation by G-banding metaphase analysis
Gating strategy	Preliminary FSC and SSC thresholding and then positive LIVE, DEAD, Hoechst, and CellROX staining

Tick this box to confirm that a figure exemplifying the gating strategy is provided in the Supplementary Information.