

Supplementary Table S5. Experiences on the appliance of their chosen diet, reported by participants adhering to either the Low FODMAP diet or endometriosis diet.

	Low FODMAP ¹ diet (N = 22) 10 (45.5%)			(N = 21) 12 (57.1%)		
Descriptives						
Previous dietary guidelines ² (%)						
Experience of the diet (%)	Three-week follow-up	Six-month follow-up	P-value	Three-week follow-up	Six-month follow-up	P-value
Very easy Easy Normal Difficult Very difficult Unknown	0 (0.0%) 1 (4.5%) 5 (22.7%) 13 (59.1%) 0 (0.0%) 3 (13.6%)	1 (4.5%) 1 (4.5%) 10 (45.5%) 5 (22.7%) 1 (4.5%) 4 (18.2%)	<0.001	0 (0.0%) 1 (4.8%) 8 (38.1%) 12 (57.1%) 0 (0.0%) 0 (0%)	1 (4.8%) 2 (9.5%) 11 (52.4%) 6 (28.6%) 0 (0.0%) 2 (9.5%)	0.017
Difficulties experienced (%)	Three-week follow-up	Six-month follow-up	P-value	Three-week follow-up	Six-month follow-up	P-value
Expensive Time consuming Complex Little social support Little positive effects Other	9 (%) 8 (%) 1 (%) 1 (%) 2 (%) 12 (57.1%)	4 (18.2%) 6 (27.3%) 4 (18.2%) 1 (4.5%) 1 (4.5%) 7 (31.8%)	n/a	6 (%) 5 (%) 3 (0%) 3 (%) 0 (%) 12 (%)	4 (19.0%) 7 (33.3%) 2 (9.5%) 2 (9.5%) 4 (19.0%) 10 (47.6%)	n/a
How often were exceptions made (%)	Three-week follow-up	Three-month follow-up	Six-month follow-up	Three-week follow-up	Three-month follow-up	Six-month follow-up
Every meal One meal a day One meal each 2–3 days One meal a week One meal every 2–3 weeks One meal a month Never Unknown	0 (0.0%) 0 (0.0%) 3 (13.6%) 4 (18.2%) 4 (18.2%) 1 (4.5%) 7 (31.8%) 2 (9.1%)	0 (0.0%) 0 (0.0%) 1 (4.5%) 6 (27.3%) 3 (13.6%) 4 (18.2%) 5 (22.7%) 3 (13.6%)	0 (0%) 0 (0%) 4 (18.2%) 5 (22.7%) 7 (31.8%) 1 (4.5%) 0 (0%) 5 (22.7%)	0 (0.0%) 2 (9.5%) 8 (38.1%) 3 (14.3%) 4 (19.1%) 2 (9.5%) 2 (9.5%) 0 (0.0%)	2 (9.5%) 2 (9.5%) 3 (14.3%) 9 (42.9%) 2 (9.5%) 1 (4.8%) 2 (9.5%) 0 (0.0%)	1 (4.8%) 0 (0.0%) 9 (42.9%) 7 (33.3%) 3 (14.3%) 0 (0.0%) 0 (0.0%) 1 (4.8%)
Exception meals (%)	Three-week follow-up		Six-month follow-up	Three-week follow-up	Three-month follow-up	Six-month follow-up
Main meal Snacks Both Unknown	7 (31.8%) 2 (9.1%) 2 (9.1%) 11 (50.0%)	8 (36.4%) 5 (22.7%) 1 (4.5%) 8 (36.4%)	11 (50.0%) 1 (4.5%) 3 (13.6%) 7 (31.8%)	6 (28.6%) 6 (28.6%) 7 (33.3%) 2 (9.5%)	5 (23.8%) 4 (19.1%) 10 (47.6%) 2 (9.5%)	9 (42.9%) 3 (14.3%) 8 (38.1%) 1 (4.8%)
Number of dropouts(%) ³ After 3 weeks After 6 weeks After 9 weeks After 12 weeks	. ,	0 (0%) 2 (9.1%) 0 (0%) 0 (0%)		· · ·	1 (4.8%) 0 (0%) 0 (0%) 0 (0%)	
Continuing the diet at the end of follow-up (%)						
Yes Partially No Unknown		17 (77.3%) 1 (4.5%) 1 (4.5%) 3 (13.6%)			15 (71.4%) 2 (9.5%) 4 (19.1%) 0 (0.0%)	
Patient satisfaction (mean, SD)	Low FODMAP diet N = 22			Endometriosis diet P-value N = 21		
Taken serious by dietician Expertise dietician Shared decision making Negotiability of progress Information provision Accessibility dietician Self-reported effect of diet Recommend diet to others	9.95 (0.23) 9.63 (0.68) 9.42 (1.07) 9.37 (1.07) 9.47 (0.77) 9.79 (0.54) 9.26 (0.81) 9.37 (1.30)			9.95 (0.22) n/ 9.76 (0.54) n/ 9.71 (0.56) n/ 9.76 (0.54) n/ 9.71 (0.56) n/ 9.76 (0.63) n/ 9.10 (0.89) 0.6 9.24 (1.00) n/		

FODMAP: fermentable oligo-, di-, mono-saccharides, and polyols.
Previous dietary guidelines such as eating vegetarian, vegan, halal, kosher gluten-, or lactose-free.
All women dropped out because of personal reasons such as moving to a foreign country or an illness in the family.