Science Advances

Supplementary Materials for

Reduced human activity during COVID-19 alters avian land use across North America

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The PDF file includes:

Supplementary Text Figs. S1 to S11 Tables S1 to S5 Legends for data S1 to S4

Other Supplementary Material for this manuscript includes the following:

Data S1 to S4

Supplementary Text

Model variables

Table S1 (p. 101) lists summary statistics for all the variables used in our models. Figures S1–S4 (pp. 3–6) and Table S2 (p. 102) describe the distribution of the distance traveled, duration, distance to road, distance to airport, and landcover (urban vs. rural) variables, and compares those distributions between the pre-pandemic and pandemic periods. The distribution of the change in traffic variable is displayed in the main text (Fig. 1A), and the overlap variable was specific to each species-by-county combination, and therefore not easily displayed (though, see Fig. 1B for a representative example).

Note that the model for each species only included a subset of counties, so the exact distribution of predictor data would have varied slightly for each.

Figures S5–S9 (pp. 7–11) compare the distributions of different predictors to assess collinearity.

Model results

Figures S10 (pp. 12–17) and S11 (pp. 18–100) are multi-page figures that present all of the 95% credible intervals and interaction plots (respectively) for all 82 species and all five interaction terms used in the study. Captions for Figs. S10 and S11 are placed on the page preceding each, on pp. 12 and 18, respectively.

Tables S3–S5 (pp. 103–105) relate to our post-hoc assessment of results in relation to independent measures of detection.

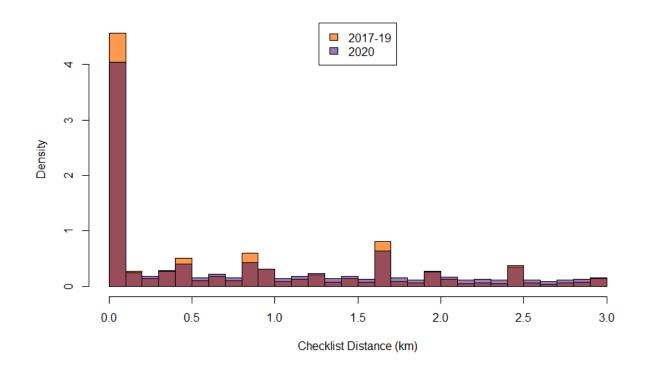


Fig. S1.

Distribution of distance traveled (in kilometers) recorded for all eBird checklists used in the analysis (from all counties), separated into the pre-pandemic and pandemic periods. The third color occurs where both histograms overlap.

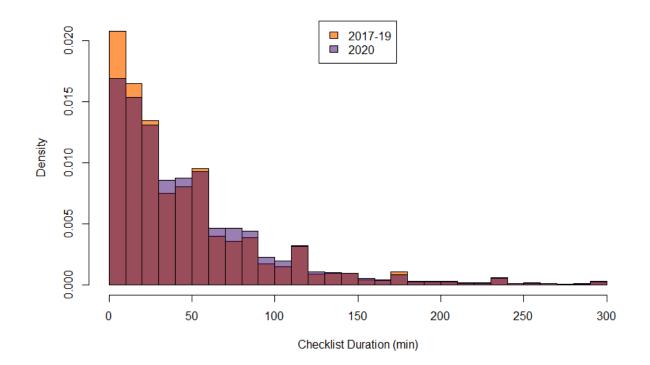


Fig. S2.

Distribution of duration (in minutes) recorded for all eBird checklists used in the analysis (from all counties), separated into the pre-pandemic and pandemic periods. The third color occurs where both histograms overlap.

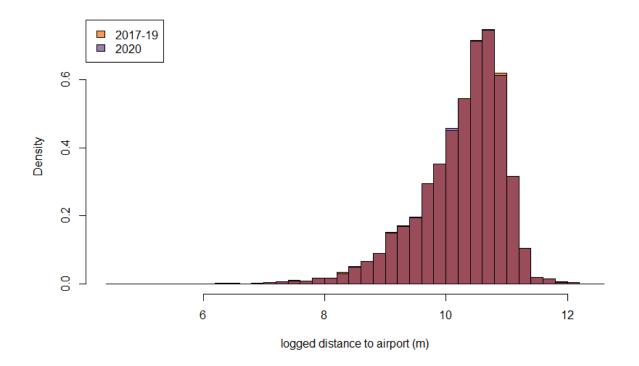


Fig. S3.

Distribution of logged distance to international airports recorded for all eBird checklists used in the analysis (from all counties), separated into the pre-pandemic and pandemic periods. The third color occurs where both histograms overlap.

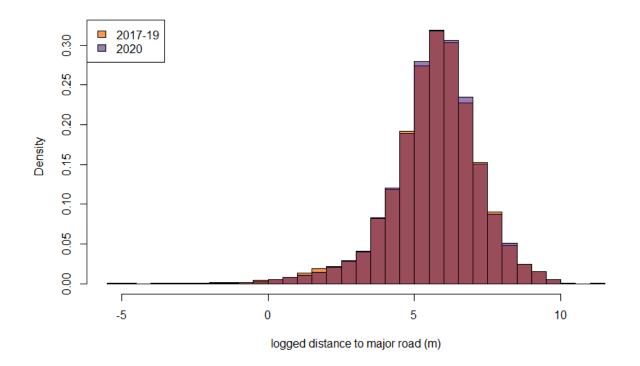


Fig. S4.

Distribution of logged distance to nearest major road recorded for all eBird checklists used in the analysis (from all counties), separated into the pre-pandemic and pandemic periods. The third color occurs where both histograms overlap.

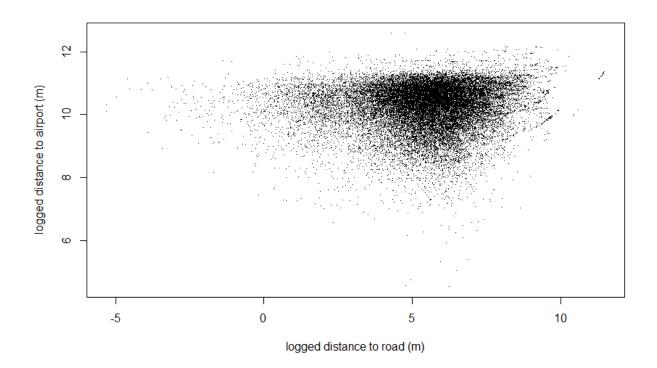


Fig. S5.

Plot of logged distance to road vs. logged distance to airport for all checklists. Pearson product moment correlation coefficient = 0.069 (t = 20.4, df = 88604, p < 0.001).

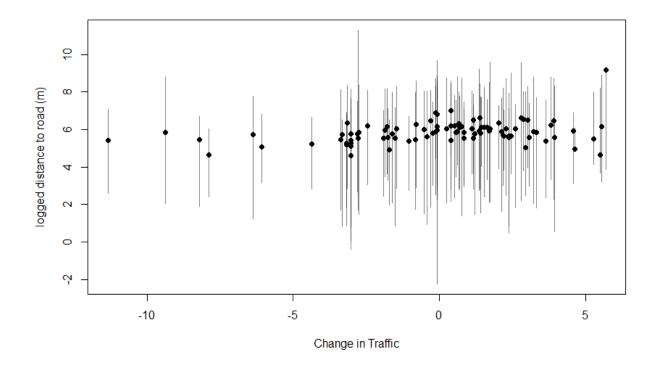


Fig. S6.

The relationship between the county-specific percent change in traffic during the pandemic (centered, such that 0 = the mean percent change) and the county-specific medians (points) and 2.5–97.5% quantiles (bars) of logged distance to major road.

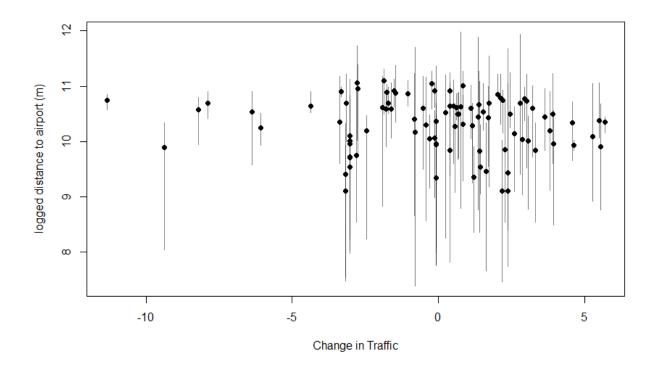


Fig. S7.

The relationship between the county-specific percent change in traffic during the pandemic (centered, such that 0 = the mean percent change) and the county-specific medians (points) and 2.5–97.5% quantiles (bars) of logged distance to airport.

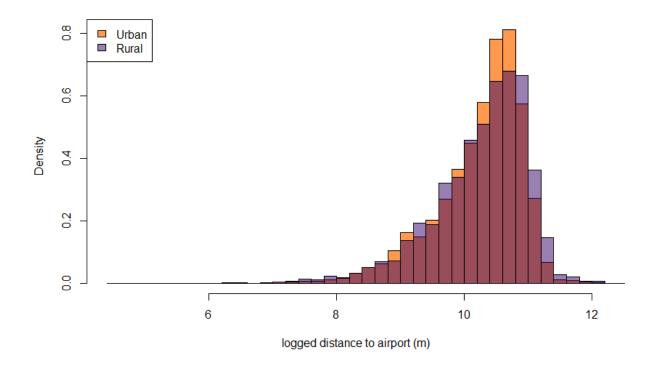


Fig. S8.

Distribution of logged distance to airport recorded for all eBird checklists used in the analysis (from all counties), separated into checklists coming from urban vs. rural habitat. The third color occurs where both histograms overlap.

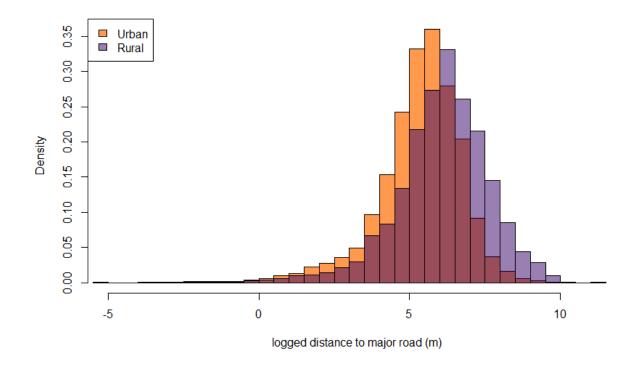


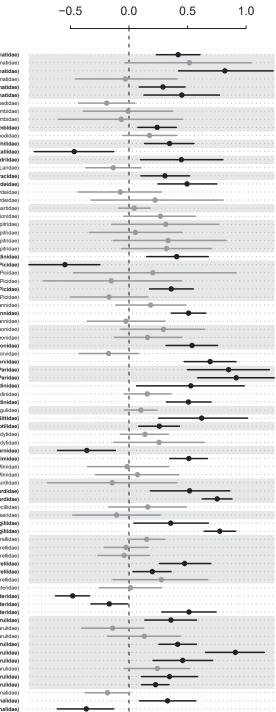
Fig. S9.

Distribution of logged distance to nearest major road recorded for all eBird checklists used in the analysis (from all counties), separated into checklists coming from urban vs. rural habitat. The third color occurs where both histograms overlap.

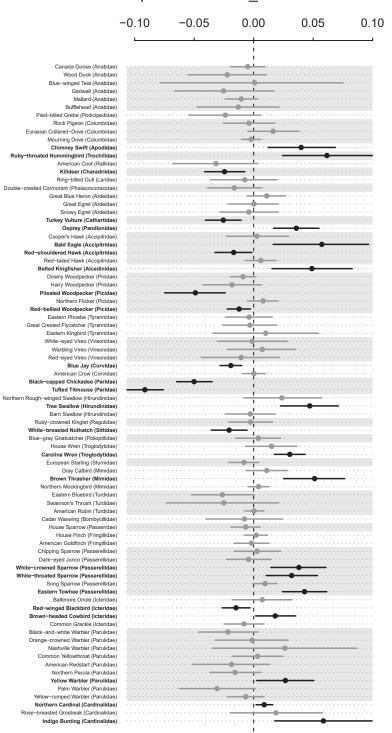
Fig. S10. (multi-page figure beginning on the next page)

Interaction coefficient posterior distributions. Medians and 95% credible intervals for all interaction coefficients for each species, labeled as: "overlap": overlap between peak migration and peak travel reductions; "delta_traf": percent change in human mobility during pandemic; "land" urban versus rural habitat; "air": distance to airport, and "road": distance to major road. Species with 95% credible intervals that do not overlap zero are in bold. For ease of comparison, the sign of all intervals has been transformed such that positive values indicate increases in counts in areas where human activity was reduced.

pandemic:overlap interaction



Canada Goose (Anatidae) Wood Duck (Anatidae) -winged Teal (Anatidae) Gadwall (Anatidae) Blue Mallard (Anatidae) Bufflehead (Anatidae) I-billed Grebe (Podicipedidae) Rock Pigeon (Columbidae) ian Collared-Dove (Columbidae) Eur Mourning Dove (Columbidae) Chimney Swift (Apodidae) Ruby-throated Hummingbird (Trochilidae) American Coot (Rallidae) Killdeer (Charadriidae) Ring-billed Gull (Laridae) d Cormorant (Phalacrocoracidae) Great Blue Heron (Ardeidae) Great Egret (Ardeidae) Snowy Egret (Ardeidae) Turkey Vulture (Cathartidae) Osprey (Pandionidae) Cooper's Hawk (Accipitridae) Bald Eagle (Accipitridae) Red-shouldered Hawk (Accipitridae) Red-tailed Hawk (Accipitridae) Belted Kingfisher (Alcedinidae) Downy Woodpecker (Picidae) Hairy Woodpecker (Picidae) Pileated Woodpecker (Picidae) Northern Flicker (Picidae) Red-bellied Woodpecker (Picidae) Eastern Phoebe (Tyrannidae) Great Crested Flycatcher (Tyrannidae) Eastern Kingbird (Tyrannidae) White-eyed Vireo (Vireonidae) Warbling Vireo (Vireonidae) Warbling Vireo (Vireonidae) Red-eyed Vireo (Vireonidae) Blue Jay (Corvidae) American Crow (Corvidae) capped Chickadee (Paridae) Tufted Titmouse (Paridae) Black orthern Rough-winged Swallow (Hirundinidae) Tree Swallow (Hirundinidae) Barn Swallow (Hirundinidae) Ruby-crowned Kinglet (Regulidae) White-breasted Nuthatch (Sittidae) Blue-gray Gnatcatcher (Polioptilidae) House Wren (Troglodytidae) Carolina Wren (Troglodytidae) European Starling (Sturnidae) Gray Catbird (Mimidae) Brown Thrasher (Mimidae) Northern Mockingbird (Mimidae) Eastern Bluebird (Turdidae) Swainson's Thrush (Turdidae) American Robin (Turdidae) Cedar Waxwing (Bombycillidae) House Sparrow (Passeridae) House Finch (Fringillidae) American Goldfinch (Fringillidae) Chipping Sparrow (Passerellidae) Dark-eyed Junco (Passerellidae) White-crowned Sparrow (Passerellidae) White-throated Sparrow (Passerellidae) Song Sparrow (Passerellidae) Eastern Towhee (Passerellidae) Baltimore Oriole (Icteridae) Red-winged Blackbird (Icteridae) Brown-headed Cowbird (Icteridae) Common Grackle (Icteridae) Black-and-white Warbler (Parulidae) Orange-crowned Warbler (Parulidae) Nashville Warbler (Parulidae) Common Yellowthroat (Parulidae) American Redstart (Parulidae) Northern Parula (Parulidae) Yellow Warbler (Parulidae) Palm Warbler (Parulidae) Yellow-rumped Warbler (Parulidae) Northern Cardinal (Cardinalidae) Rose-I asted Grosbeak (Cardinalidae) Indigo Bunting (Cardinalidae)



pandemic:delta_traf interaction

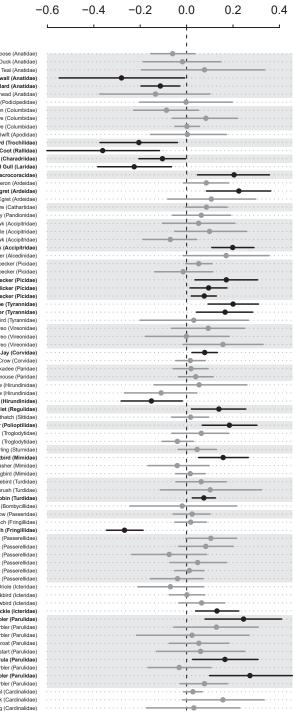
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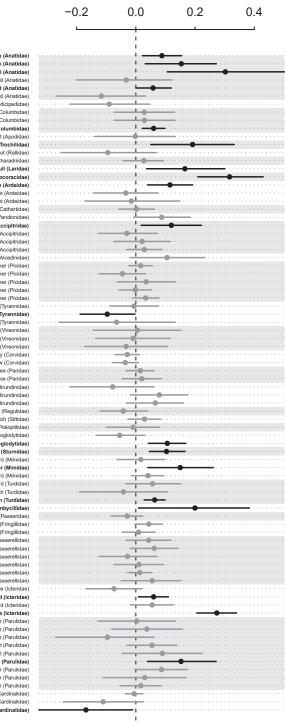
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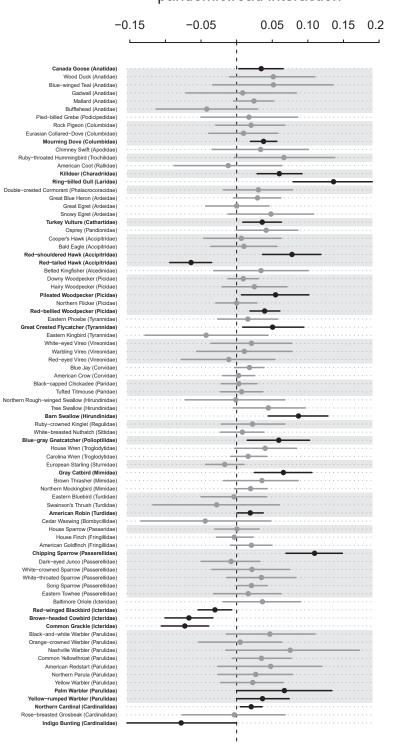


Canada Goose (Anatidae) Wood Duck (Anatidae) Blue-winged Teal (Anatidae) Gadwall (Anatidae) Mallard (Anatidae) Pied-billed Grebe (Podicipedidae) Rock Pigeon (Columbidae) asian Collared-Dove (Columbidae) Eura Mourning Dove (Columbidae) Chimney Swift (Apodidae) Ruby-throated Hummingbird (Trochilidae) American Coot (Rallidae) Killdeer (Charadriidae) Ring-billed Gull (Laridae) norant (Phalacrocoracidae) Great Blue Heron (Ardeidae) Great Egret (Ardeidae) Snowy Egret (Ardeidae) Turkey Vulture (Cathartidae) Osprey (Pandionidae) Cooper's Hawk (Accipitridae) Red-shouldered Hawk (Accipitridae) Red-tailed Hawk (Accipitridae) Belted Kingfisher (Alcedinidae) Downy Woodpecker (Picidae) Hairy Woodpecker (Picidae) Pileated Woodpecker (Picidae) Northern Flicker (Picidae) Red-bellied Woodpecker (Picidae) Eastern Phoebe (Tyrannidae) Great Crested Flycatcher (Tyrannidae) Eastern Kingbird (Tyrannidae) White-eyed Vireo (Vireonidae) Warbling Vireo (Vireonidae) Red-eyed Vireo (Vireonidae) Blue Jay (Corvidae) American Crow (Corvidae) Black-capped Chickadee (Paridae) Tufted Titmouse (Paridae) Northern Rough-winged Swallow (Hirundinidae) Tree Swallow (Hirundinidae) Barn Swallow (Hirundinidae) Ruby-crowned Kinglet (Regulidae) White-breasted Nuthatch (Sittidae) Blue-gray Gnatcatcher (Polioptilidae) House Wren (Troglodytidae) Carolina Wren (Troglodytidae) Carolina Wren (Iroglodytidae) European Starling (Sturnidae) Gray Catbird (Mimidae) Brown Thrasher (Mimidae) Brown Thrasher (Mimidae) Eastern Bluebird (Turdidae) Swainson's Thrush (Turdidae) American Robin (Turdidae) Cedar Waxwing (Bombycillidae) House Sparrow (Passeridae) House Finch (Fringillidae) American Goldfinch (Fringillidae) Chipping Sparrow (Passerellidae) Dark-eyed Junco (Passerellidae) White-crowned Sparrow (Passerellidae) White-throated Sparrow (Passerellidae) Song Sparrow (Passerellidae) Eastern Towhee (Passerellidae) Baltimore Oriole (Icteridae) Red-winged Blackbird (Icteridae) Brown-headed Cowbird (Icteridae) Common Grackle (Icteridae) Black-and-white Warbler (Parulidae) Orange-crowned Warbler (Parulidae) Nashville Warbler (Parulidae) Common Yellowthroat (Parulidae) American Redstart (Parulidae) Northern Parula (Parulidae) Yellow Warbler (Parulidae) Palm Warbler (Parulidae) Yellow-rumped Warbler (Parulidae) Northern Cardinal (Cardinalidae) Rose-breasted Grosbeak (Cardinalidae) Indigo Bunting (Cardinalidae)

pandemic:air interaction



Canada Goose (Anatidae) Wood Duck (Anatidae) winged Teal (Anatidae) Gadwall (Anatidae) Bl Mallard (Anatidae) Bufflehead (Anatidae) ied-billed Grebe (Podicipedidae) Rock Pigeon (Columbidae) ian Collared-Dove (Columbidae) Eur Mourning Dove (Columbidae) Chimney Swift (Apodidae) Ruby-throated Hummingbird (Trochilidae) American Coot (Rallidae) Killdeer (Charadriidae) Ring-billed Gull (Laridae) norant (Phalacrocoracidae) Great Blue Heron (Ardeidae) Great Egret (Ardeidae) Snowy Egret (Ardeidae) Turkey Vulture (Cathartidae) Osprey (Pandionidae) Cooper's Hawk (Accipitridae) Bald Eagle (Accipitridae) Red-shouldered Hawk (Accipitridae) Red-tailed Hawk (Accipitridae) Belted Kingfisher (Alcedinidae) Downy Woodpecker (Picidae) Hairy Woodpecker (Picidae) Pileated Woodpecker (Picidae) Northern Flicker (Picidae) Red-bellied Woodpecker (Picidae) Eastern Phoebe (Tyrannidae) Great Crested Flycatcher (Tyrannidae) Eastern Kingbird (Tyrannidae) White-eyed Vireo (Vireonidae) Warbling Vireo (Vireonidae) Red-eyed Vireo (Vireonidae) Blue Jay (Corvidae) American Crow (Corvidae) Black-capped Chickadee (Paridae) Tufted Titmouse (Paridae) Northern Rough-winged Swallow (Hirundinidae) Tree Swallow (Hirundinidae) Barn Swallow (Hirundinidae) Ruby-crowned Kinglet (Regulidae) White-breasted Nuthatch (Sittidae) Blue-gray Gnatcatcher (Polioptilidae) House Wren (Troglodytidae) Carolina Wren (Troglodytidae) European Starling (Sturnidae) Gray Catbird (Mimidae) Brown Thrasher (Mimidae) Northern Mockingbird (Mimidae) Eastern Bluebird (Turdidae) Swainson's Thrush (Turdidae) American Robin (Turdidae) Cedar Waxwing (Bombycillidae) House Sparrow (Passeridae) House Finch (Fringillidae) American Goldfinch (Fringillidae) Chipping Sparrow (Passerellidae) Dark-eyed Junco (Passerellidae) White-crowned Sparrow (Passerellidae) White-throated Sparrow (Passerellidae) Song Sparrow (Passerellidae) Eastern Towhee (Passerellidae) Baltimore Oriole (Icteridae) Red-winged Blackbird (Icteridae) Brown-headed Cowbird (Icteridae) Common Grackle (Icteridae) Black-and-white Warbler (Parulidae) Orange-crowned Warbler (Parulidae) Nashville Warbler (Parulidae) Common Yellowthroat (Parulidae) American Redstart (Parulidae) Northern Parula (Parulidae) Yellow Warbler (Parulidae) Palm Warbler (Parulidae) Palm Warbler (Parulidae) Yellow-rumped Warbler (Parulidae) Northern Cardinal (Cardinalidae) breasted Grosbeak (Cardinalidae) Indigo Bunting (Cardinalidae) P



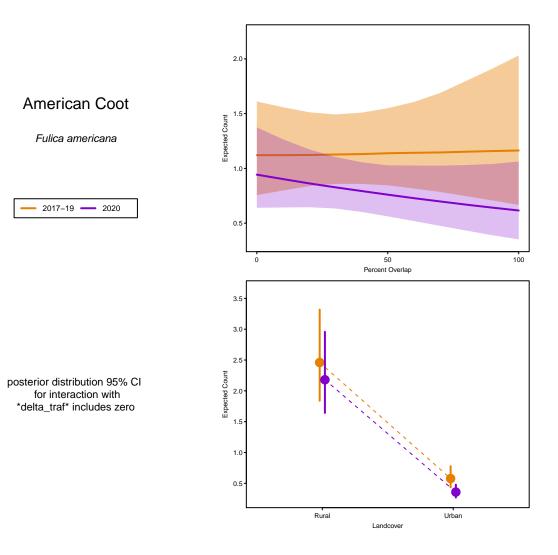
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Ros

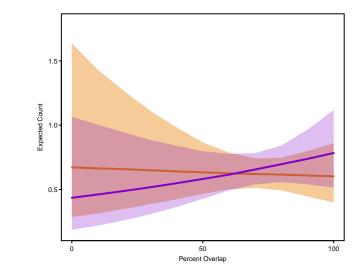
pandemic:road interaction

Fig. S11. (multi-page figure beginning on the next page)

Interactions between period (pandemic/pre-pandemic) and focal variables describing pandemic-altered areas. Marginal predicted mean count (lines or points) including 95% credible interval (shaded areas or error bars) of the effect of the focal variable on bird counts during the COVID-19 pandemic (purple) compared to the pre-pandemic baseline period (orange) for all 82 North American focal species (arranged alphabetically by common name). To facilitate visualization of non-zero changes in relationship, plots are only included for interaction coefficients with 95% credible intervals not containing zero and are arranged as follows: (top right) overlap between peak migration and peak travel reductions, (center left) percent change in human mobility during pandemic, (center right) urban versus rural habitat, (bottom left) distance to airport, and (bottom right) distance to major road. Changes to human activity during the pandemic increase from left to right on each panel.



posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *road* includes zero



posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with

American Crow

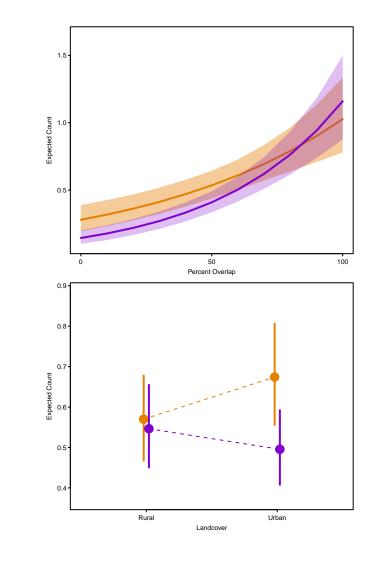
Corvus brachyrhynchos

2017–19 — 2020

delta_traf includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *air* includes zero



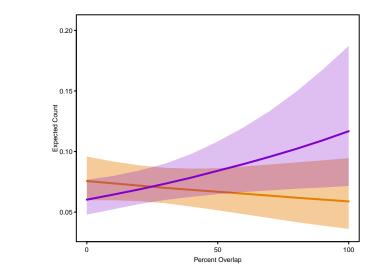
posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero

American Goldfinch

Spinus tristis

2017-19 - 2020

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *road* includes zero



posterior distribution 95% CI

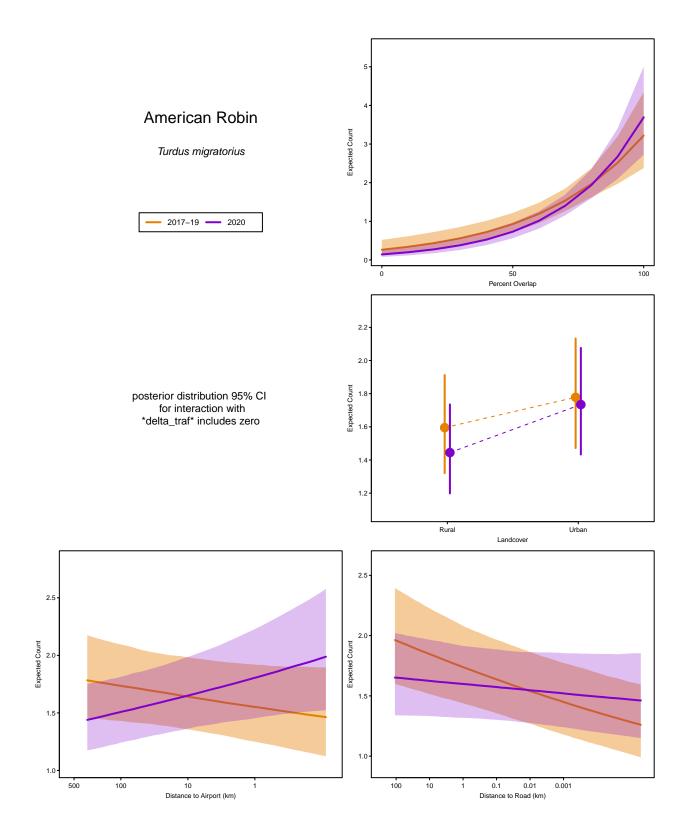
American Redstart

Setophaga ruticilla

2017–19 — 2020

for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *road* includes zero

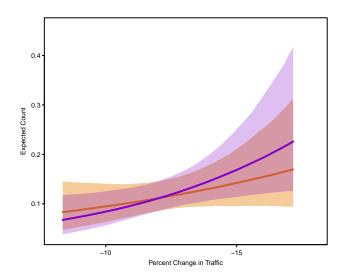


Bald Eagle

Haliaeetus leucocephalus

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *overlap* includes zero

_____ 2017-19 _____ 2020



posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *air* includes zero

Baltimore Oriole

lcterus galbula

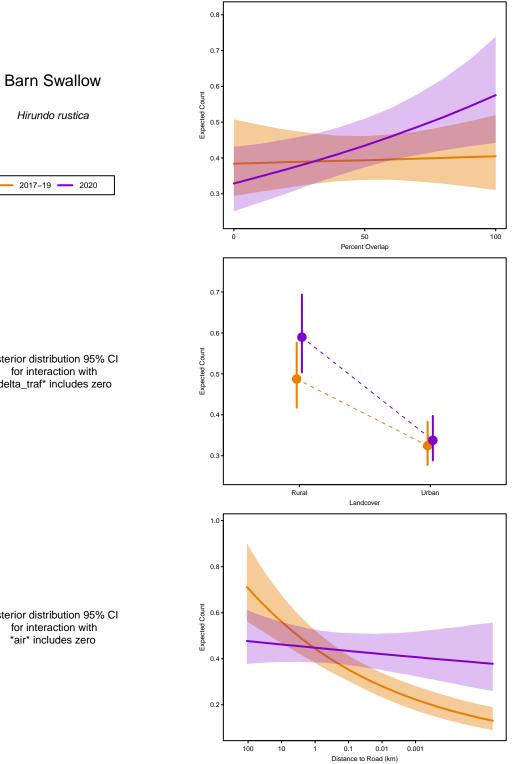
posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *overlap* includes zero

— 2017–19 **—** 2020

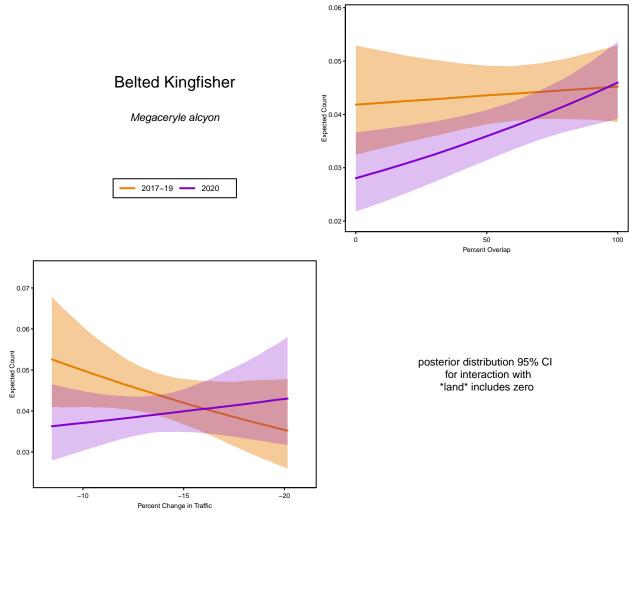
posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero

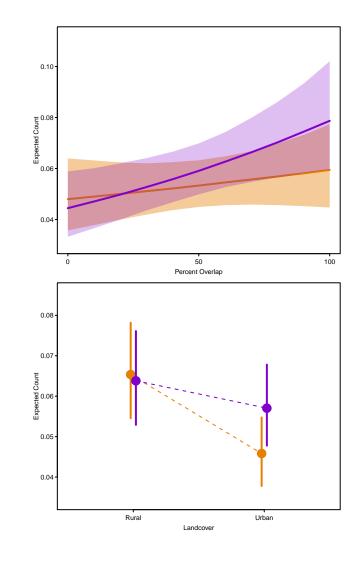
> posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *road* includes zero



posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero



posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *road* includes zero



posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with

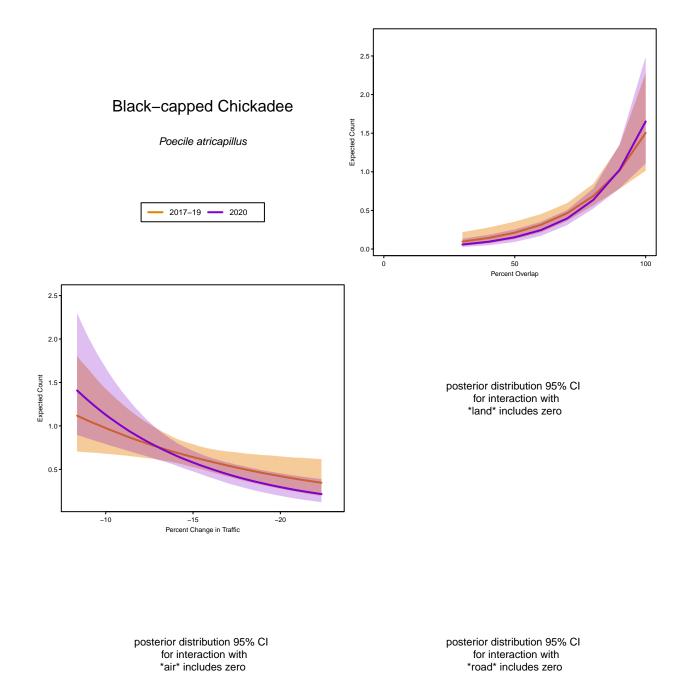
Black-and-white Warbler

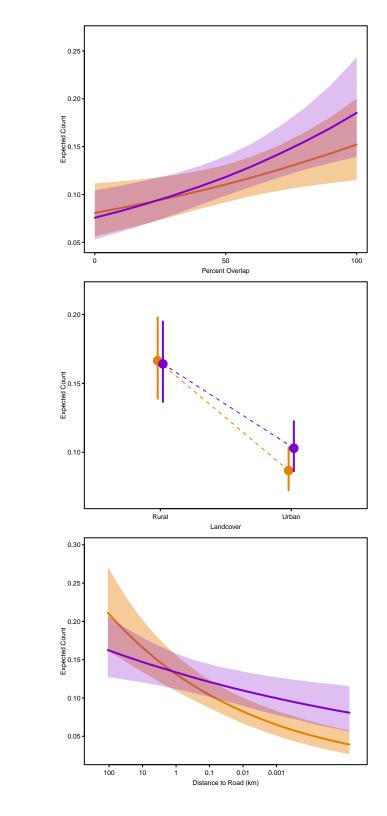
Mniotilta varia

2017-19 - 2020

delta_traf includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *road* includes zero



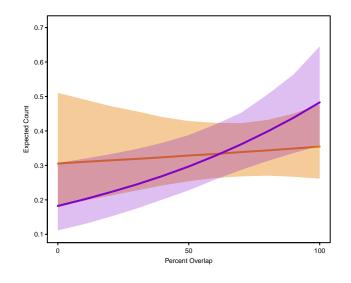


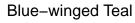
Blue-gray Gnatcatcher

Polioptila caerulea



posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero



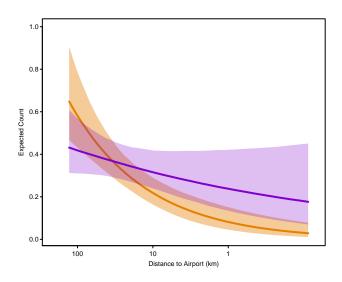


Spatula discors

2017-19 - 2020

posterior distribution 95% CI

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero



posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *road* includes zero

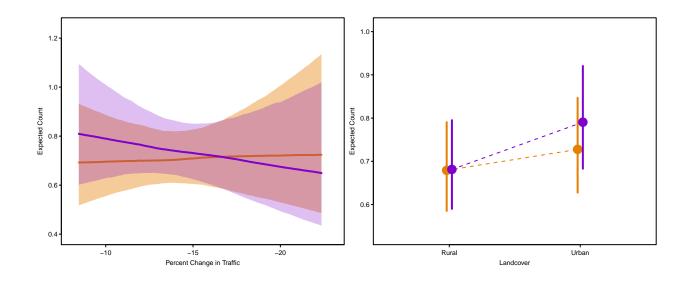
for interaction with *land* includes zero



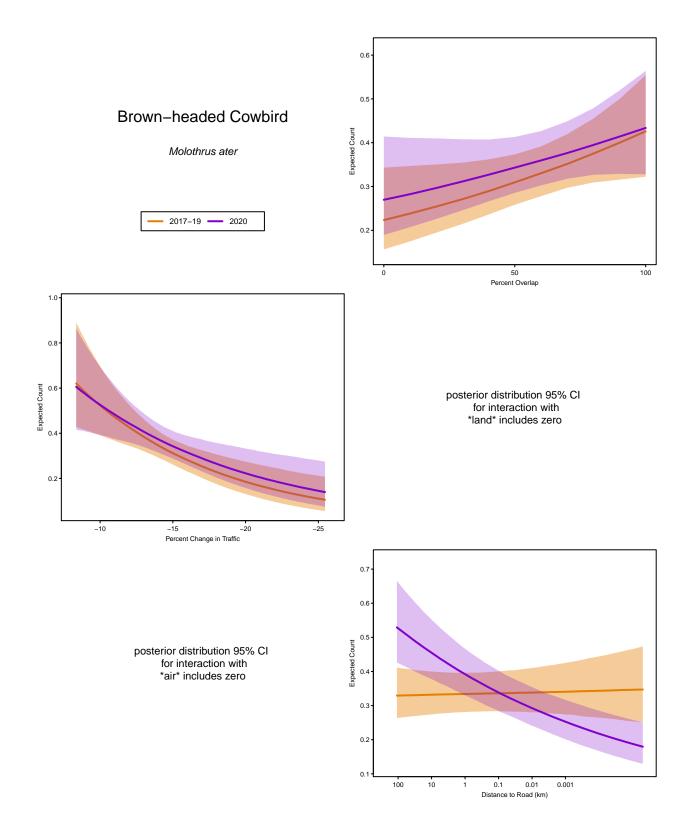
Cyanocitta cristata

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *overlap* includes zero





posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *air* includes zero

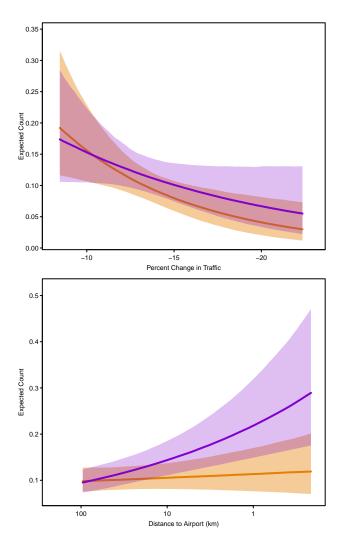


Brown Thrasher

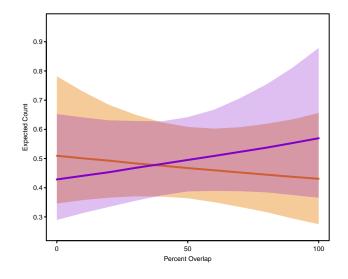
Toxostoma rufum

2017–19 — 2020

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *overlap* includes zero



posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero



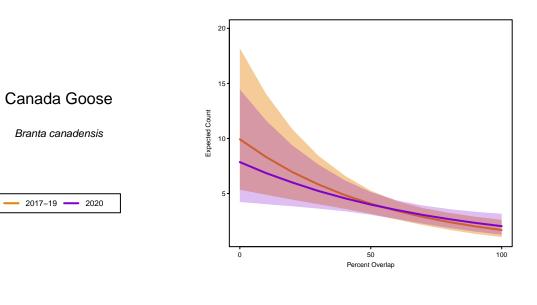
Bufflehead

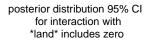
Bucephala albeola

2017–19 — 2020

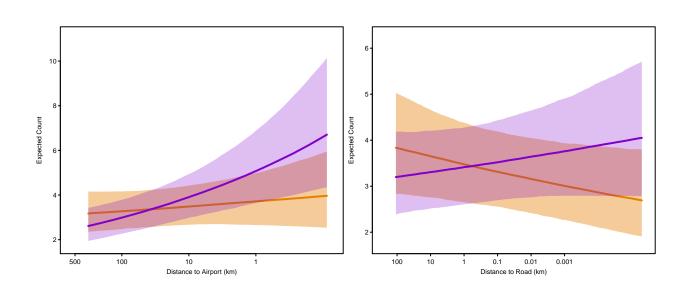
posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *road* includes zero





posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero

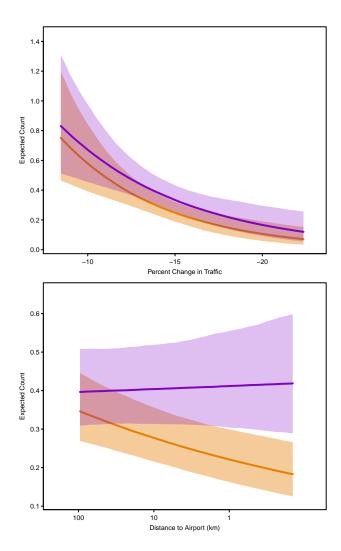


Carolina Wren

Thryothorus Iudovicianus

2017–19 — 2020

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *overlap* includes zero



posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero

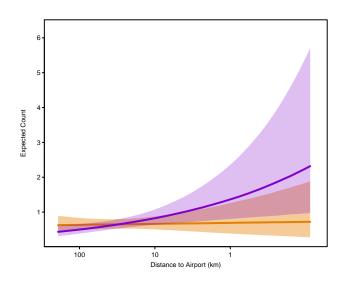
Cedar Waxwing

Bombycilla cedrorum

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *overlap* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero

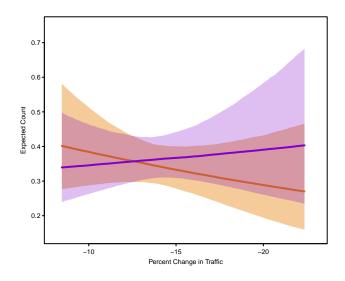


Chimney Swift

Chaetura pelagica

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *overlap* includes zero





posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *air* includes zero

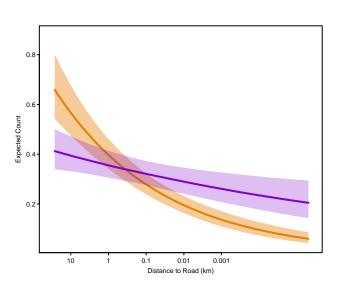
Chipping Sparrow

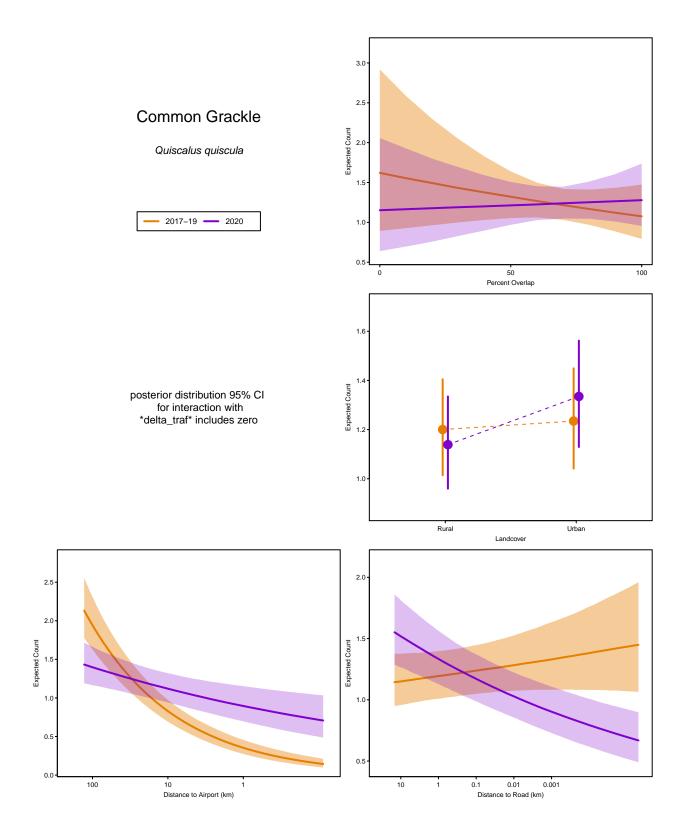
Spizella passerina

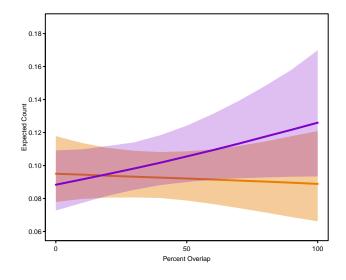
posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *overlap* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero







Common Yellowthroat

Geothlypis trichas

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *air* includes zero

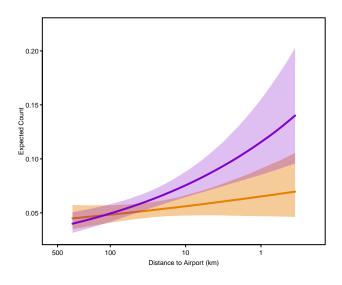
Cooper's Hawk

Accipiter cooperii

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *overlap* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero



Dark-eyed Junco

Junco hyemalis

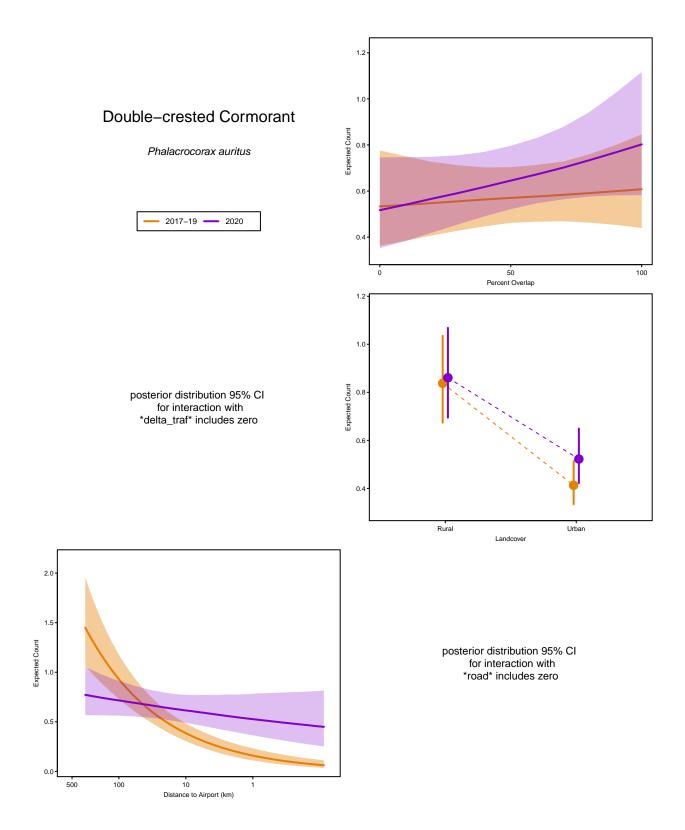
posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *overlap* includes zero

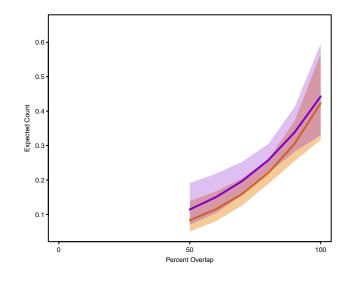
— 2017–19 **—** 2020

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero

> posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *road* includes zero





Downy Woodpecker

Dryobates pubescens

— 2017–19 **—** 2020

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero

> posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *road* includes zero

Eastern Bluebird

Sialia sialis

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *overlap* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero

> posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *road* includes zero

Eastern Kingbird

Tyrannus tyrannus

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *overlap* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero

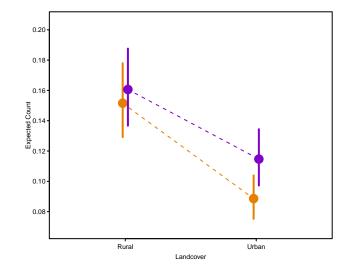
> posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *road* includes zero

Eastern Phoebe

Sayornis phoebe

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *overlap* includes zero

— 2017–19 **—** 2020



posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero

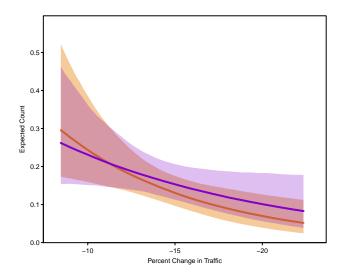
> posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *road* includes zero

Eastern Towhee

Pipilo erythrophthalmus

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *overlap* includes zero





posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *air* includes zero

Eurasian Collared–Dove

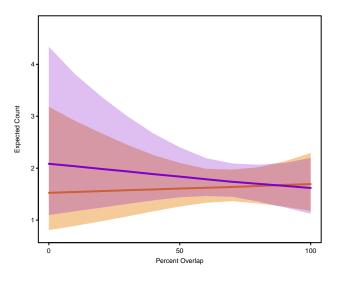
Streptopelia decaocto

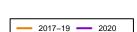
posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *overlap* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero

> posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *road* includes zero



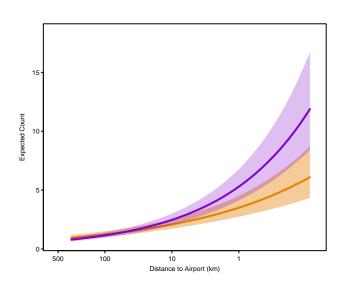


European Starling

Sturnus vulgaris

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero

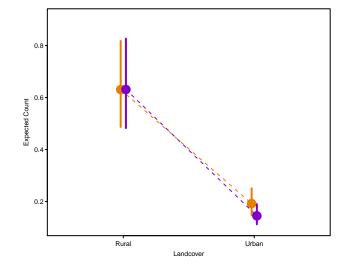


Gadwall

Mareca strepera

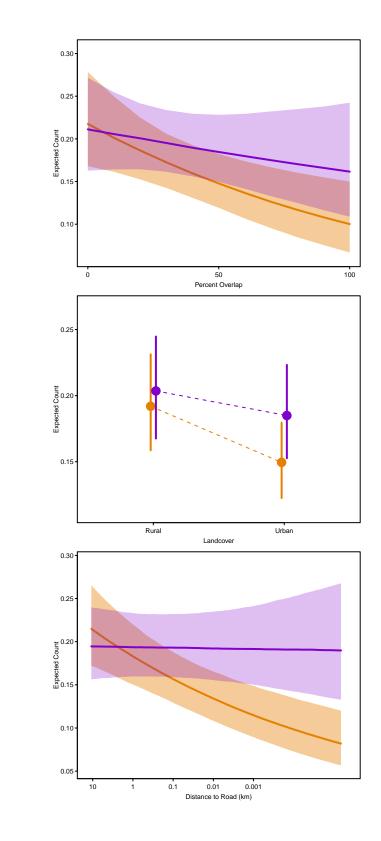
posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *overlap* includes zero

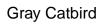
— 2017–19 **—** 2020



posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero

> posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *road* includes zero



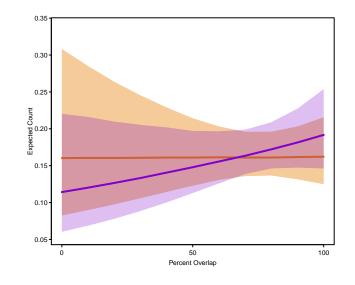


Dumetella carolinensis

2017–19 — 2020



posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero

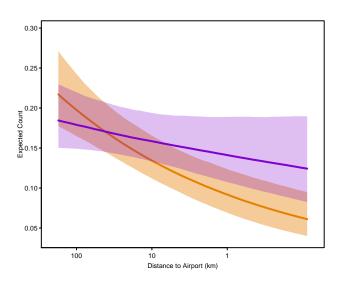


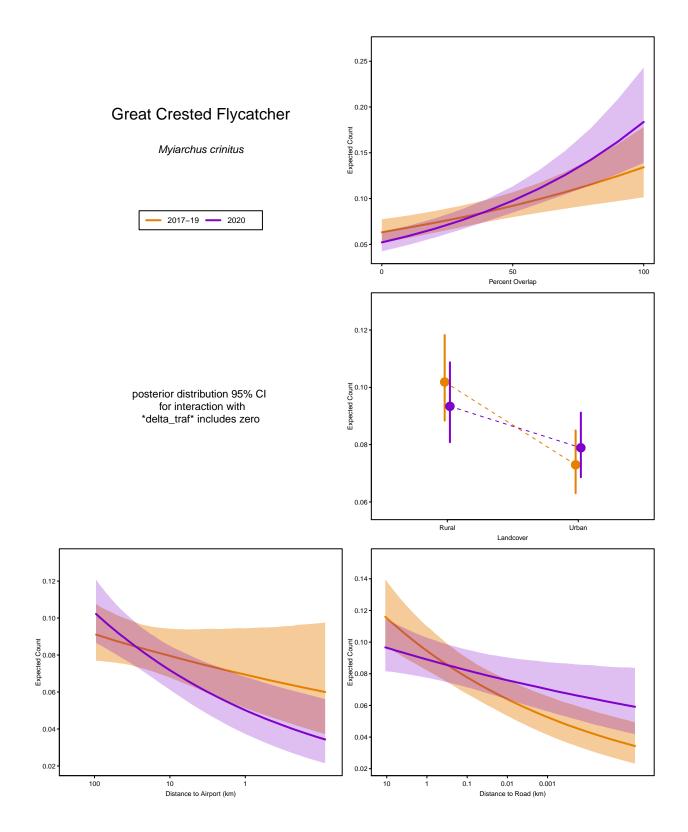
Great Blue Heron

Ardea herodias

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero



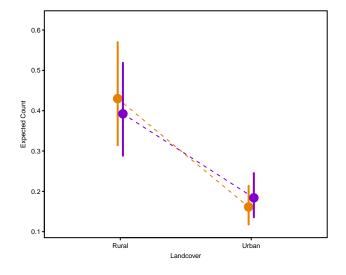


Great Egret

Ardea alba

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *overlap* includes zero

— 2017–19 **—** 2020



posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero

> posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *road* includes zero

Hairy Woodpecker

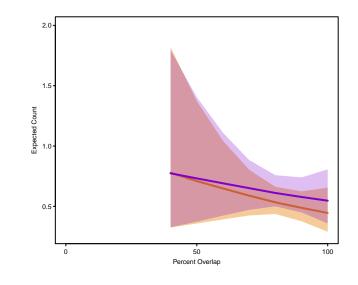
Dryobates villosus

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *overlap* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero

> posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *road* includes zero



House Finch Haemorhous mexicanus

2017–19 — 2020

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero

> posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *road* includes zero

House Sparrow

Passer domesticus

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *overlap* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero

> posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *road* includes zero

House Wren

Troglodytes aedon

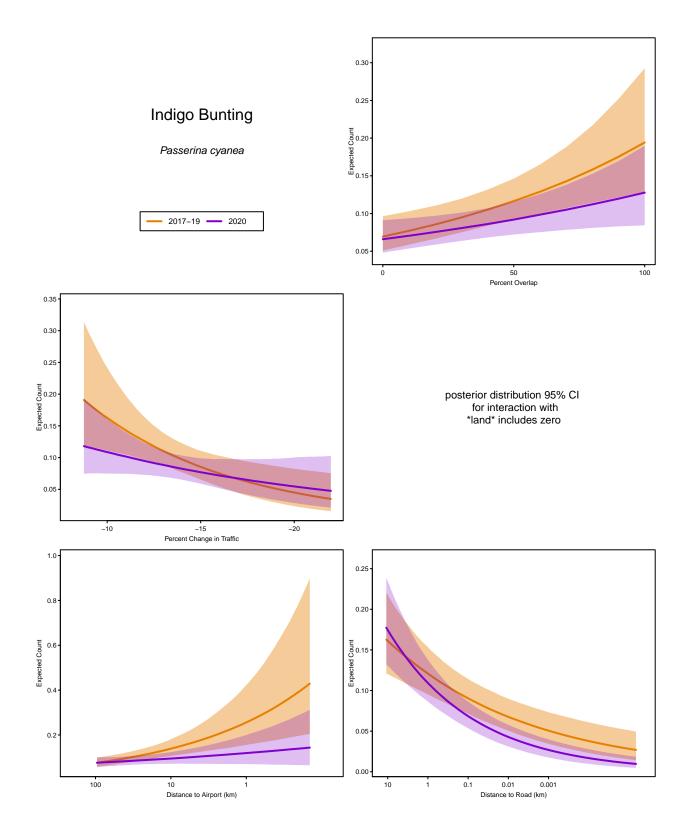
posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *overlap* includes zero

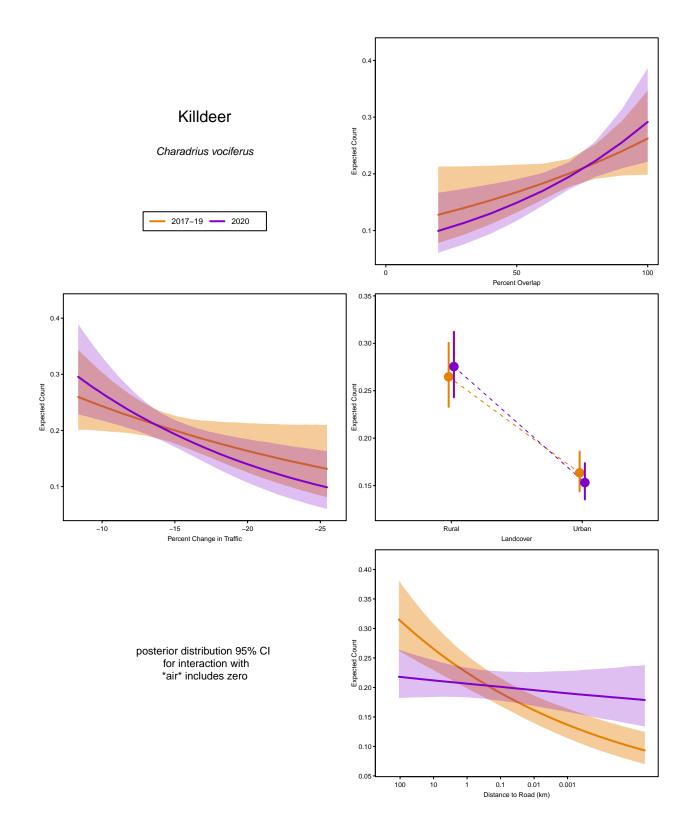
— 2017–19 **—** 2020

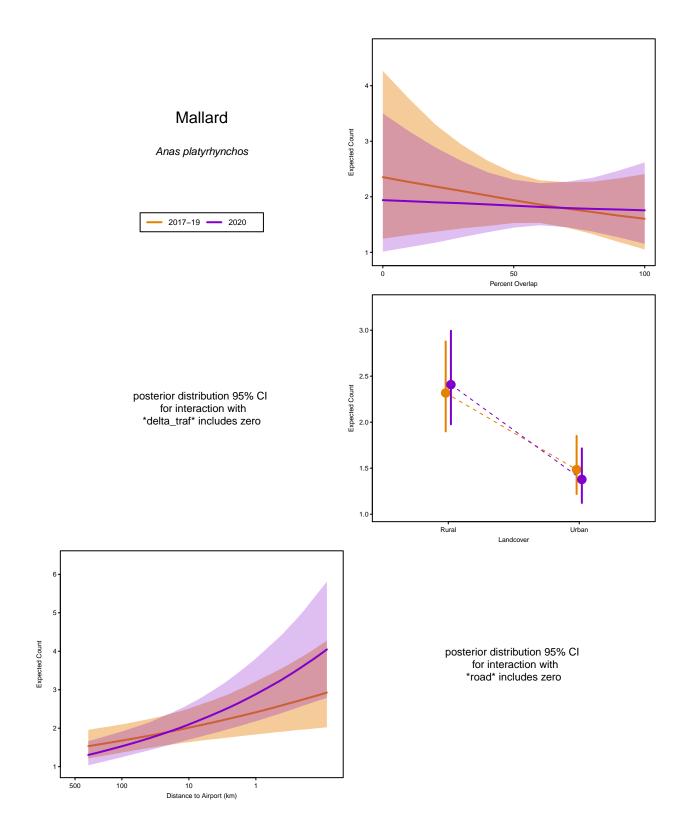
posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero

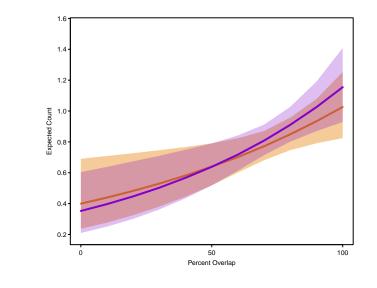
posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero

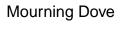
> posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *road* includes zero





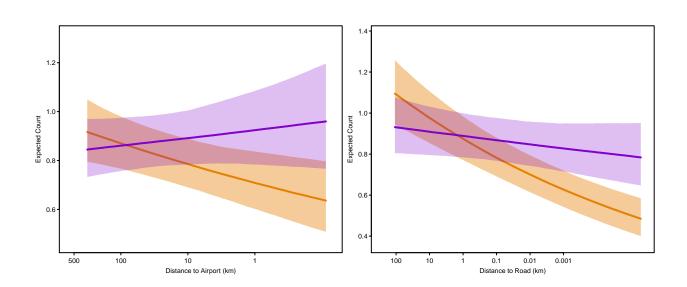






Zenaida macroura

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero



Nashville Warbler

Leiothlypis ruficapilla

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *overlap* includes zero

— 2017–19 **—** 2020

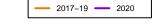
posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero

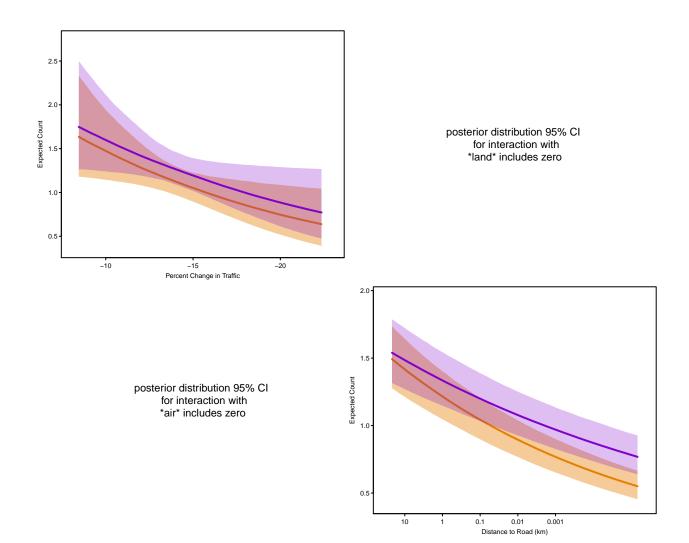
posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero

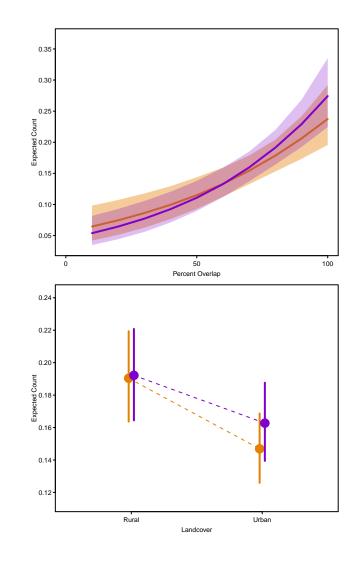
> posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *road* includes zero

Northern Cardinal

Cardinalis cardinalis







posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero

Northern Flicker

Colaptes auratus

2017-19 - 2020

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *road* includes zero

Northern Mockingbird

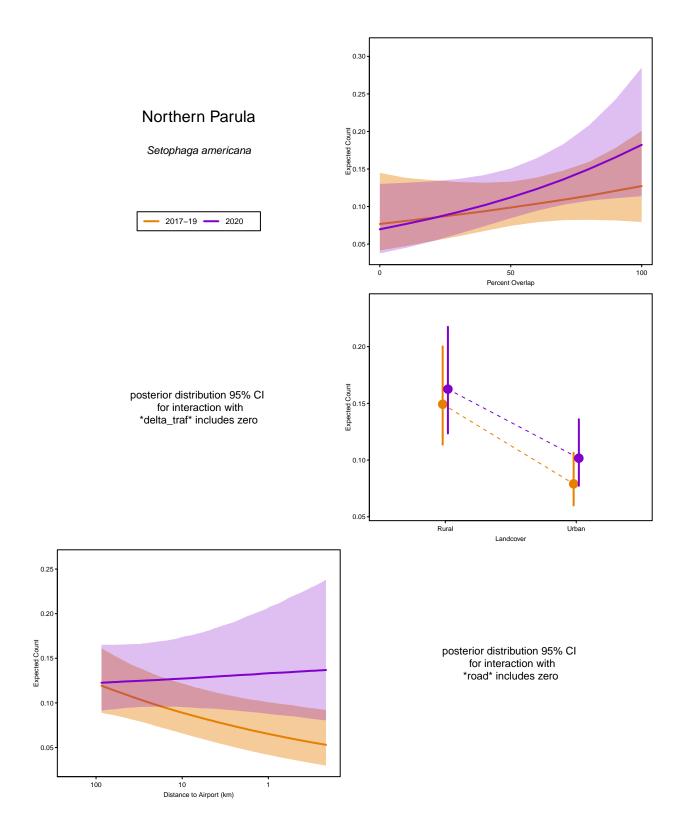
Mimus polyglottos

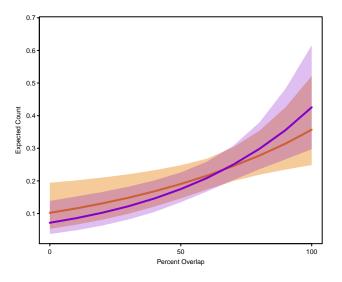
posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *overlap* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero

> posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *road* includes zero





Northern Rough-winged Swallow

Stelgidopteryx serripennis

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero

> posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *road* includes zero

Orange-crowned Warbler

Leiothlypis celata

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *overlap* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero

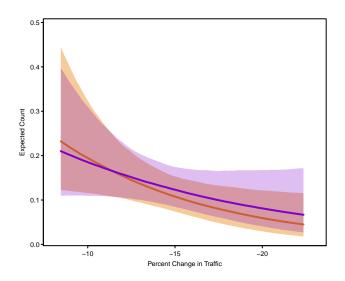
> posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *road* includes zero





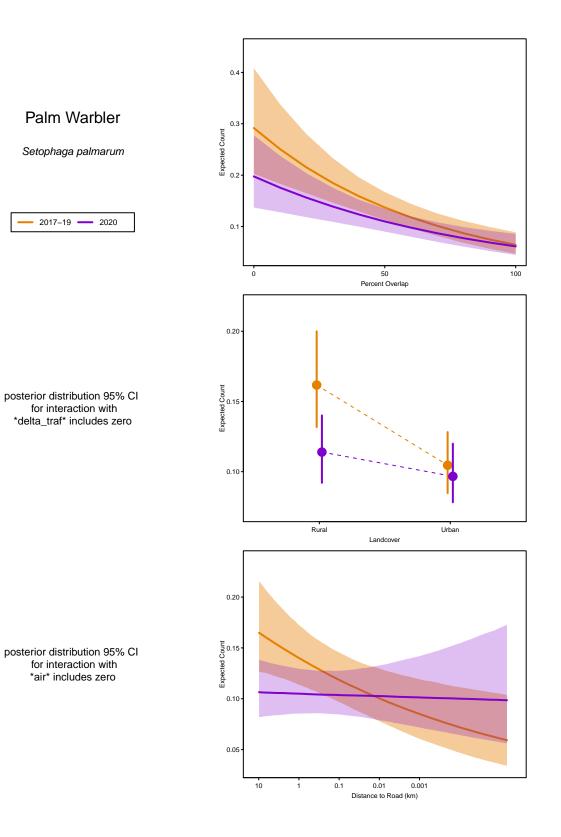
posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *overlap* includes zero





posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *air* includes zero



Pied-billed Grebe

Podilymbus podiceps

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *overlap* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero

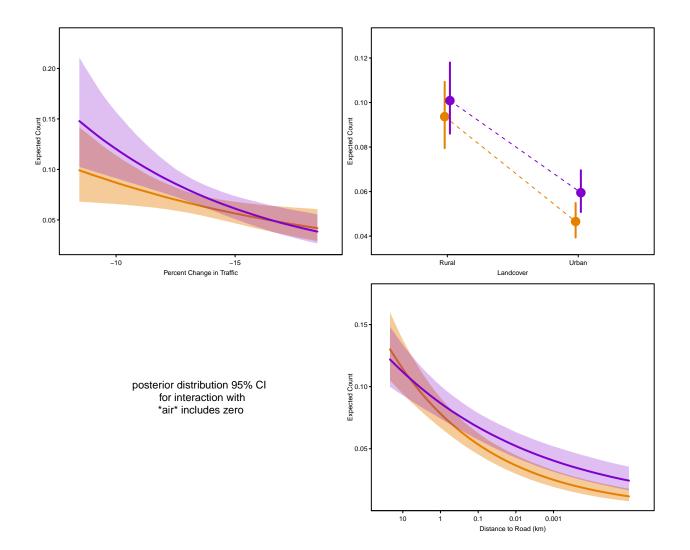
posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero

> posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *road* includes zero

Pileated Woodpecker

Dryocopus pileatus

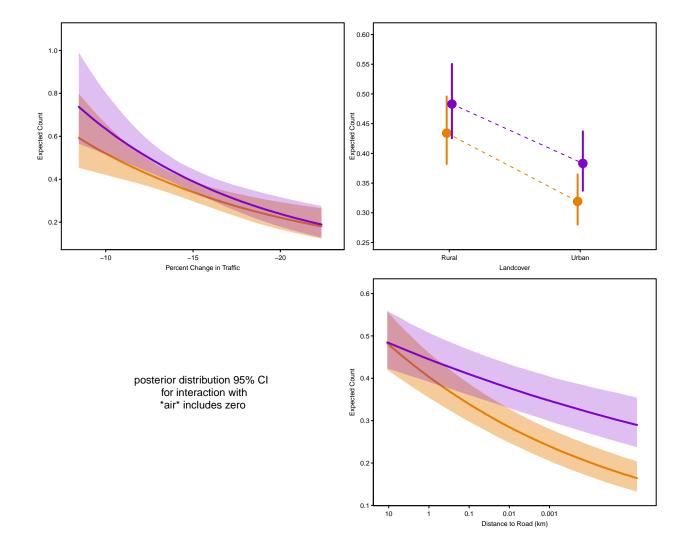


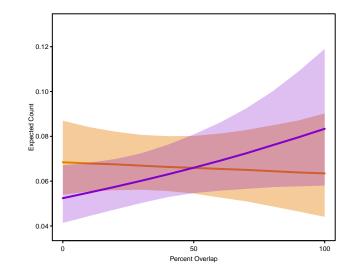


Red-bellied Woodpecker

Melanerpes carolinus







Red-eyed Vireo

Vireo olivaceus

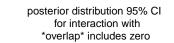
posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero

> posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *road* includes zero

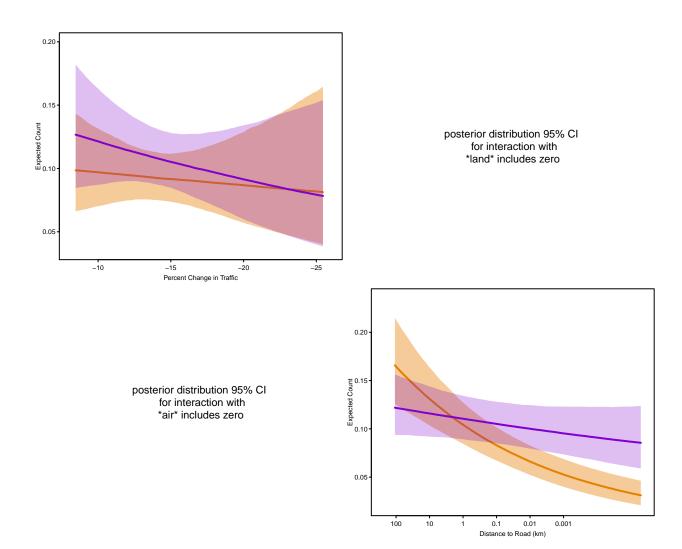
Red-shouldered Hawk

Buteo lineatus





2017-19 - 2020

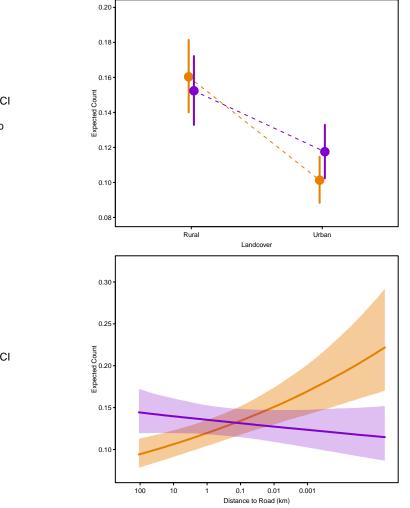


Red-tailed Hawk

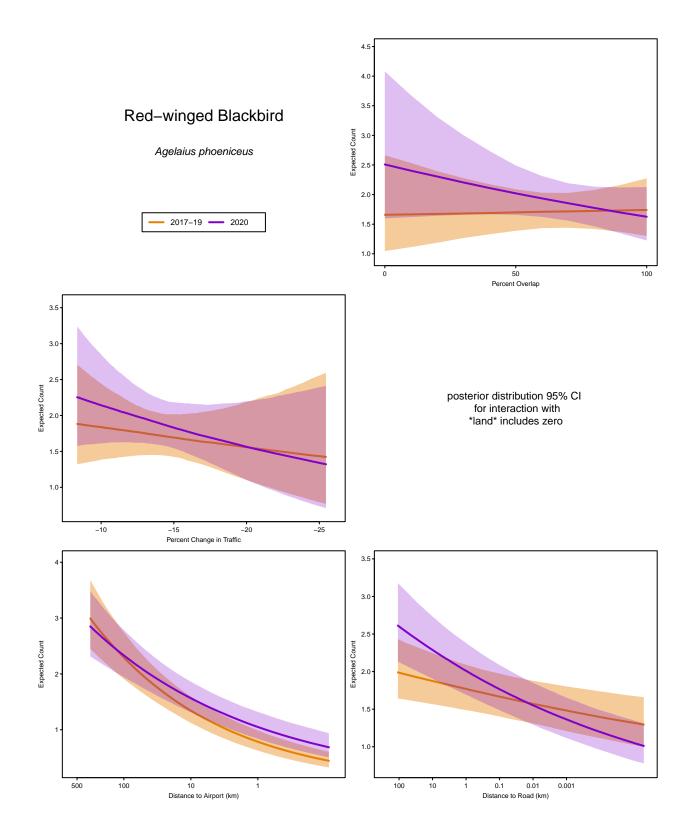
Buteo jamaicensis

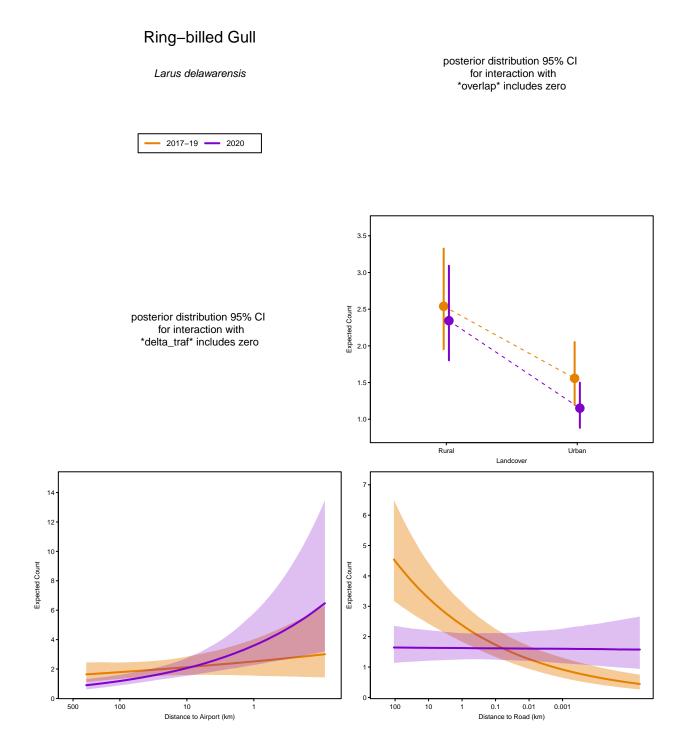
posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *overlap* includes zero

— 2017–19 **—** 2020



posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero





Rock Pigeon

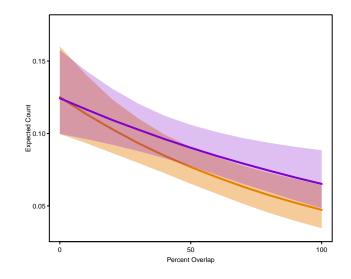
Columba livia

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *overlap* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero

> posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *road* includes zero



Rose-breasted Grosbeak

Pheucticus Iudovicianus

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero

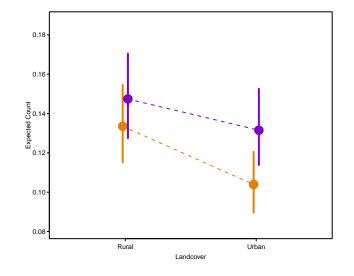
posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero

> posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *road* includes zero

Ruby-crowned Kinglet

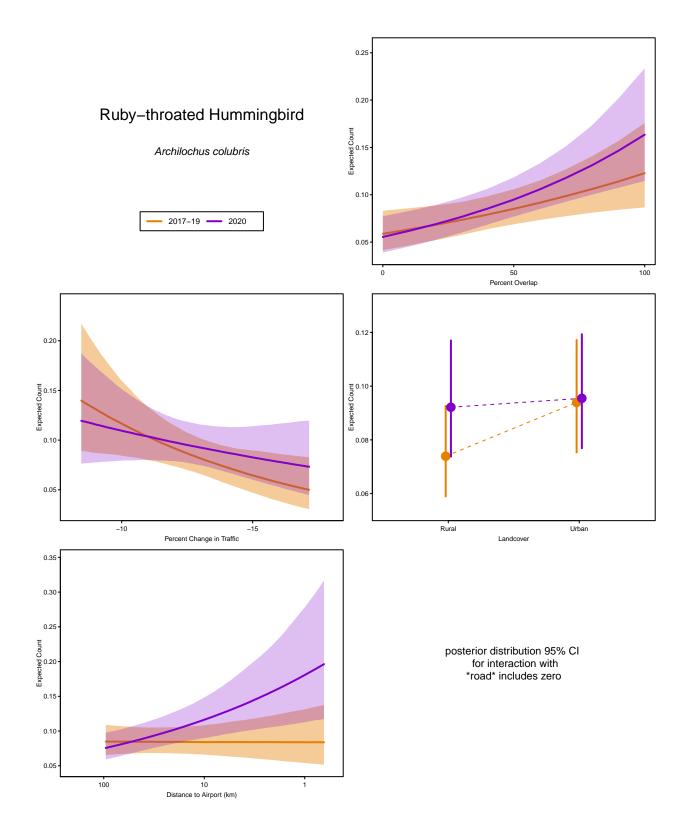
Regulus calendula

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *overlap* includes zero



posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero

> posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *road* includes zero



Snowy Egret

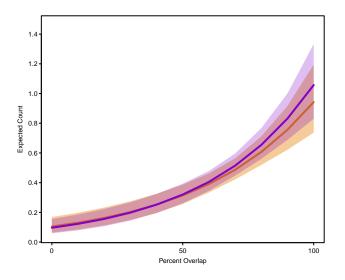
Egretta thula

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *overlap* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero

> posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *road* includes zero



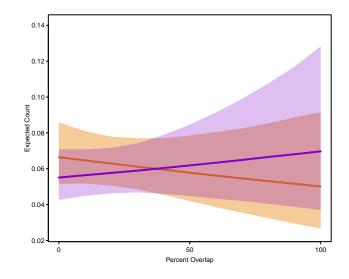
Song Sparrow

Melospiza melodia

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero

> posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *road* includes zero



Swainson's Thrush

Catharus ustulatus

— 2017–19 **—** 2020

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero

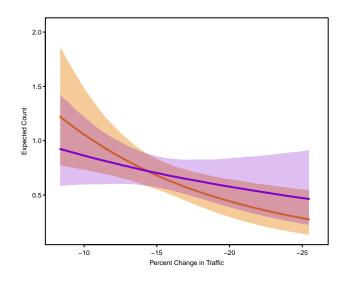
> posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *road* includes zero

Tree Swallow

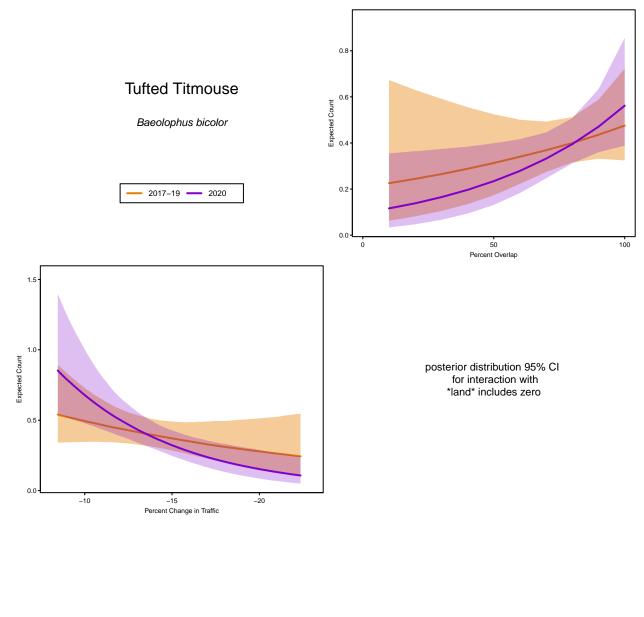
Tachycineta bicolor

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *overlap* includes zero

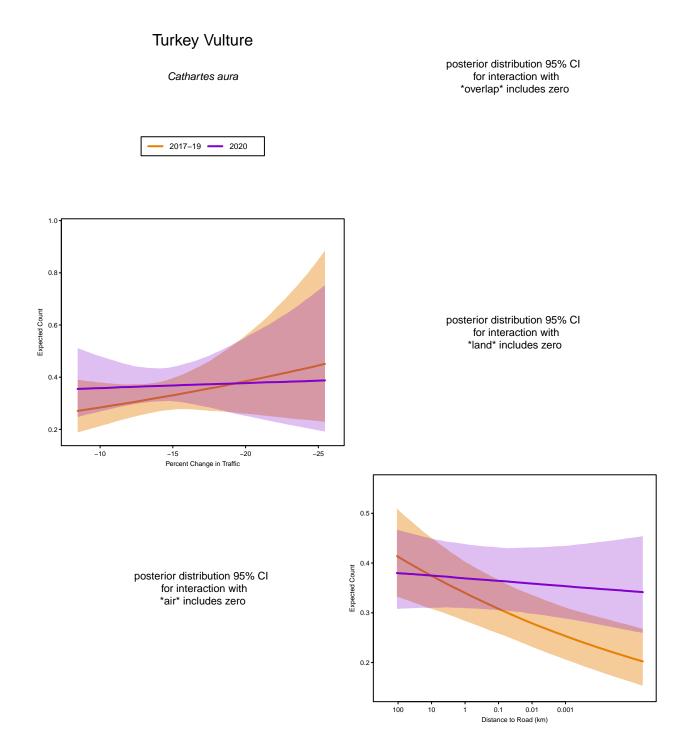




posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *air* includes zero posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero



posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *air* includes zero



Warbling Vireo

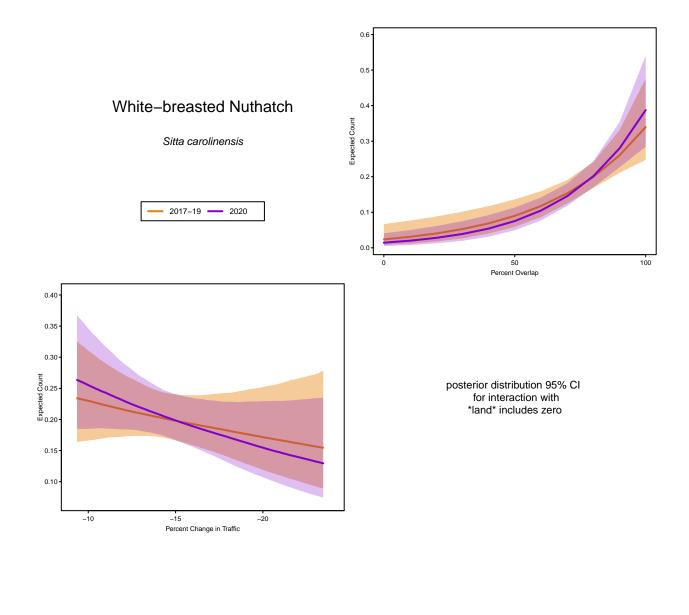
Vireo gilvus

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *overlap* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero

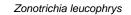
posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero

> posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *road* includes zero



posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *air* includes zero

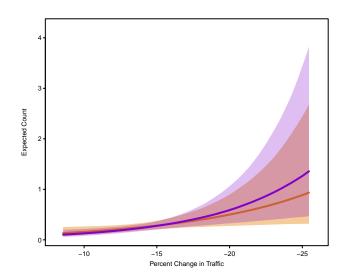
White-crowned Sparrow



posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *overlap* includes zero



2017–19 — 2020



posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *air* includes zero

White-eyed Vireo

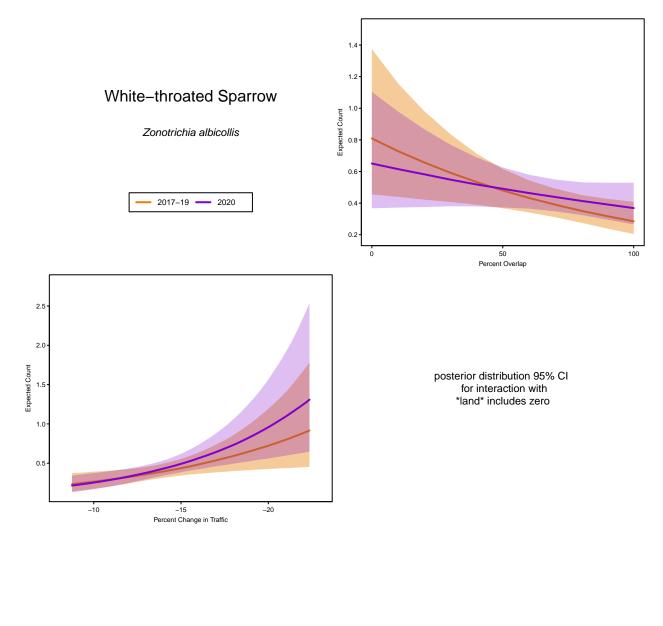
Vireo griseus

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *overlap* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero

> posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *road* includes zero



posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *air* includes zero

Wood Duck

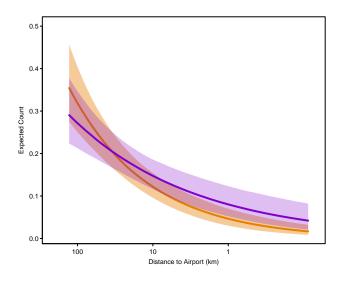
Aix sponsa

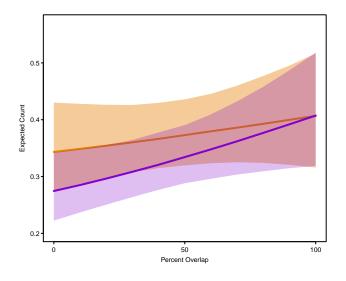
posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *overlap* includes zero

— 2017–19 **—** 2020

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero





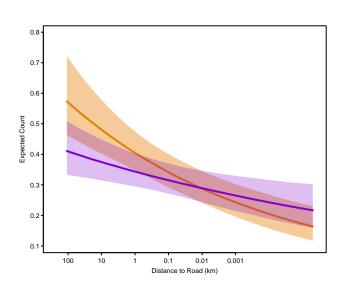
Yellow-rumped Warbler

Setophaga coronata



posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *delta_traf* includes zero

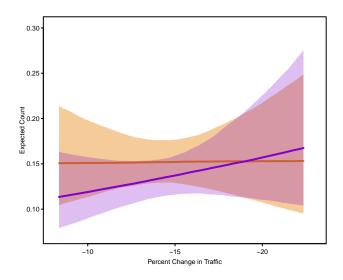


Yellow Warbler

Setophaga petechia

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *overlap* includes zero





posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *land* includes zero

posterior distribution 95% CI for interaction with *air* includes zero

Table S1.

Summary statistics for variables used in the modeling process. Note that distances to airports and roads were logged for modeling (see Figs. S3-S4).

Variable	Туре	Range	Mean (S.D)	
County	Categorical, random	п.а.	n.a.	
Pandemic	Categorical	Pre-, During-pandemic	<i>n.a.</i>	
Distance (km)	Continuous	[0, 3]	0.757 (0.88)	
Duration (min)	Continuous	[1, 300]	48.7 (47.5)	
Change in Traffic (%)	Continuous, county specific	[-25.4, -8.37]	-14.3 (3.17)	
Overlap (%)	Continuous, county specific	[0, 100]	65.2 (25.5)	
Distance to airport (km)	Continuous	[0.09, 292]	35.0 (19.3)	
Distance to road (km)	Continuous	(0, 98.2]	0.775 (2.18)	
Landcover	Categorical	Urban, Rural	п.а.	

Table S2.

Contingency table of the number of checklists (in all counties) that came from urban vs. rural habitat in each time period. Pearson's Chi-squared test with Yates' continuity correction ($\chi^2 = 0.0219$, df = 1, p = 0.8824).

Period	Urban	Rural
2017-2019	23064	21239
2020	23041	21262

Table S3.

Detectability values used for each species, calculations sensu (46), with data from the Canadian Wildlife Service and (49).

Species	Detectability		
American crow	0.619	Species	Detectability
American goldfinch	0.186	hairy woodpecker	0.217
American redstart	0.255	house sparrow	0.474
American robin	0.451	house wren	0.595
Baltimore oriole	0.357	indigo bunting	0.406
barn swallow	0.288	killdeer	0.430
black-and-white warblen	r 0.249	mallard	0.455
black-capped chickadee	0.240	mourning dove	0.571
belted kingfisher	0.180	Nashville warbler	0.406
brown-headed cowbird	0.303	northern flicker	0.307
blue jay	0.398	northern parula	0.327
brown thrasher	0.533	orange-crowned warbler	0.234
blue-winged teal	0.440	palm warbler	0.278
Canada goose	0.371	pileated woodpecker	0.355
cedar waxwing	0.159	rose-breasted grosbeak	0.413
chipping sparrow	0.323	ruby-crowned kinglet	0.375
common grackle	0.384	red-eyed vireo	0.520
common yellowthroat	0.413	ruby-throated hummingbird	0.055
dark-eyed junco	0.275	red-winged blackbird	0.546
downy woodpecker	0.199	song sparrow	0.446
eastern bluebird	0.165	Swainson's thrush	0.430
eastern kingbird	0.370	tree swallow	0.406
eastern phoebe	0.356	warbling vireo	0.373
eastern towhee	0.457	white-breasted nuthatch	0.265
European starling	0.534	white-crowned sparrow	0.490
great crested flycatcher	0.391	white-throated sparrow	0.460
gray catbird	0.277	yellow warbler	0.388
		yellow-rumped warbler	0.251

Table S4.

Impacts of detectability on the probability of species showing increases or any change in counts relative to lower human activity during the pandemic period (n = 54 species). LCL = lower 95% confidence limit, HCL = upper 95% confidence limit.

Variable	β	SE	р	LCL	HCL		
Were less detectable species more likely to show increased counts in							
areas with decreased human activity?							
Urban-rural	-1.607	2.729	0.556	-6.955	3.741		
Distance to airport	6.416	7.915	0.418	-9.097	21.930		
Distance to road	-0.119	2.806	0.966	-5.619	5.381		
Change in traffic	0.269	2.992	0.928	-5.595	6.132		
Overlap migration-	-1.207	2.280	0.597	-5.675	3.261		
travel restrictions							
Were less detectable specie	Were less detectable species more likely to show any change in counts in areas						
with decreased human acti	vity?						
Urban-rural	-3.803	2.563	0.138	-8.826	1.220		
Distance to airport	4.317	3.417	0.206	-2.379	11.014		
Distance to road	1.082	2.546	0.671	-3.908	6.071		
Change in traffic	0.557	2.505	0.824	-4.352	5.466		
Overlap migration-	-0.350	2.322	0.880	-4.902	4.201		
travel restrictions							

Table S5.

Impacts of mean species body size on the probability of species showing increases or any change in counts relative to lower human activity during the pandemic period (n = 82 species). LCL = lower 95% confidence limit, HCL = upper 95% confidence limit.

Variable	β	SE	р	LCL	HCL	
Were smaller species more likely to show increased counts in areas						
with decreased human activi	with decreased human activity?					
Urban-rural	0.003	0.175	0.987	-0.339	0.345	
Distance to airport	0.357	0.152	0.019	0.059	0.656	
Distance to road	0.090	0.152	0.553	-0.208	0.388	
Change in traffic	-0.071	0.201	0.722	-0.464	0.322	
Overlap migration-	-0.156	0.132	0.238	-0.414	0.103	
travel restrictions						
Were smaller species more likely to show any change in counts in						
areas with decreased human activity?						
Urban-rural	0.069	0.135	0.612	-0.197	0.334	
Distance to airport	0.289	0.145	0.047	0.004	0.574	
Distance to road	0.101	0.140	0.472	-0.174	0.375	
Change in traffic	-0.005	0.162	0.978	-0.322	0.313	
Overlap migration-	-0.159	0.129	0.219	-0.412	0.094	
travel restrictions						

Data S1. (separate file)

A list of all counties included in the modeling process with associated metadata.

Columns include: County = county name eBird_county_code = county code used in the eBird database major_city = name of the major city located in the county Country = country name eBird_country_code = country code used in the eBird database State = state/province name eBird_state_code = state/province code used in the eBird database latitude = latitude of a point in the center of the checklists from that county longitude longitude of a point in the center of the checklists from that county

Data S2. (separate file)

A list of all species included in the study with associated metadata.

Columns include: eBird_species_code = 6-character taxonomic code used in the eBird database common_name = English common name scientific_name = scientific name family = taxonomic family band_code = 4-character banding code notes = additional notes

Data S3. (separate file)

Comma separated value file with posterior summary statistics and convergence diagnostics for all modeled covariates. Column headers are constructed with abbreviations for *variable name* [*hyphen*] *statistic name*.

Variable names refer to: dist = distance traveled dur = duration pandemic = main effect of pandemic (pre- vs post-pandemic) overlap = main effect of overlap between peak traffic reduction and peak bird counts delta_traf = main effect of traffic reduction air = main effect of logged distance from airport road = main effect of logged distance from road land = main effect of local landcover (urban vs rural) pandemic:overlap = interaction between pandemic and overlap pandemic:delta_traf = interaction between pandemic and delta_traf pandemic:road = interaction between pandemic and air pandemic:road = interaction between pandemic and road pandemic:land = interaction between pandemic and land Statistic names refer to: mean = mean sd = standard deviation lower = 2.5% quantile, i.e., lower limit of 95% credible interval median = median, i.e. 50% quantile upper = 97.5% quantile, i.e., upper limit of 95% credible interval Rhat = \hat{R} value, used to check convergence ESS = crude measure of effective sample size of the posterior

Data S4. (separate file)

R script file containing code used to extract and filter eBird data, prepare individual species data files, run each single-species model using the rstanarm interface with the Stan language, and interpret results.