

Supplemental Table 1: Demographic characteristics of participants

	All Participants n=110	COVID-19 + n=24	COVID-19 - n=86
Demographics			
Mean Age (years) (±SD)	6.84 (±4.4)	6.22 (±3.2)	7.01 (±4.7)
Sex			
Male	61 (55.5%)	13 (54.2%)	48 (55.8%)
Female	49 (44.5%)	11 (45.8%)	38 (44.2%)
Race/Ethnicity			
Black	27 (24.5%)	3 (12.5%)	24 (27.9%)
Hispanic	42 (38.2%)	18 (75.0%)	24 (27.9%)
White	26 (23.6%)	0 (0.0%)	26 (30.2%)
Other/Mixed	15 (13.6%)	3 (12.5%)	12 (14.0%)
Clinical Characteristics			
Primary Diagnosis			
Sleep disordered breathing	60 (54.5%)	14 (58.3%)	46 (53.5%)
Mild OSA, AHI >1 and < 5	14 (12.7%)	6 (25.0%)	8 (9.3%)
Moderate OSA, AHI 5 to 10	6 (5.5%)	1 (4.2%)	5 (5.8%)
Severe OSA, AHI >10	14 (12.7%)	2 (8.3%)	12 (14.0%)
Eustachian tube dysfunction	1 (0.9%)	1 (4.2%)	0 (0.0%)
PFAPA	7 (6.4%)	0 (0.0%)	7 (8.1%)
Recurrent tonsillitis	3 (2.7%)	0 (0.0%)	3 (3.5%)
Chronic tonsillitis/tonsil stones	5 (4.5%)	0 (0.0%)	5 (5.8%)
Medications (within 2 weeks prior to surgery)			
Inhaled or nasal corticosteroid	14 (12.7%)	4 (16.7%)	10 (11.6%)
Oral corticosteroid	7 (6.4%)	0 (0.0%)	7 (8.1%)
Loratadine (Claritin)	10 (9.1%)	1 (4.2%)	9 (10.5%)
Montelukast (Singulair)	6 (5.5%)	0 (0.0%)	6 (7.0%)
Cetirizine (Zyrtec)	5 (4.5%)	0 (0.0%)	5 (5.8%)
Prior COVID-19 infection by serology/flow cytometry			
Negative	86 (78.2%)	0 (0.0%)	86 (100%)
Positive	24 (21.8%)	24 (100%)	0 (0.0%)

OSA = Obstructive sleep apnea

AHI = Apnea hypopnea index obtained by polysomnography

PFAPA = periodic fever, aphthous stomatitis, pharyngitis, adenitis syndrome

Supplementary Table 3: Characteristics of Participants with Prior COVID-19

Patient ID	Age (years)	Sex	Reason for tonsillectomy/ adenoidectomy	Medication	Co-morbid conditions	Prior positive SARS-CoV-2 PCR/Ag test	Days from positive PCR/Ag to surgery	Symptomatic at time of positive PCR/Ag test?	Symptoms at time of positive PCR/Ag test
CNMC 001	2.6	F	SDB			No			
CNMC 005	7.5	F	SDB		Asthma	No			
CNMC 008	3.4	M	Mild OSA			No			
CNMC 011	8	M	Mild OSA		Asthma	Yes	142	Symptomatic	Headache, sore throat, diarrhea, myalgia
CNMC 016	8.9	F	SDB			No			
CNMC 022	4.1	M	Mild OSA			Yes	108	Symptomatic	Cough, myalgia
CNMC 029	3.1	M	SDB			No			
CNMC 032	3.6	F	Severe OSA			Yes	26	Asymptomatic	
CNMC 041	6	F	Severe OSA			No			
CNMC 046	7.2	M	SDB			No			
CNMC 050	2.9	F	SDB	Inh Steroid		Yes	31	Asymptomatic	
CNMC 069	3.4	F	SDB	Inh Steroid		Yes	201	Symptomatic	Shortness of breath, myalgia, dizziness, GI symptoms
CNMC 070	16.4	M	Mild OSA			Yes	98	Symptomatic	Fever, cough, anosmia, myalgia, GI symptoms, chest pain
CNMC 071	6.2	F	SDB			Yes	71	Symptomatic	Fever, cough, shortness of breath, anosmia, myalgia, GI symptoms
CNMC 087	6	M	SDB	Loratadine		No			
CNMC 089	12.1	F	SDB			No			
CNMC 091	9.2	M	Moderate OSA			No			
CNMC 100	4.7	F	Mild OSA	Inh Steroid		Yes	25	Asymptomatic	
CNMC 101	4.6	M	SDB			No			
CNMC 102	5.1	M	SDB			Yes	35	Symptomatic	Fever, myalgia
CNMC 103	8.1	M	Mild OSA			Yes	303	Asymptomatic	
CNMC 104	6.8	M	SDB	Inh Steroid		No			
CNMC 108	4.2	F	ETD			Yes	84	Symptomatic	Cough, diarrhea, nasal congestion
CNMC 109	5.1	M	SDB			No			

SDB: sleep disordered breathing

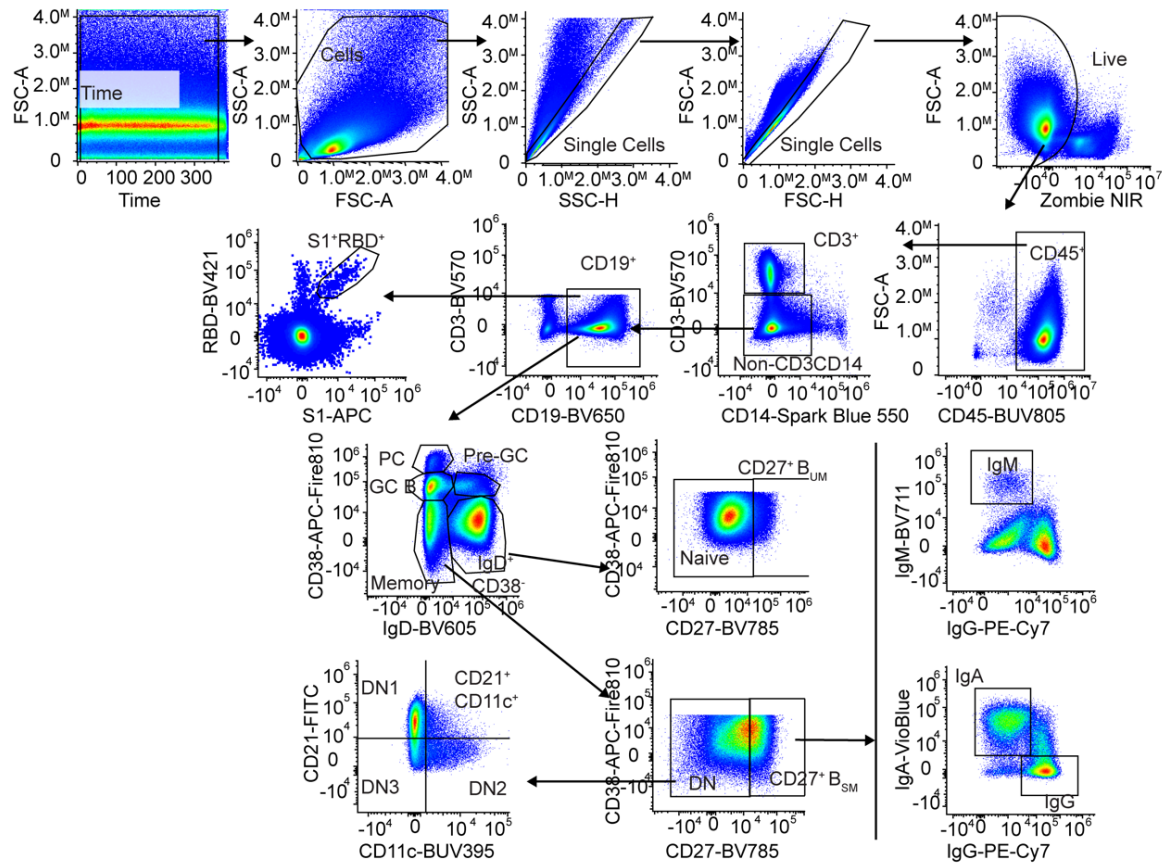
OSA: obstructive sleep apnea

ETD: eustachian tube dysfunction

Ag: antigen Inh Steroid: inhaled steroid GI: gastrointestinal

F: female M: male

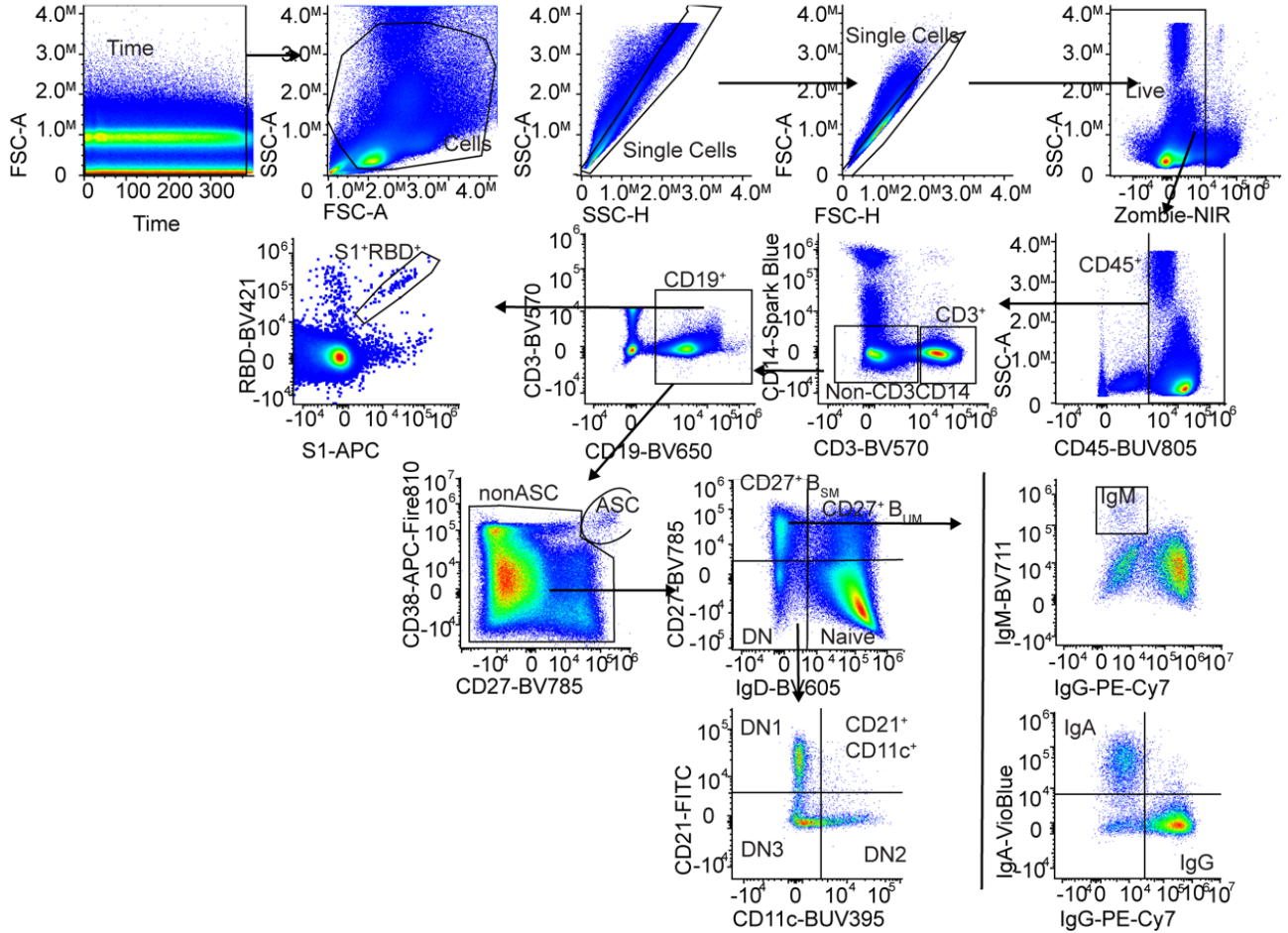
Supplementary Figure 1



Supplementary Figure 1. Gating strategy of major CD19⁺ B cell populations and S1⁺RBD⁺ B cells in pharyngeal tissues

Representative flow cytometry plots of major B cell populations and S1⁺RBD⁺ B cell gating strategy in tonsils and adenoids, including PC (plasma cells), GC (germinal center) B cells, pre-GC (pre-germinal center B cells), naïve (naïve B cells), DN (double negative B cells), CD27⁺ B_{SM} (CD27⁺ switched memory B cells), CD27⁺ B_{UM} (CD27⁺ unswitched memory cells). Gating for DN subsets is also shown.

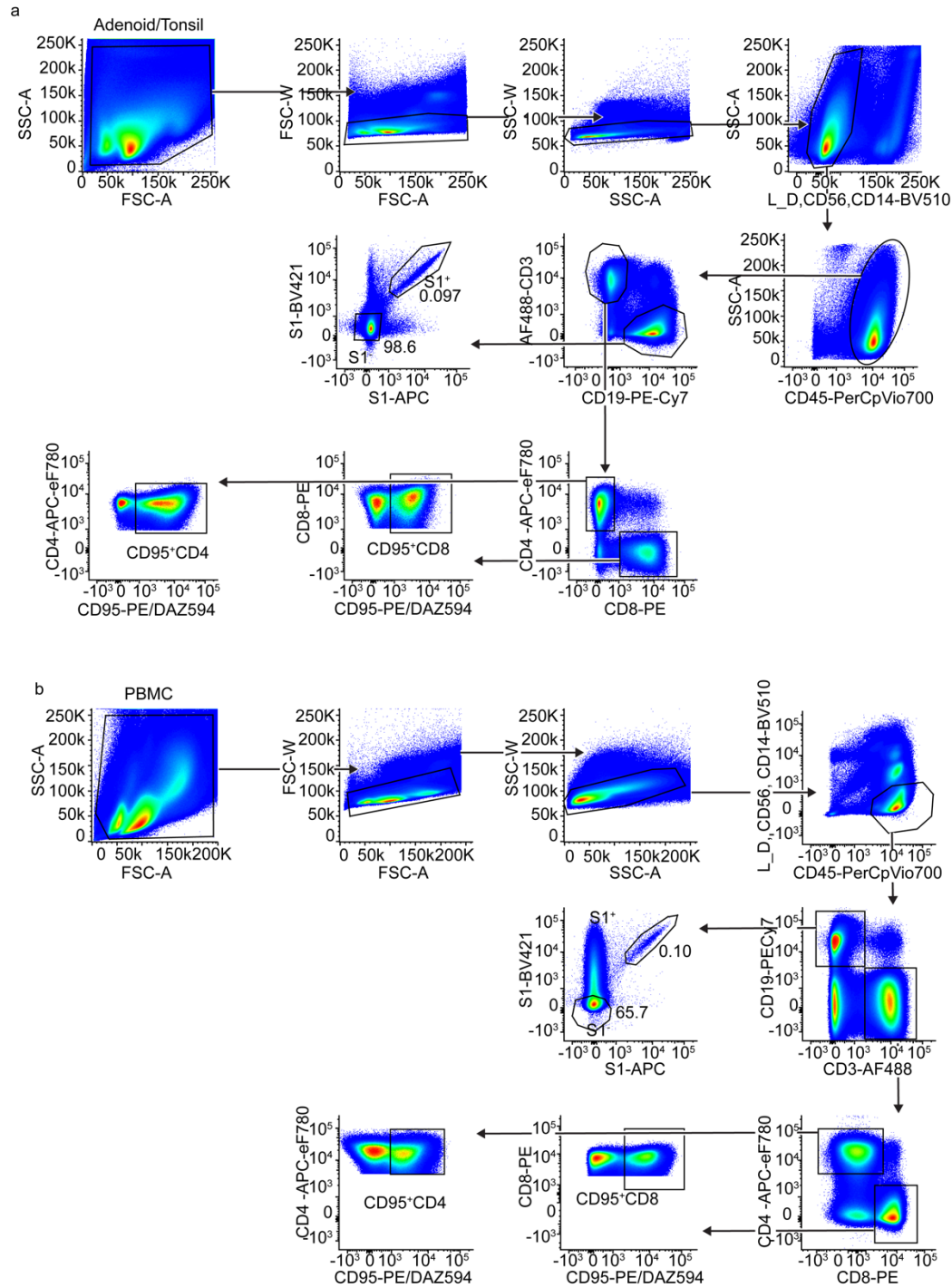
Supplementary Figure 2



Supplementary Figure 2. Gating strategy of major CD19⁺ B cell populations and S1⁺RBD⁺ B cells in peripheral blood

Representative flow cytometry plots of major B cell populations and S1⁺RBD⁺ B cell gating strategy in PBMCs, including ASC (antibody secreting cells, equivalent to plasma cells and plasmablasts), naïve (naïve B cells), DN (double negative B cells), CD27⁺ B_{SM} (CD27⁺ switched memory B cells), CD27⁺ B_{UM} (CD27⁺ unswitched memory B cells). Gating for DN subsets is also shown.

Supplementary Figure 3



Supplementary Figure 3. Gating strategy for sorting B and T cells used in CITE-seq

Flow cytometry plots showing sorting strategy for S1 binding (S1⁺) B cells (S1-BV421 and S1-APC double positive), S1⁻ B cells, CD95⁺ CD4⁺ T cells, and CD95⁺ CD8⁺ T cells in (a) tonsils and adenoids cells and (b) PBMCs. Sorted cells were analyzed with CITE-seq.

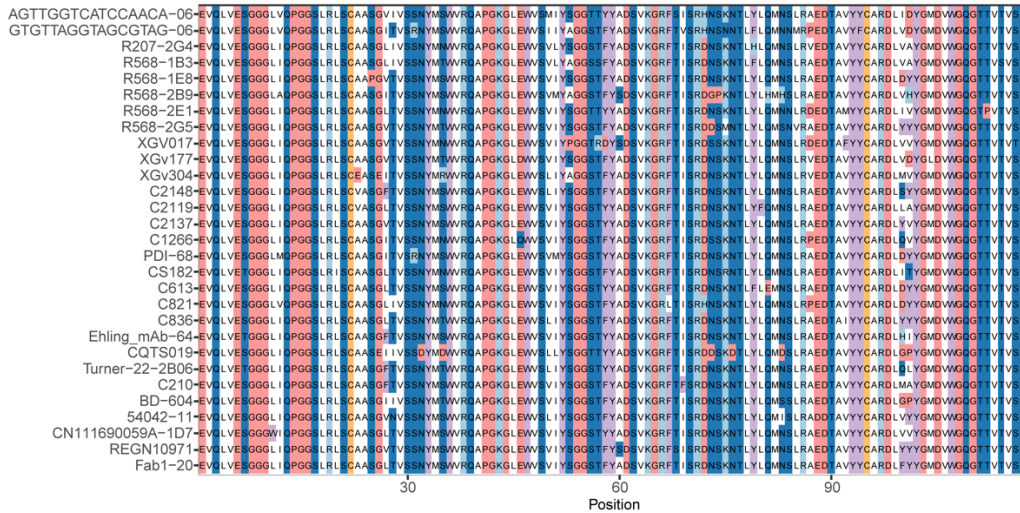
Supplementary Figure 4

a

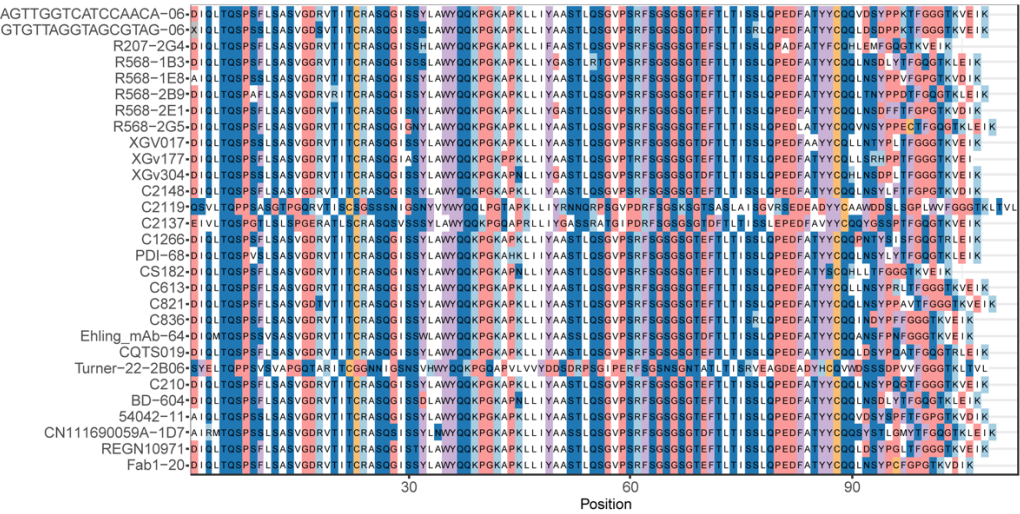
CNMC71-2781
Matches:37
Epitopes:S; RBD,S; Unk,S; probably RBD (implied by clustering)



b



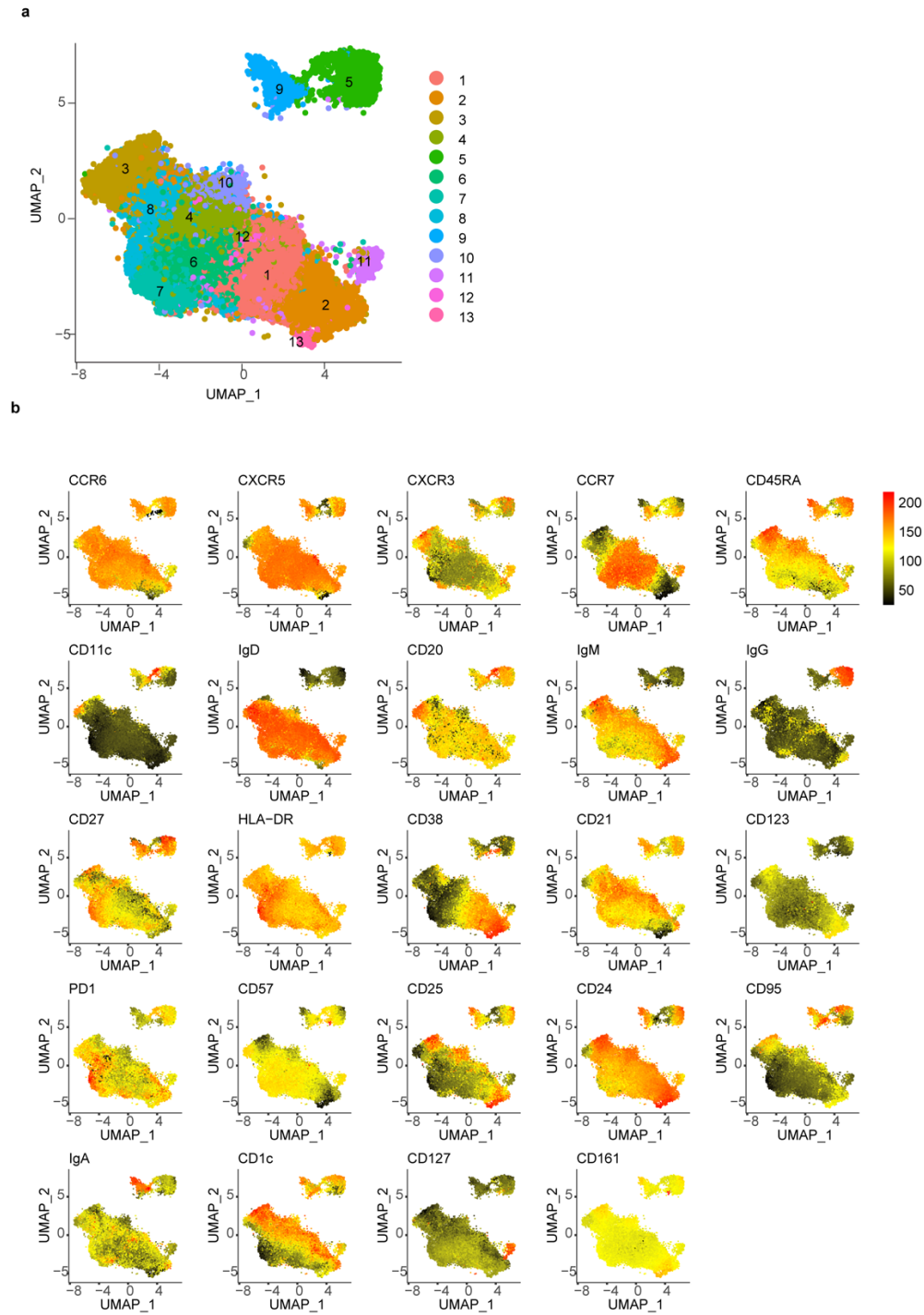
c



Supplementary Figure 4. S1⁺ B cell clone closely matching publicly reported SARS-CoV-2-specific BCR

One S1⁺ B cell clone (a) found in both the tonsil and adenoid of CNMC 71 (post-COV participant) was highly similar to 37 BCR heavy chain sequences in the CoV-AbDab database of SARS-CoV-2 specific antibody sequences. Similarity of both the heavy chain (b) and light chain (c) sequences of this clone (noted in first two lines of each panel) to convergent sequences in CoV-AbDab are shown. Only sequence matches from CoV-AbDab with full length sequences available are shown.

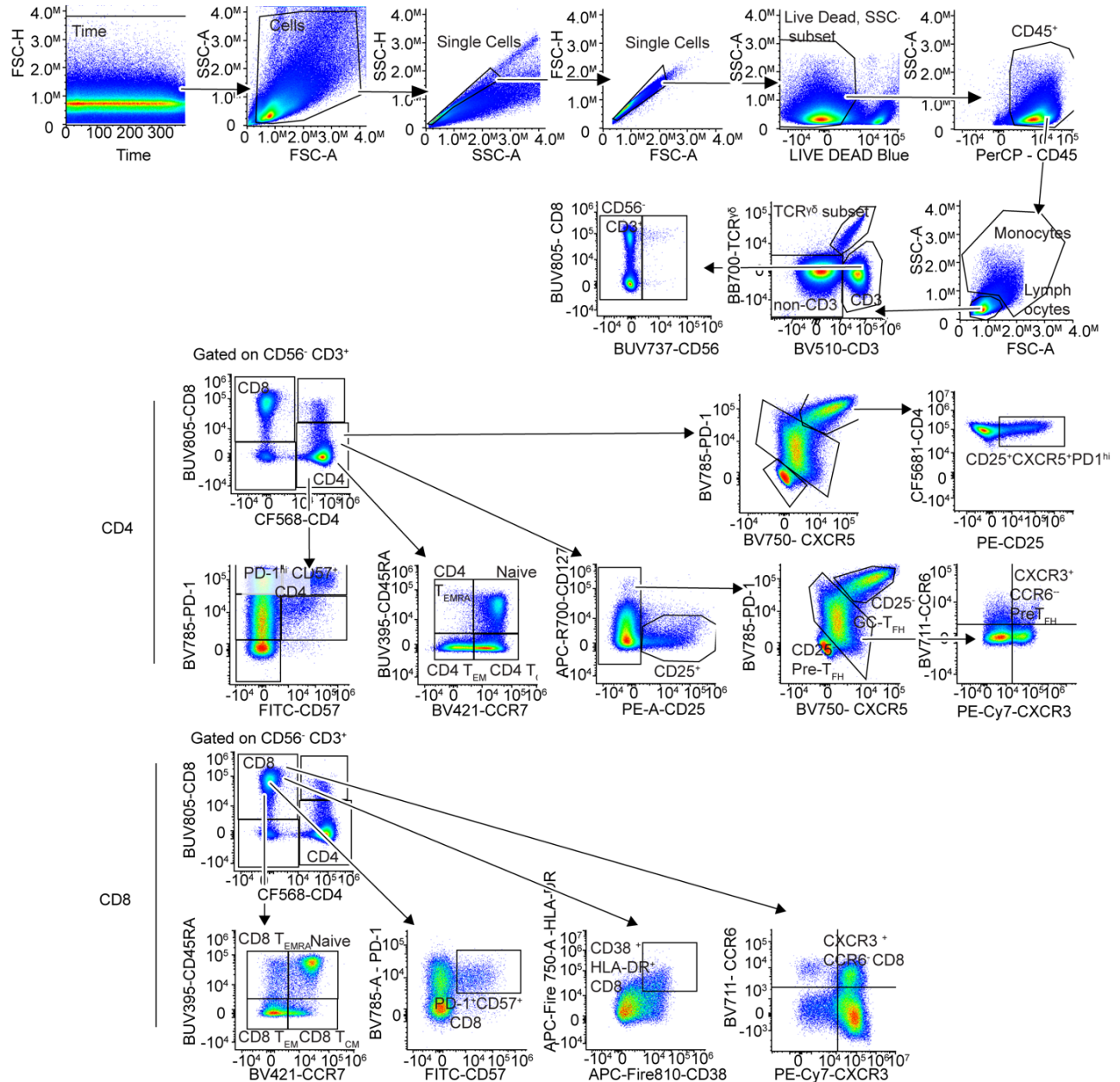
Supplementary Figure 5



Supplementary Figure 5. UMAP of unsupervised clustering of B cells from PBMC

- UMAP of unsupervised clustering of surface markers from flow cytometric analysis of CD19⁺ B cells from PBMC.
- Heatmaps of marker/antibody expression overlaid on UMAP.

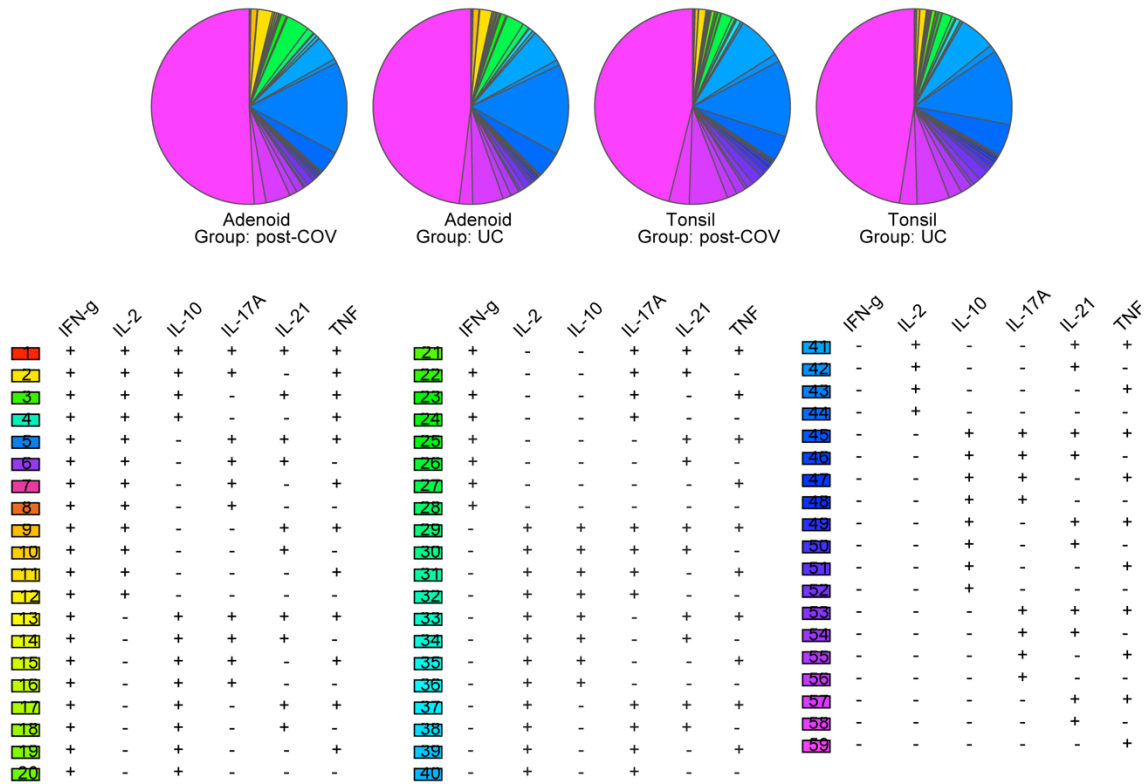
Supplementary Figure 6



Supplementary Figure 6. Gating strategy of major CD4⁺ and CD8⁺ T cell populations in tonsils and adenoids

Representative flow cytometry plots are shown. T_{EM} are effector memory T cells, T_{CM} are central memory T cells, T_{EMRA} are terminally differentiated effector memory T cells, and T_{FH} are T follicular helper cells.

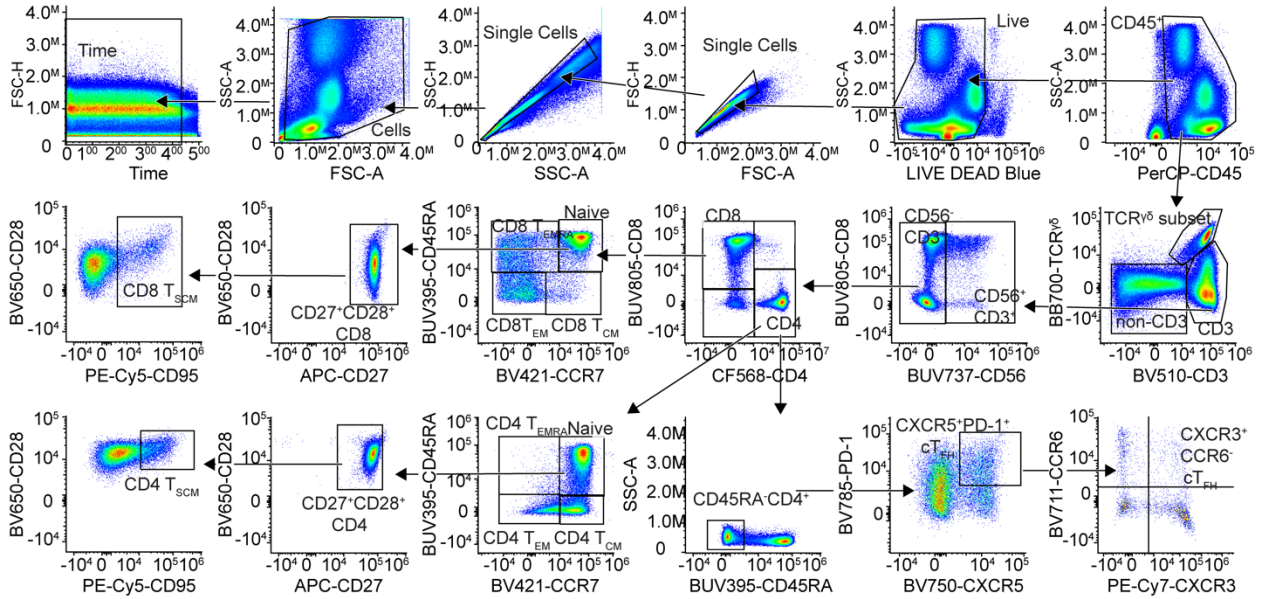
Supplementary Figure 7



Supplementary Figure 7. SPICE analysis of CD4⁺ T cells from tonsils and adenoids

Pie charts show the proportion of responding CD4⁺ T cells from adenoids and tonsils producing 59 different combinations of 6 cytokines (IFN- γ , IL-2, IL-10, IL-17A, IL-21 and TNF) after PMA and ionomycin stimulation from post-COV and UC donors (adenoid post-COV n=13, UC n=13; tonsil post-COV n=13, UC n=13). Frequencies were determined by Boolean combination gates in FlowJo and analyzed with SPICE. Combinations with frequencies below 0.01 from each donor were excluded from the analysis (categories IFN γ +IL2+IL10+IL17A+IL21+TNF-, IFN γ +IL2+IL10+IL17A+IL21-TNF-, IFN γ +IL2+IL10+IL17A-IL21+TNF- and IFN γ +IL2+IL10+IL17A-IL21-TNF- were excluded). Significance calculated using two-sided Mann-Whitney U test. Combinations with significant differences ($p < 0.05$) in post-COV and UC are highlighted in red.

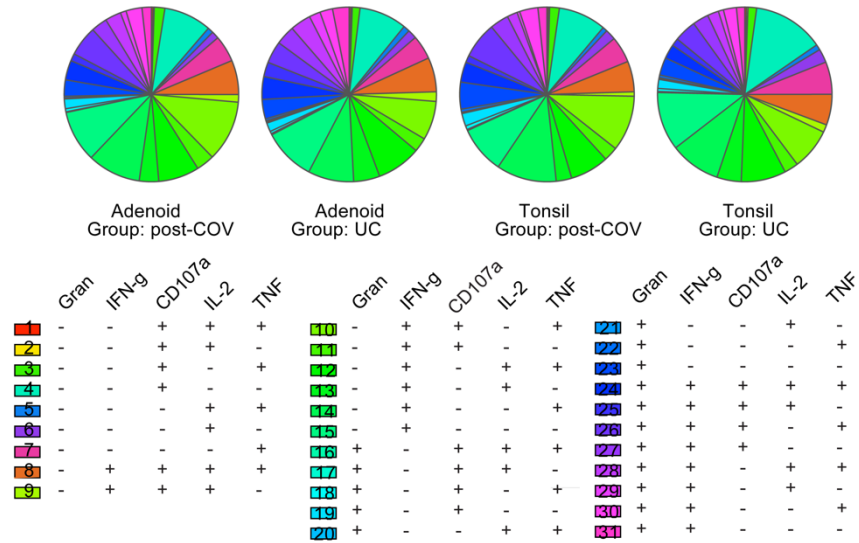
Supplementary Figure 8



Supplementary Figure 8. Gating strategy of major CD4⁺ and CD8⁺ T cell populations in PBMCs

Representative flow cytometry plots are shown. T_{SCM} are T stem cell-like memory cells, T_{EM} are effector memory T cells, T_{CM} are central memory T cells, T_{EMRA} are terminally differentiated effector memory T cells, and cT_{FH} are circulating T follicular helper cells.

Supplementary Figure 9

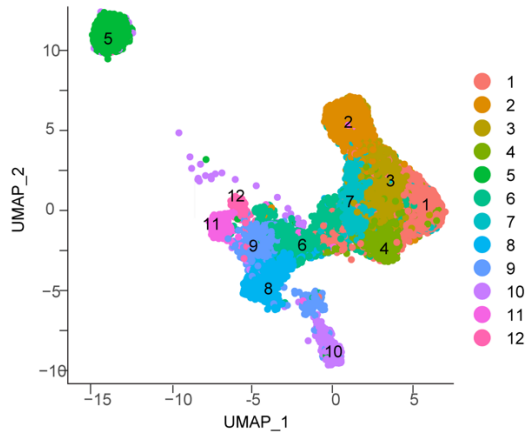


Supplementary Figure 9. SPICE analysis of CD8⁺ T cells from tonsil and adenoid

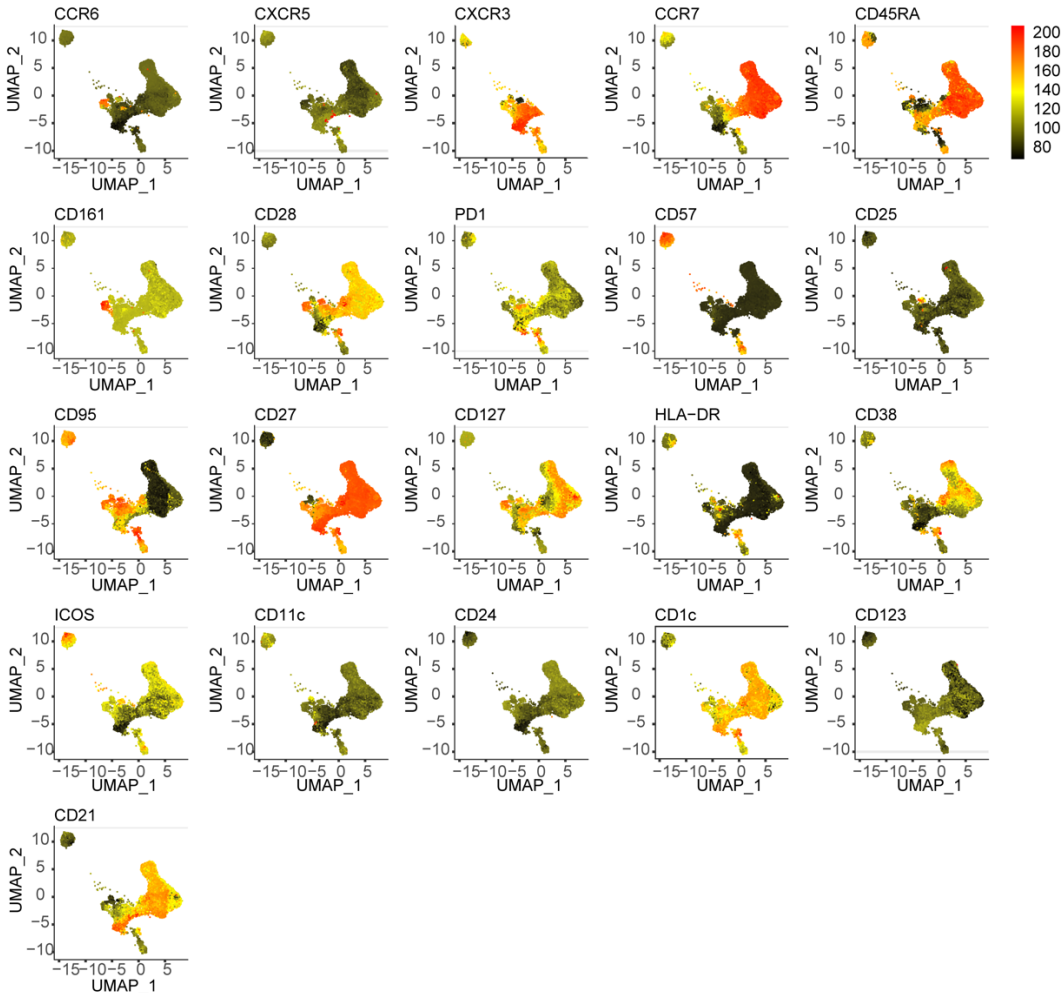
Pie charts show the proportion of responding CD8⁺ T cells from adenoids and tonsils producing 31 different combinations of 6 cytokines (granzyne B, IFN-γ, CD107a, IL-2 and TNF) after PMA and ionomycin stimulation from post-COV and UC donors (adenoid post-COV n = 13, UC n = 13; tonsil post-COV n = 13, UC n = 13). Frequencies were determined by Boolean combination gates in FlowJo and analyzed with SPICE software. Combinations with frequencies < 0.01 from each donor were excluded from the analysis. Combinations with significant differences in post-COV and UC are highlighted in red. Significance calculated using two-sided Mann-Whitney U test. Combinations with significant differences (p<0.05) in post-COV and UC are highlighted in red.

Supplementary Figure 10

a



b



Supplementary Figure 10. UMAP of unsupervised clustering of CD8⁺ T cells from PBMCs

a. UMAP of unsupervised clustering of surface markers from flow cytometric analysis of CD8⁺ T cells from PBMCs.

b. Heatmaps of marker/antibody expression overlaid on UMAP.