AI Duration	# Fracture/non- fracture	PGS, mean (std)			Femoral BMD, mean (std)		
		Fracture	Non-fracture	P-value*	Fracture	Non-fracture	P-value*
≤1.0 year	73/319	-0.59 (0.5)	-0.47 (0.45)	0.07	0.69 (0.12)	0.76 (0.12)	0.008
1.1-2.0 years	47/191	-0.57 (0.47)	-0.43 (0.45)	0.08	0.71 (0.11)	0.74 (0.13)	0.42
2.1-3.0 years	34/128	-0.56 (0.4)	-0.53 (0.51)	0.73	0.76 (0.14)	0.72 (0.12)	0.46
3.1-4.0 years	35/166	-0.69 (0.32)	-0.41 (0.44)	0.0002	0.65 (0.11)	0.78 (0.15)	0.01
4.1-5.0 years	73/638	-0.56 (0.47)	-0.43 (0.47)	0.04	0.69 (0.09)	0.75 (0.12)	0.008
5.1-6.0 years	30/235	-0.56 (0.43)	-0.43 (0.46)	0.13	0.77 (0.1)	0.76 (0.13)	0.74
>6.0 years	18/163	-0.73 (0.35)	-0.40 (0.42)	0.005	0.84 (0.09)	0.74 (0.11)	0.36

Supplementary Table 1. gSOS and femoral bone mineral density by duration of aromatase inhibitor (AI) treatment

Footnote: \* P-values derived from log-rank test of binary PGS (high vs. low by median) with fracture.

Supplementary Table 2. Multivariable associations of gSOS tertiles with fracture risk in breast cancer patients on

gSOS PGS	Model 1 <sup>*</sup>		Model 2 <sup>†</sup>		Model 3 <sup>‡</sup>	
	HR (95% CI)	P trend	HR (95% CI)	P trend	HR (95% CI)	P trend
Tertile 1	1.00	0.004	1.00	0.004	1.00	0.03
Tertile 2	0.67 (0.46-0.96)		0.66 (0.46-0.95)		0.71 (0.49-1.02)	
Tertile 3	0.54 (0.37-0.79)		0.54 (0.37-0.79)		0.62 (0.42-0.91)	

aromatase inhibitors (AI) among patients with baseline bone mineral density data

\* Model 1: Adjusted for age at diagnosis

+ Model 2: Adjusted for age at diagnosis, prior history of osteoporosis, prior history of major fracture, race and ethnicity, cancer treatment, and AI treatment as a time-varying variable

‡ Model 3: Adjusted for the same covariates as in Model 2 plus BMD at the hip.

Model 1<sup>\*</sup> Model 2<sup>†</sup> Model 3<sup>‡</sup> P-value P-value gSOS PGS P-value HR (95% CI) HR (95% CI) HR (95% CI) Non-Hispanic White T1 1.00 9.48E-06 1.00 1.23E-05 1.00 0.01 T2 0.59 (0.44, 0.79) 0.58 (0.43, 0.79) 0.68 (0.46, 0.99) Т3 0.49 (0.36, 0.67) 0.49 (0.36, 0.68) 0.54 (0.36, 0.83) Non-Hispanic Black T1 1.00 0.51 1.00 0.48 1.00 0.85 1.71 (0.07, T2 1.18 (0.16, 8.47) 1.14 (0.13, 10.3) 39.39) 2.37 (0.43, 2.42 (0.47, Т3 1.9 (0.2, 18.36) 12.49) 12.91) Asian T1 1.00 0.13 1.00 0.20 1.00 na T2 0.62 (0.17, 2.23) 0.48 (0.11, 2.12) na Т3 0.16 (0.02, 1.36) 0.17 (0.02, 1.59) na Hispanic T1 1.00 0.81 1.00 0.75 1.00 0.64 T2 0.71 (0.24, 2.13) 0.72 (0.23, 2.24) 0.49 (0.04, 5.62) Т3 0.92 (0.33, 2.56) 0.63 (0.18, 2.19) 1.39 (0.26, 7.51)

**Supplementary Table 3.** Multivariable associations of gSOS tertiles with fracture risk in breast cancer patients on

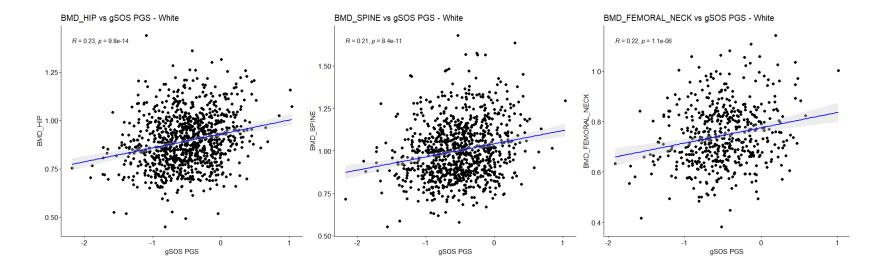
aromatase inhibitors (AI) stratified by self-reported ethnicity

\* Model 1: Adjusted for age at diagnosis

† Model 2: Adjusted for age at diagnosis, prior history of osteoporosis, prior history of major fracture, race and ethnicity, cancer treatment, and AI treatment as a time-varying variable

‡ Model 3: Adjusted for the same covariates as in Model 2 plus BMD at the hip.

## **Supplementary Figure 1.** Correlation plot of gSOS and baseline bone mineral density at the time close to the initiation of aromatase inhibitor (AI) treatment



**Supplementary Figure 2.** Kaplan-Meier curves of fracture by tertile of gSOS in breast cancer patients treated with aromatase inhibitors by race and ethnicity

