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## Supplemental information

## A base editing strategy using

## mRNA-LNPs for in vivo correction

## of the most frequent phenylketonuria variant

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#### Figure S1. On-target and Bystander Editing with Plasmid Transfections, Related to Figure 1B.

Results of next-generation sequencing, with the mean percentage for each nucleotide at each position indicated. Values  $\leq 0.1\%$  are not shown. Green = A, yellow = G, orange = C, purple = T. The red box indicates the c.1222C>T adenine; black boxes indicate sites of unwanted adenine bystander editing.



#### Figure S2. On-target and Bystander Editing with LNP Transfections, Related to Figure 1C.

Results of next-generation sequencing, with the mean percentage for each nucleotide at each position indicated. Values  $\leq 0.1\%$  are not shown. Green = A, yellow = G, orange = C, purple = T. The red box indicates the c.1222C>T adenine; black boxes indicate sites of unwanted adenine bystander editing.



## Figure S3. Phenylketonuria Phenotypes in Humanized R408W Mice.

(A) Sanger sequencing chromatograms showing the generation of a humanized mouse model via Cas9mediated homology-directed repair in mouse zygotes. At the top is sequence from a wild-type C57BL/6J mouse. At the bottom is sequence from a mouse homozygous for the humanized *Pah* c.1222C>T allele. The red arrow indicates the site of the c.1222C>T variant, and the black arrows indicate the sites of additional changes that humanize the local region of the mouse *Pah* gene.

(B) Homozygous R408W mice with PKU as evidenced by mild hypopigmentation of the fur, on left, compared to heterozygous R408W non-PKU littermates, on right.

(C) Blood phenylalanine levels and weights of homozygous R408W PKU (n = 5 animals) and heterozygous R408W non-PKU (n = 3 animals) age-matched (6 weeks of age) littermates. Lines = mean values. *P* values calculated with unpaired t-test.



#### Figure S4. Assessment of Mouse Liver Following LNP Treatment or Vehicle Treatment.

(A) Blood aspartate aminotransferase (AST) levels in homozygous PKU mice following treatment with 5 mg/kg dose of SpRY-ABE8.8/PAH4 LNPs (n = 3 animals) or with 2.5 mg/kg dose of LNPs (n = 3 animals), comparing levels at various timepoints up to 7 days following treatment to levels in vehicle-treated homozygous PKU control (n = 4 animals) and vehicle-treated heterozygous non-PKU control (n = 4 animals) age-matched (approximately 8 weeks of age) colonymates (1 blood sample per timepoint). (B) Blood alanine aminotransferase (ALT) levels in the LNP-treated or vehicle-treated PKU or non-PKU mice shown in (A).

(C) Representative liver histology (hematoxylin/eosin staining) at  $20 \times$  magnification upon necropsy at 1 week after LNP treatment of PKU mice or vehicle treatment of a non-PKU mouse shown in (A) and (B). Lines in pictures = distance of 50  $\mu$ m.

Lines in graphs = mean values.



#### Figure S5. Prime Editing to Correct PAH c.1222C>T Variant in Humanized Mice.

(A) Blood phenylalanine levels in homozygous PKU mice following treatment with PEmax/P56/N19 LNPs (n = 3 animals) at various timepoints up to 4 days following treatment (1 blood sample per timepoint). Lines = mean values.

(B) Corrective *PAH* c.1222C>T editing (determined from genomic DNA) in each of 8 liver samples (two samples each from the four lobes) collected from each treated mouse upon necropsy 1 week after treatment, calculated as the proportion of aligned sequencing reads in which the c.1222C>T adenine variant is edited to guanine, irrespective of other edits.



Time	IFN-γ	CXCL-1	TNF-α	MCP-1	IL-12p70	RANTES	IL-1β	IP-10	GM-CSF	IL-10	IFN-β	IFN-α	IL-6
Homozygous R408W PKU mouse, 8 weeks of age, 2.5 mg/kg SpRY-ABE8.8/PAH4 LNPs													
baseline	3.40	29.17	9.40	11.59	1.52	33.83	1.43	231.12	4.35	11.01	0.00	3.41	7.86
4 hours	4.45	109.57	17.59	115.68	1.73	31.87	13.04	2374.70	2.60	3.49	0.00	10.27	1675.05
24 hours	3.40	24.64	6.06	7.73	1.62	32.43	1.25	296.92	1.64	0.44	0.00	3.41	32.90
Homozygous R408W PKU mouse, 8 weeks of age, vehicle control													
baseline	2.20	15.97	7.69	4.97	1.20	30.19	2.72	135.86	2.50	0.73	0.00	2.50	5.75
4 hours	2.65	18.12	5.04	13.43	1.66	24.09	3.73	90.19	1.34	0.44	0.00	2.23	289.85
24 hours	1.59	25.62	8.25	6.75	1.26	16.01	6.62	128.72	0.93	1.46	0.00	1.39	298.85
Heterozygous R408W non-PKU mouse, 8 weeks of age, vehicle control													
baseline	1.89	8.55	4.08	9.58	1.14	20.81	0.29	66.45	3.49	4.74	0.00	1.73	2.12
4 hours	2.35	43.47	5.04	16.40	1.87	21.90	4.55	109.61	2.14	3.49	0.00	2.50	198.09
24 hours	1.89	27.58	6.06	8.76	1.35	27.40	8.55	142.82	2.88	4.74	0.00	2.67	67.20

Table S1. Cytokine and Chemokine Levels in R408W Humanized Mice Following LNP Treatment or Vehicle Treatment.

All cytokine/chemokine measurements are in units of pg/mL.

Genomic site	Protospacer/PAM sequence <sup>a</sup>	Amplicon (chromosome: position range) <sup>b</sup>	Treated sample 1 <sup>c</sup>	Treated sample 2	Treated sample 3	Control sample 1	Control sample 2	Control sample 3
PAH	GGCCAAGGTATTGTGGCAGCAAA	chr12:102840425+102840539	75.87	78.73	77.76	0.20	0.16	0.20
OT1	GGCCAAGGqATTGTGG-AGCTGT	chr1:67956357-67956526	0.08	0.06	0.09	0.10	0.06	0.07
OT2	GGCCAAGcTATTGCTGGCAGCCAG	chr1:165405262+165405443	0.06	0.06	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.03
OT3	GGCCAAGGT-TTcTGGCAGCTGG	chr1:182646888+182647080	0.06	0.06	0.08	0.04	0.04	0.03
OT4	GCCCAAGGTATTGTGGCA-CCGC	chr12:98762684-98762861	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.08	0.06	0.05
OT5	tGCCAAGGTATTGT-GCAGCCAG	chr13:56216949+56217104	0.09	0.05	0.13	0.13	0.06	0.04
OT6	GGCCAAGG-AaTGTGGCAGCTTC	chr13:102535487-102535594	0.11	0.08	0.10	0.09	0.11	0.08
OT7	GGCC-AGGcATTGTGGCAGCACC	chr13:112399414-112399538	0.06	0.06	0.04	0.04	0.09	0.06
OT8	GGCCAAGGT-TTGTGGCAaCCCT	chr14:98620044+98620168	0.05	0.07	0.04	0.02	0.04	0.04
OT9	GG-CAAGGTqTTGTGGCAGCTTT	chr17:79400839-79400958	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.05	0.04
OT10	GGCCAAGG-ATTGTGtCAGCCCA	chr5:156096522-156096673	0.04	0.09	0.06	0.05	0.08	0.06
OT11	GGCC-AGGTTTTGTGGCAGCATC	chr5:168457657-168457813	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.04	n.d.	0.03
OT12	aGCCAAGG-ATTGTGGCAGCTAC	chrX:105510661+105510860	0.18	0.20	0.11	0.06	0.06	0.05
OT13	GGCCAAGGTAGTGGCAGaGCA	chr1:39317216+39317406	0.06	0.05	0.06	0.06	0.03	0.05
OT14	GGCCAGTATqGTGGCAGCAGA	chr1:91658136-91658280	0.05	0.06	0.02	0.05	0.04	0.05
OT15	GGCCAAGGTATTGGCAGqTAT	chr1:143710105-143710246	0.09	0.09	0.08	0.08	0.07	0.11
OT16	GtCCAAGGTAGTGGCAGCAAA	chr1:184534886+184535019	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.07	0.08	0.04
OT17	GGCCAAGGTgGTGGCAGCCAC	chr11:16790220+16790462	0.06	0.01	0.03	0.02	0.04	0.04
OT18	GGAAGaTATTGTGGCAGCCGT	chr11:42929612-42929802	0.09	0.12	0.07	0.08	0.07	0.09
OT19	GGAAGGTATTGTtGCAGCTGT	chr11:43718128+43718289	0.06	0.11	0.10	0.07	0.11	0.07
OT20	GCCCAAGGTATTGTGGCACCGCAGA	chr12:98762684-98762861	0.09	0.04	0.07	0.07	0.03	0.05
OT21	GGCAGGTATTGTtGCAGCCCC	chr13:95505215+95505411	0.10	0.04	0.04	0.07	0.07	0.04
OT22	GGCCAAGATTGTGtCAGCTAG	chr15:73613514+73613688	0.07	0.05	0.09	0.06	0.05	0.09
OT23	GGAAGGTATTcTGGCAGCTCT	chr16:1606113-1606257	0.02	0.09	0.04	0.06	0.04	0.07
OT24	GGCCAAaGTATTGTGGGCTAA	chr16:65767602-65767791	0.04	0.05	0.03	0.05	0.05	0.05
OT25	GGgAGGTATTGTGGCAGCTCC	chr17:50567554-50567721	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.
OT26	GGCCAAGGTAgTGTGAGCTGA	chr18:36992979+36993082	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.
OT27	GGCCAgGATTGTGGCAGCAGA	chr2:21132399+21132532	0.13	0.07	0.05	0.04	0.06	0.04
OT28	GCAAGGTATTGTGGCtGCCAC	chr2:65797812+65797991	0.07	0.07	n.d.	0.06	0.06	0.04
OT29	GGCCAAGGTTGTaGCAGCTTG	chr2:74493829-74493998	0.02	0.04	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.05
OT30	GGCCAATATTGaGGCAGCTAT	chr2:75098514-75098650	0.05	0.07	0.06	0.03	0.07	0.04
OT31	GGCCAAGGTAgTGTGGGCAGA	chr2:170268241+170268437	0.10	0.09	0.10	0.07	0.09	0.10
OT32	GGCCACCAGGaATTGTGGCAGCCAA	chr20:49750986+49751159	0.03	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.05	0.04
OT33	GGCCAAGGcTGTGGCAGCTTC	chr20:57441083-57441206	0.01	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02
OT34	GGCCAAGGTtTTGTCAGCCAC	chr3:3727491-3727618	0.05	0.06	0.06	0.04	0.03	0.05
OT35	GGCCAAGaTATTGTGGCCAAT	chr4:33129101-33129296	0.09	n.d.	0.09	0.08	0.07	0.11
OT36	GGCCAAGGgATTGTGAGCAGA	chr4:176650261-176650399	0.08	0.07	0.04	0.04	0.06	0.06
OT37	GCCCAAGGTTGTGGCAGCCCA	chr5:15842116+15842313	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.
OT38	GtCCAAGGTATTGTCAGCTTG	chr5:42644125-42644285	0.07	0.06	0.07	0.12	0.09	0.06
OT39	GGCCAAGGTgTTGGCAGCTGC	chr5:138315728+138315864	0.05	0.03	0.05	0.03	0.07	0.04
OT40	GGCCAAGGTATTGTGAGgGGA	chr6:23532313+23532467	0.07	0.06	0.05	0.10	0.07	0.08
OT41	GGAAtGTATTGTGGCAGCTCC	chr6:36145377-36145550	0.06	0.06	0.07	0.05	0.07	0.05
OT42	GGCCAAGGTAGTGGCAaCAGA	chr6:50411635+50411817	0.08	0.05	0.08	0.06	0.09	0.08
OT43	GtCCAAGGTATTGGCAGCTTC	chr6:68856951+68857064	0.06	0.08	0.06	0.08	0.08	0.07
OT44	GGCCAAGGTATTGGCAGgGAT	chr6:115167457+115167613	0.07	0.04	0.08	0.11	0.08	0.05
OT45	GGCCtAGGTATTGTCAGCTCT	chr6:123648344+123648515	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.
0146	GGCCAAGGTAGTGGGAGCTTT	chr7:11182970-11183157	0.07	0.09	0.06	0.09	0.05	0.07
0147	GGCCAAGGTAGTGGCAGtAAG	chr8:10159022+10159160	0.05	0.08	0.08	0.10	0.07	0.06
0148	GGAAGGTATTaTGGCAGCAGC	chr8:80885442+80885634	0.07	0.06	0.08	0.07	0.10	0.07
0149	GGCAGGTATTGTGGCAGaAGT	chr8:122080/39-122080887	0.07	0.05	0.06	0.06	0.05	0.05
0150	GCCCAAGGTATTGGCAGCTTT	cnrX:1468/5655+1468/5/96	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.
0151		cnr1:160/09019+160/09185	0.03	n.d.	0.03	0.06	0.02	0.07
0152		cnr10:58//3438+58//3613	0.05	n.d.	0.09	0.08	0.11	n.d.
0153		cnr12:51/52/33-51/52923	0.10	n.d.	0.07	0.08	0.13	0.14
0154		cnr14:/8442315+/8442449	0.06	n.d.	0.08	0.07	0.10	0.09
0133		clif13:02831908-02832130	0.07	n.a.	0.10	0.00	0.07	0.09
0150	GCCCAAGGIAIGGTGCCAGCTTG	cnr2:118901813-118901955	0.04	0.06	0.05	0.08	0.05	0.08
015/	GOCCAAGGGCIIGIGGCAGCACA	01110.4/071303-4/091/04	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.07

#### Table S2. Assessment of Off-target Editing in PAH c.1222C>T Homozygous HuH-7 Cells.

<sup>a</sup>The *PAH* on-target sequence and top in-silico-nominated candidate off-target sequences with mismatched positions and bulges indicated by lower case letters and dashes.

<sup>b</sup>Coordinates in the GRCh38/hg38 assembly of the human genome; "+" and "-" indicate forward or reverse orientation of protospacer/PAM sequence.

<sup>c</sup>n.d. = PCR was unsuccessful for the genomic site.

# Table S3. PCR Primers for Next-generation Sequencing.

Site	Forward primer	Reverse primer
PAH	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG
(human)	TGTCCAAGACCTCAATCCTTTG	CACTCAAGCCTGTGGTTTTG
PAH	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG
(mouse)	GGCTCACAGCAAGGAAAAAG	AGGTAGTCCCAGCAGGTGTG
PAH (OT		GICICGIGGGCICGGAGAIGIGIAIAAGAGACAG
analysis)		
OT1		GICICGIGGGCICGGAGAIGIGIAIAAGAGACAG
OT2	TCCAACTCAGGGCTTCAATTAA	TGTATCCTGTTGTATGCCGAAG
ОТ3	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG
	GGCTTCTCGGGTCTGGAA	TGCTGTGATCAAAAGGGATGA
OT4	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG
	GAGATGCAAAGCCCAGTGAG	
OT5		GICICGIGGGCICGGAGAIGIGIAIAAGAGACAG
OT6		GICICGIGGGCICGGAGAIGIGIAIAAGAGACAG
OT7	CTGGCTCTCTCTGCACCTG	GAAATGTCTCATGGGCAGGC
0.178	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG
018	GGCACTAATCCATTCATGAAGGT	TGGCCCAGATAGAGTTGCTC
0.10	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG
017	CACAGGGATGCTAGCTAGGC	CAAAACCGAAGTCCCCACAC
OT10	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG TGCTTGCTTAGAAAATCCAGGG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG TCATTGCCCCATCTGGTGAA
0714	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG
OTTI	CAGTGACCAGAGCTTCCATG	CCACAGCCAAAATCACACCA
0712	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG
0112	AGGCAGAAGAATAGGTCAGAGT	CTGGGGCGAAAATCAAGTGT
OT12	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG
0115	CTGGCTTAGTGATGTGAAGGAC	GAATCTCGAGCTGGGCAATG
OT14	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG
	AGGATCACTCTGGCTACTATGT	TCCTTTGAATCTGACCCTTTCTT
OT15	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTGTATAAGAGACAG TGCGTCAGGACAGAAAGTTTG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG TGCTACATAAAACGAAACCACCA
0716	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG
0116	GGCAGAGAGTTCAGAAGGGT	AGCACCCAAAGACCTCAAGT
0717	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG
011/	AGAAGGACACTCAACTGGCA	GAAGACAATCCCAGTGCTCT
OT19	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG
0118	GGGAACTTCACCACTGTTGAG	GCTCTGCTTTTCCCTCCAG
OT19	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG
0117	AAAGCAAGCCACAGGACCAG	TGATATGTTCAGAGGGCAGACT
OT20	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG
0120	GAGATGCAAAGCCCAGTGAG	TCCTTTCCTGTCCTCCCAAC
OT21	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG AGGTTCTGAGCGTCCACA	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG CCCCATGTGCCCATTGTAAG
0.555	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG
OT22	GTTCTCCACTTAGTAATTTCAGA	GTCCAGCATTTTGTTACCGC
OT23	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG
	ATCTTCCTCTGTCAGTGCCC	CCCTGCTGACACCTGATTTT
OT24	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG
	CCCCACATGCTCCATCAGAA	TGGGGCAAAAGCGATCATTT
OT25	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG
	GAGAGCAGGAGATTGGGGGAA	AGCAAGATTCCACCTGCTCT
OT26	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG
0120	CACCTGTAGTCCCAGCTCC	CCAGGTTGAAGTGCAGTGTT

	TEGTEGGEAGEGTEAGATGTGTATAAGAGAEAG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG
OT27	GATGGGGTGGAGTTAAGGGT	TGGGTTCATCTCCAGAGCAT
OT28		
	TTAGGATCTCAGTGGGTGGG	AGAGCAACITICATCCCIGC
ОТ29	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG
012)	ACATGGGGAAAGGCTAATTACC	AAGTCCCTTACCAGCTCCTG
0720	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG
0130	TAGGGATGTGGGTTTCAGGG	TGAGAAAGATGAAGAGAGACCT
	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG
OT31	TCTGGAGAAAAGGGCAAACTC	CACTCTGGCCTATAGATTTTACA
	TCCTCCCCACACCCCCACACCCCCCACACCCCCCCCCCC	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGAGAGA
OT32		
OT33	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG	GICICGIGGGCICGGAGATGIGIATAAGAGACAG
	CATGCCAGGCCTCTCACC	GAATCCCTGTCCCACCCTG
OT34	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG
	GTGGTGCCAGAGGTAAGACT	TCACCTAAACACGATGCCCT
07725	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG
0135	GTAGATACTACTAGGGCTCACT	CAGACTGGCAGGAGAAGAGA
	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG
OT36	CTGGGCACATGGGAATGATG	GGAATTGCACAGTGACCCTT
		CTCTCCTCCCCCCCCCCCTCTCTATAACACACACAC
OT37		
OT38	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG	GICICGIGGGCICGGAGATGIGIATAAGAGACAG
	TGGGTGGTGCTGTGAACTAT	AGGTATGCTGTCTTCTAGGTGA
OT39	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG
0157	TGAACAGTCATACCACCAAGTAA	CAGCCAGTTTGATGACAGCA
OT40	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG
0140	TGCTTCTCAATATTCCCCAGC	GGCCTCCAAAGTTCAGGGA
OT41	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG
0141	CCAACCACACTTCCCTCTCT	CACCATAGGCACAAAGGTAGC
0742	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG
0142	ACTGTACCATAACGATGCTAGC	CCTTGATTCCGCCTTCTTTGT
0.77.40	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG
0143	GCCATGCCTAAAAGAAGCCA	AGTTGACTTCTGTGCCCTTG
	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG
0144	ATAGCAAGTGTGAAGGCCCA	TGCTTCCAAACATCCCTTCC
	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG
OT45	GAGCCCTCCCATTGCCTAA	AAGCACAGTTCTAGGCATATAGT
	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG
OT46	TAGAGATAGGCTTGGCAGGG	
	TCCTCCCCACCCTCACATCTCTATAACACACAC	
OT47		
OT48		
OT49		
	GCAAGGAAGIGIIGIICAGC	TCTGACTCGTCTTTCCACAGA
OT50	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG
0150	GACTCTGGACTTGATGCCCT	CCCACAGGCTCAACACTACA
OT51	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG
0151	CCACACCATGATCTGATTGCA	GTCATCATCTCTGTTTCCGCT
OT52 OT53	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG
	AGGGTTAAGTGAGCAAGCAATG	CCATGACTGCAATTCCACTGA
	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG
	ACTCTACAGGGAAAACAGAACCA	AAAGGTGCCTGTCAGTGGG
	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG
OT54	TGACAGAAAGAGGAGGAGACA	CTCTGAAGGCTCTTGGGGAT
	TCGTCGCCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG	GTCTCGTGGGCTCGGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAG
OT55	GGCACTTCTACATACAATGACT	TCATTTTGGAGTCAGATTTAGGT
	TCGTCGGCAGCGTCAGATGTGTATAAGAGAGACAC	GTCTCGTGGGCTCCGAGATGTGTATAAGAGACAC
OT56	GCCATCACTCACCTCTAACC	
OT57		
	UAUUUUUILIIUAULALL	AUTATUAAATICACATUUCCAC

#### MATERIALS AND METHODS

#### Vectors

The following adenine base editor-expressing plasmids were obtained from Addgene as a gift from Dr. Benjamin Kleinstiver:<sup>1</sup> SpG-ABE7.10 (pCMV-T7-ABEmax(7.10)-SpG-P2A-EGFP; Addgene plasmid # 140002; http://n2t.net/addgene:140002; RRID:Addgene 140002), SpG-ABE8.20 (pCMV-T7-ABE8.20m-nSpG-P2A-EGFP; Addgene plasmid # 185916; http://n2t.net/addgene:185916; RRID:Addgene 185916), SpG-ABE8e (pCMV-T7-ABE8e-nSpG-P2A-EGFP; Addgene plasmid # 185911; http://n2t.net/addgene:185911; RRID:Addgene 185911), and SpRY-ABE8e (pCMV-T7-ABE8e-nSpRY-P2A-EGFP; Addgene plasmid # 185912; http://n2t.net/addgene:185912; RRID:Addgene 185912). The following adenine base editor-expressing plasmid was obtained from Addgene as a gift from Dr. Nicole Gaudelli:<sup>2</sup> ABE8.8 (ABE8.8-m; Addgene plasmid # 136294; http://n2t.net/addgene:136294; RRID:Addgene 136294). The SpRY-ABE8.8 plasmid was made by combining elements of SpRY-ABE8e and ABE8.8 by standard molecular biology techniques. The following plasmid was obtained from Addgene as a gift from Dr. Joseph Jacobson:<sup>3</sup> iSpyMac (iSpyMac; Addgene plasmid # 155014; http://n2t.net/addgene:155014; RRID:Addgene 155014). The iSpyMac-ABE8.8 plasmid was made by combining elements of iSpyMac and ABE8.8 by standard molecular biology techniques. gRNAs were expressed from the pGuide plasmid (pGuide; Addgene plasmid # 64711; http://n2t.net/addgene:64711; RRID:Addgene 64711), with each of the following spacer sequences (plus an additional 5' G to facilitate U6 expression) cloned into the plasmid: PAH1, 5'-AAGGGCCAAGGTATTGTGGC-3'; PAH2, 5'-AGGGCCAAGGTATTGTGGCA-3'; PAH3, 5'-GGGCCAAGGTATTGTGGCAG-3'; PAH4, 5'-GGCCAAGGTATTGTGGCAGC-3'; PAH5, 5'-GCCAAGGTATTGTGGCAGCA-3'; and PAH6, 5'-CCAAGGTATTGTGGCAGCAA-3'. pmaxGFP was purchased from Lonza. Any of the newly generated plasmids is readily available from the authors via a Transfer of Research Material agreement with the University of Pennsylvania.

#### **RNA** Production

Guide RNAs were chemically synthesized under solid phase synthesis conditions by a commercial supplier (Agilent) with end-modifications as well as heavy 2'-O-methylribosugar modification as previously described.<sup>4</sup> 100-mer PAH4 gRNA: 5'-mG\*mG\*mC\*CAAGGUAUUGUGGCAGCGUUUU AGAmGmCmUmAmGmAmAmAmUmAmGmCAAGUUAAAAUAAGGCUAGUCCGUUAUCAmA \*mU\*mU\*mU-3', where "m" and \* respectively indicate 2'-O-methylation and phosphorothioate linkage. 120-mer P56 pegRNA: 5'-mA\*mC\*mU\*UUGCUGCCACAAUACCUGUUUUAGAmGmC mUmAmGmAmAmAmUmAmGmCAAGUUAAAAUAAGGCUAGUCCGUUAUCAmAmCmUmUm GmAmAmAmAmGmUmGmGmCmAmCmCmGmAmGmUmCmGmGmUmGmCGAGAAGGGACGUGGUAUUGUG\*mG\*mC\*mA-3'. 100-mer N19 ngRNA: 5'-mU\*mG\*mA\*GAAGGGACGUGGU AUUGGUUUUAGAmGmCmUmAmGmAmAmAmUmAmGmCAAGUUAAAAUAAGGCUAGUCC GUUAUCAmAmCmUmUmGmAmAmAmAmAmGmUmGmGmCmAmCmCmGmAmGmUmCmGm GmUmGmCmU\*mU\*mU\*mU-3'. SpRY-ABE8.8, PEmax,<sup>5</sup> and GFP mRNAs were produced via in vitro transcription (IVT) and purification. In brief, a plasmid DNA template containing a codonoptimized gene coding sequence and a 3' polyadenylate sequence was linearized. An IVT reaction containing linearized DNA template, T7 RNA polymerase, NTPs, and cap analog was performed to produce mRNA containing N1-methylpseudouridine. After digestion of the DNA template with DNase I, the mRNA product underwent purification and buffer exchange, and the purity of the final mRNA product was assessed with spectrophotometry and capillary gel electrophoresis. Elimination of doublestranded RNA contaminants was assessed using dot blots and transfection into human dendritic cells.

Endotoxin content was measured using a chromogenic Limulus amebocyte lysate (LAL) assay; all assays were negative.

## **LNP** Formulation

LNPs were formulated as previously described,<sup>4,6</sup> with the lipid components (SM-102, 1,2-distearoyl-snglycero-3-phosphocholine, cholesterol, and PEG-2000 at molar ratios of 50:10:38.5:1.5) being rapidly mixed with an aqueous buffer solution containing (1) SpRY-ABE8.8 mRNA and PAH4 gRNA in a 1:1 ratio by weight, (2) PEmax mRNA, P56 pegRNA, and N19 ngRNA in a 3:2:1 ratio by weight, or (3) GFP mRNA in 25 mM sodium acetate (pH 4.0), with an N:P ratio of 5.6. The resulting LNP formulation was subsequently dialyzed against sucrose-containing buffer, concentrated using Amicon Ultra-15 mL Centrifugal Filter Units (Millipore Sigma), sterile-filtered using 0.2-µm filters, and frozen until use.

## Culture and Transfection of HuH-7 Cells

The methods were similar to those previously described.<sup>4</sup> *PAH* c.1222C>T homozygous HuH-7 cell lines were generated as described elsewhere.<sup>7</sup> HuH-7 cells were maintained in Dulbecco's modified Eagle's medium (containing 4 mM L-glutamine and 1 g/L glucose) with 10% fetal bovine serum and 1% penicillin/streptomycin at 37°C with 5% CO<sub>2</sub>. HuH-7 cells were seeded on 6-well plates (Corning) at  $3.5 \times 10^5$  cells per well. At 16–24 hours after seeding, cells were transfected at approximately 80–90% confluency with 9 µL TransIT®-LT1 Transfection Reagent (MIR2300, Mirus), 2 µg base editor plasmid, and 1 µg gRNA plasmid per well according to the manufacturer's instructions; alternatively, GFP-expressing pmaxGFP plasmid was transfected. LNPs were added at various doses (quantified by the total amount of RNA within the LNPs) directly to the media. Cells for base editing experiments were cultured for 72 hours after transfection, and then media were removed, cells were washed with 1× DPBS (Corning), and genomic DNA was isolated using the DNeasy Blood and Tissue Kit (QIAGEN) according to the manufacturer's instructions. GFP-expressing cells were cultured for 48 hours after transfection, and then the cells were trypsinized and resuspended into 200 µL 1× DPBS with 0.1% BSA; flow cytometry for GFP positivity was performed on a CytoFLEX S Flow Cytometer (Beckman Coulter) and quantified with FlowJo v10.9.

## Generation of Humanized PKU Mouse Model

The methods were similar to those previously described.<sup>4</sup> The PKU mouse model with humanized *Pah* c.1222C>T alleles was generated using in vitro transcribed Cas9 mRNA, a synthetic gRNA (spacer sequence 5'-AGCGAACGGAGAAGGGCCGG-3') (Synthego), and a synthetic single-strand DNA oligonucleotide (Integrated DNA Technologies) with homology arms matching the target site and harboring the c.1222C>T variant and synonymous variants (bold with underline): 5'-AAAAGCCACTT GGAACTCCTCCAGGATAACCTGTCTTTAAATGGTGTCCTTCACTGGGGTCCTTGGTTTTGGT TTCAGGA<u>AC</u>TTTGCTGCCACAAT<u>ACCTTT</u>GGCCCTTCTC<u>A</u>GTTCGCTA<u>C</u>GACCCCTACACTCA AAGGGTTGAGGTCCTTGGACAATACTCAGCAGTTGAAGATTTTAGCTGACTCCATTAATAGT AAGT-3'. The mixture of the 3 components was injected into cytoplasm of fertilized oocytes from C57BL/6J mice at the Penn Vet Transgenic Mouse Core (https://www.vet.upenn.edu/research/core-resources-facilities/transgenic-mouse-core). Genomic DNA samples from founders were screened for knock-in of the desired sequence in the *Pah* locus via homology-directed repair. Founders with the humanized c.1222C>T allele were bred through two generations to obtain homozygous mice. This humanized PKU mouse model is readily available from the authors via a Transfer of Research Material agreement with the University of Pennsylvania.

#### **Mouse Studies**

The methods were similar to those previously described.<sup>4</sup> All procedures used in mouse studies were approved by the Institutional Animal Care and Use Committee at the University of Pennsylvania (protocol #805887), where the studies were performed, and were consistent with local, state, and federal regulations as applicable, including the National Institutes of Health Guide for the Care and Use of Laboratory Animals. Mice were maintained on a 12-hour light/12-hour dark cycle, with a temperature range of 65°F to 75°F and a humidity range of 40% to 60%, and were fed ad libitum with a chow diet (LabDiet, Laboratory Autoclavable Rodent Diet 5010). Homozygous humanized PKU mice, as well as heterozygous humanized non-PKU mice, were generated as littermates/colonymates via timed breeding, in some cases using wild-type C57BL/6J mice (stock no. 000664; RRID:IMSR JAX:000664) obtained from The Jackson Laboratory. Genotyping was performed using PCR amplification from genomic DNA samples (prepared from clipped tails/ears) followed by Sanger sequencing or by next-generation sequencing. Age-matched female and male colonymates were used for experiments at approximately 8 weeks of age with random assignment of animals to various experimental groups when applicable, and with collection and analysis of data performed in a blinded fashion when possible. LNPs were administered to the mice at either 5 mg/kg or 2.5 mg/kg doses, diluted with Dulbecco's phosphatebuffered saline, via retro-orbital injection under anesthesia with 1%-2% inhaled isoflurane; similar volumes of Dulbecco's phosphate-buffered saline were administered to vehicle control mice. In shortterm studies, mice were euthanized at 1 week after treatment, and 8 liver samples (2 from each lobe) were obtained on necropsy and processed with the DNeasy Blood and Tissue Kit (QIAGEN) as per the manufacturer's instructions to isolate genomic DNA. Euthanasia in all instances was achieved via terminal inhalation of carbon dioxide followed by secondary euthanasia through cervical dislocation or decapitation, consistent with the 2020 American Veterinary Medical Association Guidelines on Euthanasia. Next-generation sequencing results from the liver samples were averaged to provide quantification of whole-liver editing. Blood samples were collected via the tail tip at various timepoints (pre-treatment, day 1, day 2, day 3, day 4 or day 7), with daily measurements in the early afternoon to account for diurnal variation in blood phenylalanine levels, or via retro-orbital bleeding with capillary tubes at various timepoints (pre-treatment, 4 hours, and 24 hours) to assess cytokine and chemokine levels.

#### **Measurement of Blood Analytes**

Some methods were similar to those previously described.<sup>4</sup> The blood phenylalanine levels were measured by an enzymatic method using the Phenylalanine Assay Kit (MAK005, Millipore Sigma) according to the manufacturer's instructions. Plasma samples were deproteinized with a 10 kDa MWCO spin filter (CLS431478-25EA, Millipore Sigma) and pre-treated with 5 µL of tyrosinase for 10 minutes at room temperature prior to start of the assay. Reaction mixes were made according to the manufacturer's instructions, and the fluorescence intensity of each sample was measured ( $\lambda_{ex} = 535 / \lambda_{em}$ = 587 nm). Aspartate aminotransferase (AST) (ab263882, Abcam) and alanine aminotransferase (ALT) (MAK052-1KT, Millipore Sigma) activity were measured according to the manufacturers' instructions. AST measurements, determined in units of pg/mL, were converted to units of IU/L via normalization to reference samples. The expression profile of cytokines and chemokines in mouse serum samples was determined using the BioLegend anti-virus response panel [13-plex bead-based assay for the quantification of interferons ( $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\gamma$ ), interleukins (1 $\beta$ , 6, 10, 12p70), and chemokines (MCP-1, RANTES, CXCL-1, IP-10, TNF-α, and GM-CSF)] according to the manufacturer's instructions. Briefly, kit components were thawed and reconstituted as needed. Standards were prepared by 1:4 serial dilution in assay buffer. Serum samples were diluted 1:3 in Matrix A. Filter bottom plates were prewetted with wash buffer before addition of standards and samples. 25 µL of each standard and sample was added to

the plates in duplicates and mixed with 25  $\mu$ L of premixed beads solution. Plates were incubated with shaking at 500 rpm for 2 hours and washed twice, followed by addition of 25  $\mu$ L detection antibodies and incubation at 500 rpm for 1 hour. Without washing, 25  $\mu$ L SA-PE was added to each well and incubated with shaking at 500 rpm for 30 minutes. Plates were washed twice, and beads were resuspended in 150  $\mu$ L wash buffer, transferred to FACS tubes, and acquired on an BD LSR flow cytometer. The standard curve was used to determine the concentrations of each analyte in the serum samples using a 5PL fitting.

#### In Silico Nomination of Candidate Off-target Sites

Sites with up to 2 mismatches, or up to 1 mismatch plus up to 2 DNA or RNA bulges, compared to the *PAH* on-target site (i.e., compared to the PAH4 protospacer sequence without any regard for PAM sequence) were identified with Cas-Designer v1.2.<sup>8</sup> The results of next-generation sequencing (see below) for these sites are listed in Table S2.

#### **Next-generation Sequencing**

The methods were similar to those previously described.<sup>4</sup> PCR reactions were performed using NEBNext Polymerase (NEB) using the primer sets listed in Table S3, designed with Primer3 v4.1.0 (https://primer3.ut.ee/). The following program was used for all genomic DNA PCRs: 98°C for 20 seconds, 35× (98°C for 20 seconds, 57°C for 30 seconds, 72°C for 10 seconds), 72°C for 2 minutes. PCR products were visualized via capillary electrophoresis (QIAxcel, QIAGEN) and then purified and normalized via an NGS Normalization 96-Well Kit (Norgen Biotek Corporation). A secondary barcoding PCR was conducted to add Illumina barcodes (Nextera XT Index Kit V2 Set A and/or Nextera XT Index Kit V2 Set D) using  $\approx 15$  ng of first-round PCR product as template, followed by purification and normalization. Final pooled libraries were quantified using a Qubit 3.0 Fluorometer (Thermo Fisher Scientific) and then after denaturation, dilution to 10 pM, and supplementation with 15% PhiX, underwent single-end or paired-end sequencing on an Illumina MiSeq System. The amplicon sequencing data were analyzed with CRISPResso2 v2<sup>9</sup> and scripts to quantify editing. For on-target editing, A-to-G editing was quantified at the site of the c.1222C>T variant (position 5 of the PAH4 protospacer sequence) and at the site of the potential bystander adenines (positions -2, -1, 6, and 10 of the PAH4 protospacer sequence). For candidate off-target sites, A-to-G editing was quantified throughout the editing window (positions 1 to 10 of the protospacer sequence).

## **Data Analysis**

GFP positivity and sequencing data were analyzed as described above. Other data were collected and analyzed using GraphPad Prism v10.0.2.

#### References

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