

In U937 cells, the addition of TQ (25 μ M) along with LPS reduced the levels of IL-1 β (S1A) and IL-6 (S1B) in the cell culture supernatants as assessed by ELISA. Data represented as mean \pm SEM, n =3 independent experiments. One-Way ANOVA with Tukey's post-test. ** p < 0.01, **** p<0.0001.



Supplementary Figure S2.

U937 cells transfected with an XRE-Luciferase reporter plasmid showed increased luciferase activity upon TQ treatment demonstrating that TQ activates AhR. Data represented as mean \pm SEM, n = 3 independent experiments with 3 technical replicates/experiment. Student's t-test. *** p<0.001.



Supplementary Figure S3.

(A) Administration of TQ to FAC Sorted primary murine CD4⁺ T cells reduced the protein levels of CD126/IL-6R in the presence or absence of the activating anti-CD3 and anti-CD28 antibodies. Image representative of 3 independent blots.

(B) Densitometric quantification of IL-6R bands normalized to GAPDH from panel A.

Data represented as mean \pm SEM, n = 3 mice. One-Way ANOVA with Tukey's post-test. * p < 0.05, **** p<0.0001.



Supplementary Figure S4.

Representation of the cell sorting strategy utilized to isolate naïve CD4⁺ T-cells from WT and Ahr

-/- mice.



Supplementary Figure S5.

Individual flow plots for identification and quantification of the Th17 cells differentiated from naïve CD4⁺ T cells isolated from WT mice.



Supplementary Figure S6.

Individual flow plots for identification and quantification of the Th17 cells differentiated from naïve $CD4^+T$ cells isolated from $Ahr^{-/-}$ mice.



Supplementary Fig. S7. Gating strategy used to identify murine inflammatory macrophages (**A**), Th17 cells (**B**), and ILC3 (**C**) cells.