

**Reconstitution of human PDAC using primary cells reveals oncogenic  
transcriptomic features at tumor onset**

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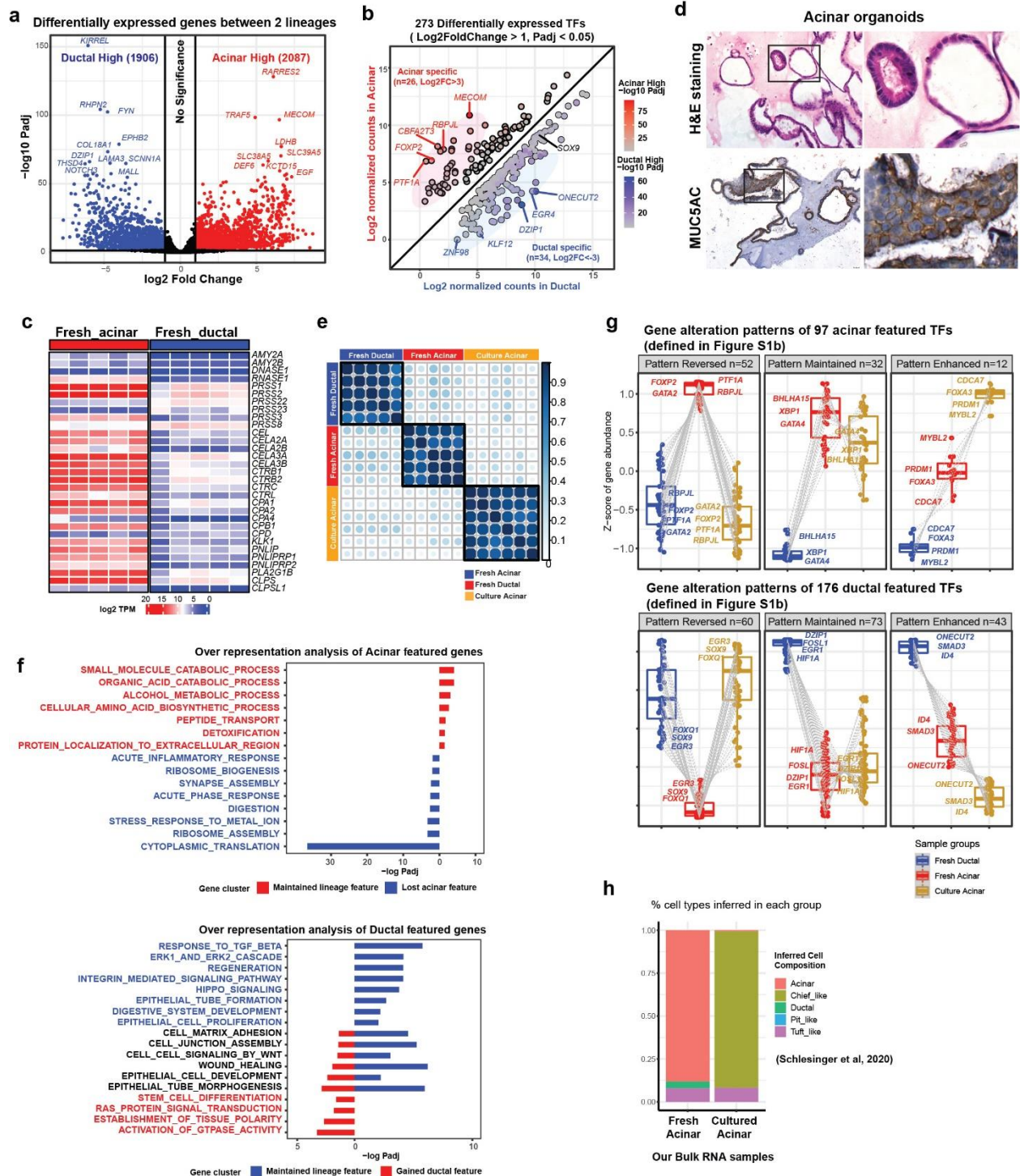
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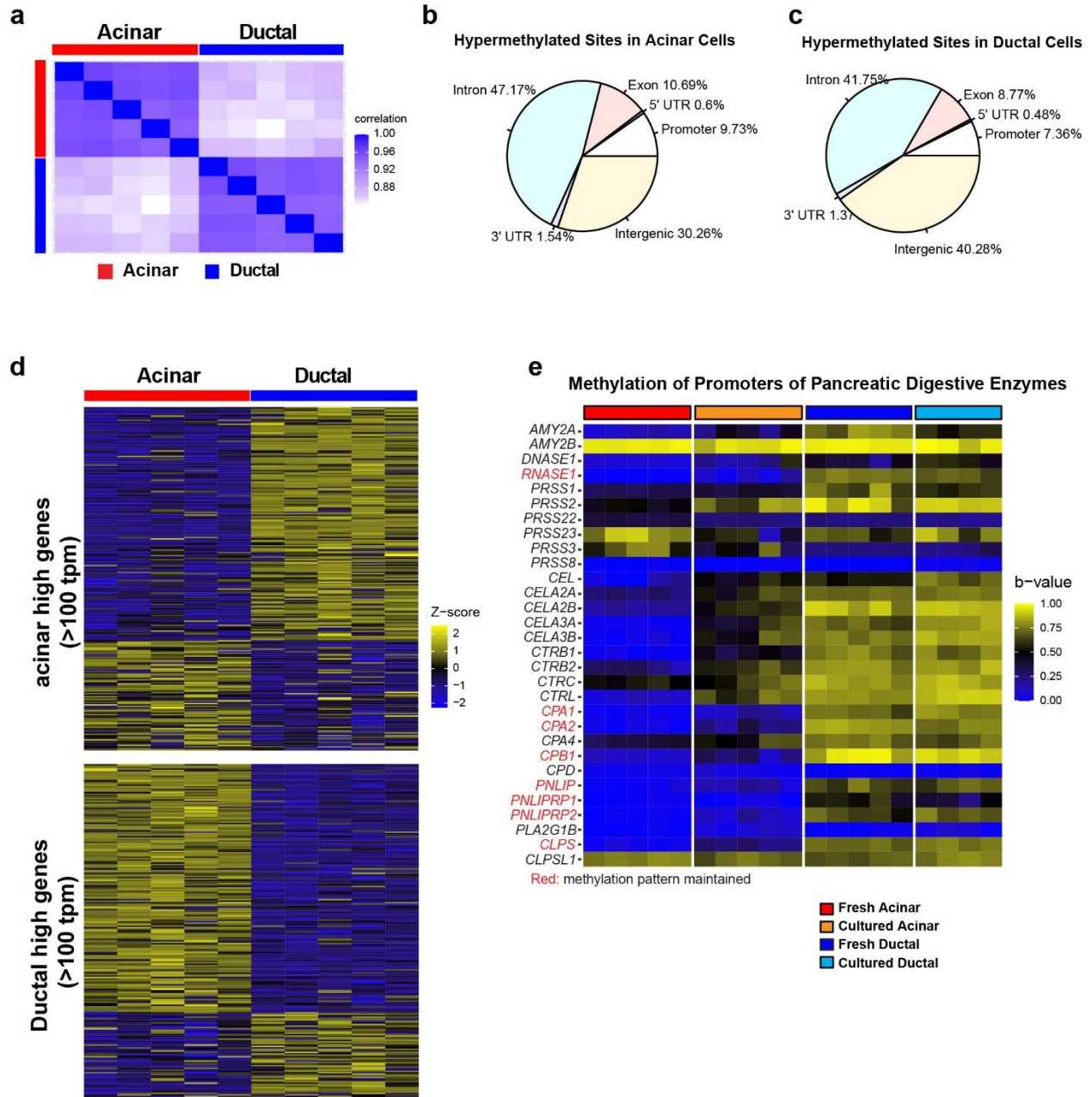
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**Figure S1. Molecular profiling of fresh and cultured human primary pancreatic exocrine cells.** **a.** Volcano plot of the differentially expressed genes in fresh acinar ( $n=5$ ) vs fresh ductal cells ( $n=5$ , fold change  $> 2$ , adj.p  $< 0.05$ , by negative binomial

Wald test using DESeq2 package in R software). **b.** Mean normalized expression of 273 differentially expressed transcription factors in sorted fresh acinar and ductal cells (fold change > 2, adj.p < 0.05). The shaded area includes the most significantly differentially expressed TFs in each lineage (log2 fold change > 3). **c.** Expression heatmap of genes encoding known pancreatic digestive enzymes in sorted fresh cells. **d.** H&E staining and MUC5AC staining in cultured acinar organoids. Each staining was performed in sections from 3 independent donor tissues with 8 fields of views for each. Scale bar: 50  $\mu$ m. **e.** Pearson correlation plot of gene expression in fresh acinar cells (n=5), fresh ductal cells (n=5), and cultured acinar organoids (n=6). **f.** Gene ontology overrepresentation analysis of the two gene subgroups within the acinar signature gene cluster and ductal signature gene cluster described in Figure 1d. The analysis was performed using the clusterProfiler 4.4.4 package in R software with default settings. A significant enrichment was considered with multiple-test adjusted p-value < 0.05. **g.** Expression patterns of 97 acinar specific and 176 ductal specific transcription factors in fresh acinar, fresh ductal and cultured acinar cells. Each dot represents the mean expression of a transcription factor in the indicated group of samples. The middle line of box represents the median value of the expression of a group of transcription factors, the bounds of box represent the IQR, and the whiskers extend to  $1.5 \times$  IQR. **h.** Bar plot of inferred cell type composition in our fresh (n=5) and cultured acinar (n=6) samples using a previously characterized scRNA seq dataset as a reference. The bulk RNA sample deconvolution was performed by using a Multi-Subject Single Cell deconvolution method.



**Figure S2. DNA methylation status of fresh and cultured acinar and ductal cells.**

**a.** Correlation of DNA methylation of fresh acinar (n=5) and ductal cells (n=5) by all surveyed methylation sites. **b-c.** Distribution of lineage-specific differentially methylated CpG sites with reference to genomic features. **d.** Heatmap of promoter methylation status of top differentially expressed genes (identified in Figure 1) in fresh acinar and ductal samples. **e.** Heatmap of DNA methylation status in the promoter regions of genes

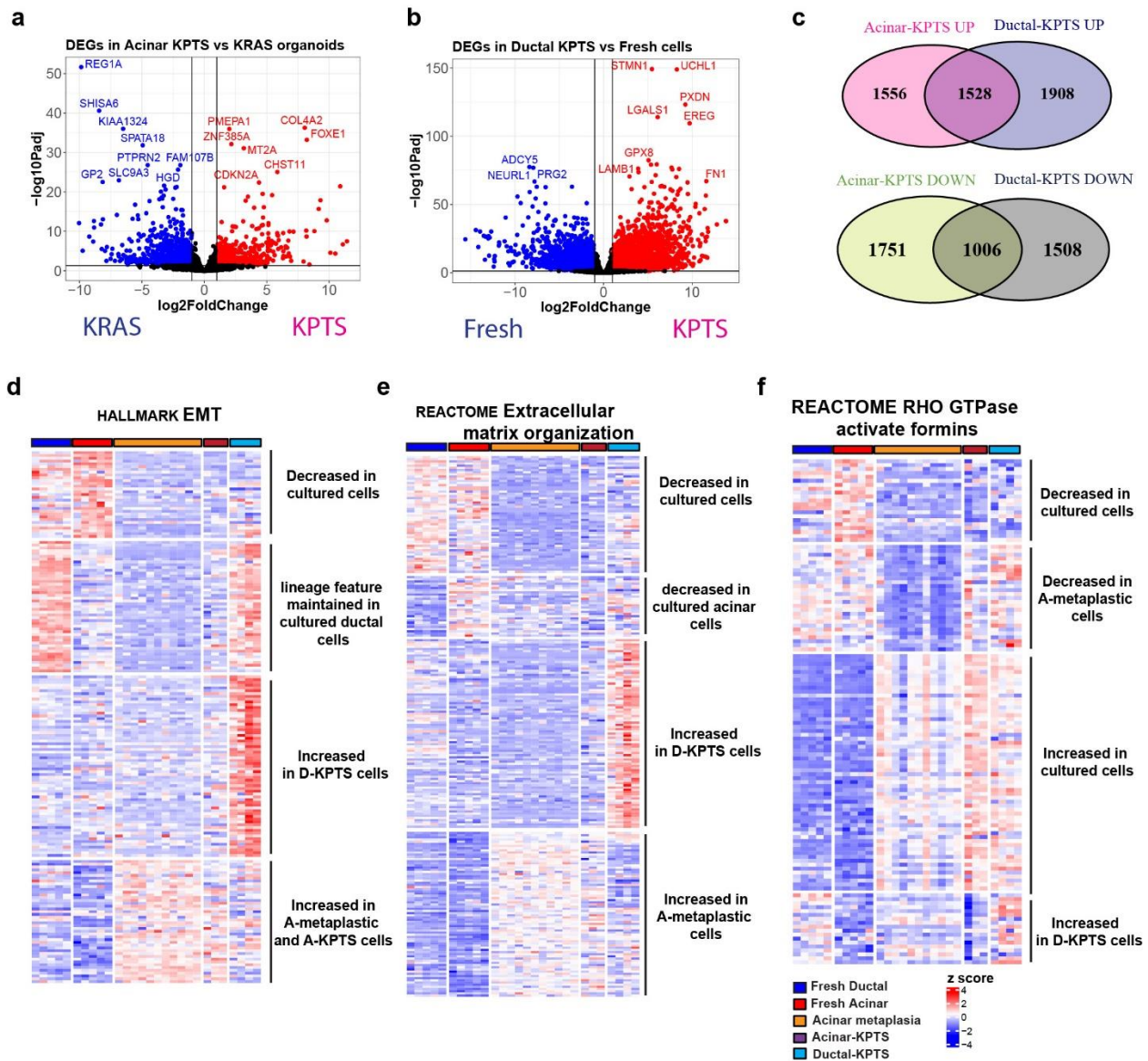
encoding pancreatic digestive enzymes of fresh acinar (n=5), cultured acinar (n=5), fresh ductal (n=5) and cultured ductal cells (n=4). Genes in red are associated with a lineage-specific methylation pattern which is maintained after long term culture.





**Figure S3. Genetical engineering primary acinar and ductal cells to oncogenic KPTS cells. a-b.** Genotyping of *p16*, *p53* and *SMAD4* mutation status of four ductal-KPTS 2D cultures (a) and three acinar-3D cultures (b). **c.** Volcano plot of the differentially expressed genes in acinar-KPTS (n=3) versus ductal-KPTS cells (n=4, fold change > 2, adj.p < 0.05, by negative binomial Wald test using DESeq2 package in R software). **d.** Scatter plot of genes which were significantly highly expressed in both fresh and KPTS cells of each lineage compared with the other (log<sub>2</sub> fold change > 1, adj.p < 0.05). Acinar high genes are colored in red, ductal high genes are colored in blue. X axis represents log<sub>2</sub> fold change between fresh acinar and fresh ductal, y axis represents log<sub>2</sub> fold change between acinar-KPTS and ductal-KPTS. **e.** Immunofluorescence staining of human specific STEM121 and mCherry of acinar-derived and ductal-derived tumor sections. The staining was performed in 6 independent tumor tissues with 3 sections for each. Scale bar: 50 μm.





**Figure S4. Molecular profiling oncogenic KPTS cells of acinar and ductal**

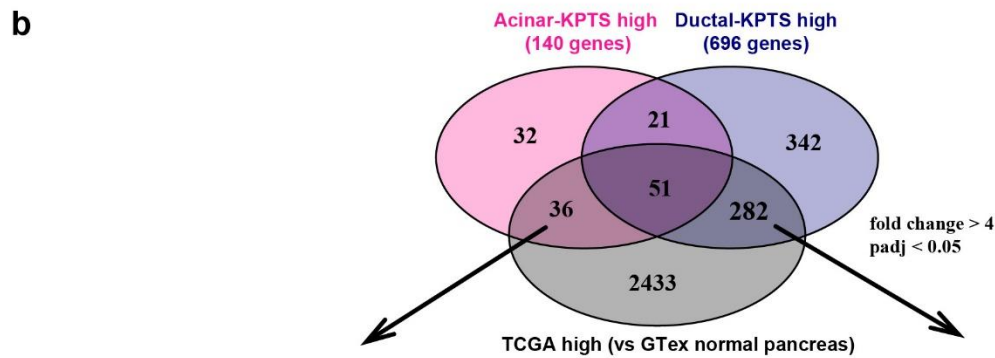
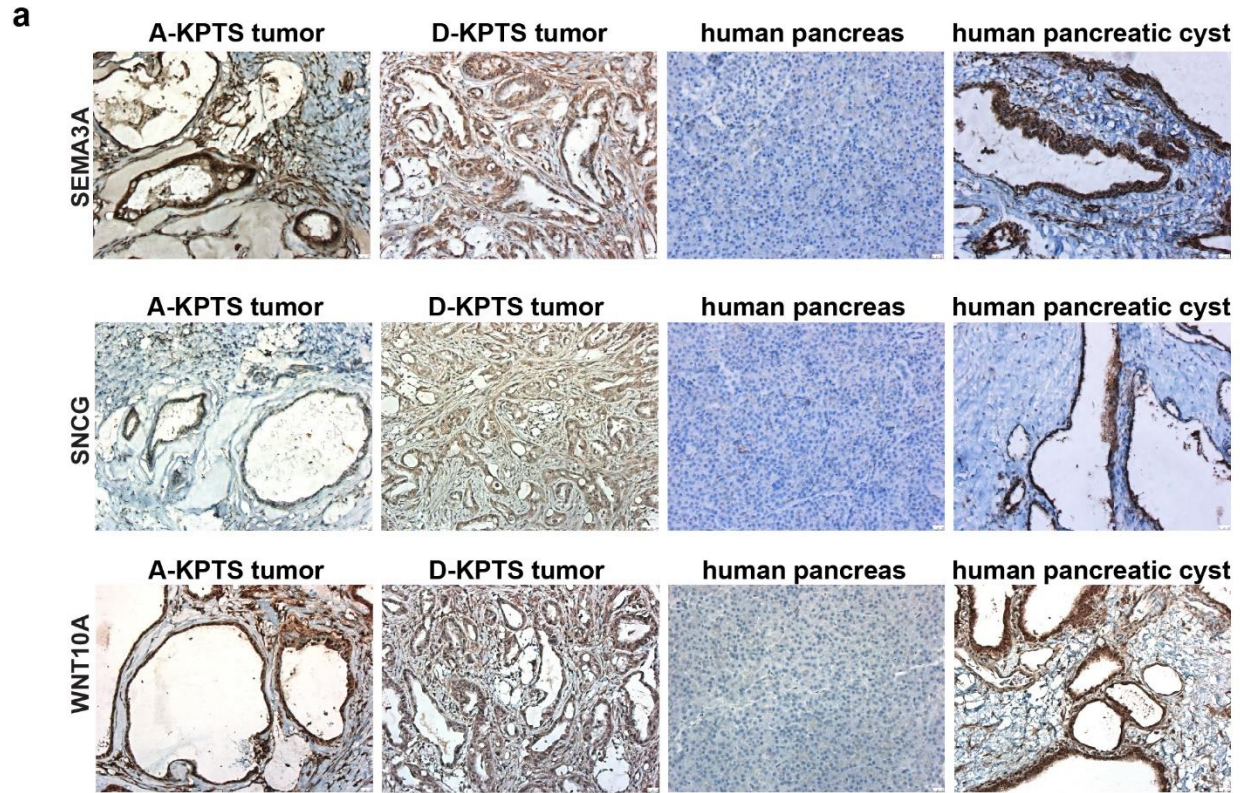
**lineages.** **a.** Volcano plot of the differentially expressed genes in acinar-KPTS (n=3) versus acinar-KRAS organoids (n=5). DEGs were identified by negative binomial Wald test using DESeq2 1.36.0 in R software with fold change > 2 and adjusted p-value < 0.05. **b.** Volcano plot of the DEGs in ductal-KPTS (n=4) versus fresh ductal cells (n=5). DEGs were identified by negative binomial Wald test using DESeq2 with fold change > 2 and adjusted p-value < 0.05. **c.** Intersection of DEGs (described in a and b) in acinar-

KPTS and ductal-KPTS cells. **d-f.** Expression heatmaps of genes in indicated gene sets in fresh, metaplastic, and KPTS cells. K means clustering was performed to identify different expression patterns across all groups of samples.



3, ductal-KPTS n = 4. K means clustering was performed to identify different expression patterns across all groups of samples.





Acinar-KPTS high & TCGA high (36 genes)

	Extracellular space and Plasma membrane	Transcription Factor and others
Associated with PDAC known function	<i>CSTB, IL10, NTSR1, *PSCA, S100A4,</i>	<i>CDC25C, SIX1, *UBE2C</i>
Associated with PDAC unclear function	<i>ITGB2, LYPD3, SLC16A3</i>	<i>ACSL5, SDR16C5, TBX15</i>
Unknown implication in PDAC	<i>CD22, CILP2, FAM3D, FIBCD1, LGR6, NPFFR1</i>	<i>ACTL8, ALDH3B2, FNDC11, DMBX1, FABP6, GREB1L, GSDMA, HPGD, KRT79, PTTG1, S100A5, ST8SIA6, TPRG1</i>

Ductal-KPTS high & TCGA high (38 out of 282 genes)

	Extracellular space	Transcription Factor
Associated with PDAC known function	<i>BDNF, DKK2, FGF1, FGF19, FGF5, GREM1, INHBA, LGALS1, LTBP1, MDK, *NOG, NRP2, PTHLH, SERPINB2, SERPINE1, TGFB2, THBS1, THBS2, VEGFC, WNT7A, WNT7B</i>	<i>E2F7, GATA3, ISL2, RUNX2, HMG2, HOXB8, HOXB9, *LOXL2</i>
Associated with PDAC unclear function	<i>BMP3, CFH, LTBP2</i>	<i>SIM2, BASP1,</i>
Unknown implication in PDAC	<i>GDF5</i>	<i>HES2, PRRX2, ZFH4</i>

\* : Prognostic genes from TCGA PAAD

**Figure S6. Identified genes upregulated in early and established PDAC. a.**

Immunohistochemistry staining of SEMA3A, SNCG and WNT10A proteins in the KPTS tumors generated in this work (n = 2 with 8 field of views for each), and a human pancreatic cystic neoplasm sample as well as adjacent normal pancreas (8 field of views for each). Scale bar: 25  $\mu$ m. **b.** Annotation of 36 genes highly expressed in both acinar-KPTS cells and TCGA PDAC samples (left), as well as selected genes highly expressed in both ductal-KPTS cells and TCGA PDAC samples (right).