This is a Multimedia Appendix to a full manuscript published in the J Med Internet Res. For full copyright and citation information see http://dx.doi.org/10.2196/48625

Included articles.

Table A3. Summary of included articles (n=128) ^a

| | Research question / study aim | | Operating | / | Main intervention purpose | Tool | Tool focus | Target user of tool | , | Framework focus |
|---|--|---|------------------|-------------------------|---|---|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|--|
| Agnew et al. 2022 UK | To evaluate the quality of apps related to shoulder pain. | Observational cross-sectional study to review available apps | Android & iOS | Shoulder pain | | Mobile Application Rating Scale (MARS) | Quality classification & rating | Researcher | NR | NA |
| Ahmed et al. 2020 Canada | To examine consumers' perceptions of different versions of an app with nutrition information. | | iOS | Nutrition | Health information seeking | Self-developed criteria | Usability and functionality | User | Multi-dimensional framework for assessing health app quality [1] | Evaluation |
| Al Ayubi et al. 2014 USA | To review characteristics of mHealth for physical activity promotion, to develop an mHealth app that meets such characteristics, and to conduct a feasibility study of the app. | App development and evaluation | | Physical Activity | Health tracking; Social and community support | Fundamental Technical Characteristics; Five Usability Factors | Usability and feasibility | Developer, researcher & user | Heuristic evaluation [2], Technology Acceptance Model (TAM) [3]; Unified Theory of Acceptance | Behavior change systems: Development Heuristic evaluation, TAM, UTAUT: Evaluation |
| Alhuwail et al. 2020 Kuwait | To systematically assess depression and anxiety apps available for Arabic speakers. | Cross-sectional review of existing apps | | Depression & Anxiety | NA | MARS | Quality classification & rating | Researcher | NR | NA |
| Alnasser et al. 2018 Saudi Arabia | To identify the relationship between adherence to evidence- informed practices, user expectations, and app user experiences. | App development and evaluation | Android & iOS | Weight loss | | System Usability Scale (SUS); Qualitative word clouds | Usability | User | NR | NA |
| Amawi et al. 2022 Jordan | To assess the convenience, quality, safety and efficacy of apps for cancer patient. | Observational cross-sectional study to review available apps | Android & iOS | Cancer care | NA | MARS | Quality classification & rating | Researcher | NR | NA |
| Ambrosini et al. 2018 Australia | To test the acceptability and relative validity of a dietary assessment app. | | iOS | Dietary assessment | Health tracking | Self-developed criteria | Acceptability and usability | User | NR | NA |

| | | (quantitative survey) | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|------------------|---|--|---|---|--|---|-------------|
| Anderson et al. 2016 Australia | To identify relevant apps for academic evaluation, synthesize a checklist for app quality and reliability, and propose a method for evaluating app usability. | checklist | | Chronic Diseases | NA | Disease Checklist; MARS | | Researcher | Heuristic evaluation [2]; TAM [3] | Development |
| 2019 | To understand the interaction of the users with the ActEarly mobile app to improve its usability. | Cross-sectional user test of an app (mixed-method) | | Children milestone tracking | Health information seeking; Health tracking; Link to health system | Short version SUS; Qualitative think aloud | Usability | User | NR | NA |
| Báez Gutiérrez et al. 2022 Spain | hematological malignancies | cross-sectional study to review available apps | | Hematologic malignancy | NA | | classification & rating | Researcher | | NA |
| Bauer et al. 2018 USA | To describe the design, development, and deployment of a mobile system to support Collaborative Care. | App development and evaluation | | Posttraumat. stress or bipolar disorder | Health information seeking; Health tracking; Link to health system | Qualitative open- | Usability; Usability and functionality | User & Researcher | Principles for digital development [5] | Development |
| Ben-Mussa et al. 2018 UK | To evaluate the most popular medical apps in the UK for compliance with the Health On the Net (HON) Foundation principles. | Cross-sectional review of existing apps | Android & iOS | | NA | Modified HON Foundation principles | Information quality | User | HON based on widely accepted ethical principles [6] | |
| Bennion et al. 2019 UK | To evaluate apps that were identified as being used or recommended by the National Health Service. | Cross-sectional review of existing apps | NA | Mental Health | NA | criteria | academic involvement, | Developers, National Health Service | NR | NA |
| Bentvelsen et al. 2021 Netherlands | To obtain an overview and evaluate available apps for prevention of health care-associated infections. | Scoping review | iOS | Prevention of health care- associated infections | NA | Functionality categories by | Quality classification & rating; Functionality | Researcher | NR | NA |

| Bining et al. 2022 Canada | To evaluate the quality, usefulness, therapeutic potential, and security of | | Android & iOS | Cancer caregiver | NA | MARS | Quality classification & rating | Researcher | NR | NA |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|---|---|--------------------------|---|-------------|
| | publicly available apps to support unpaid cancer caregivers. | | | | | | | | | |
| Birkhoff et al.2018 USA | To examine the usability and acceptability of a health tracking app. | Longitudinal user test of an app (mixed-method) | Android & iOS | Oncology patients on radiation treatments | Health tracking; Link to health system | Quantitative survey; Qualitative open- ended questions | Usability and usability | User | TAM [3] | Evaluation |
| Biviji et al. 2021 USA | To assess user experience, perceived benefits, and general feedback on maternal and infant health apps by analyzing publicly available user reviews. | | Android & iOS | Maternal and infant health | Health information- seeking; Self-management | Self-developed questionnaire | Content analysis | Researcher | NR | NA |
| Bosse et al. 2022 USA | To evaluate the perceived usability of existing and planned features of an app to facilitate opioid use disorder treatment. | Cross-sectional user test of an app (mixed-method) | NA | Opioid use disorder treatment | Link to health system | Self-developed questionnaire | Usefulness, usability, functionality | User | User Centered Design [7] | Development |
| Boulos et al. 2014 USA & UK | To examine the state of the art in mobile clinical and health-related apps. | | Android, Blackberry OS, iOS & Windows | NA | NA | Happtique Health App Certification Standards | Information quality, usability, performance, security, privacy | Certification company | NR | NA |
| Caballero et al. 2021 Spain | To evaluate an app that extracts contextual information from users, returns it to the server, and augments the information in the app. | App development and evaluation | Android | Pollen allergy | Health information- seeking; Health tracking; Self-management | SUS | Usability | User & researcher | NR | NA |
| Chan et al. 2015 USA | To propose criteria to assess smartphone, wearable devices and smartwatch apps for mental health. | Checklist development, not clearly reported | Android, Blackberry OS, iOS & Windows | | NA | Self-developed criteria | | (НСР) | Usefulness, usability, and infrastructure of software dimensions | Evaluation |
| Chang et al. 2020 Fiji | To transform screening tools for depression and suicide risk into app decision support for community nurses, and to evaluate efficiency, | App development and evaluation | NA | Mental Health | Self-diagnosis of health conditions | SUS | Usability | | Center for Epidemiological Studies Depression Scale (CES-D) [8]; Suicide Behaviors Questionnaire- Revised (SBQ-R) [9] | Development |

| | effectiveness, and usability. | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|------------------------------|--|---|--|---|--------------------------|--|---|
| Chirambo et al. 2021 Malawi | To explore end users perspectives of two already implemented decision support tools for community case management in Northern Malawi. | Mixed-methods study (survey and individual interviews) | Android | Access to health care services in marginalized communities | Health information- seeking; Self-diagnosis of health conditions | MARS | Quality classification & rating | НСР | (MARS) | Evaluation |
| Choi et al. 2018 USA | To identify and assess the functionalities of available apps to support sleep self-management. | Cross-sectional review of existing apps | Android, iOS & Windows | Sleep | NA | | Quality classification & rating; Functionality | Researcher | NR | NA |
| Collins 2019 USA | To explore nurses' willingness to adopt secure apps and their perception of ease of use. | Cross-sectional survey | NA | NA | NA | Intention to Use survey | Intention to use | НСР | TAM [3] | Evaluation |
| Cruz Zapata et al. 2018 Spain & Morocco | To propose a software requirement catalogue for the development or evaluation of mHealth apps. | Catalogue development by SIREN (SImple REuse of software requiremeNts) methodology | NA | NA | NA | Usability on mobile health applications- specifications | Usability | Developer and auditor | ISO/IEC/IEEE 29148:2011 [10]; SIREN [11] | SIREN: Development ISO: Evaluation |
| Davalbhakta et al. 2020 India | To provide an overview of mobile apps around COVID-19 and an assessment of their functions and quality. | Systematic Review | NA | COVID-19 | NA | MARS | Quality classification & rating | Researcher | NR | NA |
| Davis et al. 2017 USA | To critique existing apps using criteria and health literacy guidelines. | Cross-sectional review of existing apps | iOS | Parenting | NA | Patient Education Materials Assessment Tool | Information quality | Researcher | NR | NA |
| Dubov et al. 2021 USA | To test feasibility, usability, user engagement and satisfaction of an evidence-informed suicide prevention app. | Qualitative interviews and focus groups | NA | Suicide prevention among transgender persons | Health tracking; Self-management | Interview guide adapted from SUS and Standardized User Experience Percentile Rank Questionnaire | Usability; User experience | User | Meyer Minority Stress framework [12] | Development |
| Dunn Lopez et al. 2021 USA | To determine readability, types of functions, and linkage to authoritative sources of evidence for self-care | Observational cross-sectional study to review available apps | Android & iOS | Heart failure patients | NA | Self-developed questionnaire | Readability, functionality, evidence base | Researcher | ТАМ | Evaluation |

| | focused apps for heart failure patients. | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|------------------|--|---|---|--|----------------------|--|------------|
| East-Richard et al. 2018 Canada | neuropsychology. | review of existing apps | iOS & Windows | or neuro- psychological assessment | NA | des conseillers/ ères d'orientation et des psychoédu- cateurs/rices du Québec (OCCOPPQ) questionnaire | quality | Researcher | practice (OCCOPPQ) and standards for mobile device interfaces [13]; Operating system design guidelines [14-16] | Evaluation |
| Egan et al. 2022 UK | To test feasibility, acceptability and usability of a digital health app for caregivers to improve physical activity. | user test of an app | | | Health information- seeking; Self-management | Self-developed questionnaire | Feasibility, usability, acceptability | User | Transtheoretical model of behavior change [17]; extended UTAUT (UTAUT2) [18] | Evaluation |
| Ehrler et al. 2018 Switzerland | the BEDSide Mobility | Cross-sectional user test of an app (mixed-method) | Android | NA | | SUS; Qualitative think aloud & eye- tracking | Usability | НСР | NR | NA |
| Eisner et al. 2019 UK | | App development and evaluation | NA | Psychosis relapse | Health tracking | Self-developed criteria | Acceptability | User | NR | NA |
| Fijacko et al. 2021 Slovenia | To evaluate the quality of apps that include mortality prediction models. | cross-sectional study to review available apps | iOS | prediction | Self-diagnosis of health conditions | | Engagement, functionality, aesthetics, information quality | НСР | NR | NA |
| Forman et al. 2019 USA | loss app. | Longitudinal user test of an app (quantitative survey) | | Dietary lapses | | Acceptance Model Scale | Satisfaction, perceived usefulness, usability, technical problems | User | TAM [3] | Evaluation |
| Fuller- Tyszkiewicz et al. 2018 Australia | personalized, self- | Longitudinal user test of an app (mixed-method) | NA | Depression | Health information seeking; Health tracking; Self-management | SUS; Qualitative open- ended questions | Usability | User & researcher | NR | NA |

| Gartenberg et al. 2013 USA | To describe the development of an app for insomnia treatment that is easy to use and has a high perceived benefit. | App development and evaluation | iOS | Insomnia and sleep-related problems | Self-management | Hierarchical Task Analysis, User satisfaction evaluation survey | identification | Developer & user | Goals, Operators, Methods, and Selection rules (GOMS) modeling method [19]; Cognitive Behavior Therapy (CBT) [20] | Evaluation |
|--|---|---|--|---|---|--|--|-----------------------|---|-------------|
| Goetz et al. 2017 Germany | To analyze perceptions and requirements for pregnancy apps from patients' perspective and their impact on daily clinical routine. | Qualitative interviews | NA | Pregnancy | NA | criteria | Usability, acceptability, impact on HCP- patient interaction | User | NR | NA |
| Gomes et al. 2022 Portugal | To present the results of performed usability tests for both web and mobile software applications of the Help2Care platform to train caregivers. | user test of an | NA | Caregiver training | Health information- seeking; Link to health system | questionnaire | Usability, suggestions for improvement | User | NR | NA |
| Gorini et al. 2018 Italy | To analyze variables that influence mHealth acceptance / adoption and to promote guidelines for future resources and apps. | Approach development, not clearly reported | Android, Blackberry OS, iOS & Windows | Chronic conditions | NA | approach | Supporting innovative and personalized ways to improve quality of care | Developer | P5 medicine [21] | Development |
| Grau et al. 2016 Spain | To develop a tool for | Review & Delphi survey | Android & iOS | NA | NA | | Popularity & interest, trust & quality, useful | User | NR | NA |
| Groen et al. 2022 Zambia & South Africa | To describe the development and feasibility assessment of a mobile screening application for detecting mental disorders among adolescents. | App development and evaluation | | Mental health problems among adolescents | Health information- seeking | | Quality classification & rating | НСР | Areas of focus for feasibility studies [22] | Evaluation |
| Guan et al. 2019 China | To develop a reliable framework to assess content and behavior change strategies of asthma apps. | Review & Delphi survey | NA | Asthma | Individual agency; Health information- seeking | assessment | Information quality, behavior change strategies, design | HCP and researcher | Asthma apps assessment framework [23] | Evaluation |
| Hammond et al. 2021 Australia | To identify psychoedu- cational social anxiety apps, report descriptive and technical | Observational cross-sectional study to review available apps | Android & iOS | People with social anxiety | NA | | Quality classification & rating | Researcher | NR | NA |

| | information and evaluate app quality. | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|--|--|------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--------------------------|--|------------|
| | To assessed the usability of a dermatology app. | Longitudinal user test of an app (quantitative survey) | Android & iOS | Skin | Health tracking | Self-developed criteria | Usability | User | NR | NA |
| 2016 USA | To assess the acceptability, usability and utility of a self- developed app to guide design considerations. | App development and evaluation | | | Social and community support; Health tracking; Self-management | SUS; Qualitative open- ended questions | Usability; Intention to use | User | NR | NA |
| 2018 USA | usability in healthy, older adults. | development and evaluation | Android | Fall risk in health older adults | Self-diagnosis of health conditions | SUS; Qualitative open- ended questions | Usability | User | NR | NA |
| 2022 Australia | To systematically review and evaluate high- quality apps for diabetes medication adherence, and present their technical features. | cross-sectional | Android & iOS | Diabetes medication adherence | NA | MARS | Quality classification & rating | Researcher | NR | NA |
| | To develop an educational mobile app and pilot test in an Indian clinical setting. | App development and evaluation | | - | Health information- seeking | MARS; User satisfaction questionnaire | Quality classification & rating; Satisfaction | User, HCP & developer | | NA |
| 2019 Australia | To evaluate the experiences, barriers and facilitators to app usage and determine recommendations to improve app use. | Qualitative interviews | | Diabetes | NA | Qualitative interview guide | Ease of use, usefulness, acceptance, aesthetics | User | TAM [3]; Factors Influencing App Use (modified from Health Belief model & Health Information Technology Acceptance Model, HITAM) ^[24] | Evaluation |
| 2016 South Korea | To develop and evaluate four apps that provide tailored nursing recommendations for metabolic syndrome management. | App development and evaluation | Android, iOS & Windows | Metabolic syndrom | Social and community support; Health tracking; Self-management | SUS; System Usability Questionnaire | Usability | Expert | NR | NA |
| Jiam et al. 2017 | To describe the development of an app used to communicate | App development and evaluation | iOS | Neuro- developmental disabilities | Peronal health tracking; Self-management; | Self-developed criteria | User interface, experience | NR | NR | NA |

| | and organize health care information. | | | | Link to health system | | | | | |
|---|--|---|------------------------------|---|--|---|--|-----------------------|---|------------|
| Jiang et al. 2022 China | To design and develop an app to provide remote Warfarin dose adjustment and to evaluate its usability | | WeChat | Warfarin dose adjustment | Health information seeking; Self-management; Link to health system | SUS | Usability | User & HCP | NR | NA |
| Jin & Kim 2015 South Korea | To develop and evaluate an evaluation tool for health apps. | App development and evaluation | NA | NA | NA | Healthcare Smartphone Applications Rating Tool | Validity, reliability | User | Three types of evaluation factors (content, technology, interface design) [25] | |
| Johnson et al. 2016 USA | | App development and evaluation | Android & iOS | | seeking | Healthcare Information and Management | Breadth of coverage, quality of evidence, usability of design | НСР | International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision (ICD-9) | Evaluation |
| Jovičić et al. 2019 Serbia, Poland & Italy | To review and evaluate existing apps to manage laboratory medicine data. | Cross-sectional review of existing apps | Android, iOS & Windows | Management of laboratory medicine data | NA | MARS | Quality classification & rating | Researcher | NR | NA |
| Kabir et al. 2021 Australia | To assess the method and software quality of foot measurement apps, and to determine their potential for use in clinical practice. | Observational cross-sectional study to review available apps | Android & iOS | Foot measurement in pedorthic | NA | FootMARS | 57 | Software developer | NR | NA |
| Kaliyadan et al. 2020 Saudi Arabia & India | To discuss categories and scientific validity of dermatology apps. | Cross-sectional review of existing apps | Android, iOS & Windows | Dermatology | NA | Unclear origin of the criteria used | App selection criteria | НСР | NR | NA |
| Karsalia & Malik 2022 USA | To evaluate the quality apps for pelvic organ prolapse and urinary incontinence, analyze user sentiment, and evaluate information understandability, quality and actionability. | Observational cross-sectional study to review available apps | Android & iOS | Pelvic organ prolapse and urinary incontinence | NA | Xcertia guidelines; DISCERN tool; Patient Education Materials Assessment Tool (PEMAT) | Operability, privacy, security, content, usability; Information quality | Researcher | NR | NA |

| Karasneh et al. 2020 Jordan | To identify and evaluate apps related to period tracking. | Systematic review | | Period tracking | NA | | Quality classification & rating | Researcher | NR | NA |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|------------------------------|--|---|---|---|-----------------------------------|---|-------------|
| | To explore barriers and enablers for the uptake and use of an app in clinical practice, identify potential adaptations, and evaluate a model for engagement. | study (quantitative surveys, qualitative focus | NA | Brain injury | Health tracking; Self-management; Link to health system | MARS; SUS | Quality | All stakeholder | Behavior Change Wheel (BCW) [26] | Development |
| Knitza et al. 2019 Germany | To provide an overview of rheumatology apps, evaluate quality and describe for patients and rheumatologists. | Cross-sectional review of existing apps | Android & iOS | Chronic rheumatic diseases | NA | | | Researcher, developer & HCP | NR | NA |
| Kwan et al. 2017 Canada | To discuss ethical issues, risks and benefits when implementing health- monitoring apps in clinical practice; and to provide guidance on health-monitoring apps. | Scoping Review | NA | Mental Health | Health tracking; Link to health system | Summary of ethical recommendation s | decision-making | НСР | Canadian Code of Ethics for Psychologists [27] | Evaluation |
| Lagan et al. 2020 USA | To evaluate the most accessible apps for bipolar disorder. | Cross-sectional review of existing apps | | Bipolar disorders | NA | criteria | Accessibility, privacy, clinical foundation, engagement, interoperability | Researcher | American Psychiatric Association's App Evaluation Framework [28] | Evaluation |
| Lalloo et al. 2017 Canada | To characterize and evaluate the content and functionality of commercial pain self- management apps. | Cross-sectional review of existing apps | Android, iOS & Windows | Postoperative Pain | NA | Self-developed | | Researcher | NR | NA |
| et al. 2022 Iran | To design and evaluate a mobile-based nutrition education application for infertile women. | development and evaluation | | Nutrition for infertile women | Health information- seeking | User Interaction Satisfaction (QUIS) [29] | Usability | User | NR | NA |
| Lao et al. 2022 China | To understand usability and satisfaction of an app to improve cardiovascular risk factors and effects of cardiac rehabilitation for patients after percutaneous coronary intervention. | Longitudinal user test of an app (qualitative interviews) | NA | Cardiac rehabilitation after percutaneous coronary intervention | Health information- seeking; Health tracking; Link to health system | Self-developed questionnaire | User experience | User | Social Cognitive Theory [30] | Development |

| Lau et al. 2021 USA | To evaluate the quality of successful apps, and the relationships between objective app quality, subjective user ratings, and evidence-based behavior change techniques. | | Android & iOS | Mental health | NA | MARS | Quality classification & rating | Researcher | NR | NA |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|------------------|---|---|--|--|------------|---|------------|
| 2018 Australia | To evaluate a newly developed app to educate and facilitate management of adolescents with epilepsy. | app (mixed-method) | iOS | Adolescents with Epilepsy | Health information- seeking; Health tracking; Link to health system | MARS | Quality classification & rating | User | NR | NA |
| Li et al. 2020 China | To evaluate postpartum depression apps available in China. | | | Postpartum depression | NA | MARS | Quality classification & rating | Researcher | NR | NA |
| Logsdon et al. 2019 USA | To develop an app prototype to increase a new mother's ability to monitor her own health. | App development and evaluation | NA | Mothers after childbirth | Health information- seeking; Health tracking | MARS | Quality classification & rating | User | NR | NA |
| Lorca-Cabrera et al. 2021 Spain | To analyze the technical and functional characteristics of apps for caregivers of chronically ill. | Observational cross-sectional study to review available apps | Android & iOS | Caregivers of patients with chronic conditions | NA | Self-developed questionnaire | Technical aspects, functionality | Researcher | NR | NA |
| Manning et al. 2021 Australia | To test feasibility, acceptability, and effectiveness of an alcohol avoidance app, and explore alcohol consumption and craving. | Longitudinal user test of an app (quantitative survey) | iOS | Alcohol consumption at hazardous levels or above | Individual agency | uMARS | Acceptablity | User | NR | NA |
| Mansson et al. 2020 Sweden | To develop a self-test app for balance and leg strength in older adults. | App development and evaluation | | Balance and leg strength in older adults | Self-diagnosis of health conditions | Qualitative think aloud & group discussions (used questions unclear) | - | Developer | Optimized Honeycomb model for user experience [31] | Evaluation |

| 2019 UK | summarize the current methods used in the usability testing of eHealth apps. | Scoping Review | | Mental health, cancer, nutrition, child health, diabetes, cardiovascular disease, HIV, smoking | | SUS; System Usability Questionnaire; TAM Questionnaire; Task Index; AdEQUATE (questionnAire for Evaluation of QUAlity in TElemedicine systems) | Usability | | NR | NA |
|--|--|---|------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|---|---|---------------------------|---|------------|
| Martinengo et al 2022 Singapore | evaluate adherence to clinical guidelines on depression of the information offered by mental health apps available in major commercial app stores. | Observational cross-sectional study to review available apps | iOS | | Health information- seeking | Self-developed questionnaire | Content analysis, technical aspects | | NR | NA |
| Martinez- Perez et al. 2013 Spain | To develop a tool to assess the Quality of Experience of mHealth apps to improve the quality of existing and new apps. | Systematic checklist development | Blackberry OS & iOS | NA | NA | Quality of Experience survey | User experience | Developer | NR | NA |
| Martinez- Perez et al. 2015 Spain | To compare two different tools for assessing the quality of the Heartkeeper mHealth app for self- management of heart diseases. | Cross-sectional review of existing apps | | and conditions | Health tracking; | Quality of Experience survey; Android guidelines by Google | User experience | Developer | NR | NA |
| McKay et al. 2018 Australia | To investigate current best practice approaches for health app evaluation. | | Blackberry OS, iOS & Windows | behavior change | | MARS; Coventry, Aber- deen & London- Revised taxono- my (CALO-RE); Flesch-Kincaid Grade Level readability formula | Quality classification & rating; Taxonomy of behavior change techniques; Content analysis | | Heuristic evaluation [2]; Behaviour change taxonomy [32] | Evaluation |
| McKay et al. 2019 Australia | To review and test healthy lifestyle apps in view of functionality and | review of | iOS | Healthy lifestyle | NA | MARS; | Quality classification & rating; | Researcher & developer | NR | NA |

| | potential to encourage behavior change. | | | | | App Behavior Change Scale (ABACUS) | Potential for behavior change | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|---|--|---|--|-----------------------|---|-------------|
| 2020 | To providing an overview of existing tinnitus apps. | Cross-sectional review of existing apps | NA | Tinnitus | NA | MARS | Quality classification & rating | User and developer | NR | NA |
| al. 2014 UK | To evaluate the evidence base and HCP involvement of apps for breast disease. | Cross-sectional review of existing apps | Android, Blackberry OS, iOS & Windows | Breast desease | NA | Self-developed criteria | Evidence base, degree of HCP involvement | Researcher | NR | NA |
| 2021 France | To explore acceptability and user experience of an app prototype for adolescents with anorexia nervosa. | App development and evaluation | NA | with anorexia nervosa | Individual agency; Health information seeking; Self-management | User Experience Questionnaire (UEQ) | User experience | User | Cognitive-behavioral therapy; Motivational interview strategies | Development |
| 2016 Lebanon | To assess acceptability of a wearable device and app to support a weight loss intervention in patients with serious mental illness. | Longitudinal user test of an app (mixed-method) | Android & iOS | | community support; Health tracking; Self-management | Adapted Usability, Satisfaction, Ease of use (USE) [33] questionnaire | Usability, satisfaction | User | National Institutes of Health (NIH) Stage Model of Behavioral Therapies Research (for study design) [34] | |
| al. 2022 Brazil | To identify and evaluate fitness apps that were used to increase the level of physical activity and improve the overall health of healthy adulty. | Observational cross-sectional study to review available apps | | Physical activity in healthy adults | NA | MARS | Quality classification & rating | Researcher | NR | NA |
| 2021 Canada | To review diabetes apps' usability, features, clinical safety of insulin calculators and evaluate the quality of exportable blood glucose reports. | Observational cross-sectional study to review available apps | Android & iOS | Diabetes mellitus type 2 | NA | MARS | Quality classification & rating | Researcher | NR | NA |
| Nicolaidou et al. 2022 Cyprus | To develop and evaluate a prototype for a gamified, theory-based mobile app to enhance undergraduate students' resilience. | App development and evaluation | NA | | Health information seeking | SUS | Usability | User | NR | NA |
| 2018 | To develop and test an app prototype for the prevention of Early Childhood Caries. | App development and evaluation | iOS | children ≤6 years | Individual agency; Health information- seeking; Health tracking; Self-management | Self-developed criteria | Usability | User | Heuristic evaluation [2] | Evaluation |

| O'Reilly & Laws 2019 Austria | To evaluate a pilot app in view of the app functionality and messaging. | user test of an app (qualitative focus groups) | iOS | gestational diabetes mellitus | community support; Health tracking | Qualitative focus groups | Functionality, information quality | Developer | NR | NA |
|------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|---|--|--|------------|------------------|------------|
| Olfert et al. 2019 USA | To examine the feasibility of a personalized nutrition tracking app. | Longitudinal user test of an app (mixed-method) | iOS | Nutrition tracking | Health tracking; Self-management; Link to health system | Unclear origin of the criteria used | NR | НСР | NR | NA |
| Oyebode et al. 2020 Canada | To determine factors positively and negatively affecting the effectiveness of mental health apps. | Cross-sectional review of existing apps | Android & iOS | Mental Health | NA | Qualitative user reviews | Identification of factors affecting effectiveness | Developer | Machine learning | Evaluation |
| Potzel et al. 2021 Germany | To develop a theory- and evidence-based mHealth intervention to change risk behaviors in women during the first 5 years post-gestational diabetes mellitus. | development and evaluation | iOS | Women after gestational diabetes mellitus | Health information- seeking; Health tracking; Self-management | SUS; uMARS | Usability; Engagement, functionality, aesthetics, information quality | User | NR | NA |
| Quinn et al. 2019 USA | To determine the usability of a mobile app in community-based older adults. | Longitudinal user test of an app (quantitative survey) | NA | Older adults (≥65 years) | Social and community support; Health tracking; Self-management; Link to health system | SUS; Modified MARS | Usability; Engagement, functionality, aesthetics | User | NR | NA |
| Reyes et al. 2018 Canada | To evaluate the quality of balance promoting apps and identify strengths and areas of concern. | review of existing apps | iOS | Balance promotion | NA | MARS | Quality classification & rating | Researcher | NR | NA |
| Ribeiro et al. 2017 Portugal | To field-test an app to promote cancer prevention behaviors. | Longitudinal user test of an app (mixed-method) | iOS | Cancer prevention behaviors | Individual agency; Health information- seeking; Health tracking; Self-management | Adapted Five Usability Factors; adapted MARS | Usability, feasibility, information quality; Usefulness | User | NR | NA |
| Rivera et al. 2016 Canada | To characterize the inclusion of evidence- based strategies, HCP involvement, and scientific evaluation of commercial apps. | review of existing apps | Android, Blackberry OS, iOS & Windows | Weight loss | NA | Self-developed criteria | Evidence-based strategies, HCP involvement, scientific evaluation | Researcher | NR | NA |

| Saeedi et al. 2016 Persia | To investigate and categorized 200 top Persian medical apps. | Cross-sectional review of existing apps | Android | NA | | Unclear origin of the criteria used | Content analysis | Researcher | NR | NA |
|-------------------------------------|---|--|---------|---|--|---|--|------------|----------------------|------------|
| Salmani et al. 2022 Iran | To develop and evaluate usability of a self- management app for patients with colorectal cancer. | | Android | Colorectal cancer | seeking; | Questionnaire for User Interaction Satisfaction (QUIS) | Usability | User | NR | NA |
| 2022 Australia | To investigate use and effectiveness of an app on depressive and anxiety symptoms, work and social functioning, safety concerns, and help seeking. | | iOS | | Health tracking | Self-developed questionnaire | Usability, acceptability | НСР | NR | NA |
| Sarzynski et al. 2017 USA | To evaluate an app for accuracy of medication dosing instructions, acceptability of user interface, and patients' medication adherence. | App development and evaluation | iOS | Medication management | Individual agency; Health information- seeking; Health tracking; Self-management | SUS; Qualitative open- ended questions | Usability; Suggestions for improvement | User | NR | NA |
| Schmidt et al. 2020 Germany | To monitor acceptance and usability of an app in patients with left ventricular assist device (LVAD). | Longitudinal user test of an app (quantitative survey) | Android | LVAD | Health tracking; Link to health system | | Acceptance, usability | User | NR | NA |
| Schults et al. 2019 Australia | To outline the evidence on the development, implementation and evaluation of apps in terms of feasibility, acceptability and impact on key pain outcomes. | Scoping Review | | Persistent pain (children and young adolescents) | NA | Unclear origin of the criteria used | Content analysis | | NR | NA |
| Scott et al. 2017 USA | To gauge interest in app use among patients after colorectal surgery and understand factors affecting patient app use at home. | Longitudinal user test of an app (mixed-method) | 5 | | Health tracking; Self-management | SUS | Usability | User | NR | NA |
| Shahmoradi et al. 2021 Iran | To develop and evaluate a self-care app for patients with urinary tract stones. | App development and evaluation | Android | Urinary tract stones | Health information- seeking; Self-management | PSSUQ | Usability, satisfaction | Expert | Heuristic evaluation | Evaluation |

| Shalan et al. 2018 UK | To develop and evaluate a prototype to promote exercise and track changes in walking ability. | App development and evaluation | | Peripheral Arterial Disease | Individual Agency; Health tracking | SUS | Usability | НСР | User Centered Design [7] | Development |
|---|---|--|------------------|--|--|--|--|------------|--|-------------|
| Shen et al. 2022 China | To develop a mobile app for technology-facilitated fluid balance monitoring and to determine its usability. | development and evaluation | | | Health-information- seeking; Health tracking | | Usability | User & HCP | NR | NA |
| Sherwin et al. 2021 USA | To examine usability and feasibility of a medication reminder app for irritable bowel syndrome. | Longitudinal user test of an app (mixed-method) | iOS | Medication adherence in irritable bowel syndrome | | USE questionnaire [33] | Usefulness, Satisfaction, Ease of use | User | NR | NA |
| 2022 USA | acceptability, feasibility and usability of a mobile- based intervention to promote physical activity in breast cancer patients. | (mixed-method) | | | Health tracking; Self-management | SUS; uMARS | Usability; Engagement, functionality, aesthetics, information quality | User | Theoretical Framework of Acceptability (TFA) | Evaluation |
| Singh et al. 2019 USA | To identify and evaluate apps across the spectrum of chronic kidney disease care. | Cross-sectional review of existing apps | Android & iOS | Chronic kidney disease | NA | Self-developed criteria | Engagment, quality, safety, cost | NR | Framework for evaluating patient engagement, quality & safety of mobile health apps [35] | Evaluation |
| Songtaweesin et al. 2021 Thailand | To adapt an app to improve pre-expostition prophylaxis adherence and persistence for young men who have sex with men (MSM) in Thailand. | Cross-sectional user test of an app (qualitative interviews and focus groups) | iOS | prophylaxis adherence for | Health information- seeking; Health tracking; Self-management | Self-developed questionniare | Suggestions for improvement | User | NR | NA |
| Soomro et al. 2019 Australia | To describe development and evaluation of the TeamDoc app regarding its design, functionality and utility. | App development and evaluation | | Cricket injury surveillance | Health tracking; Link to health system | Modified MARS user version | Quality classification & rating | User | NR | NA |
| Sudol et al. 2019 USA | To identify and evaluate patient-centered apps in female pelvic medicine and reconstructive surgery. | Cross-sectional review of existing apps | iOS | Female pelvic medicine and reconstructive surgery | NA | Modified APPLICATIONS scoring system | Content analysis | НСР | NR | NA |

| Torous et al. 2018 Australia, Canada, USA, UK | To provide a narrative review of various schemes toward app evaluations. | Narrative review | NA | Mental Health | NA | Collaborative Health App Rating Teams (CHART) | Interoperability, usability, evidence, risk / privacy / security | User, researcher, expert | American Psychiatric Association app rating framework; ASPECT [36] | Evaluation |
|---|--|---|------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--------------------------------|---|------------|
| Trecca et al. 2021 Italy | To systematically review otolaryngology apps for patients in mobile app stores and the current literature. | Observational cross-sectional study to review available apps | Android & iOS | Otolaryngolog y | NA | MARS | Quality classification & rating | Researcher | NR | NA |
| Vanderloo et al. 2021 Canada | To create a checklist to aid the members of a trial in searching, identifying, screening, and including selected eHealth resources for participant use in the study intervention. | Guidelines adaptation | | Behavior change in pediatry | NA | MARS | Quality classification & rating | Researcher | NR | NA |
| Vasiloglou et al. 2020 Switzerland | To examine the acceptability of <i>Nutrition</i> & <i>Diet</i> apps, explore feature preferences and identify predictors of acceptance. | survey | , | Nutrition and Diet | NA | Self-developed criteria | Acceptability, reliability, functionality | НСР | NR | NA |
| Vasiloglou et al. 2021 Switzerland | To explore the perspectives of end users on the features, current use, and acceptance of nutrition and diet mHealth apps. | Cross-sectional survey | | Nutrition and Diet | NA | Self-developed questionnaire | Functionality, acceptability, current use | User | NR | NA |
| Vokinger et al. 2020 Switzerland | To support critical assessment of the purposes and trustworthiness of COVID-19 apps. | Systematic Review | NA | | NA | COVID-19 smartphone and web applications framework checklist | Purpose, trustworthi-ness | User & developer | mHealth App Trustworthiness checklist [37] | Evaluation |
| Werner- Seidler et al. 2019 Australia | app. | Longitudinal user test of an app (mixed-method) | | difficulties | Health information- seeking; Health tracking; Self-management | Self-developed criteria | Acceptability | User | NR | NA |
| Winoker et al. 2021 USA | health apps available for | | Android & iOS | Kidney stone disease | NA | MARS | Quality classification & rating | Researcher | Johns Hopkins Digital Health Scorecard [38] | Evaluation |

| Wyatt et al. 2015 UK | checklist to assess | Checklist development, not clearly reported | NA | NA | NA | Royal College of Physicians Health Informatics Unit clinical app quality checklist | Structure, function, impact | | Donabedian's factors of medical care quality [39] | Evaluation |
|---|--|---|------------------------------|---|--|--|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|------------|
| Yasini & Marchand 2015 France | To evaluate if usability scores correlate with medical safety. | Cross-sectional review of existing apps | Android & iOS | NA | NA | Self-developed criteria | Usability, medical safety | User, caregiver and HCP | NR | NA |
| Yong et al. 2021 Malaysia | intervention to reduce child injury at home. | Longitudinal user test of an app (qualitative interviews) | Android | Child injury at home | Self-diagnosis of health conditions; Self-management | Self-developed questionnaire | Acceptability | User | Consolidated Framework for Implementation Research (CFIR) | Evaluation |
| Yu et al. 2021 USA | | Cross-sectional user test of an app (mixed-method) | Android | Diabetes type 2 | Health tracking; Self-management | Self-developed questionnaire | Acceptability | User | UTAUT | Evaluation |
| Zapata et al. 2014 Spain | To analyze and assess free mobile personal health records regarding privacy and security. | Systematic Review | Android & iOS | NA | NA | Self-developed criteria | Privacy, security | | Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) [40] | Evaluation |
| Zapata et al. 2015 Spain | To investigate usability evaluation processes described in studies on mHealth apps. | Systematic Review | Android, iOS & Windows | NA | NA | Quality assessment checklist | Usability | Researcher & developer | ISO/IEC 9126-1 [41] ISO/IEC 25010:2011 [42] | Evaluation |
| Zarnowiecki el al. 2020 Australia | To evaluate nutrition | Systematic Review | Android & iOS | Parents influencing children's nutrition | NA | MARS | Quality classification & rating | Researcher | NR | NA |

^aAbbreviations: BCW = Behavior Change Wheel; HCP = Health care professional; HON = Health On the Net; ISO = International Organization for Standardization; LVAD = left ventricular assist device; MARS = Mobile Application Rating Scale; MSM = men who have sex with men; NA = Not applicable; NR = Not reported; SUS = System Usability Scale; TAM = Technology Acceptance Model; UK = United Kingdom; USA = United States of America; USE = Usefulness, Satisfaction, Ease of use questionnaire

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