

Supplemental Table 1: Percentage of U.S. adults with Anxiety Alone, Depression Alone, or Co-Occurring Anxiety and Depression, grouped by Presence of Chronic Pain.

	Anxiety Alone ^o				Depression Alone ^o				Anxiety and Depression ^o			
	N [§]	95% CI	Pop. % [¶]	95% CI	N	95% CI	Pop. %	95% CI	N	95% CI	Pop. %	95% CI
No Chronic Pain	2.7	2.3, 3.0	1.4%	1.2, 1.6	2.9	2.6, 3.3	1.4%	1.2, 1.6	4.0	3.5, 4.4	2.0%	1.8, 2.3
Chronic Pain	1.9	1.6, 2.2	3.8%	3.2, 4.4	3.7	3.3, 4.1	7.5%	6.6, 8.2	6.3	5.7, 6.8	12.6%	11.6, 13.6
<i>Lower-Impact CP</i>	1.1	0.8, 1.3	3.4%	2.7, 4.2	1.6	1.3, 1.9	5.0%	4.2, 5.8	2.1	1.8, 2.4	6.5%	5.6, 7.4
<i>High-Impact CP</i>	0.8	0.6, 1.0	4.5%	3.5, 5.4	2.1	1.8, 2.5	11.7%	10.5, 13.3	4.2	3.8, 4.6	23.3%	21.3, 25.3
^o Denotes clinically significant symptoms of anxiety without depression, depression without anxiety, or both anxiety and depression. [§] N = national prevalence, reported in millions of U.S adults. [¶] Pop. % = national prevalence as a proportion of the U.S. adult general population. Data Source: National Center for Health Statistics, National Health Interview Survey, 2019												

Supplemental Table 2. Prevalence of functional impacts among U.S. adults with chronic pain (CP) only, anxiety/depression symptoms (A/D) only, and co-occurring symptoms.

	Work limited due to health problems (millions)				Difficulty doing errands alone (millions)				Difficulty with social participation (millions)			
	N [§]	95 CI	Pop. % [¶]	95 CI	N	95 CI	Pop. %	95 CI	N	95 CI	Pop. %	95 CI
Neither CP Nor A/D[°] symptoms	25.5	24.1, 26.9	13.9%	13.2, 14.5	7.1	6.5, 7.7	3.9%	3.6, 4.2	7.5	6.8, 8.1	4.1%	3.7, 4.4
CP only	16.1	15.2, 16.9	42.2%	40.5, 44.0	5.5	5.0, 6.0	14.4%	13.2, 15.6	6.0	5.5, 6.6	15.9%	14.6, 17.1
A/D symptoms only	3.4	3.0, 3.8	35.9%	32.5, 39.2	2.2	1.9, 2.6	23.4%	20.4, 26.4	3.4	3.0, 3.8	35.7%	32.1, 39.2
Co- occurring symptoms	8.3	7.7, 8.9	69.4%	66.8, 72.1	5.2	4.7, 5.7	43.7%	40.7, 46.6	6.6	6.1, 7.2	55.7%	52.9, 58.6

[°]A/D defined as clinically significant symptoms of anxiety, depression, or both.
[§]N = national prevalence, reported in millions of U.S adults.
[¶]Pop. % = national prevalence as a proportion of the U.S. adult general population.

Data Source: National Center for Health Statistics, National Health Interview Survey, 2019