RED-S in dance - follow up Delphi questionnaire

Dear respondent,

Thank you for your commitment to the RED-S in dance consensus project. The consensus day was a great success with lots a great discussion and information to gather from the expert panel. Following the Nominal Group Technique we were able to table new suggestions for RED-s management solutions, think of new questions and to identify areas of future research.

The aim of this questionnaire is to identify follow on from the consensus meeting and review the same set of questions that did not reach consensus last round. This time the difference is we have re-worded some of the questions or we have added new ones for further clarification of some concepts. The objective being that we have even more answers to questions reach consensus automatically through this process.

Like before, please if you could answer all questions to the best of your ability. The scoring scale is a 5 point Likert scale from 'strongly disagree' to 'neutral' to 'strongly agree'.

Where you do not feel comfortable answering because certain questions may be outside your scope of practice or experience please check the box 'out of scope'.

Please know that in this questionnaire we refer to RED-S (relative energy deficiency in sport) as RED-D (relative energy deficiency in dance) to reflect the unique environments and demands of dance warranting its own management framework approach and title.

Thank you very much for your participation!

Section 1 - Questionairres and RED-D

This next set of questions pertains to the use of questionnaires or surveys in the screening and diagnosis of RED-D

| 1 |
|-----------------------|
| Please type your name |
| |
| |

Are the following questionnaires useful in supporting a clinical diagnosis in suspected RED-D patients (within the dance population)?

| | Strongly Disagree | Disagree | Neutral | Agree | Strongly agree | Out o scope |
|---|----------------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Eating disorder examination questionnaire (EDE-Q) | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |
| Low energy availability in females questionnaire (LEAF-Q) | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |
| Low energy availability in males questionnaire (LEAM-Q) | \circ | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |
| Female athlete screening tool (FAST) | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |
| Dance- specific energy availability questionnaire (DEAQ) | | | | \bigcirc | | \bigcirc |
| Brief eating disorder in athletes questionnaire (BEDA-Q) | \circ | \circ | \bigcirc | \circ | \circ | \circ |

The following questionnaires are appropriate for use in routine screening/profiling of dancers to help identify early identification asymptomatic or unreported RED-D?

| | Strongly Disagree | Disagree | Neutral | Agree | Strongly agree | Out o |
|---|----------------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------------|------------|
| Eating disorder examination questionnaire (EDE-Q) | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \circ |
| Low energy availability in females questionnaire (LEAF-Q) | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |
| Low energy availability in males questionnaire (LEAM-Q) | \bigcirc | \circ | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |
| Female athlete screening tool (FAST) | \circ | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \circ | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |
| Dance- specific energy availability questionnaire (DEAQ) | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |
| Brief eating disorder in athletes questionnaire (BEDA-Q) | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \circ | \circ |

SECTION 2 - RED-D management

This next set of questions pertain to the management of RED-D

| 4 Do you agre consideratio | | | | s one of the | e primary | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------|------------|------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|
| | Strongly Disagree | Disagree | Neutral | Agree | Strongly agree | Out of scope |
| Answer | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |
| 5 Do you agre consideratio | n in RED-D r Strongly | managemen | t? | | Strongly | Out of |
| | Disagree | Disagree | Neutral | Agree | agree | scope |
| Answer | | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |

| Do you agre to energy de | | | | | iirements rela n RED-S case | |
|------------------------------|----------------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| | Strongly Disagree | Disagree | Neutral | Agree | Strongly agree | Out of scope |
| Answer | | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | \bigcirc |
| | | | | | | |
| 7 | | | | | | |
| Increasing e menstrual cy | | | amental to r | restoring a | normal | |
| | Strongly Disagree | Disagree | Neutral | Agree | Strongly agree | Out of scope |
| Answer | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |
| | | | | | | |
| 8 | | | | | | |
| Use of the o managemen | | otive pill sho | ould not be o | considered | in the | |
| | Strongly | | | | Strongly | Out of |
| | Disagree | Disagree | Neutral | Agree | agree | scope |
| Answer | | | | | | |

| 9 | | | | | | |
|--------|-----------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------------|--------------|
| | sdermal oesti management | | | | | me |
| | Strongly Disagree | Disagree | Neutral | Agree | Strongly agree | Out of scope |
| Answer | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |
| | selective cas an appropria | | | | | |
| | Strongly Disagree | Disagree | Neutral | Agree | Strongly agree | Out of scope |
| Answer | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |
| | , in selective of ist is an appro | | | | | nce |
| | Strongly Disagree | Disagree | Neutral | Agree | Strongly agree | Out of scope |
| Answer | | \bigcirc | | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |

Answer

| 12 | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|-------------------|--------------|
| Use of insuli restoring bo | | | | ate and eff | ïcacious way | of |
| | Strongly Disagree | Disagree | Neutral | Agree | Strongly agree | Out of scope |
| Answer | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |
| | | | | | | |
| 13 | | | | | | |
| Structured rebone health? | esistance tra ? | ining can be | an effective | e strategy to | o promote g | ood |
| | Strongly Disagree | Disagree | Neutral | Agree | Strongly agree | Out of scope |
| Answer | \bigcirc | | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | \bigcirc |
| | | | | | | |
| 14 | | | | | | |
| Vitamin D su daily dose to | | | | y (or equiva | alent) is the b | oest |
| | Strongly Disagree | Disagree | Neutral | Agree | Strongly agree | Out of scope |

In Vit D deficiency, do you agree that the deficiency restoring dose needs more research?

| | Strongly Disagree | Disagree | Neutral | Agree | Strongly agree | Out o |
|--------|----------------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------------|------------|
| Answer | | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |

16

Do you agree that the risk management table outlined in the IOC consensus update Mountjoy et al (2014) needs adaptation for use in dance?

| High risk: no start red light | Moderate risk: caution yellow light | Low risk: green light |
|--|---|--|
| Anorexia nervosa and other serious eating disorders Other serious medical (psychological and physiological) conditions related to low energy availability Extreme weight loss techniques leading to dehydration induced haemodynamic instability and other life-threatening conditions | ➤ Prolonged abnormally low % body fat measured by DXA or anthropometry using The International Society for the Advancement of Kinanthropometry ISAK- ¹¹ or non-ISAK approaches ^{1,4} ➤ Substantial weight loss (5–10% body mass in 1 month) ➤ Attenuation of expected growth and development in adolescent athlete | Healthy eating habits with appropriate energy availability |
| ne-uncatening conducts | ▶ Abnormal menstrual cycle: FHA amenorrhoea >6 months ▶ Menarche >16 years ▶ Abnormal hormonal profile in men | Normal hormonal and metabolic function |
| | Reduced BMD (either from last measurement or Z-score < -1 SD). History of 1 or more stress fractures associated with hormonal/menstrual dysfunction and/or low EA | Healthy BMD as expected for sport, age and ethnicity Healthy musculoskeletal system |
| | Athletes with physical/psychological complications related to low EA/ disordered eating - ECG abnormalities- Laboratory abnormalities | |
| | Prolonged relative energy deficiency Disordered eating behaviour negatively affecting other team members Lack of progress in treatment and/or non-compliance | |

| | Strongly Disagree | Disagree | Neutral | Agree | Strongly agree | Out of scope |
|--------|----------------------|----------|------------|-------|-------------------|--------------|
| Answer | | | \bigcirc | | | |

Do you agree that the decision making process outlined in the IOC consensus update Mountjoy et al (2014) needs adaptation for use in dance?

| Steps | Risk modifiers | Criteria | Red-S-specific criteria |
|--|----------------------|---|--|
| Step 1 Evaluation of health status | Medical factors | Patient demographics Symptoms Medical history Signs Laboratory tests Psychological health Potential seriousness | Age, sex (see Yellow light column of table 1) Recurrent dieting, menstrual health, bone health Weight loss/fluctuations, weakens Hormones, electrolytes, ECG and DSA Depression, anxiety, disordered eating/eating disord Abnormal hormonal and metabolic function Stress fracture |
| Step 2 Evaluation of participation risk | Sport risk modifiers | Type of sport Position played Competitive level | Weight sensitive, leanness sport Individual vs team sport Elite vs Re-creational |
| Step 3 Decision modification | Decision modifiers | Timing and season Pressure from sthlete External pressure Conflict of interest Fear of litigation | In/out of season, travel, environmental factors Desire to compete Coach, team owner, athlete family and sponsors If restricted from competition |

| | Strongly Disagree | Disagree | Neutral | Agree | Strongly agree | Out of scope |
|--------|----------------------|----------|---------|-------|-------------------|--------------|
| Answer | | | | | | |

Section 3 - Diagnosis of RED-D

The next questions pertain to the diagnosis of RED-D in dancers

18

Diagnosis of RED-D is considered a diagnosis of exclusion and requires multiple measures. Functional hypothalamic amenorrhea can be present in RED-D females. Endocrinological blood tests are an effective tool to understand potential causes?

| | Strongly Disagree | Disagree | Neutral | Agree | Strongly agree | Out of scope |
|---|----------------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------------|--------------|
| Answer | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |
| | | | | | | |
| 19 | | | | | | |
| Functional hy Gynaecologic structural cau | cal ultrasour | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | Strongly Disagree | Disagree | Neutral | Agree | Strongly agree | Out of scope |
| Answer | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |
| | | | | | | |

| Bone stress injuries can present in RED-D patients. Bone biochemistry |
|---|
| assessment, including 25-Hydroxy Vitamin D, calcium, phosphorus, alkaline |
| phosphatase, and albumin is an important tool after any bone stress |
| episodes? |

| episodes. | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------------|--------------|
| | Strongly Disagree | Disagree | Neutral | Agree | Strongly agree | Out of scope |
| Answer | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |
| | | | | | | |
| 21 | | | | | | |
| Bone stress i assessment o | | | | | | |
| | Strongly Disagree | Disagree | Neutral | Agree | Strongly agree | Out of scope |
| Answer | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | \bigcirc |
| | | | | | | |
| 22 | | | | | | |
| Bone stress i assessment s | | | | | | , |
| | Strongly Disagree | Disagree | Neutral | Agree | Strongly agree | Out of scope |
| Answer | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |
| | | | | | | |

Answer

| 23 | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|---------------------------|--------------|
| Due to lack of and balance D? | | | | | | |
| | Strongly Disagree | Disagree | Neutral | Agree | Strongly agree | Out of scope |
| Answer | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |
| | | | | | | |
| 24 | | | | | | |
| Due to lack oused to help | | | | daily basis | should not b | e |
| , | | 3 | | | | |
| | Strongly Disagree | Disagree | Neutral | Agree | Strongly agree | Out of scope |
| Answer | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| 25 | | | | | | |
| 25 Inadequate o | quality of sle | eep can be a | ssociated wi | ith RED-D a | and enquiring | 9 |
| | | | | | and enquiring | 9 |
| Inadequate o | | | | | and enquiring Strongly | Out of |

| 26 | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|------------|-------------|------------|-------------------|------------|
| Reduced libidiagnosis? | do can be a | symptom of | f RED-D and | can suppo | ort a clinical | |
| | Strongly Disagree | Disagree | Neutral | Agree | Strongly agree | Out o |
| Answer | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |
| 27 | | | | | | |
| Dental asses periodontal o D? | | | | | | RED- |
| | Strongly Disagree | Disagree | Neutral | Agree | Strongly agree | Out o |
| Answer | \bigcirc | | | | \bigcirc | |
| 28 | | | | | | |
| Bradycardia investigation | | | | | oe a useful | |
| | Strongly Disagree | Disagree | Neutral | Agree | Strongly agree | Out o |
| Answer | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |

Assessment of basal metabolic rate is a valid method of identifying dancers with RED-D?

| | Strongly Disagree | Disagree | Neutral | Agree | Strongly agree | Out or scope |
|--------|----------------------|------------|------------|-------|-------------------|--------------|
| Answer | | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | | \bigcirc | |

Section 4 - Blood analysis and RED-D

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It is good practice to use blood markers to screen for nutritional deficiency, low energy availability and bone health issues once or twice a year in asymmetric dancers. The tests that may be requested are **FBC**, **Ferritin**, **B12**, **Folate**, **ESR**, **Renal function**, **Liver function**, **TSH**, **Free T4**, **LH**, **Oestradiol**, **testosterone**, **FSH**, **Free T3**, **prolactin**, **25 Hydroxy-Vitamin D**.

| | Strongly Disagree | Disagree | Neutral | Agree | Strongly agree | Out of scope |
|--------|----------------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------------|--------------|
| Answer | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |
| 31 | | | | | | |

If you were considering RED-D as a differential diagnosis in someone with a clinical presentation, the blood tests that should be ordered are the same as in the previous questions but you may also decide to add other tests that include **bone biochemistry, serum iron, transferrin and magnesium?**

| | Strongly Disagree | Disagree | Neutral | Agree | Strongly agree | Out of scope |
|--------|----------------------|----------|------------|-------|-------------------|--------------|
| Answer | | | \bigcirc | | | \bigcirc |

| Section | \ F | | Lint | hor | | uestions |
|---------|-----|---|------|--------|---|----------|
| 26600 | ı | _ | uιι | י וטוו | Ų | uestions |

Please make use of the boxes below if you have feedback or further suggestions regarding the sections and questions above

| 32 |
|--|
| Please if you have any feedback regarding questionnaires use the text box below |
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| |
| 33 |
| Please if you have any feedback regarding management of RED-D use the text box below |
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| |
| 34 |
| Please if you have any feedback regarding diagnosis of RED-D use the text box below |
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| 35 |
|---|
| Please if you have any feedback regarding blood analysis and RED-D use the text box below |
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| |
| 36 |
| Please if you have any feedback regarding areas of future research or anu other suggestions please use the text box below |
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