

Reporting Summary

Nature Portfolio wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Portfolio policies, see our [Editorial Policies](#) and the [Editorial Policy Checklist](#).

Statistics

For all statistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.

n/a Confirmed

- The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement
- A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly
- The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided
Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.
- A description of all covariates tested
- A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons
- A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)
- For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. F , t , r) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and P value noted
Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.
- For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings
- For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes
- Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d , Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated

Our web collection on [statistics for biologists](#) contains articles on many of the points above.

Software and code

Policy information about [availability of computer code](#)

Data collection

Brain tissues included in this study were obtained from the archives of the Departments of Neuropathology of the Amsterdam UMC and the UMC Utrecht. For the RNA isolation, human tissue was homogenized in 700 μ l Qiazol Lysis Reagent. Total RNA including the microRNA (miRNA) fraction was isolated using the miRNeasy Mini Kit according to the manufacturer's instructions. The concentration and purity of RNA was determined at 260/280 nm using a Nanodrop spectrophotometer and RNA integrity was assessed using a Bioanalyser 2100. Only samples with RNA integrity number (RIN) equal or greater than 6.0 were used for sequencing.

All library preparation and sequencing were performed by GenomeScan. The NEBNext Ultra II Directional RNA Library Prep Kit for Illumina was used to process the samples. Sample preparation was performed according to the protocol 'NEBNext Ultra II Directional RNA Library prep Kit for Illumina. mRNA was isolated from total RNA using oligo-dT magnetic beads. After fragmentation of mRNA, cDNA synthesis was performed. Sequencing adapters were ligated to the cDNA fragments followed by polymerase chain reaction amplification. Clustering and DNA-sequencing was performed using the NovaSeq6000 in accordance with manufacturers' guidelines. All samples underwent paired-end sequencing of 150 nucleotides in length; the mean read depth per sample was 47 million reads.

Data analysis

FASTQC v0.11.8, MultiQC v1.7, BBDUK v38, Salmon v0.11.3 were used for alignment of the FASTQ reads. For the data analyses, R statistical software, version 4.1.0 was used to perform all analyses using both publicly available R packages (tximport, edgeR, limma, stats, adegenet, gg dendro, hclust, lme4, WGCNA, factoextra) and internal code.

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Portfolio [guidelines for submitting code & software](#) for further information.

Data

Policy information about [availability of data](#)

All manuscripts must include a [data availability statement](#). This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A description of any restrictions on data availability
- For clinical datasets or third party data, please ensure that the statement adheres to our [policy](#)

The data generated in this study are provided in the Supplementary Information/Source Data file. The data generated in this study are available through the Gene Expression Omnibus at <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/geo> with accession number GSE256068.

Research involving human participants, their data, or biological material

Policy information about studies with [human participants or human data](#). See also policy information about [sex, gender \(identity/presentation\), and sexual orientation](#) and [race, ethnicity and racism](#).

Reporting on sex and gender	<i>Sex and gender were considered in this study design. A correlation analysis was performed to find any possible association of the gene modules with gender. The first table and supplementary table describe the patient gender distribution or information.</i>
Reporting on race, ethnicity, or other socially relevant groupings	N/A
Population characteristics	The following co-variables were considered to described the populations of interest: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Diagnosis: patient pathology diagnosis (TLE-HS, FCD2a, FCD2b, TSC) - HS classification: classification of hippocampal sclerosis subtypes (based on international ILAE guidelines) - Gender: gender of the patients - Age (years): age at time operation for epilepsy patients or age at autopsy for post mortem controls - Average seizure frequency (months): average number of seizure in the last month before surgery
Recruitment	Brain tissues included in this study were obtained from the archives of the Departments of Neuropathology of the Amsterdam UMC (Amsterdam, The Netherlands) and the UMC Utrecht (Utrecht, The Netherlands).
Ethics oversight	All procedures received prior approval by the local ethics committee of the contributing medical centers (science committee of the BioBank and Medical Ethical Committee, Amsterdam UMC - protocol number: 21-174). and were conducted in accordance with the guidelines for good laboratory practice of the European Commission and in accordance with the Declaration of Helsinki and the Amsterdam UMC Research Code.

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

Field-specific reporting

Please select the one below that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.

- Life sciences Behavioural & social sciences Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences

For a reference copy of the document with all sections, see nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf

Life sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Sample size	No power calculations were performed prior to sample collection. Based on Srivastava et al. (2018) where the methodology was develop, minimum 20 samples are required to perform the coexpression modules analyses in the epilepsy cohorts. Across the pathologies, different samples were that were age and sex-matched: Control cortex, n = 14, control hippocampus, n = 13, mTLE n = 64, FCD IIa n = 17, FCD IIb n = 22, TSC n = 21. While FCD2a didn't reach sufficient samples numbers to construct the coexpression modules due to the difficulty of obtaining samples from such young patients, these samples were still included to perform the overall comparison and analyses of mTORopathies (FCD2a, FCD2b, TSC).
Data exclusions	For the transcriptomics, sample inclusion/exclusion was determined based on independent technical covariates; library preparation batch, number of fragments, number of mapped reads, area of resection). Outliers are samples that had values > 2SD from the mean in each cohort patient samples and associated control samples. In addition, principal component analyses was used to identify impact of remaining technical covariates and, if relevant, used as basis to exclude samples to ensure that technical covariates and variability don't impact the conclusions of the analyses.
Replication	The availability of human epilepsy and post mortem brain samples are highly limiting and didn't allow a replicate cohort. To assess reproducibility and robustness of the identified coexpression modules, a bootstrapping leave-one-out method was applied.

Randomization *No randomization was part of this analyses as there had been no separation in experimental or treatment groups. Instead, analyses were performed by pathology using all patient samples available*

Blinding *This research didn't include experimental or treatment groups and therefore didn't require blinding.*

Behavioural & social sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Study description *Briefly describe the study type including whether data are quantitative, qualitative, or mixed-methods (e.g. qualitative cross-sectional, quantitative experimental, mixed-methods case study).*

Research sample *State the research sample (e.g. Harvard university undergraduates, villagers in rural India) and provide relevant demographic information (e.g. age, sex) and indicate whether the sample is representative. Provide a rationale for the study sample chosen. For studies involving existing datasets, please describe the dataset and source.*

Sampling strategy *Describe the sampling procedure (e.g. random, snowball, stratified, convenience). Describe the statistical methods that were used to predetermine sample size OR if no sample-size calculation was performed, describe how sample sizes were chosen and provide a rationale for why these sample sizes are sufficient. For qualitative data, please indicate whether data saturation was considered, and what criteria were used to decide that no further sampling was needed.*

Data collection *Provide details about the data collection procedure, including the instruments or devices used to record the data (e.g. pen and paper, computer, eye tracker, video or audio equipment) whether anyone was present besides the participant(s) and the researcher, and whether the researcher was blind to experimental condition and/or the study hypothesis during data collection.*

Timing *Indicate the start and stop dates of data collection. If there is a gap between collection periods, state the dates for each sample cohort.*

Data exclusions *If no data were excluded from the analyses, state so OR if data were excluded, provide the exact number of exclusions and the rationale behind them, indicating whether exclusion criteria were pre-established.*

Non-participation *State how many participants dropped out/declined participation and the reason(s) given OR provide response rate OR state that no participants dropped out/declined participation.*

Randomization *If participants were not allocated into experimental groups, state so OR describe how participants were allocated to groups, and if allocation was not random, describe how covariates were controlled.*

Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Study description *Briefly describe the study. For quantitative data include treatment factors and interactions, design structure (e.g. factorial, nested, hierarchical), nature and number of experimental units and replicates.*

Research sample *Describe the research sample (e.g. a group of tagged *Passer domesticus*, all *Stenocereus thurberi* within Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument), and provide a rationale for the sample choice. When relevant, describe the organism taxa, source, sex, age range and any manipulations. State what population the sample is meant to represent when applicable. For studies involving existing datasets, describe the data and its source.*

Sampling strategy *Note the sampling procedure. Describe the statistical methods that were used to predetermine sample size OR if no sample-size calculation was performed, describe how sample sizes were chosen and provide a rationale for why these sample sizes are sufficient.*

Data collection *Describe the data collection procedure, including who recorded the data and how.*

Timing and spatial scale *Indicate the start and stop dates of data collection, noting the frequency and periodicity of sampling and providing a rationale for these choices. If there is a gap between collection periods, state the dates for each sample cohort. Specify the spatial scale from which the data are taken*

Data exclusions *If no data were excluded from the analyses, state so OR if data were excluded, describe the exclusions and the rationale behind them, indicating whether exclusion criteria were pre-established.*

Reproducibility *Describe the measures taken to verify the reproducibility of experimental findings. For each experiment, note whether any attempts to repeat the experiment failed OR state that all attempts to repeat the experiment were successful.*

Randomization *Describe how samples/organisms/participants were allocated into groups. If allocation was not random, describe how covariates were controlled. If this is not relevant to your study, explain why.*

Blinding *Describe the extent of blinding used during data acquisition and analysis. If blinding was not possible, describe why OR explain why blinding was not relevant to your study.*

Did the study involve field work? Yes No

Field work, collection and transport

Field conditions	<i>Describe the study conditions for field work, providing relevant parameters (e.g. temperature, rainfall).</i>
Location	<i>State the location of the sampling or experiment, providing relevant parameters (e.g. latitude and longitude, elevation, water depth).</i>
Access & import/export	<i>Describe the efforts you have made to access habitats and to collect and import/export your samples in a responsible manner and in compliance with local, national and international laws, noting any permits that were obtained (give the name of the issuing authority, the date of issue, and any identifying information).</i>
Disturbance	<i>Describe any disturbance caused by the study and how it was minimized.</i>

Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.

Materials & experimental systems

n/a	Involved in the study
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Antibodies
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Eukaryotic cell lines
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Palaeontology and archaeology
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Animals and other organisms
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Clinical data
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Dual use research of concern
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Plants

Methods

n/a	Involved in the study
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> ChIP-seq
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Flow cytometry
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> MRI-based neuroimaging

Antibodies

Antibodies used	SP-1 (SP-1, rabbit monoclonal, Abcam, ab124804, 1:200) and KMD1A/LSD1 (KMD1A/LSD1 rabbit polyclonal, Cell Signaling Technology, Cat#2139S, 1:200). NeuN (mouse monoclonal, clone MAB377; Chemicon, Temecula, CA, USA; 1:2,000), glial fibrillary acidic protein (GFAP; mouse monoclonal, clone GA5, Sigma-Aldrich, St. Louis, MO, USA; 1:4,000) and HLA-DP/DR/DQ (HLA-II, mouse monoclonal, clone CR3/43, Agilent Technologies, Santa Clara, CA, USA; 1:100) antibodies. SOX10 (rabbit monoclonal, Cell Marque, 383R-16 EP268, 1:200)
Validation	<p>Immunohistochemistry (IHC) was performed to validate the antibodies used.</p> <p>- SP-1 (SP-1, rabbit monoclonal, Abcam, EPR6662(B), ab124804, Lot#: GR3281146-2, 1:200) references can be found: https://www.abcam.com/products/primary-antibodies/sp1-antibody-epr6662b-ab124804.html (in section: "References (27)").</p> <p>- KMD1A/LSD1 (rabbit polyclonal, Cell Signaling Technology, Cat#2139S, Lot#: 2, 1:200) references can be found: https://www.cellsignal.com/products/primary-antibodies/lcd1-antibody/2139 (in section: "Product Citations (95)").</p> <p>- NeuN (mouse monoclonal, clone A60, MAB377; Chemicon, Temecula, CA, USA) references can be found: https://www.merckmillipore.com/NL/en/product/Anti-NeuN-Antibody-clone-A60,MM_NF-MAB377?ReferrerURL=https%3A%2F%2Fwww.google.com%2F#anchor_REF (in section: "References").</p> <p>- Glial fibrillary acidic protein (GFAP; mouse monoclonal, clone GA5, Sigma-Aldrich, St. Louis, MO, USA) can be found: https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/NL/en/product/sigma/g3893 (in section: "PEER REVIEWED PAPERS").</p> <p>- HLA-DP/DR/DQ (HLA-II, mouse monoclonal, clone CR3/43, M0775, Agilent Technologies, Santa Clara, CA, USA) can be found: https://www.agilent.com/cs/library/packageinsert/public/103892005.PDF (in section: "Referenties").</p> <p>- SOX10 (SOX10, rabbit monoclonal, Cell Marque, 383R-16, EP268, Lot#: 0000209147, 1:200) can be found: https://www.cellmarque.com/antibodies/CM/2199/SOX-10_EP268 (in section: "References").</p>

Palaeontology and Archaeology

Specimen provenance Provide provenance information for specimens and describe permits that were obtained for the work (including the name of the issuing authority, the date of issue, and any identifying information). Permits should encompass collection and, where applicable, export.

Specimen deposition Indicate where the specimens have been deposited to permit free access by other researchers.

Dating methods If new dates are provided, describe how they were obtained (e.g. collection, storage, sample pretreatment and measurement), where they were obtained (i.e. lab name), the calibration program and the protocol for quality assurance OR state that no new dates are provided.

Tick this box to confirm that the raw and calibrated dates are available in the paper or in Supplementary Information.

Ethics oversight Identify the organization(s) that approved or provided guidance on the study protocol, OR state that no ethical approval or guidance was required and explain why not.

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

Clinical data

Policy information about [clinical studies](#)

All manuscripts should comply with the ICMJE [guidelines for publication of clinical research](#) and a completed [CONSORT checklist](#) must be included with all submissions.

Clinical trial registration Provide the trial registration number from ClinicalTrials.gov or an equivalent agency.

Study protocol Note where the full trial protocol can be accessed OR if not available, explain why.

Data collection Describe the settings and locales of data collection, noting the time periods of recruitment and data collection.

Outcomes Describe how you pre-defined primary and secondary outcome measures and how you assessed these measures.

Dual use research of concern

Policy information about [dual use research of concern](#)

Hazards

Could the accidental, deliberate or reckless misuse of agents or technologies generated in the work, or the application of information presented in the manuscript, pose a threat to:

No	Yes	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Public health
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	National security
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Crops and/or livestock
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Ecosystems
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any other significant area

Experiments of concern

Does the work involve any of these experiments of concern:

No	Yes	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Demonstrate how to render a vaccine ineffective
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Confer resistance to therapeutically useful antibiotics or antiviral agents
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Enhance the virulence of a pathogen or render a nonpathogen virulent
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Increase transmissibility of a pathogen
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Alter the host range of a pathogen
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Enable evasion of diagnostic/detection modalities
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Enable the weaponization of a biological agent or toxin
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any other potentially harmful combination of experiments and agents

Plants

Seed stocks	Report on the source of all seed stocks or other plant material used. If applicable, state the seed stock centre and catalogue number. If plant specimens were collected from the field, describe the collection location, date and sampling procedures.
Novel plant genotypes	Describe the methods by which all novel plant genotypes were produced. This includes those generated by transgenic approaches, gene editing, chemical/radiation-based mutagenesis and hybridization. For transgenic lines, describe the transformation method, the number of independent lines analyzed and the generation upon which experiments were performed. For gene-edited lines, describe the editor used, the endogenous sequence targeted for editing, the targeting guide RNA sequence (if applicable) and how the editor was applied.
Authentication	Describe any authentication procedures for each seed stock used or novel genotype generated. Describe any experiments used to assess the effect of a mutation and, where applicable, how potential secondary effects (e.g. second site T-DNA insertions, mosaicism, off-target gene editing) were examined.

ChIP-seq

Data deposition

- Confirm that both raw and final processed data have been deposited in a public database such as [GEO](#).
- Confirm that you have deposited or provided access to graph files (e.g. BED files) for the called peaks.

Data access links <i>May remain private before publication.</i>	For "Initial submission" or "Revised version" documents, provide reviewer access links. For your "Final submission" document, provide a link to the deposited data.
Files in database submission	Provide a list of all files available in the database submission.
Genome browser session (e.g. UCSC)	Provide a link to an anonymized genome browser session for "Initial submission" and "Revised version" documents only, to enable peer review. Write "no longer applicable" for "Final submission" documents.

Methodology

Replicates	Describe the experimental replicates, specifying number, type and replicate agreement.
Sequencing depth	Describe the sequencing depth for each experiment, providing the total number of reads, uniquely mapped reads, length of reads and whether they were paired- or single-end.
Antibodies	Describe the antibodies used for the ChIP-seq experiments; as applicable, provide supplier name, catalog number, clone name, and lot number.
Peak calling parameters	Specify the command line program and parameters used for read mapping and peak calling, including the ChIP, control and index files used.
Data quality	Describe the methods used to ensure data quality in full detail, including how many peaks are at FDR 5% and above 5-fold enrichment.
Software	Describe the software used to collect and analyze the ChIP-seq data. For custom code that has been deposited into a community repository, provide accession details.

Flow Cytometry

Plots

- Confirm that:
- The axis labels state the marker and fluorochrome used (e.g. CD4-FITC).
- The axis scales are clearly visible. Include numbers along axes only for bottom left plot of group (a 'group' is an analysis of identical markers).
- All plots are contour plots with outliers or pseudocolor plots.
- A numerical value for number of cells or percentage (with statistics) is provided.

Methodology

Sample preparation	Describe the sample preparation, detailing the biological source of the cells and any tissue processing steps used.
Instrument	Identify the instrument used for data collection, specifying make and model number.
Software	Describe the software used to collect and analyze the flow cytometry data. For custom code that has been deposited into a community repository, provide accession details.

Cell population abundance

Describe the abundance of the relevant cell populations within post-sort fractions, providing details on the purity of the samples and how it was determined.

Gating strategy

Describe the gating strategy used for all relevant experiments, specifying the preliminary FSC/SSC gates of the starting cell population, indicating where boundaries between "positive" and "negative" staining cell populations are defined.

Tick this box to confirm that a figure exemplifying the gating strategy is provided in the Supplementary Information.

Magnetic resonance imaging

Experimental design

Design type

Indicate task or resting state; event-related or block design.

Design specifications

Specify the number of blocks, trials or experimental units per session and/or subject, and specify the length of each trial or block (if trials are blocked) and interval between trials.

Behavioral performance measures

State number and/or type of variables recorded (e.g. correct button press, response time) and what statistics were used to establish that the subjects were performing the task as expected (e.g. mean, range, and/or standard deviation across subjects).

Acquisition

Imaging type(s)

Specify: functional, structural, diffusion, perfusion.

Field strength

Specify in Tesla

Sequence & imaging parameters

Specify the pulse sequence type (gradient echo, spin echo, etc.), imaging type (EPI, spiral, etc.), field of view, matrix size, slice thickness, orientation and TE/TR/flip angle.

Area of acquisition

State whether a whole brain scan was used OR define the area of acquisition, describing how the region was determined.

Diffusion MRI

 Used

 Not used

Preprocessing

Preprocessing software

Provide detail on software version and revision number and on specific parameters (model/functions, brain extraction, segmentation, smoothing kernel size, etc.).

Normalization

If data were normalized/standardized, describe the approach(es): specify linear or non-linear and define image types used for transformation OR indicate that data were not normalized and explain rationale for lack of normalization.

Normalization template

Describe the template used for normalization/transformation, specifying subject space or group standardized space (e.g. original Talairach, MNI305, ICBM152) OR indicate that the data were not normalized.

Noise and artifact removal

Describe your procedure(s) for artifact and structured noise removal, specifying motion parameters, tissue signals and physiological signals (heart rate, respiration).

Volume censoring

Define your software and/or method and criteria for volume censoring, and state the extent of such censoring.

Statistical modeling & inference

Model type and settings

Specify type (mass univariate, multivariate, RSA, predictive, etc.) and describe essential details of the model at the first and second levels (e.g. fixed, random or mixed effects; drift or auto-correlation).

Effect(s) tested

Define precise effect in terms of the task or stimulus conditions instead of psychological concepts and indicate whether ANOVA or factorial designs were used.

Specify type of analysis:

Whole brain

ROI-based

Both

Statistic type for inference

Specify voxel-wise or cluster-wise and report all relevant parameters for cluster-wise methods.

(See [Eklund et al. 2016](#))

Correction

Describe the type of correction and how it is obtained for multiple comparisons (e.g. FWE, FDR, permutation or Monte Carlo).

Models & analysis

- n/a | Involved in the study
- Functional and/or effective connectivity
 - Graph analysis
 - Multivariate modeling or predictive analysis

Functional and/or effective connectivity

Report the measures of dependence used and the model details (e.g. Pearson correlation, partial correlation, mutual information).

Graph analysis

Report the dependent variable and connectivity measure, specifying weighted graph or binarized graph, subject- or group-level, and the global and/or node summaries used (e.g. clustering coefficient, efficiency, etc.).

Multivariate modeling and predictive analysis

Specify independent variables, features extraction and dimension reduction, model, training and evaluation metrics.