Supplemental Online Content

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This supplemental material has been provided by the authors to give readers additional information about their work.

eMethods. Additional details on data source and participants, measures, and analysis.

Data Source and Participants

The current study uses data from the 2023 Monitoring the Future study (MTF), an annual cross-sectional nationally representative classroom-based survey of US youth that uses a complex multistage sampling design. In 2023, there were 11,282 total 12th grade students enrolled at participating MTF schools, of which 9,619 students were expected for participation because their classroom was selected to take part in the study. Among the 7,604 non-absent survey completers (79.1% response rate), 2,533 were randomly assigned to receive delta-8-THC use questions. After excluding 347 students with past-12-month delta-8-THC or marijuana use missing data, the final analytic sample had 2,186 students (see eFigure 2).

Measures

Participants reported the number of occasions they used delta-8-THC and marijuana in the past 12-months in separate questions with forced choice response options (0, 1-2, 3-5, 10-19, 20-39, and 40+ occasions); questions were based on MTF assessments of past-year use of other substances that have been successfully used extensively in prior MTF years. As this was the first time MTF assessed delta-8-THC, students were randomly assigned 1:1 to receive one of two delta-8-THC questions, asking on how many occasions they had taken, "...delta 8 THC to get high?" or "...delta-8 to get high? It comes from hemp and is put in gummies or is vaped." Because prevalence estimates for the two questions did not significantly differ (11.0%[95%CI:7.8 to 14.2] and 11.7%[95%CI:8.4 to 15.0], respectively), the two random subsamples of the overall analytic sample of 2,186 students were combined for analyses.

Demographic factors were measured using separate self-report items with forced choice response options assessing sex (male, female, other sex or prefer not to answer), race/ethnicity (Hispanic [Chicano, Cuban, Puerto Rican, other Hispanic], Asian American, White, Multiracial [more than one race/ethnicity selected], and all other race/ethnicities [American Indian, Native Hawaiian, Middle Eastern]), and parental education (college education, no college education). Census region (West, South, Northeast, Midwest) and cannabis policy variables were classified for each student based on the state where their school was located. State-level delta-8-THC policies were coded as having regulations (i.e., state has regulations that either ban or restrict the sale of delta-8-THC products in some form) vs. no delta-8-THC legislation at all. State-level policies for adult-use marijuana were coded as legal vs. not legal. Policy exposure variables were classified as of January 1st, 2023 (6 weeks before data collection commenced). Cannabis policies were identified based on information available from state government agency websites (e.g., health departments and cannabis control bureaus), including legislative text and government memorandums; eTable 1 provides details on state policy classifications and eTable 2 provides sources used to derive classifications.

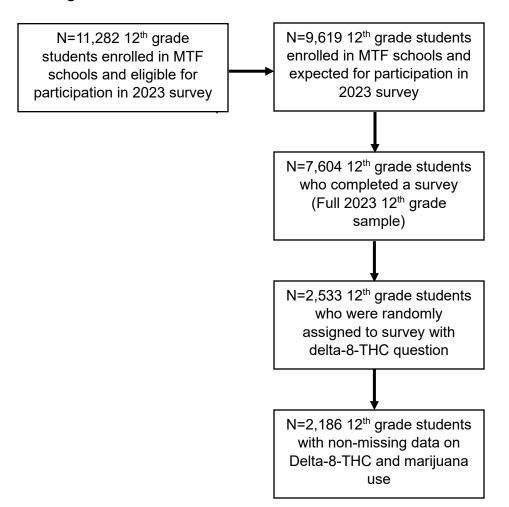
Analysis

When examining the association of each correlate (sex, race/ethnicity, parental education, census region, state-level delta-8-THC policies, state-level marijuana legalization) with delta-8-THC and marijuana use, we used the category with the largest N as the reference group. Models adjusted for individual-level sociodemographic factors (sex, race/ethnicity, and parental education). We did not mutually adjust for census region, state-level delta-8-THC policies, and state-level cannabis legalization in the same models given high collinearity. For categorical exposure variables with 3+ groups, we also identified cases in which a paring of two non-referent groups from the initial analysis differed based on outcome prevalence estimates with non-overlapping 95% CIs.

eFigure 1. Images of Example Delta-8-THC Products and Marketing



eFigure 2. Consort Diagram



eTable 1. State-Level Policy Classifications for Delta-8-THC and Adult-Use Marijuana Legalization

State	Delta-8 Regulation as of 1/1/23 ^a	Delta-8 Regulation as of 1/1/22 ^b	Adult-Use Marijuana as of 1/1/23 ^a	Adult-Use Marijuana as of 1/1/22 ^b	Included in 2023 MTF Survey ^c	Census- Region
Alabama	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Legal	Not Legal	Yes	South
Alaska	Banned	Banned	Legal	Legal	No	West
Arizona	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Legal	Legal	Yes	West
Arkansas	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Legal	Not Legal	No	South
California	Regulated	Regulated	Legal	Legal	Yes	West
Colorado	Banned	Banned	Legal	Legal	No	West
Connecticut	Regulated	Regulated	Legal	Legal	No	Northeast
Delaware	Banned	Banned	Not Legal	Not Legal	No	Northeast
Florida	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Legal	Not Legal	Yes	South
Georgia	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Legal	Not Legal	Yes	South
Hawaii	Banned	Regulated	Not Legal	Not Legal	No	West
Idaho	Banned	Banned	Not Legal	Not Legal	No	West
Illinois	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Legal	Legal	Yes	Midwest
Indiana	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Legal	Not Legal	Yes	Midwest
lowa	Regulated	Regulated	Not Legal	Not Legal	No	Midwest
Kansas	Regulated	Regulated	Not Legal	Not Legal	No	Midwest
Kentucky	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Legal	Not Legal	Yes	South
Louisiana	Regulated	Regulated	Not Legal	Not Legal	Yes	South
Maine	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Legal	Legal	Yes	Northeast
Maryland	Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Legal	Not Legal	No	South
Massachusetts	Banned	Not Regulated	Legal	Legal	No	Northeast
Michigan	Regulated	Regulated	Legal	Legal	Yes	Midwest
Minnesota	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Legal	Not Legal	Yes	Midwest
Mississippi	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Legal	Not Legal	No	South
Missouri	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Legal	Not Legal	Yes	Midwest
Montana	Banned	Banned	Legal	Legal	Yes	West
Nebraska	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Legal	Not Legal	No	Midwest
Nevada	Banned	Banned	Legal	Legal	No	West
New Hampshire	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Legal	Not Legal	No	Northeast
New Jersey	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Legal	Legal	No	Northeast
New Mexico	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Legal	Legal	No	West
New York	Banned	Banned	Legal	Legal	Yes	Northeast
North Carolina	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Legal	Not Legal	Yes	South
North Dakota	Banned	Banned	Not Legal	Not Legal	No	Midwest
Ohio	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Legal	Not Legal	Yes	Midwest
Oklahoma	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Legal	Not Legal	Yes	South
Oregon	Banned	Not Regulated	Legal	Legal	Yes	West
Pennsylvania	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Legal	Not Legal	Yes	Northeast
Rhode Island	Banned	Banned	Legal	Not Legal	No	Northeast

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State	Delta-8 Regulation as of 1/1/23 ^a	Delta-8 Regulation as of 1/1/22 ^b	Adult-Use Marijuana as of 1/1/23 ^a	Adult-Use Marijuana as of 1/1/22 ^b	Included in 2023 MTF Survey ^c	Census- Region
South Carolina	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Legal	Not Legal	Yes	South
South Dakota	Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Legal	Not Legal	No	Midwest
Tennessee	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Legal	Not Legal	Yes	South
Texas	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Legal	Not Legal	Yes	South
Utah	Banned	Banned	Not Legal	Not Legal	No	West
Vermont	Banned	Banned	Legal	Legal	Yes	Northeast
Virginia	Regulated	Not Regulated	Legal	Legal	No	South
Washington	Banned	Banned	Legal	Legal	Yes	West
Washington, D.C.	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Legal	Legal	No	South
West Virginia	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Legal	Not Legal	Yes	South
Wisconsin	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Legal	Not Legal	Yes	Midwest
Wyoming	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Legal	Not Legal	No	West

^aStates with regulations prior to January 1, 2023 were included in the primary analysis. ^bStates with regulations prior to January 1, 2022 were included in the sensitivity analysis. ^cReports whether state was included in 2023 MTF survey (and thus included in the current study).

eTable 2. Sources of State Policy Classifications for States with Delta-8-THC and/or Adult-Use Marijuana Legalization by January 1st, 2023

State	Delta-8-THC Policy Source ^a	Marijuana Legalization Source ^b
Alaska	Senate Bill 27	Ballot Measure 2 (FAQ from Div. of Public Health)
Arizona	n/a	Proposition 207
California	Assembly Bill 45	Proposition 64
Colorado	Memo from Dept. of Health	Amendment 64
Connecticut	Attorney General Press Release	Senate Bill 1201
Delaware	Title 16	n/a
Hawaii	Dept. of Health Rules Chapter 11-850	n/a
Idaho	House Bill 126	n/a
Illinois	n/a	House Bill 1438
	Dept. of Health and Human Services Consumable Hemp Program	n/a
Iowa	<u>Iowa Code Chapter 204</u>	
	Iowa Administrative Code 641, Chapter 156	
Kansas	Attorney General opinion	n/a
Louisiana	House Bill 640	n/a
	House Bill 758	
Maine	n/a	<u>LD 1719</u>
Maryland	Senate Bill 788	n/a
Massachusetts	Memo from Dept. of Agriculture	Cannabis Control Commission Legislation
Michigan	House Bill 4517	Michigan Regulation and Taxation of Marihuana Act
	Statement Cannabis Regulatory Agency	
Missouri	n/a	FAQs from Dept. of Health
Montana	State Controlled Substances List	FAQs from Cannabis Control Division
Nevada	Senate Bill 49	Recreational Marijuana in Nevada Fact Sheet
New Jersey	n/a	Cannabis Regulatory Commission Information
New Mexico	n/a	Cannabis Regulation Act
New York	Press Release Office of Cannabis Management	Marihuana Regulation & Taxation Act
North Dakota	House Bill 1045	n/a
Oregon		Control, Regulation, and Taxation of Marijuana and Industrial
	House Bill 3000	Hemp Act
Rhode Island	House Bill 5151	Rhode Island Cannabis Act
South Dakota	House Bill 1292	n/a
Utah	Senate Bill 105	n/a
		<u>H.511</u>
Vermont		<u>S.54</u>
\ r \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Statement from Agency of Agriculture Food and Markets	Cannabis Control Board Laws, Rules, and Regulations
Virginia	Press Release from Dept. of Agriculture and Consumer Services	Virginia Cannabis Control Authority FAQ
Washington	Policy Statement Liquor and Cannabis Board	Initiative 501 Information from the Liquor and Cannabis Board
Washington, D.C.	n/a	Initiative 71

^aCross-checked with https://cbdoracle.com/news/policy/delta-8-thc-legal/ ^bCross-checked with https://cbdoracle.com/news/policy/delta-8-thc-legal/ ^bCross-checked with https://cbdoracle.com/news/policy/delta-8-thc-legal/ ^bCross-checked with https://cbdoracle.com/news/policy/delta-8-thc-legal/ ^bCross-checked with https://www.ncsl.org/civil-and-criminal-justice/cannabis-overview and <a href="https://www.ncsl.org/civil-and-criminal-justice/cannabis-o

eTable 3. Distribution of number of occasions used delta-8-THC and marijuana use among youth who reported past 12-month use

Number of Occasions Used in Past 12-months	Delta-8-THC Use	Marijuana Use	
	Column % (95%CI) ^a	Column % (95%CI)b	
1 to 2 times	31.9 (24.6 to 39.2)	28.3 (23.9 to 32.6)	
3 to 5 times	21.9 (16.1 to 27.7)	13.4 (16.9 to 3.5)	
6 to 9 times	10.8 (5.7 to 16.0)	8.7 (6.4 to 11.0)	
10 to 19 times	10.5 (5.4 to 15.5)	12.5 (7.4 to 17.6)	
20 to 39 times	8.1 (4.5 to 11.6)	9.0 (6.4 to 11.7)	
40+ times	16.8 (11.0 to 22.6)	28.0 (24.4 to 31.7)	

^aIncludes n=295 participants who reported using delta-8-THC at least once in the past 12 months

blncludes n=651 participants who reported using marijuana use at least once in the past 12 months

eTable 4. Policy Correlates of Delta-8-THC and Marijuana Use in US 12th Graders in 2023: Stricter Cutoff for Date of Regulation (n=2,186)

	Past 12-month Delta-8 Use		Past 12-month Marijuana Use		
	Row % (95%CI) (weighted)	Risk Difference (95%CI)	Row % (95%CI) (weighted)	Risk Difference (95%CI)	
Legal Status of Adult-Use Marijuana					
Marijuana not legal	14.1 (10.5 to 17.7)	Reference	29.4 (25.5 to 33.3)	Reference	
Marijuana legal ^a	7.3 (4.4 to 10.1)	-6.9 (-11.5 to -2.3)	32.0 (24 to 39.9)	2.6 (6.3 to 11.5)	
Legal Status of Delta-8-THC					
Delta-8-THC regulated ^b	5.7 (2.9 to 8.5)	-8.5 (-12.7 to -4.2)	30.8 (22.2 to 39.4)	0.6 (-8.9 to 10.1)	
No delta-8-THC legislation	14.2 (11.0 to 17.4)	Reference	30.2 (26.1 to 34.3)	Reference	

^aStates with adult-use marijuana legalization prior to January 1st, 2022: Arizona, California, Illinois, Maine, Michigan, Montana, New York, Oregon, Vermont, Washington

^bStates where Delta-8-THC was regulated prior to January 1st, 2022: California, Louisiana, Michigan, Montana, New York, Vermont, Washington

eTable 5. Association of Delta-8-THC Policy with Delta-8-THC and Marijuana Use in US 12th Graders in 2023: Three-level policy variable (n=2,186)

	Past 12-month	n Delta-8 Use	Past 12-month N	Marijuana Use		
	Row % (95%CI) (weighted)	Risk Difference (95%CI)	Row % (95%CI) (weighted)	Risk Difference (95%CI)		
Legal Status of Delta-8-THC						
Banned ^a	5.3 (0.4 to 10.2)	-9.1 (-15.0 to -3.2)	34.9 (25.6 to 44.2)	4.6 (-5.6 to 14.8)		
Restricted ^b	6.1 (2.8 to 9.3)	-8.3 (-12.3 to -3.6)	27.6 (17.6 to 37.5)	-2.7 (-13.5 to 8.1)		
No Legislation ^c	14.4 (11.1 to 17.6)	Reference	30.3 (26.1 to 34.5)	Reference		

^aMTF-included states where delta-8-THC was banned prior to January 1st, 2023: Montana, New York, Oregon, Vermont, Washington; includes 14.5%(95%CI: 2.1-26.9) of full sample.

^bMTF-included states where delta-8-THC was restricted prior to January 1st, 2023: California, Louisiana, Michigan; includes 20.3%(95%CI: 3.3-37.3) of full sample. ^cMTF-included states with no delta-8-THC legislation prior to January 1st, 2023: Alabama, Arizona, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Minnesota, Missouri, North Carolina, Ohio, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, West Virginia, Wisconsin; includes 65.2%(95%CI: 49.5-81.0) of full sample.