Supporting Information

Dehydration of Niclosamide Monohydrate Polymorphs: Different Mechanistic Pathways to the Same Product

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Figure S2. DSC curves of heat flow vs. temperature for H_A samples that were (A) ground with a mortar and pestle and (B) unground. DSC samples were heated at 5 °C/min to 250 °C in aluminum pans with unsealed lids.

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Figure S11. sPXRD of three different ground batches of H_B compared against the PXRD patterns of HB and F1 simulated from the single crystal structures. (left) A zoomed view of the region where high intensity peaks would be expected if F1 was present in the samples.

Figure S12. Hot-stage microscopy optical images of H_B ramped at 5 °C/min from room temperature to 150 °C. At approximately 95 °C dark spots begin to appear across the surface until 140 °C whereupon optical changes can no longer be observed. Scale bar = $100 \ \mu m$.

Figure S13. (left) Calculated BFDH morphology and (right) top ten slip planes12calculated using the CSD-Particle module in the Cambridge Structural Database. Noneof the calculated slip planes correspond to the natural faces.

Figure S14. Schematic of packing in H_B and F1. Each NCL molecule is colored so that the nitrophenyl ring is orange and the phenol ring is light blue. Water molecules in H_B are dark blue.



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	40 °C	45 °C	50 °C
Nucleation Models			
1D growth of nuclei (Avrami-Erofeyev Eq, $n = 2$) (A2)	0.99525	0.99487	0.99584
2D growth of nuclei (Avrami-Erofeyev Eq, $n = 3$) (A3)	0.98554	0.98414	0.98482
3D growth of nuclei (Avrami-Erofeyev Eq, $n = 4$) (A4)	0.97760	0.97573	0.97624
Random nucleation (Prout-Tompkins Eq) (B1)	0.98836	0.98719	0.98794
Power law $(n = 1/2)$ (P2)	0.93286	0.92775	0.92840
Power law $(n = 1/3)$ (P3)	0.91164	0.90591	0.90649
Power law $(n = 1/4)$ (P4)	0.89966	0.89360	0.89415
Geometrical Contraction Models			
2D phase boundary (Contracting area) (R2)	0.99701	0.99687	0.99800
3D phase boundary (Contracting volume) (R3)	0.99688	0.99788	0.99906
Diffusion Models			
1D diffusion (D1)	0.99194	0.99307	0.99419
2D diffusion (D2)	0.97794	0.98209	0.98305
3D diffusion (Jander Eq) (D3)	0.93565	0.94428	0.94470
3D Diffusion (Ginstling-Brounshtein Eq) (D4)	0.96644	0.97206	0.97287
Reaction Order Models			
Zero-order (R1)	0.97565	0.97243	0.97339
First-order (F1)	0.98393	0.98746	0.98865
Second-order (F2)	0.85251	0.86649	0.86627
Third-order (F3)	0.66572	0.69136	0.68855

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40 °C 45 °C 50 °C Nucleation Models 1D growth of nuclei (Avrami-Erofeyev Eq, n = 2) (A2) 0.99551 0.98342 0.98556 2D growth of nuclei (Avrami-Erofeyev Eq, n = 3) (A3) 0.98544 0.96816 0.97131 3D growth of nuclei (Avrami-Erofeyev Eq, n = 4) (A4) 0.97800 0.95825 0.96199 Random nucleation (Prout-Tompkins Eq) (B1) 0.98756 0.97178 0.97473 Power law (n = 1/2) (P2) 0.95525 0.92620 0.93163 Power law (n = 1/3) (P3) 0.93763 0.90561 0.91217 Power law (n = 1/4) (P4) 0.89409 0.92753 0.90125 **Geometrical Contraction Models** 2D phase boundary (Contracting area) (R2) 0.99919 0.99180 0.99289 3D phase boundary (Contracting volume) (R3) 0.99909 0.99573 0.99642 **Diffusion Models** 1D diffusion (D1) 0.98996 0.99368 0.99312 2D diffusion (D2) 0.97509 0.98915 0.98804 3D diffusion (Jander Eq) (D3) 0.97073 0.94598 0.97205 0.98349 3D Diffusion (Ginstling-Brounshtein Eq) (D4) 0.96649 0.98471 **Reaction Order Models** Zero-order (R1) 0.98851 0.96955 0.97224 First-order (**F1**) 0.99300 0.99786 0.99794 Second-order (F2) 0.92988 0.95964 0.95921 Third-order (F3) 0.82239 0.87390 0.87413

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