

Supplementary data

Statistics

Figure1 Statistics

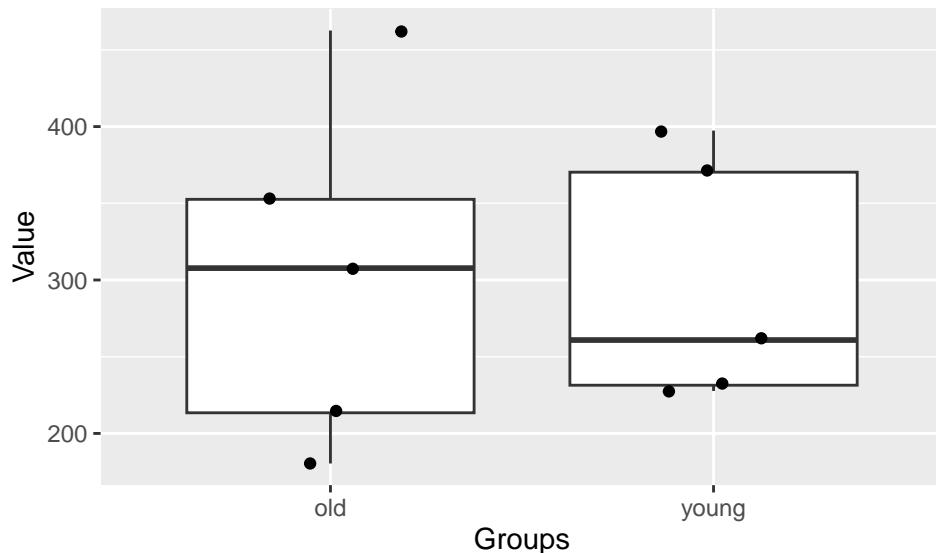
Fig1_B.OCR_Basal Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame': 10 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
## $ group  : chr "young" "young" "young" "young" ...
## $ OCR    : num 231 261 370 228 397 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = 0.094143, df = 7.2265, p-value = 0.9276
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group old and group young is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -139.8266 151.4989
## sample estimates:
## mean in group old mean in group young
## 303.3615 297.5253
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.928  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

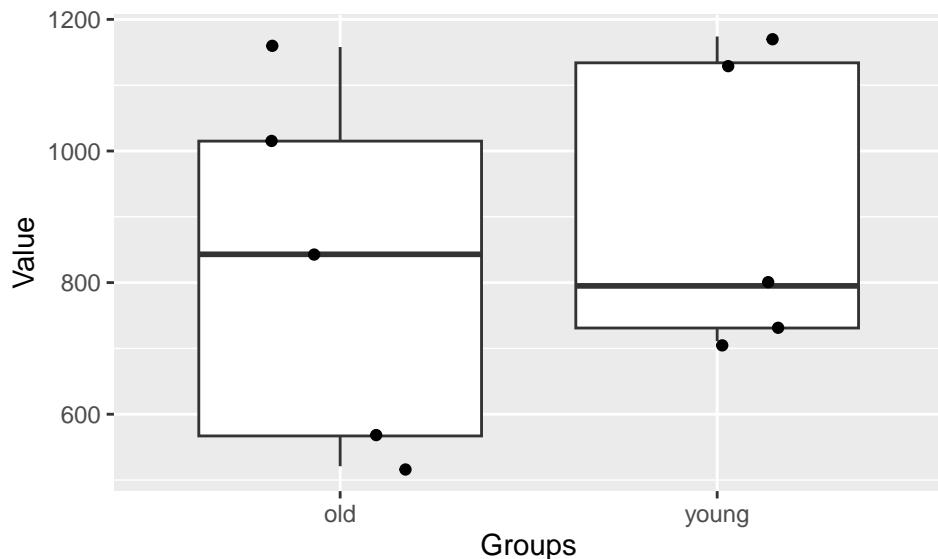
Fig1_B.OCR_State3 Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame': 10 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
## $ group : chr "young" "young" "young" "young" ...
## $ OCR   : int 711 795 1134 731 1174 521 1015 843 567 1158
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = -0.55182, df = 7.6964, p-value = 0.5967
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group old and group young is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -459.3239 282.9239
## sample estimates:
## mean in group old mean in group young
## 820.8 909.0
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.597  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

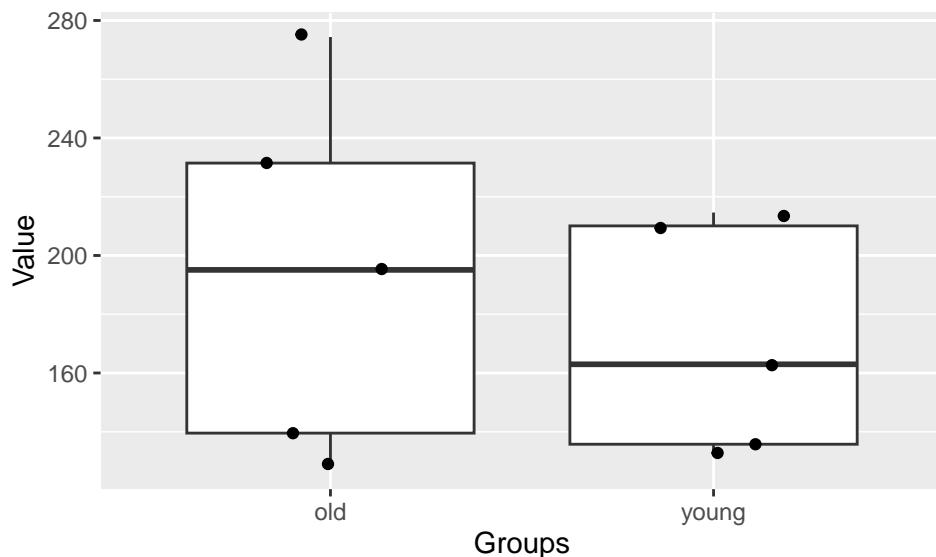
Fig1_B.OCR_State4o Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame': 10 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
## $ group  : chr "young" "young" "young" "young" ...
## $ OCR    : num 136 163 210 133 215 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = 0.68558, df = 6.7975, p-value = 0.5157
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group old and group young is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -55.40384 100.26434
## sample estimates:
## mean in group old mean in group young
## 193.6555      171.2252
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.516  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

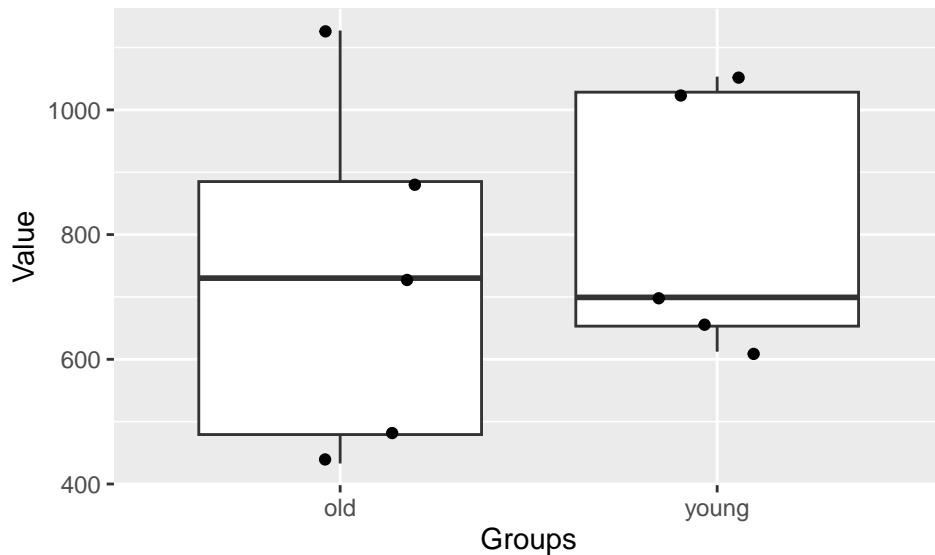
Fig1_B.OCR_State3u Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame': 10 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
## $ group  : chr "young" "young" "young" "young" ...
## $ OCR    : num 612 699 1028 653 1053 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = -0.48781, df = 7.3754, p-value = 0.6399
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group old and group young is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -454.2312 297.5413
## sample estimates:
## mean in group old mean in group young
## 730.9431 809.2881
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.64  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

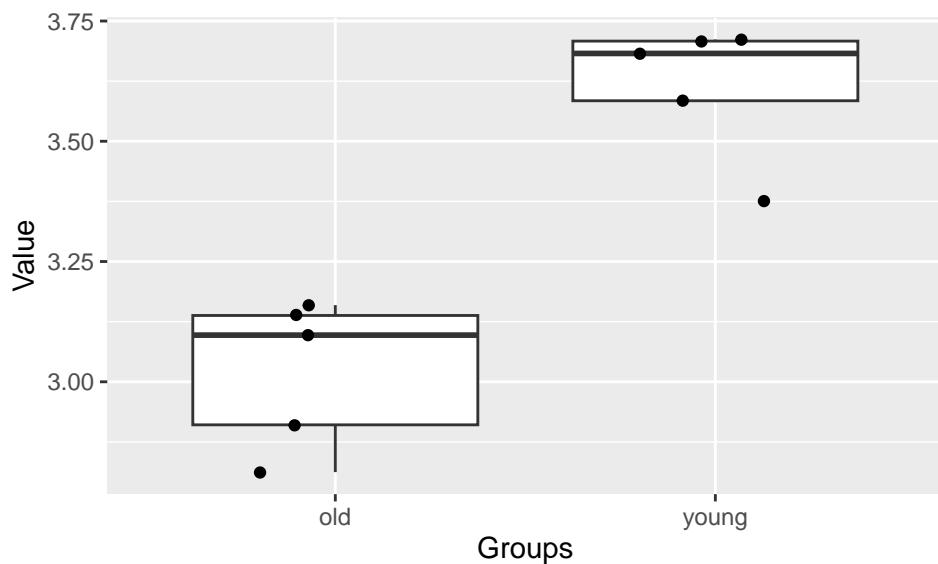
Fig1_C.RCR Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame': 10 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
## $ group  : chr "young" "young" "young" "young" ...
## $ RCR    : num 3.58 3.38 3.71 3.71 3.68 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = -6.3079, df = 7.948, p-value = 0.0002372
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group old and group young is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.8049616 -0.3736136
## sample estimates:
## mean in group old mean in group young
## 3.023421          3.612708
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0  
## A statistically significant difference exist between groups
```

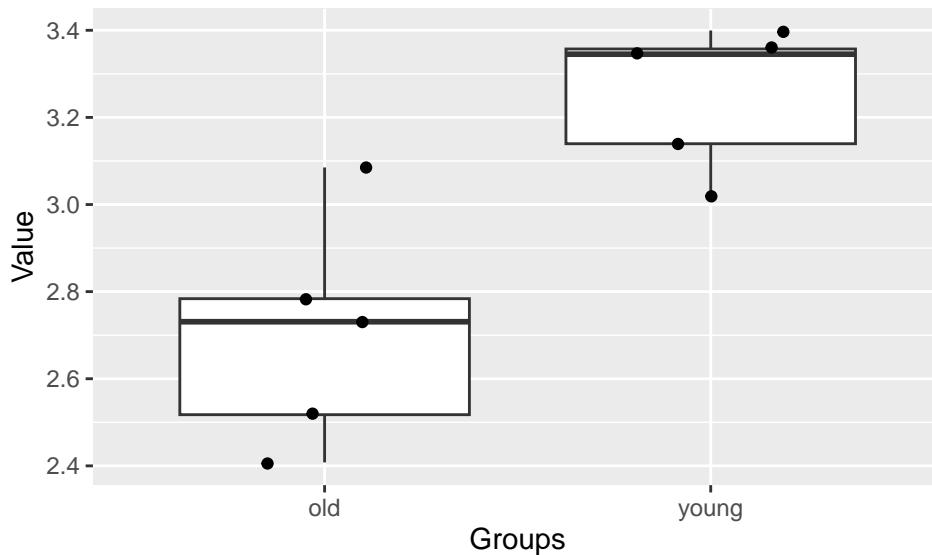
Fig1_C.RCRu Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame': 10 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
## $ group  : chr "young" "young" "young" "young" ...
## $ RCRu   : num 3.14 3.02 3.4 3.36 3.35 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = -3.9502, df = 6.7345, p-value = 0.005976
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group old and group young is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.8769982 -0.2169100
## sample estimates:
## mean in group old mean in group young
## 2.705039      3.251993
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.006  
## A statistically significant difference exist between groups
```

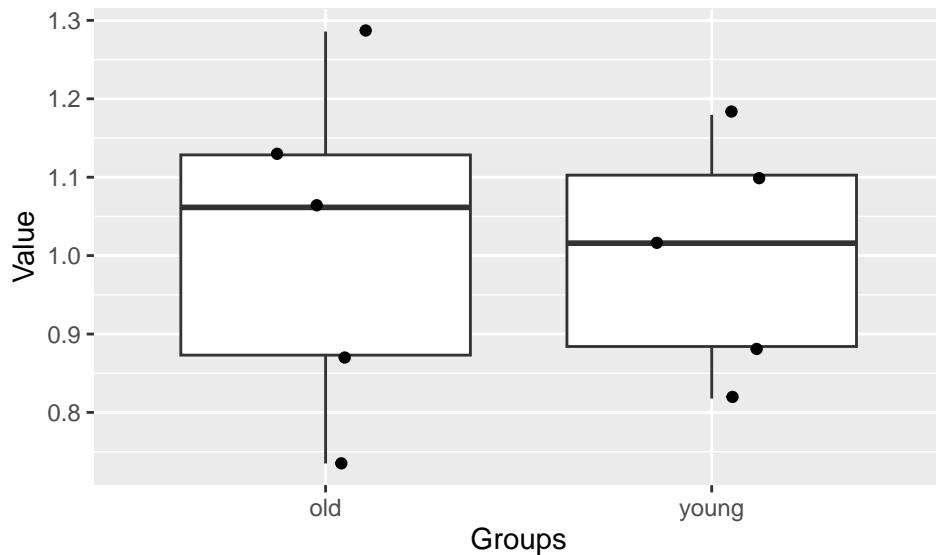
Fig1_D.Western Blot_ATP5A Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame':   10 obs. of  3 variables:
## $ subject: int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
## $ group  : chr "young" "young" "young" "young" ...
## $ ATP5A  : num  0.884 1.103 1.016 0.818 1.18 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = 0.14269, df = 7.1192, p-value = 0.8905
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group old and group young is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.2603641  0.2939254
## sample estimates:
## mean in group old mean in group young
##           1.016781              1.000000
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.89  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

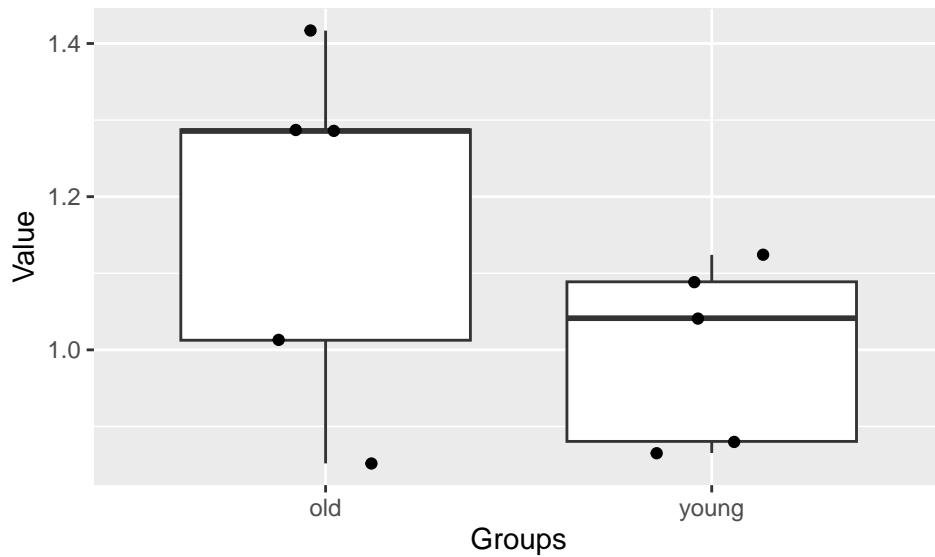
Fig1_D.Western Blot_UQCRC2 Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame':   10 obs. of  3 variables:
## $ subject: int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
## $ group  : chr  "young" "young" "young" "young" ...
## $ UQCRC2 : num  0.865 1.089 1.041 0.88 1.124 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = 1.4662, df = 5.9999, p-value = 0.193
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group old and group young is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.1142738  0.4559622
## sample estimates:
## mean in group old mean in group young
##           1.170844           1.000000
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.193  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

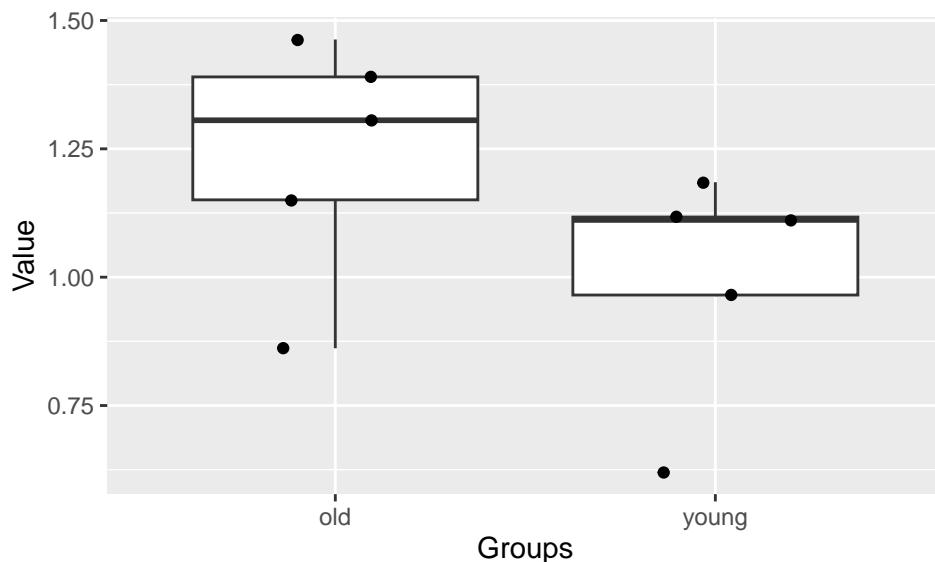
Fig1_D.Western Blot_SDHB Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame': 10 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
## $ group : chr "young" "young" "young" "young" ...
## $ SDHB  : num 0.621 0.965 1.112 1.117 1.185 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = 1.5919, df = 7.9784, p-value = 0.1502
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group old and group young is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.1052128 0.5735445
## sample estimates:
## mean in group old mean in group young
## 1.234166 1.000000
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.15  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

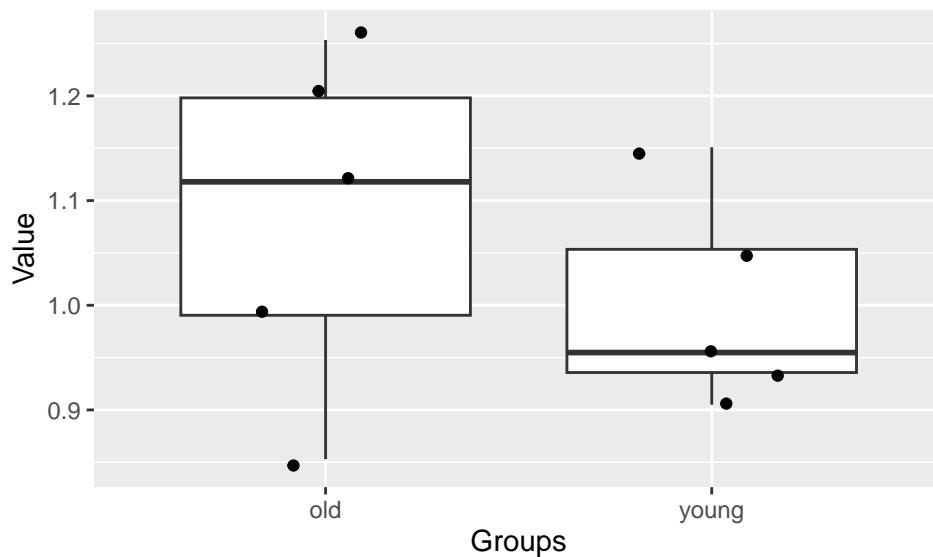
Fig1_D.Western Blot_NDUFB8 Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame': 10 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
## $ group : chr "young" "young" "young" "young" ...
## $ NDUFB8 : num 0.905 1.151 1.053 0.936 0.955 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = 0.96696, df = 6.7023, p-value = 0.3672
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group old and group young is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.1212025 0.2863712
## sample estimates:
## mean in group old mean in group young
## 1.082584 1.000000
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.367  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

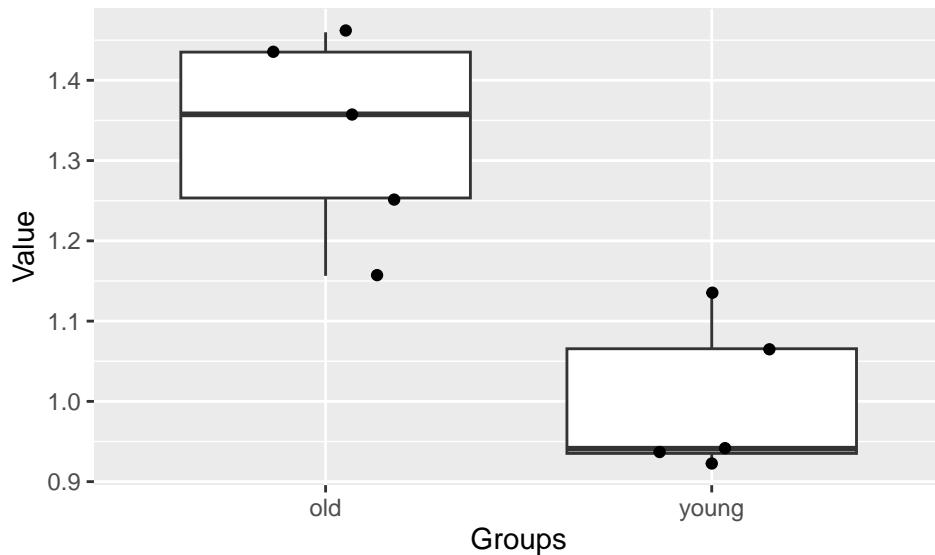
Fig1_E.Western Blot_OPA1 Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame':   10 obs. of  3 variables:
## $ subject: int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
## $ group  : chr  "young" "young" "young" "young" ...
## $ OPA1   : num  0.941 0.935 1.066 0.923 1.135 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = 4.6848, df = 7.4054, p-value = 0.001934
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group old and group young is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
##  0.1665029 0.4984414
## sample estimates:
## mean in group old mean in group young
##           1.332472           1.000000
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.002  
## A statistically significant difference exist between groups
```

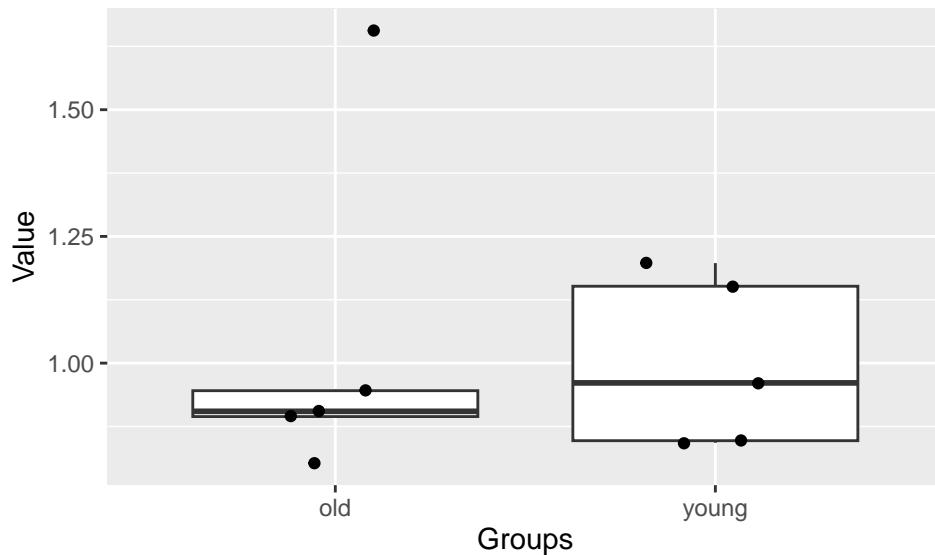
Fig1_E.Western Blot_DRP1 Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame':   10 obs. of  3 variables:
## $ subject: int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
## $ group  : chr "young" "young" "young" "young" ...
## $ DRP1   : num  1.152 1.197 0.961 0.847 0.843 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = 0.23546, df = 5.7486, p-value = 0.822
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group old and group young is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.3863733  0.4676892
## sample estimates:
## mean in group old mean in group young
##           1.040658           1.000000
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.822  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

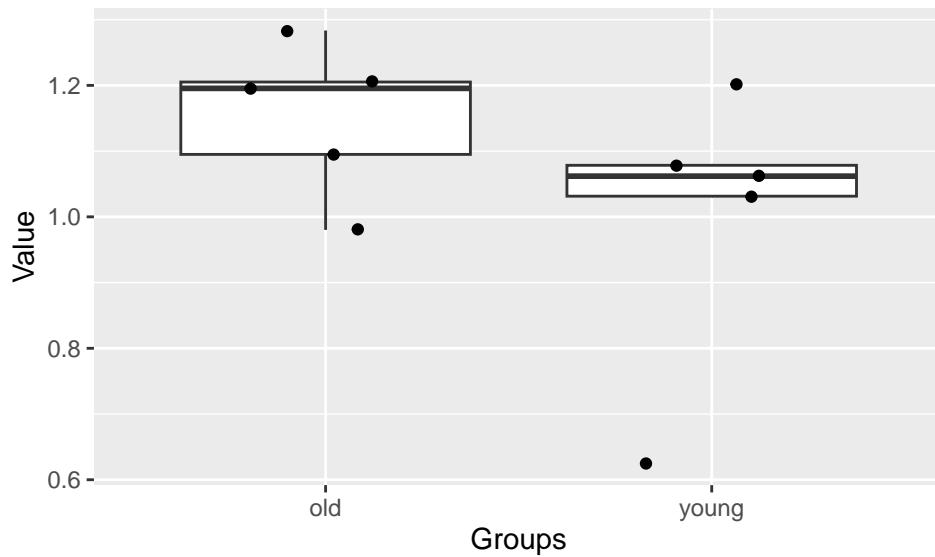
Fig1_E.Western Blot_MFN2 Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame':   10 obs. of  3 variables:
## $ subject: int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
## $ group  : chr  "young" "young" "young" "young" ...
## $ MFN2   : num  0.626 1.078 1.062 1.031 1.203 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = 1.3666, df = 6.1101, p-value = 0.2199
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group old and group young is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.1188395  0.4225167
## sample estimates:
## mean in group old mean in group young
##           1.151839             1.000000
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.22  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

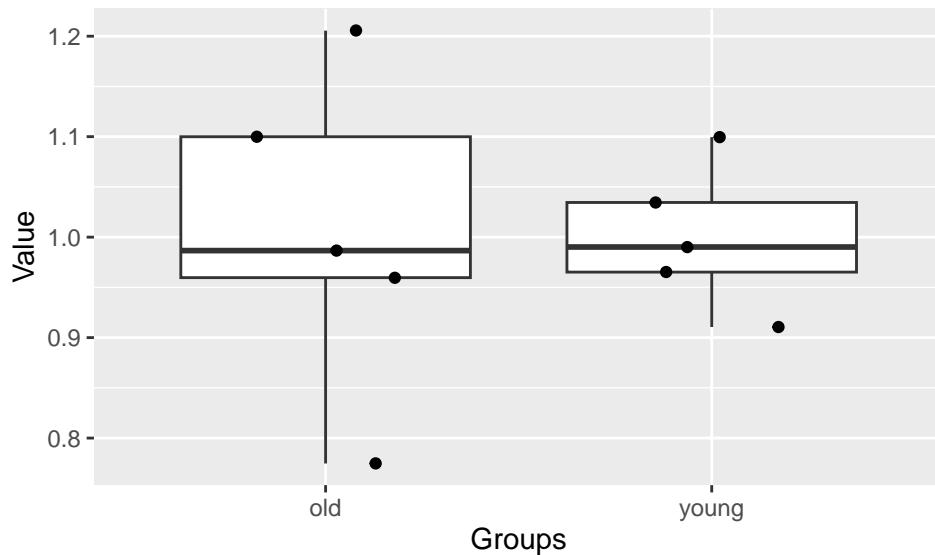
Fig1_E.Western Blot_MFN1 Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame':   10 obs. of  3 variables:
## $ subject: int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
## $ group  : chr  "young" "young" "young" "young" ...
## $ MFN1   : num  1.035 0.99 0.911 0.965 1.1 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = 0.066959, df = 5.5024, p-value = 0.949
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group old and group young is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.1925198  0.2031096
## sample estimates:
## mean in group old mean in group young
##           1.005295           1.000000
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.949  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

Figure2 Statistics

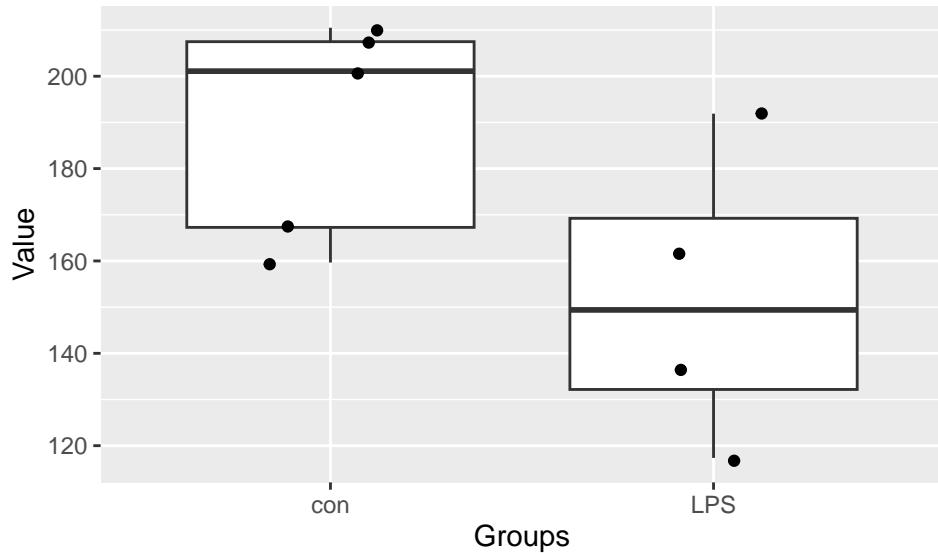
Fig2_B.LPS post24hr_OCR_old_Basal Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame': 9 obs. of 4 variables:
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
## $ group : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ OCR   : num 167 160 207 201 210 ...
## $ X     : logi NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = 1.9254, df = 5.4358, p-value = 0.1075
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -11.28982 85.67202
## sample estimates:
## mean in group con mean in group LPS
## 189.2001      152.0090
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.108  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

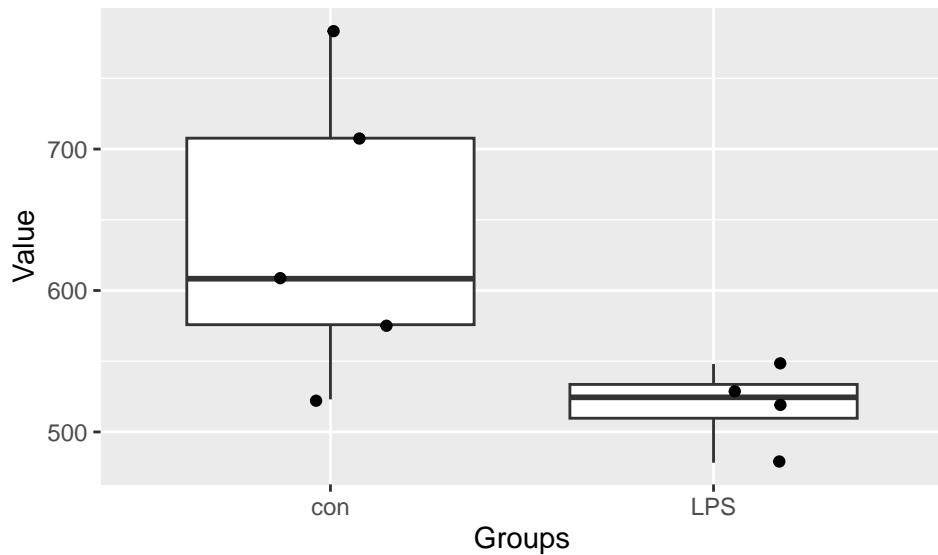
Fig2_B.LPS post24hr_OCR_old_State3 Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)
```

```
## 'data.frame': 9 obs. of 4 variables:  
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9  
## $ group : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...  
## $ OCR   : num 608 523 576 784 708 ...  
## $ X     : logi NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##  
## Welch Two Sample t-test  
##  
## data: value by group  
## t = 2.4565, df = 4.7626, p-value = 0.05994  
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0  
## 95 percent confidence interval:  
## -7.54393 249.64847  
## sample estimates:  
## mean in group con mean in group LPS  
## 639.8603      518.8080
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.06  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

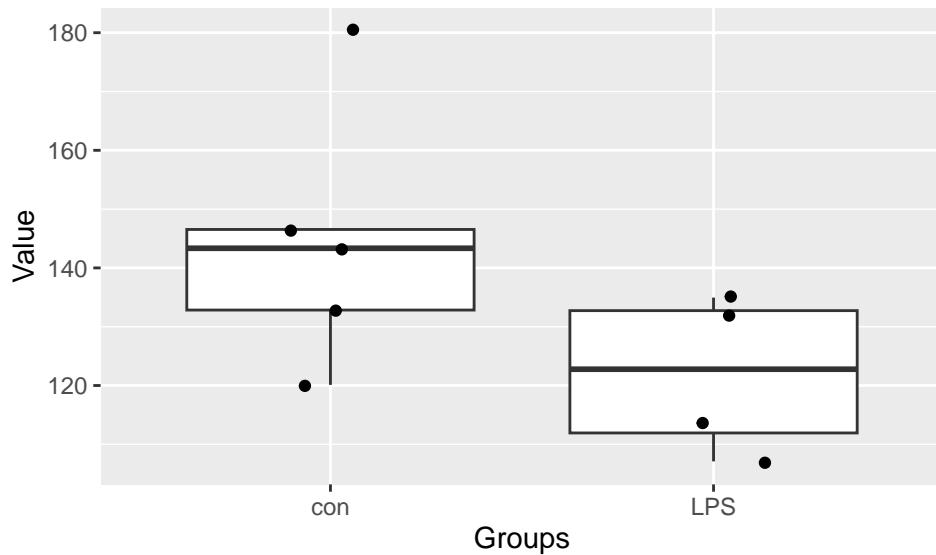
Fig2_B.LPS post24hr_OCR_old_State4o Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame': 9 obs. of 4 variables:
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
## $ group : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ OCR   : num 133 120 143 180 147 ...
## $ X     : logi NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = 1.8694, df = 6.6525, p-value = 0.106
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -6.336678 51.851024
## sample estimates:
## mean in group con mean in group LPS
## 144.6554 121.8983
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.106  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

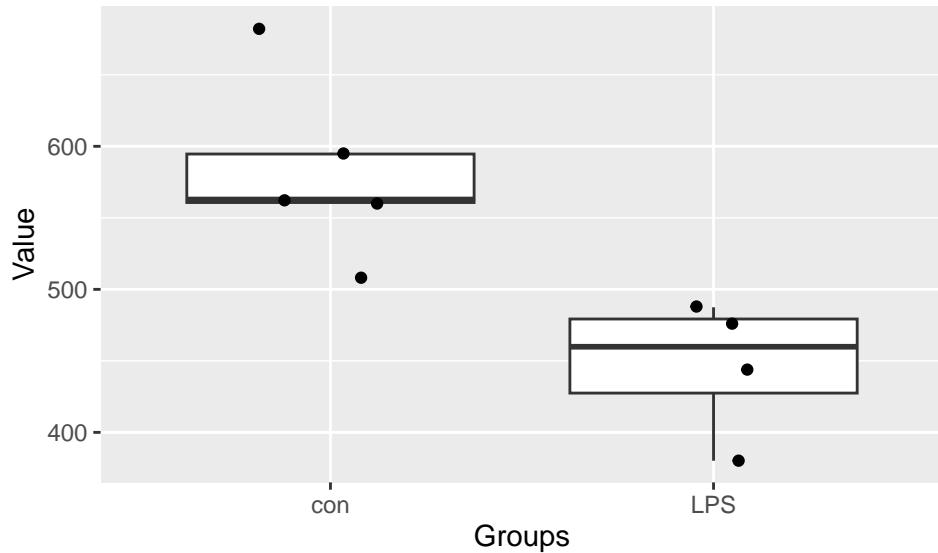
Fig2_B.LPS post24_OCR_old_State3u Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)
```

```
## 'data.frame': 9 obs. of 4 variables:  
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9  
## $ group : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...  
## $ OCR   : num 563 508 561 683 595 ...  
## $ X     : logi NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##  
## Welch Two Sample t-test  
##  
## data: value by group  
## t = 3.5871, df = 6.9918, p-value = 0.008909  
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0  
## 95 percent confidence interval:  
## 45.96901 223.92632  
## sample estimates:  
## mean in group con mean in group LPS  
## 581.7870 446.8393
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.009  
## A statistically significant difference exist between groups
```

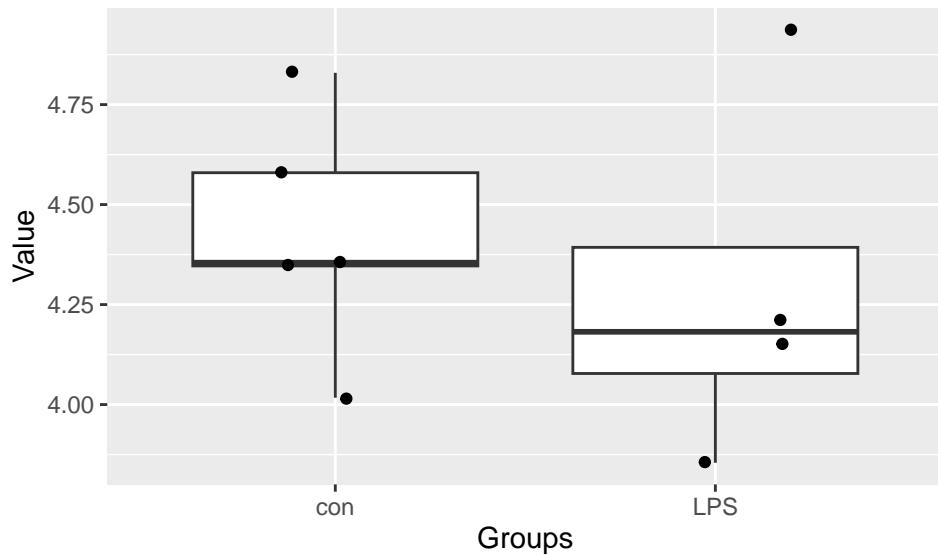
Fig2_C.LPS post24hr_old_RCR Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame':   9 obs. of  4 variables:
## $ subject: int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
## $ group  : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ RCR    : num  4.58 4.35 4.02 4.35 4.83 ...
## $ X      : logi NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = 0.51289, df = 4.9858, p-value = 0.6299
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.5489819  0.8223602
## sample estimates:
## mean in group con mean in group LPS
##           4.425566           4.288877
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.63  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

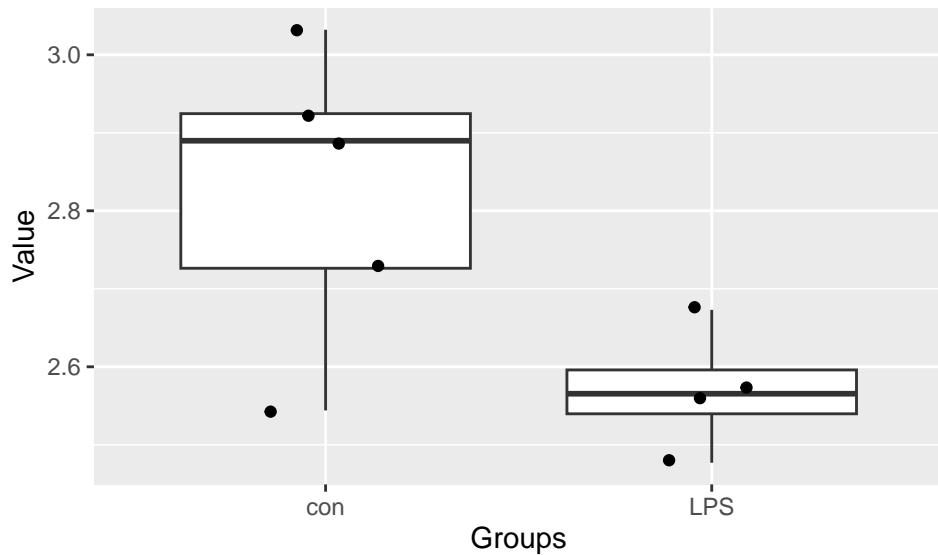
Fig2_C.LPS post24hr_old_RCRu Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame':   9 obs. of  4 variables:
## $ subject: int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
## $ group  : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ RCRu   : num  3.03 2.54 2.73 2.89 2.92 ...
## $ X      : logi NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = 2.6842, df = 5.601, p-value = 0.03889
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
##  0.01833579 0.48798212
## sample estimates:
## mean in group con mean in group LPS
##           2.823385           2.570226
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.039  
## A statistically significant difference does not exist between groups
```

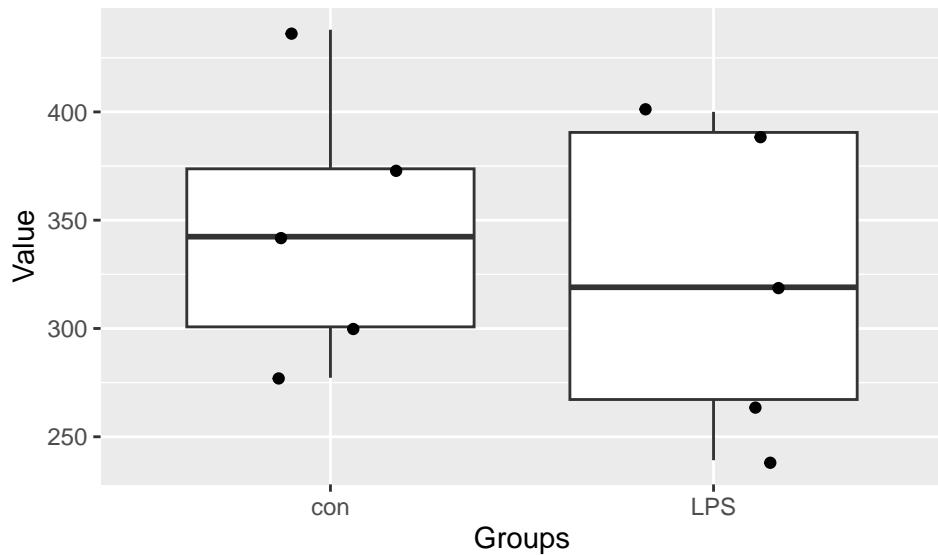
Fig2_E.LPS post24hr_OCR_young_Basal Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame': 10 obs. of 4 variables:
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
## $ group : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ OCR   : num 277 301 374 342 438 ...
## $ X     : logi NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = 0.54216, df = 7.8739, p-value = 0.6027
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -75.79161 122.21432
## sample estimates:
## mean in group con mean in group LPS
## 346.4033      323.1919
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.603  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

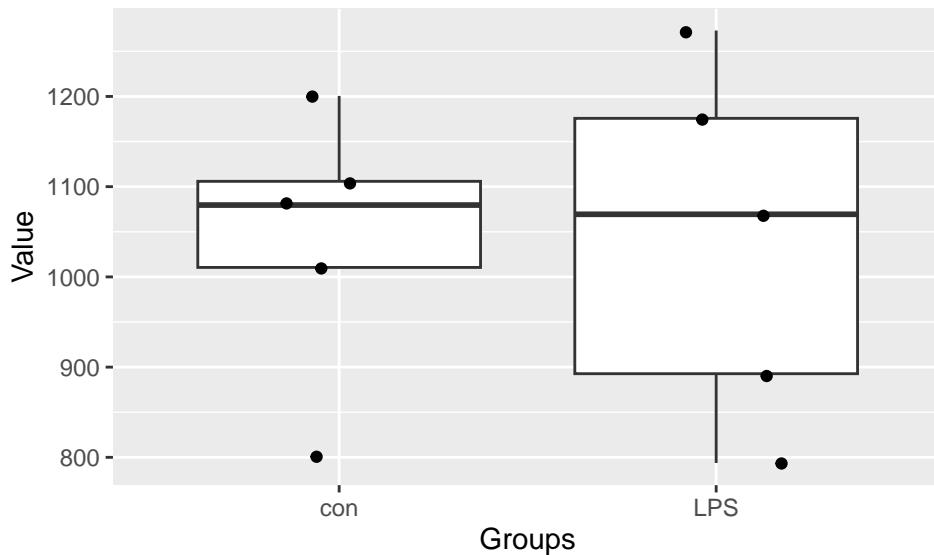
Fig2_E.LPS post24hr_OCR_young_State3 Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame':   10 obs. of  3 variables:
## $ subject: int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
## $ group  : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ OCR    : num  801 1010 1201 1106 1080 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = -0.012396, df = 7.4552, p-value = 0.9904
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -260.1542 257.4074
## sample estimates:
## mean in group con mean in group LPS
## 1039.559 1040.933
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.99  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

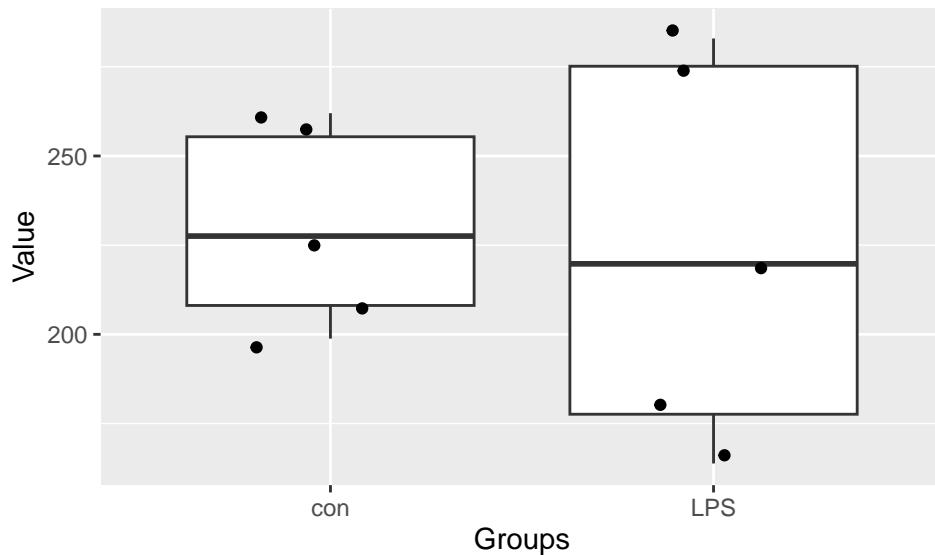
Fig2_E.LPS post24hr_OCR_young_State4o Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame': 10 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
## $ group : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ OCR   : num 199 208 255 228 262 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = 0.23773, df = 5.9684, p-value = 0.82
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -60.61325 73.64014
## sample estimates:
## mean in group con mean in group LPS
## 230.3629      223.8495
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.82  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

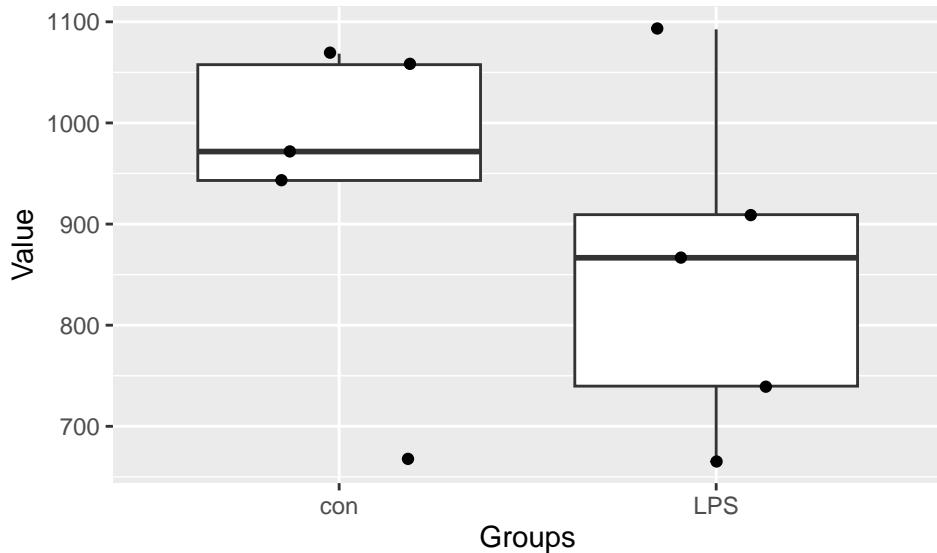
Fig2_E.LPS post24hr_OCR_young_State3u Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame': 10 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
## $ group : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ OCR   : num 669 972 1069 943 1058 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = 0.8429, df = 7.9978, p-value = 0.4238
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -151.1625 325.3185
## sample estimates:
## mean in group con mean in group LPS
## 941.9361 854.8581
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.424  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

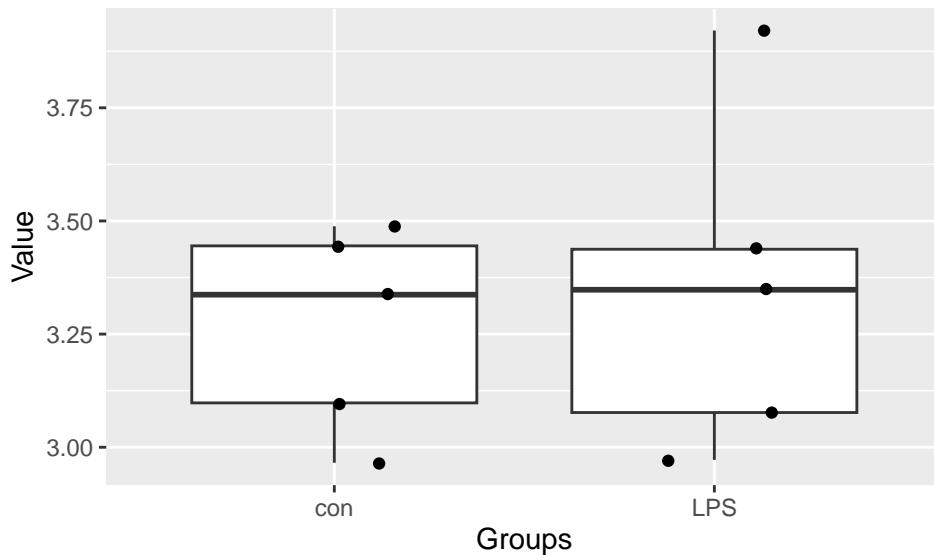
Fig2_F.LPS post24hr_young_RCR Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame':   10 obs. of  3 variables:
## $ subject: int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
## $ group  : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ RCR    : num  2.97 3.49 3.34 3.44 3.1 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = -0.43315, df = 6.6133, p-value = 0.6787
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.5493834  0.3809771
## sample estimates:
## mean in group con mean in group LPS
##           3.266804          3.351007
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.679  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

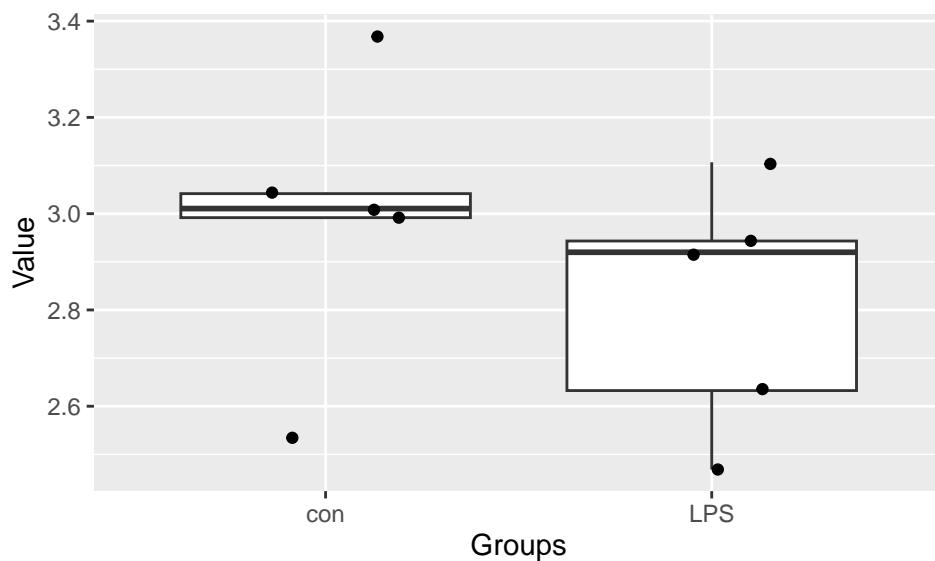
Fig2_F.LPS post24hr_young_RCRu Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame':   10 obs. of  3 variables:
## $ subject: int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
## $ group  : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ RCRu   : num  2.53 3.37 3.01 2.99 3.04 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



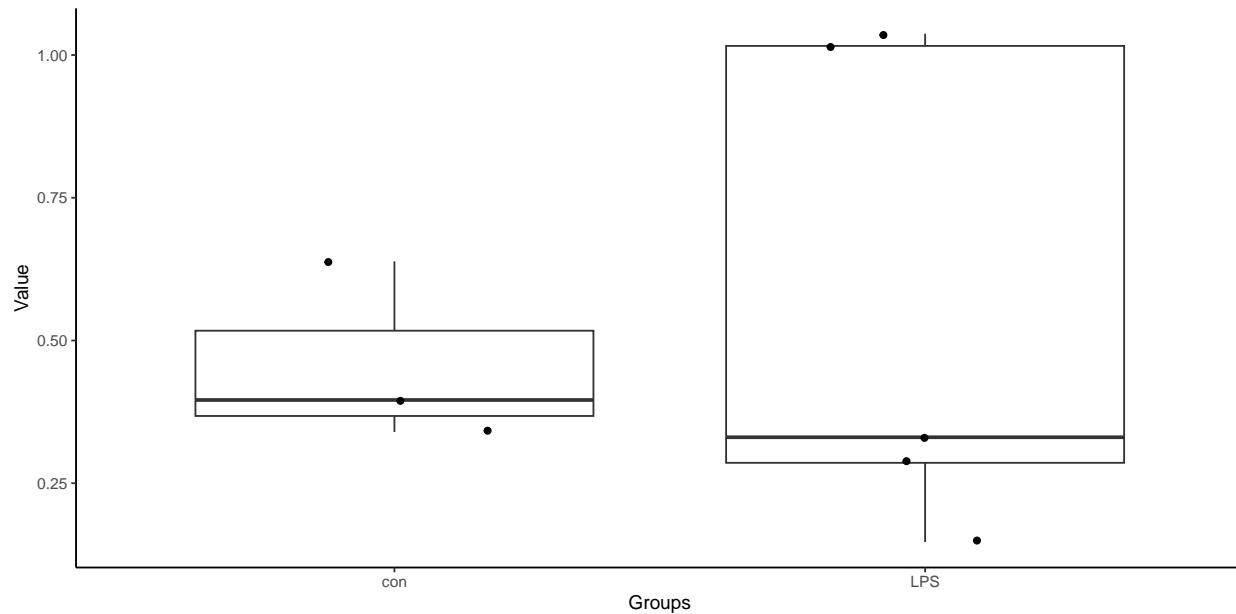
```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = 0.99281, df = 7.8393, p-value = 0.3505
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.2327196  0.5824039
## sample estimates:
## mean in group con mean in group LPS
##                2.989065              2.814222
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.35  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

Fig2_G.LPS post6hr_qPCR_old_TNFalpha_Data analysis

Boohwi Hong

```
## Present data is ** LPS post6hr_qPCR_old_TNFalpha.csv **
##
## ** Data structure **
## 'data.frame':   10 obs. of  3 variables:
##   $ subject : int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
##   $ group   : chr  "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
##   $ TNFalpha: num  0.34 0.396 0.639 NA NA ...
##
## ** Explorative data analysis with graphics**
##
## Warning: Removed 2 rows containing non-finite values (`stat_boxplot()`).
## Warning: Removed 2 rows containing missing values (`geom_point()`).
```

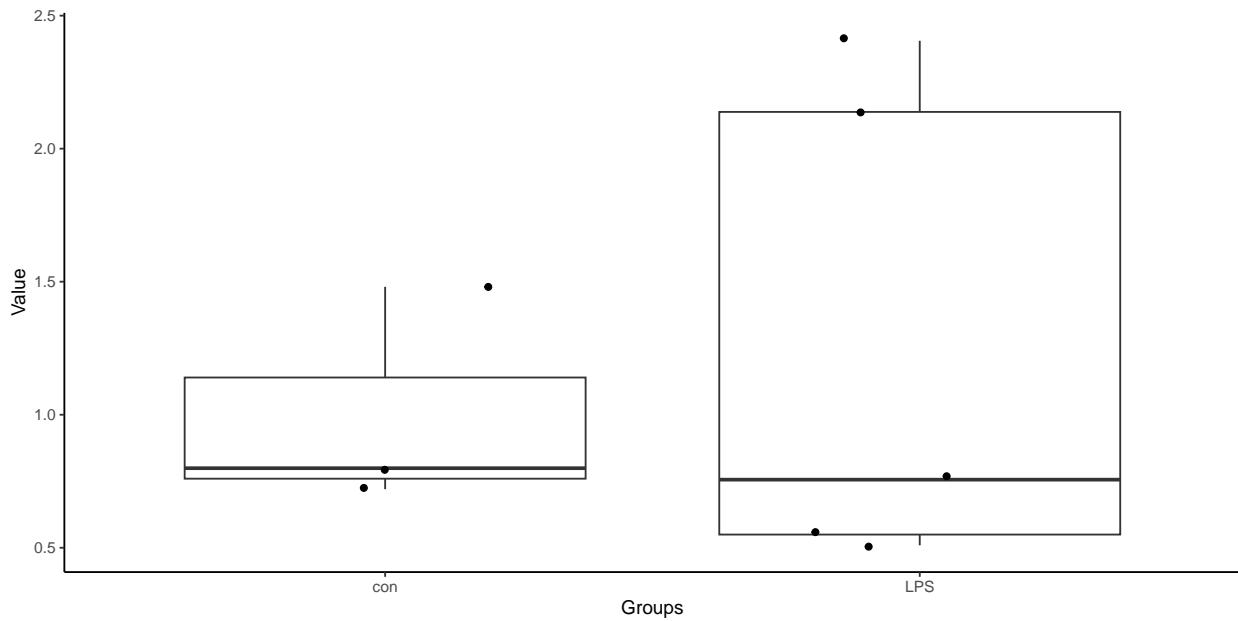


```
## 1. Normality assumption test by Shapiro_Wilk test is
##   p = 0.358
##   Normality assumption was not rejected
## 2. Equal variance test by Bartlett test is
##   p = 0.203
##   Equal variance assumption was not rejected
## 3. The result of anova is
##   p = 0.704
##   A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
##
```

Fig2_G.LPS post6hr_qPCR_old_IL-1beta_Data analysis

Boohwi Hong

```
## Present data is ** LPS post6hr_qPCR_old_IL-1beta.csv **
##
## ** Data structure **
## 'data.frame': 8 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ subject : int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
## $ group   : chr "con" "con" "con" "LPS" ...
## $ IL.1beta: num 0.72 0.799 1.481 2.406 2.138 ...
##
## ** Explorative data analysis with graphics**
```

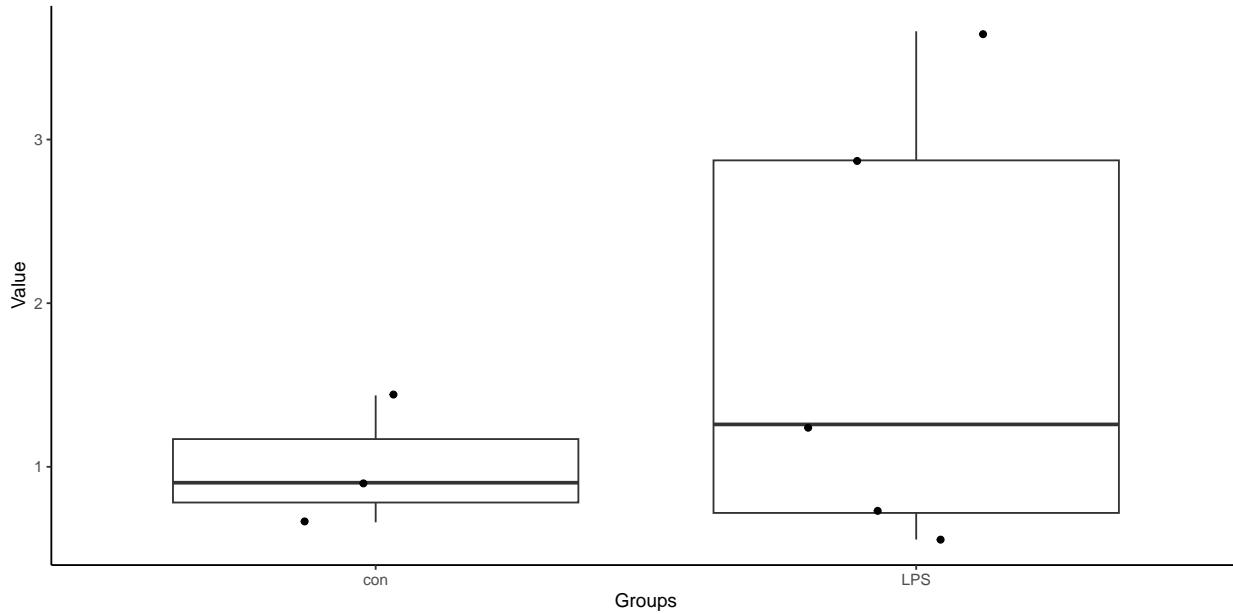


```
## 1. Normality assumption test by Shapiro_Wilk test is
## p = 0.238
## Normality assumption was not rejected
## 2. Equal variance test by Bartlett test is
## p = 0.293
## Equal variance assumption was not rejected
## 3. The result of anova is
## p = 0.655
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
##
```

Fig2_G.LPS post6hr_qPCR_old_IL-10_Data analysis

BooHwi Hong

```
## Present data is ** LPS post6hr_qPCR_old_IL-10.csv **
##
## ** Data structure **
## 'data.frame': 8 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
## $ group : chr "con" "con" "con" "LPS" ...
## $ IL.10 : num 0.661 0.903 1.436 2.873 3.661 ...
##
## ** Explorative data analysis with graphics**
```

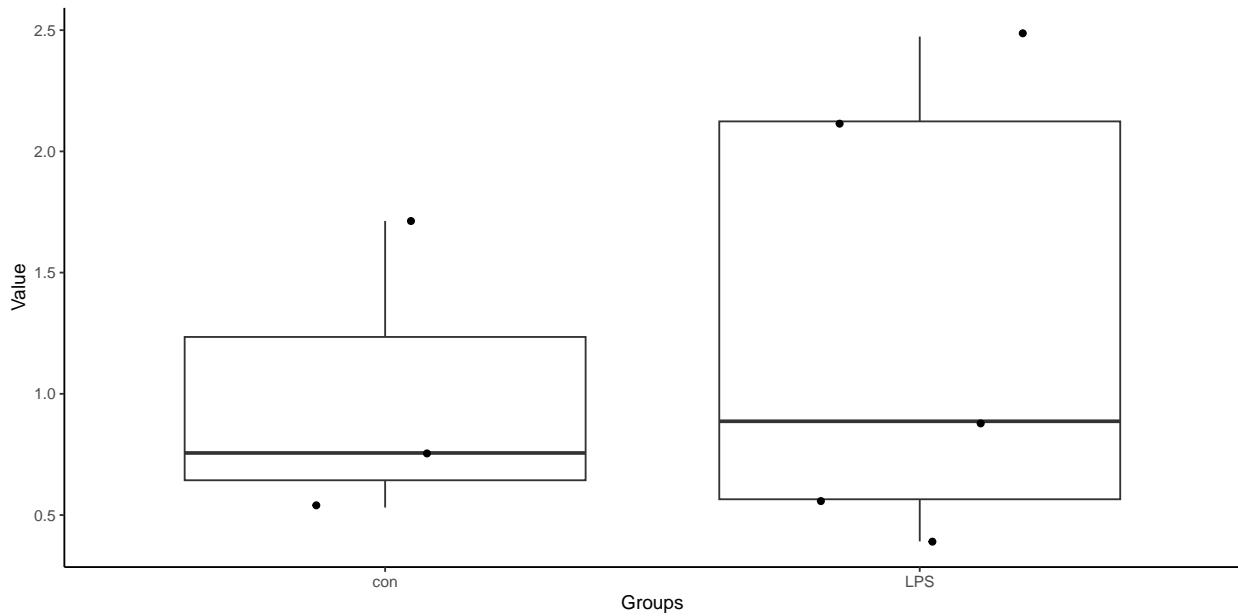


```
## 1. Normality assumption test by Shapiro_Wilk test is
##   p = 0.72
##   Normality assumption was not rejected
## 2. Equal variance test by Bartlett test is
##   p = 0.126
##   Equal variance assumption was not rejected
## 3. The result of anova is
##   p = 0.370
##   A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
##
```

Fig2_G.LPS post6hr_qPCR_old_IL-6_Data analysis

Boohwi Hong

```
## Present data is ** LPS post6hr_qPCR_old_IL-6.csv **
##
## ** Data structure **
## 'data.frame': 8 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
## $ group : chr "con" "con" "con" "LPS" ...
## $ IL.6   : num 0.531 0.756 1.713 2.474 0.565 ...
##
## ** Explorative data analysis with graphics**
```



```
## 1. Normality assumption test by Shapiro_Wilk test is
## p = 0.21
## Normality assumption was not rejected
## 2. Equal variance test by Bartlett test is
## p = 0.560
## Equal variance assumption was not rejected
## 3. The result of anova is
## p = 0.661
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
##
```

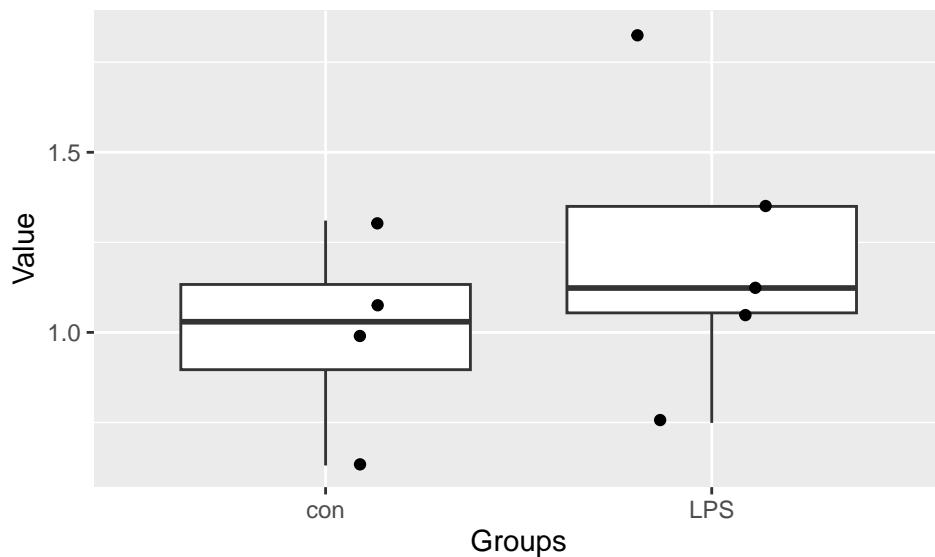
Fig2_H.LPS post24hr_qPCR_old_TNFalpha Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame':   9 obs. of  3 variables:
## $ subject : int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
## $ group   : chr  "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ TNFalpha: num  0.985 0.631 1.074 1.31 1.123 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = -0.9682, df = 6.9308, p-value = 0.3655
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.7641655  0.3208164
## sample estimates:
## mean in group con mean in group LPS
##           1.000000          1.221675
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.366  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

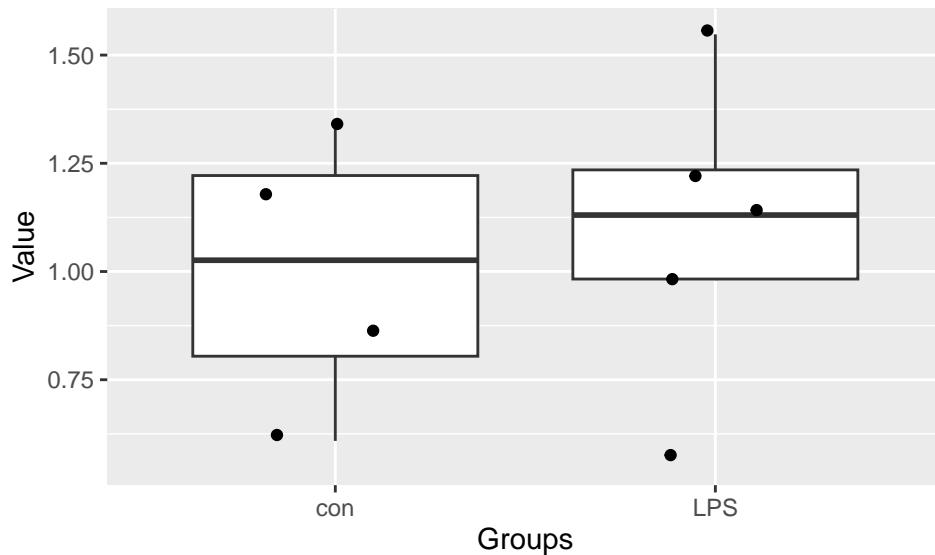
Fig2_H.LPS post24hr_qPCR_old_IL-1beta Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame':   9 obs. of  3 variables:
## $ subject : int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
## $ group   : chr  "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ IL.1beta: num  0.87 0.609 1.183 1.339 1.13 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = -0.39298, df = 6.8525, p-value = 0.7063
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.6369758  0.4561058
## sample estimates:
## mean in group con mean in group LPS
##           1.000000          1.090435
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.706  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

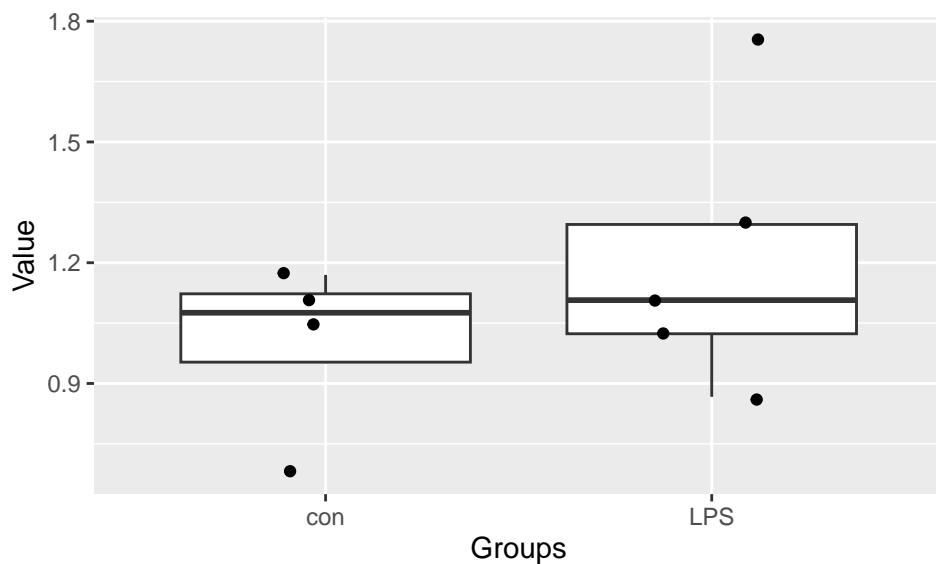
Fig2_H.LPS post24hr_qPCR_old_IL-10 Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame':   9 obs. of  3 variables:
## $ subject: int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
## $ group  : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ IL.10  : num  1.044 0.679 1.17 1.107 0.867 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = -1.112, df = 6.7904, p-value = 0.304
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.6574816  0.2386824
## sample estimates:
## mean in group con mean in group LPS
##                 1.0000               1.2094
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.304  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

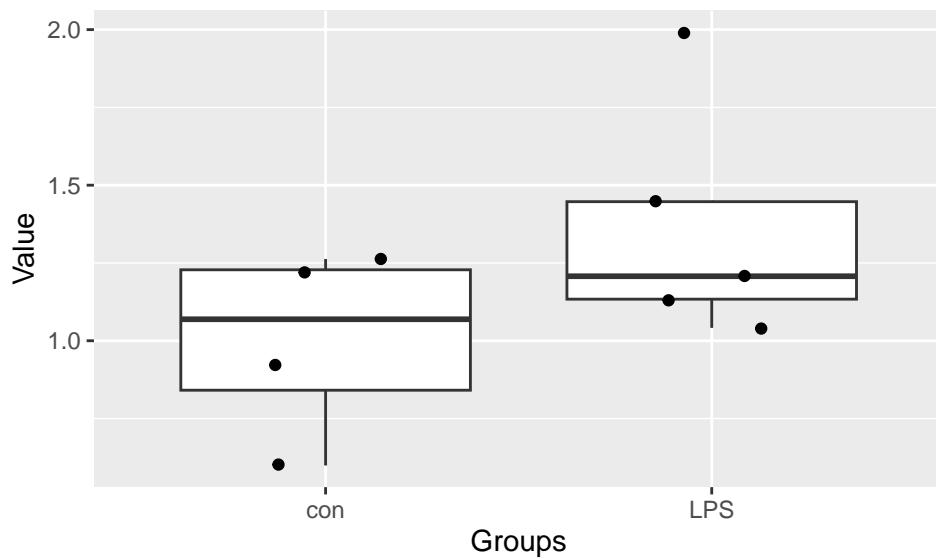
Fig2_H.LPS post24hr_qPCR_old_IL-6 Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame':   9 obs. of  3 variables:
## $ subject: int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
## $ group  : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ IL.6   : num  0.922 0.599 1.263 1.217 1.041 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = -1.5868, df = 6.9895, p-value = 0.1566
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.9067129  0.1786021
## sample estimates:
## mean in group con mean in group LPS
##           1.000000          1.364055
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.157  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

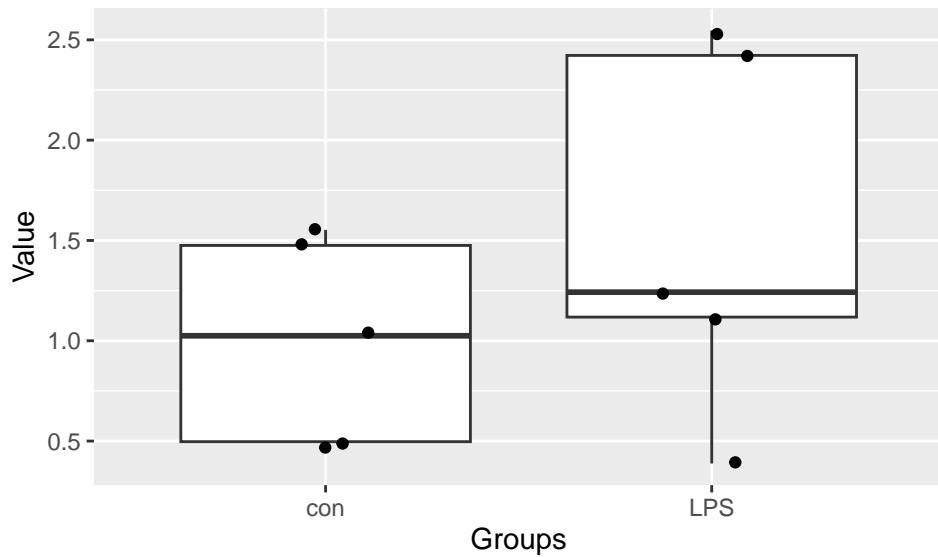
Fig2_I.LPS post48hr_qPCR_old_TNFalpha Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame':   10 obs. of  3 variables:
## $ subject : int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
## $ group   : chr  "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ TNFalpha: num  1.553 0.45 1.025 0.497 1.475 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = -1.1493, df = 6.3292, p-value = 0.292
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -1.6861438  0.5991874
## sample estimates:
## mean in group con mean in group LPS
##           1.0000000          1.543478
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.292  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

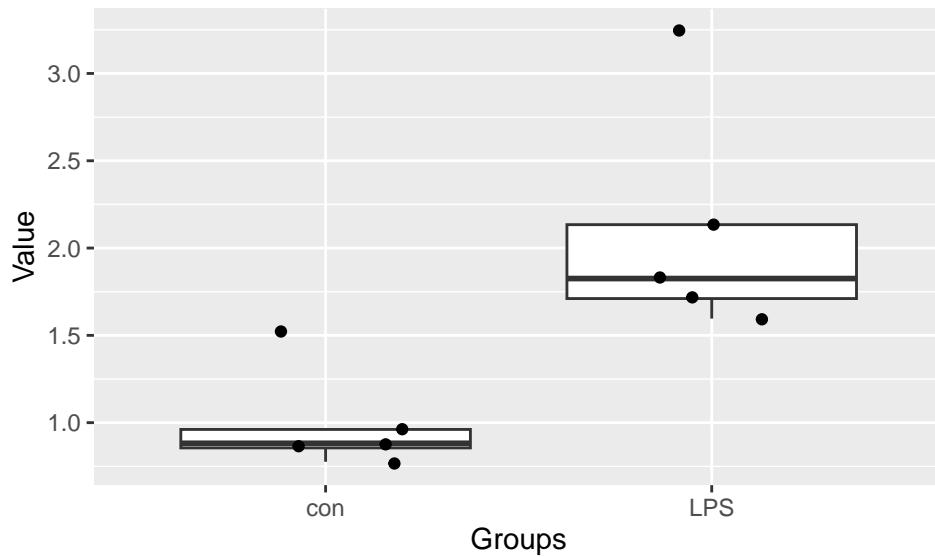
Fig2_I.LPS post48hr_qPCR_old_IL-1beta Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame':   10 obs. of  3 variables:
## $ subject : int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
## $ group   : chr  "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ IL.1beta: num  0.882 0.855 1.526 0.776 0.961 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = -3.3676, df = 5.571, p-value = 0.0169
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -1.9153551 -0.2857037
## sample estimates:
## mean in group con mean in group LPS
##          0.9999998      2.1005292
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.017  
## A statistically significant difference exist between groups
```

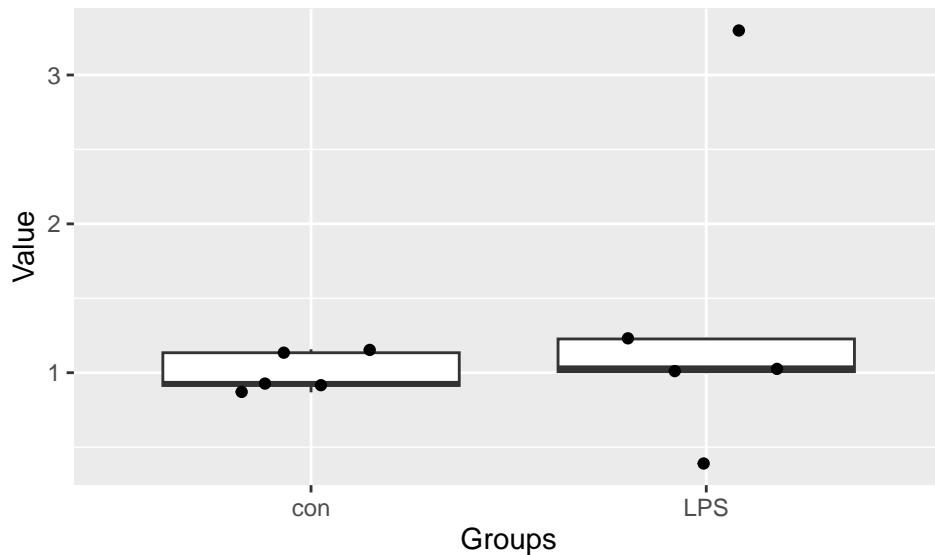
Fig2_I.LPS post48hr_qPCR_old_IL-10 Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame': 10 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
## $ group : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ IL.10 : num 1.157 0.868 1.134 0.926 0.914 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = -0.7815, df = 4.1183, p-value = 0.477
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -1.7654448  0.9830372
## sample estimates:
## mean in group con mean in group LPS
##           1.000000          1.391204
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.477  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

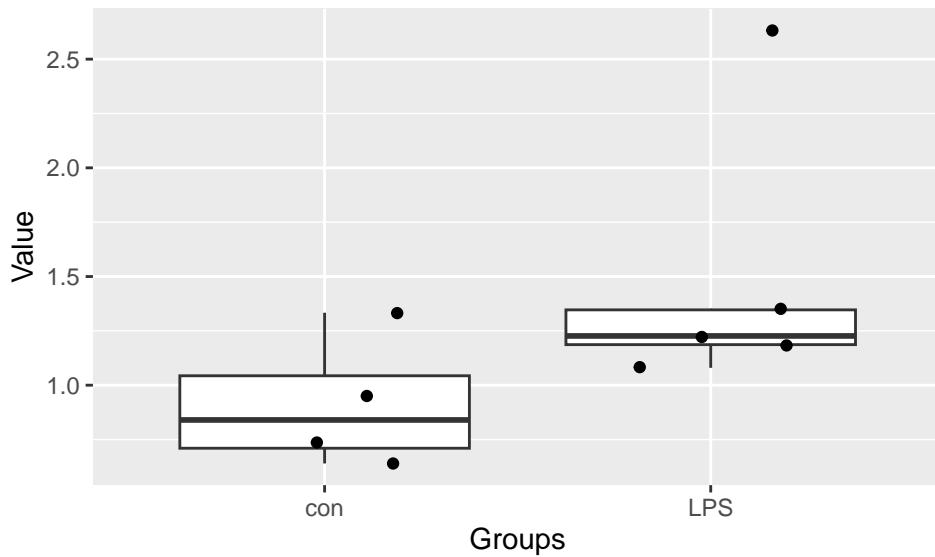
Fig2_I.LPS post48hr_qPCR_old_IL-6 Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame':   9 obs. of  3 variables:
## $ subject: int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
## $ group  : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ IL.6   : num  1.333 0.64 0.947 0.733 1.347 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = -1.783, df = 5.9796, p-value = 0.125
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -1.3766238  0.2166231
## sample estimates:
## mean in group con mean in group LPS
##          0.9133332           1.4933336
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.125  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

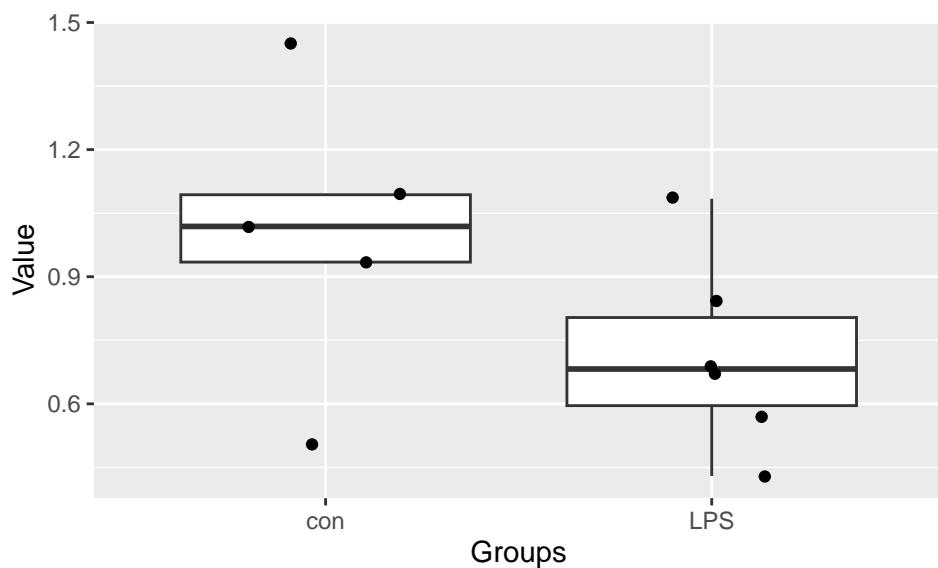
Fig2_J.LPS-post48hr_qPCR_young_TNFalpha Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame':   11 obs. of  3 variables:
## $ subject : int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ group   : chr  "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ TNFalpha: num  0.935 1.093 1.449 1.019 0.505 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = 1.6046, df = 6.7799, p-value = 0.154
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.1377846  0.7078783
## sample estimates:
## mean in group con mean in group LPS
##           1.0000000          0.7149532
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.154  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

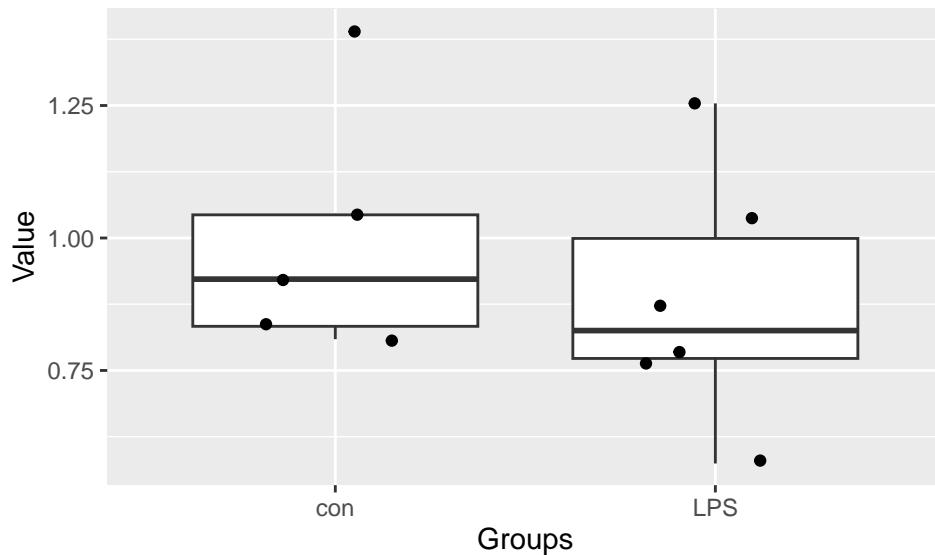
Fig2_J.LPS-post48hr_qPCR_young_IL-1beta Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame':   11 obs. of  3 variables:
## $ subject : int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ group   : chr  "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ IL.1beta: num  0.809 1.044 1.392 0.833 0.922 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = 0.82167, df = 8.6419, p-value = 0.4333
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.2091503  0.4453959
## sample estimates:
## mean in group con mean in group LPS
##          0.9999998          0.8818770
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.433  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

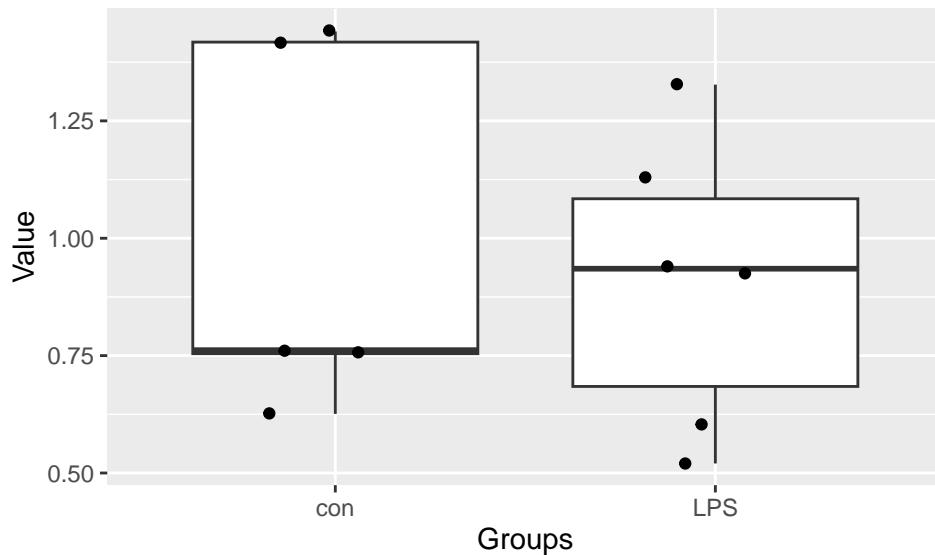
Fig2_J.LPS-post48hr_qPCR_young_IL-10 Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame':   11 obs. of  3 variables:
## $ subject: int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ group  : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ IL.10  : num  0.754 0.626 1.44 0.762 1.418 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = 0.42109, df = 7.5056, p-value = 0.6855
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.4142599  0.5967636
## sample estimates:
## mean in group con mean in group LPS
##           1.0000000          0.9087482
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.685  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

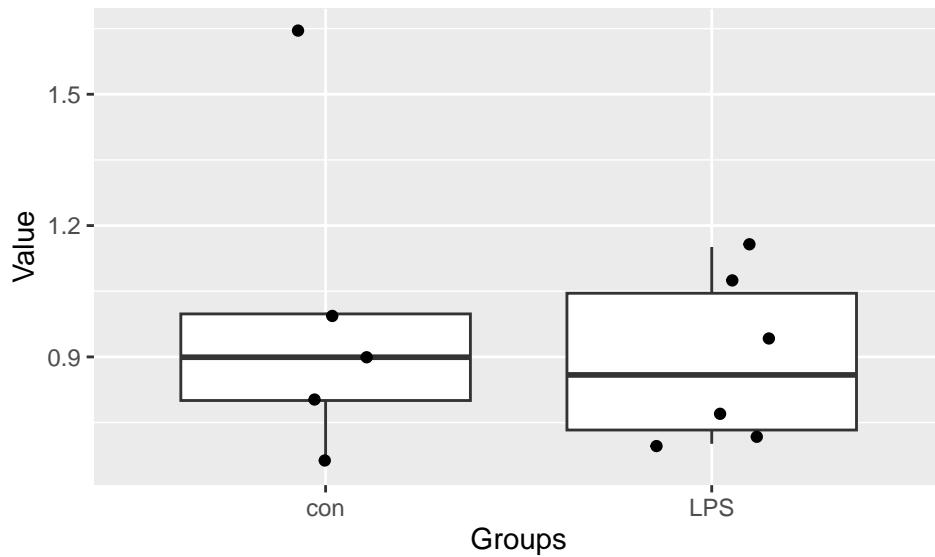
Fig2_J.LPS-post48hr_qPCR_young_IL-6 Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame':   11 obs. of  3 variables:
## $ subject: int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ group  : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ IL.6   : num  0.899 0.656 1.646 0.8 0.998 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



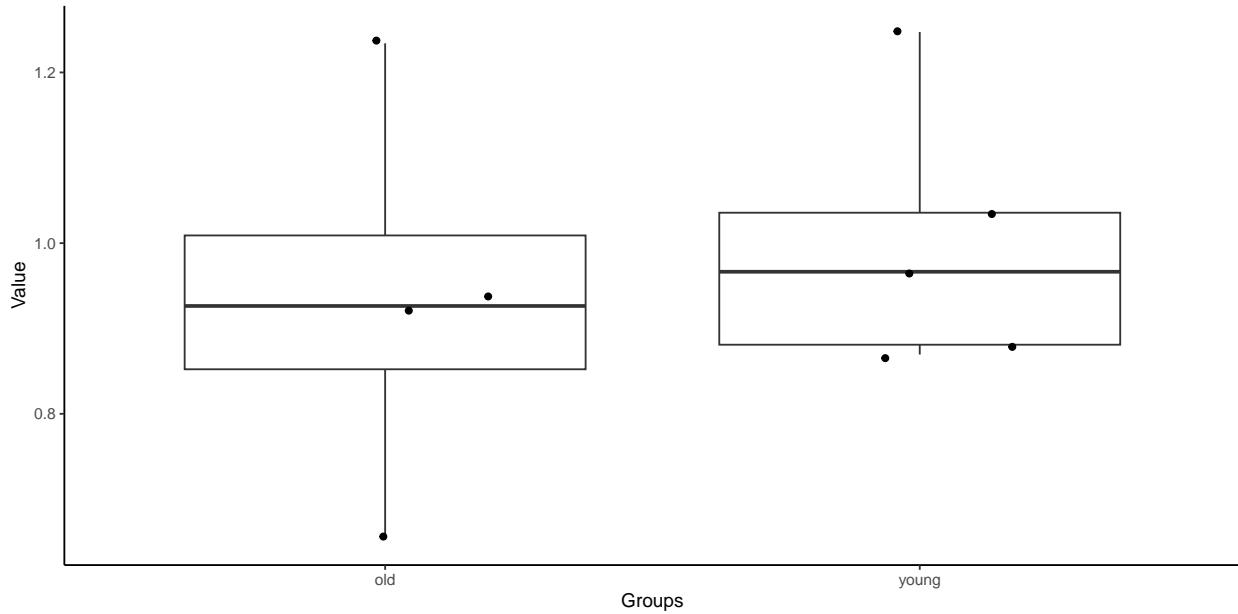
```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = 0.55912, df = 5.6632, p-value = 0.5975
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.3619690  0.5724007
## sample estimates:
## mean in group con mean in group LPS
##           1.0000000          0.8947842
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.597  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

Fig2_K.Western blot_young_old_NLRP3 Data analysis

Boohwi Hong

```
## Present data is ** Western blot_young_old_NLRP3.csv **
##
## ** Data structure **
## 'data.frame': 9 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
## $ group  : chr "young" "young" "young" "young" ...
## $ NLRP3  : num 0.869 1.247 1.036 0.881 0.966 ...
##
## ** Explorative data analysis with graphics**
```

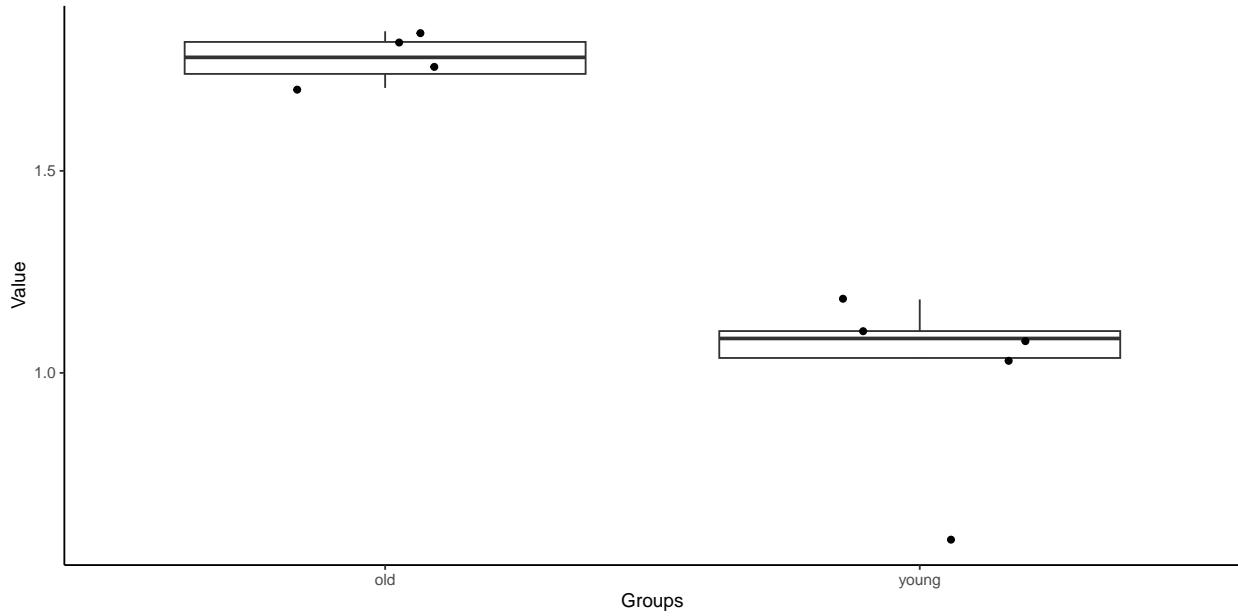


```
## 1. Normality assumption test by Shapiro_Wilk test is
##   p = 0.59
##   Normality assumption was not rejected
## 2. Equal variance test by Bartlett test is
##   p = 0.450
##   Equal variance assumption was not rejected
## 3. The result of anova is
##   p = 0.632
##   A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
##
```

Fig2_K.Western blot_young_old_pro-IL-1beta_Data analysis

Boohwi Hong

```
## Present data is ** Western blot_young_old_pro-IL-1beta.csv **
##
## ** Data structure **
## 'data.frame':    9 obs. of  3 variables:
##   $ subject     : int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
##   $ group       : chr  "young" "young" "young" "young" ...
##   $ pro.IL.1beta: num  1.037 1.103 1.085 1.182 0.593 ...
##
## ** Explorative data analysis with graphics**
```

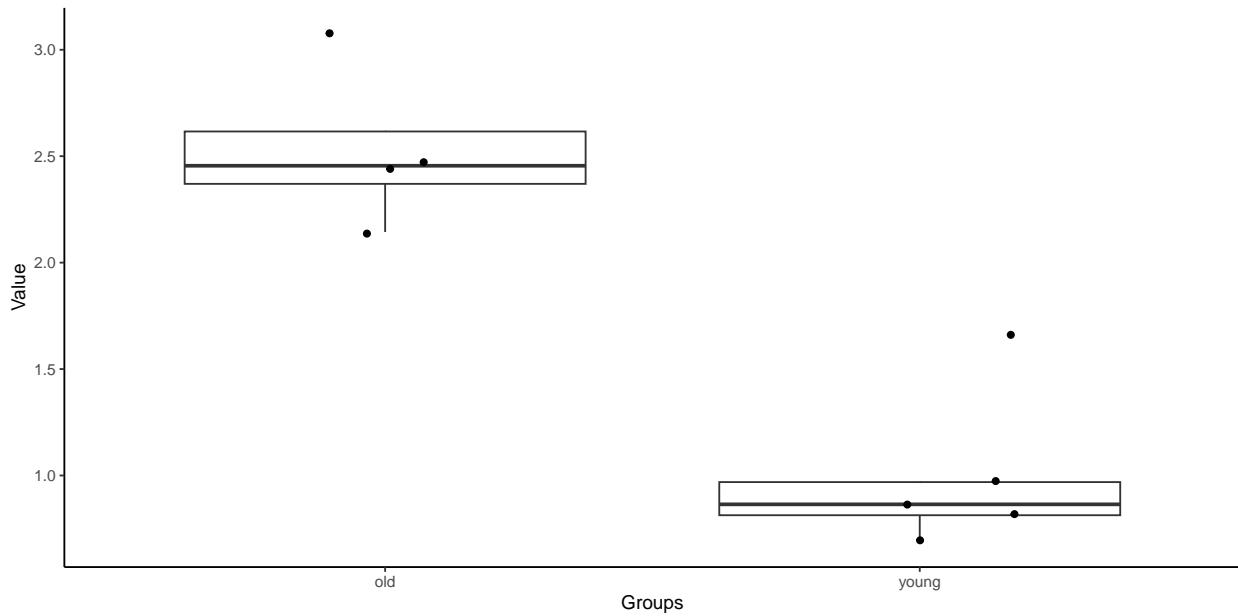


```
## 1. Normality assumption test by Shapiro_Wilk test is
##   p = 0.022
##   Normality assumption was rejected
## 2. The result of Kruskall_Wallis test:
##   p = 0.014
##   A statistically significant difference exist between groups
##
```

Fig2_K.Western blot_young_old_cleaved-caspase1_Data analysis

Boohwi Hong

```
## Present data is ** Western blot_young_old_cleaved-caspase1.csv **
##
## ** Data structure **
## 'data.frame':    9 obs. of  3 variables:
##   $ subject      : int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
##   $ group        : chr  "young" "young" "young" "young" ...
##   $ cleaved.caspase1: num  0.689 0.969 1.664 0.864 0.813 ...
##
## ** Explorative data analysis with graphics**
```



```
## 1. Normality assumption test by Shapiro_Wilk test is
##   p = 0.047
##   Normality assumption was rejected
## 2. The result of Kruskall_Wallis test:
##   p = 0.014
##   A statistically significant difference exist between groups
##
```

Figure3 Statistics

Fig3_A.Barnes maze_Primary Latency

Data analysis using R

Boohwi Hong

Package install

Data import

Data structure

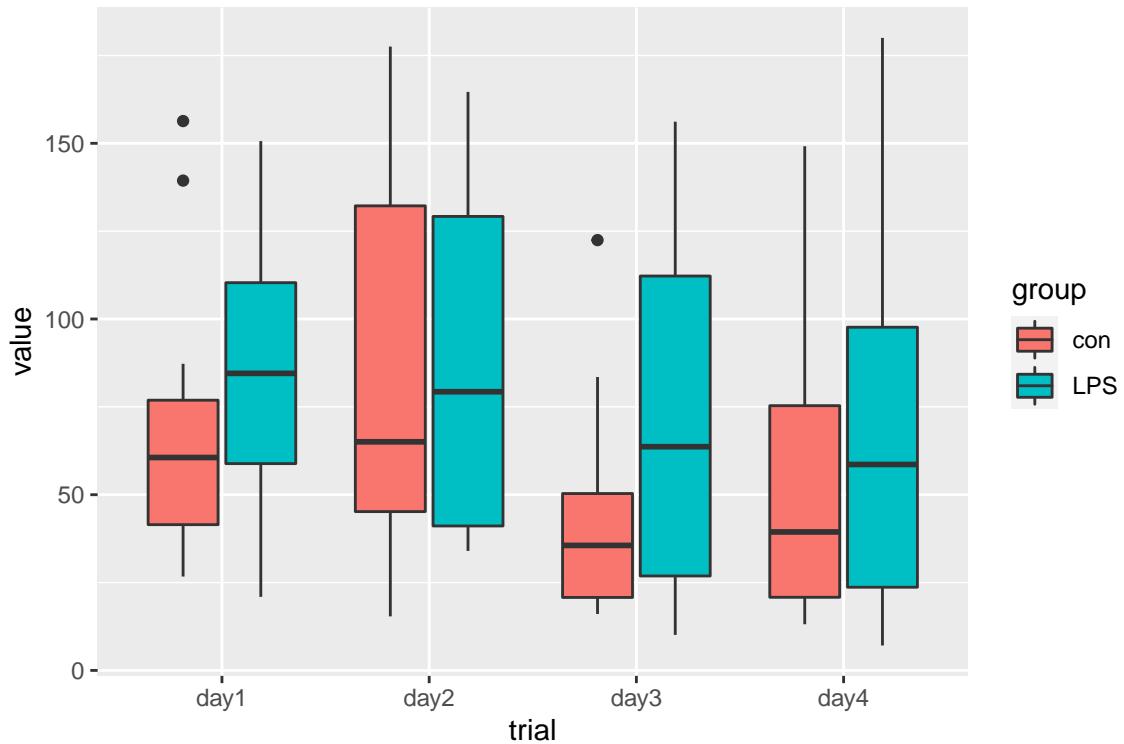
```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame': 112 obs. of 4 variables:
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ group  : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ trial  : chr "day1" "day1" "day1" "day1" ...
## $ value  : num 56.6 60.6 40.3 76.9 60.8 ...

shapiro.test(d1$value)

##
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



Model fit

```
## F1 LD F1 Model
## -----
## Check that the order of the time and group levels are correct.
## Time level: day1 day2 day3 day4
## Group level: con LPS
## If the order is not correct, specify the correct order in time.order or group.order.

##           Statistic df     p-value
## group      1.575915 1 0.209350065
## trial      11.625510 3 0.008782558
## group:trial 1.411162 3 0.702920459

##           Statistic      df     p-value
## group      1.5759152 1.000000 0.209350065
## trial      4.5316366 2.933837 0.003779748
## group:trial 0.4698419 2.933837 0.699021819

##           Statistic df1      df2     p-value
## group    1.575915 1 25.96745 0.2205297
```

Interpretation of result

```
## 1. Difference do not exist between groups  
## p = 0.209  
  
## 2. Difference exist between measurement points  
## p = 0.004  
  
## 3. Significant interaction do not exist between groups and measurement points  
## p = 0.699
```

Fig3_A.Barnes maze_Primary length

Data analysis using R

Boohwi Hong

Package install

Data import

Data structure

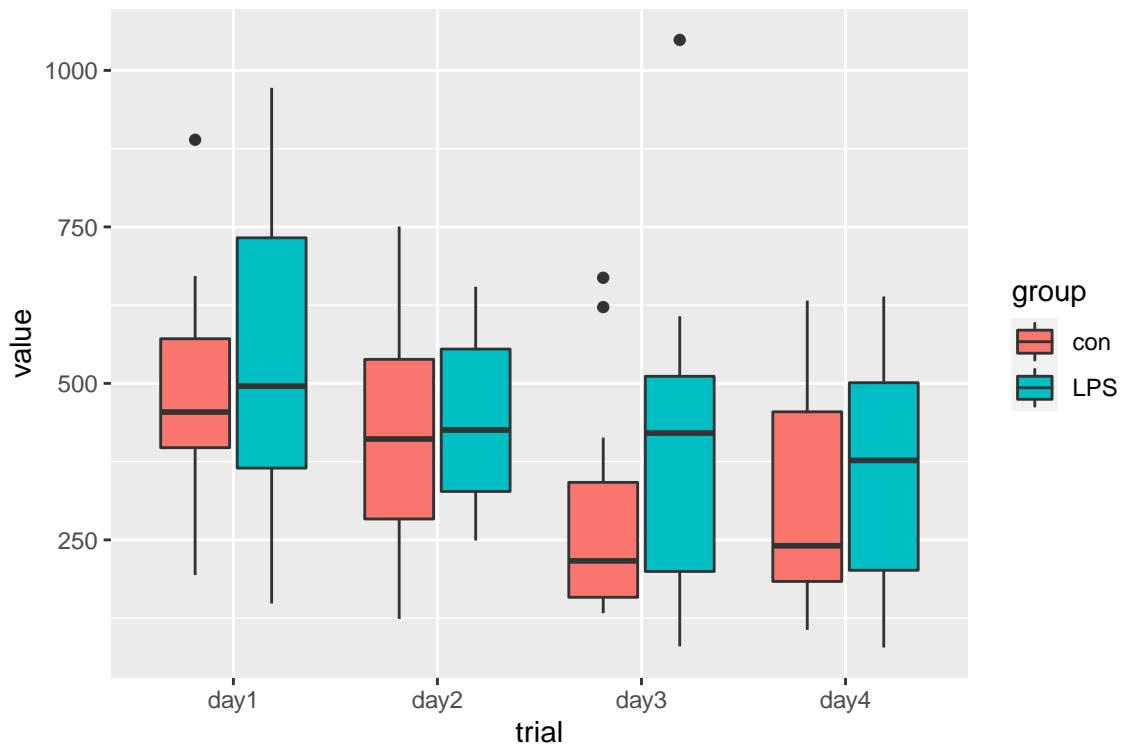
```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame': 112 obs. of 4 variables:
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ group  : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ trial  : chr "day1" "day1" "day1" "day1" ...
## $ value  : num 397 477 356 631 406 ...

shapiro.test(d1$value)

## 
## Shapiro-Wilk normality test
## 
## data: d1$value
## W = 0.96007, p-value = 0.002021
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



Model fit

```
## F1 LD F1 Model
## -----
## Check that the order of the time and group levels are correct.
## Time level: day1 day2 day3 day4
## Group level: con LPS
## If the order is not correct, specify the correct order in time.order or group.order.

##           Statistic df     p-value
## group      1.8014282  1 0.17953993
## trial      12.8554641  3 0.00495983
## group:trial 0.5542484  3 0.90682148

##           Statistic      df     p-value
## group      1.8014282 1.000000 0.179539925
## trial      5.2206949 2.799798 0.001757758
## group:trial 0.2451294 2.799798 0.851920723

##           Statistic df1      df2 p-value
## group    1.801428     1 25.78564 0.191239
```

Interpretation of result

```
## 1. Difference do not exist between groups  
## p = 0.180  
  
## 2. Difference exist between measurement points  
## p = 0.002  
  
## 3. Significant interaction do not exist between groups and measurement points  
## p = 0.852
```

Fig3_A.Barnes maze_Primary errors

Data analysis using R

Boohwi Hong

Package install

Data import

Data structure

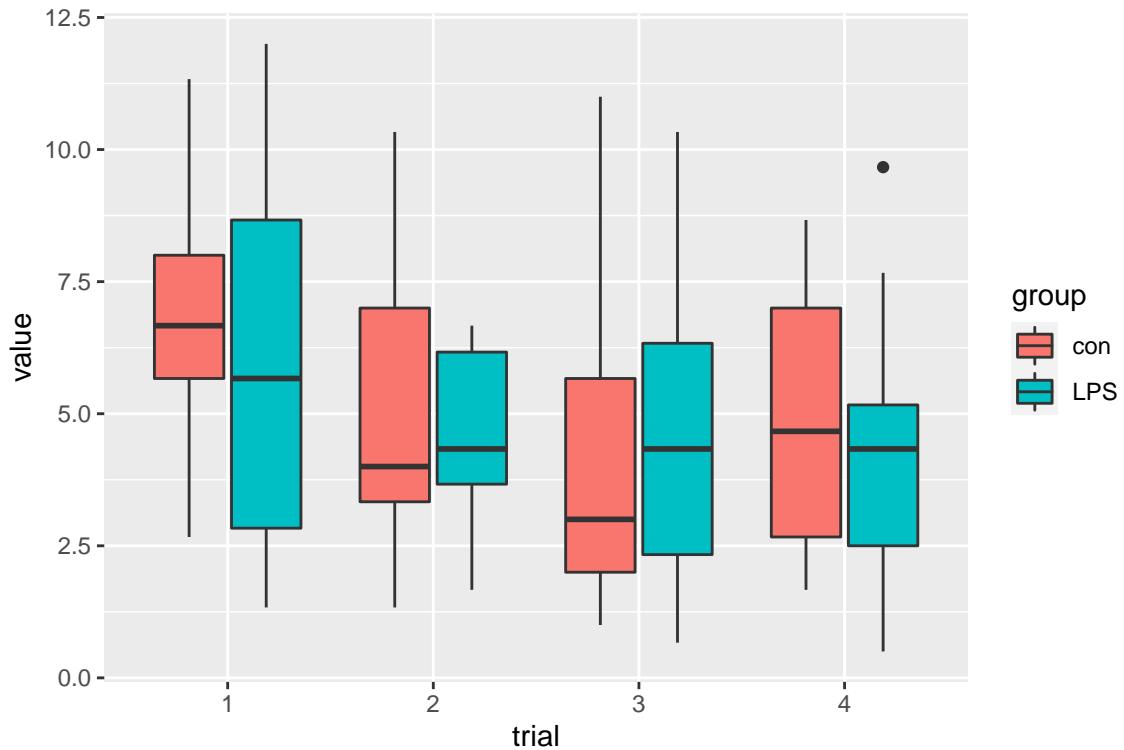
```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame':   112 obs. of  4 variables:
## $ subject: int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ group  : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ trial   : int  1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ value   : num  7.33 11.33 7 6.67 6.67 ...

shapiro.test(d1$value)

##
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



Model fit

```
## F1 LD F1 Model
## -----
## Check that the order of the time and group levels are correct.
## Time level: 1 2 3 4
## Group level: con LPS
## If the order is not correct, specify the correct order in time.order or group.order.

##           Statistic df     p-value
## group      0.631484 1 0.42681151
## trial      8.033390 3 0.04532666
## group:trial 1.477013 3 0.68758576

##           Statistic      df     p-value
## group      0.6314840 1.000000 0.42681151
## trial      2.9622190 2.710279 0.03580191
## group:trial 0.5488226 2.710279 0.63095804

##           Statistic df1      df2     p-value
## group    0.631484 1 23.99755 0.4346006
```

Interpretation of result

```
## 1. Difference do not exist between groups  
## p = 0.427  
  
## 2. Difference exist between measurement points  
## p = 0.036  
  
## 3. Significant interaction do not exist between groups and measurement points  
## p = 0.631
```

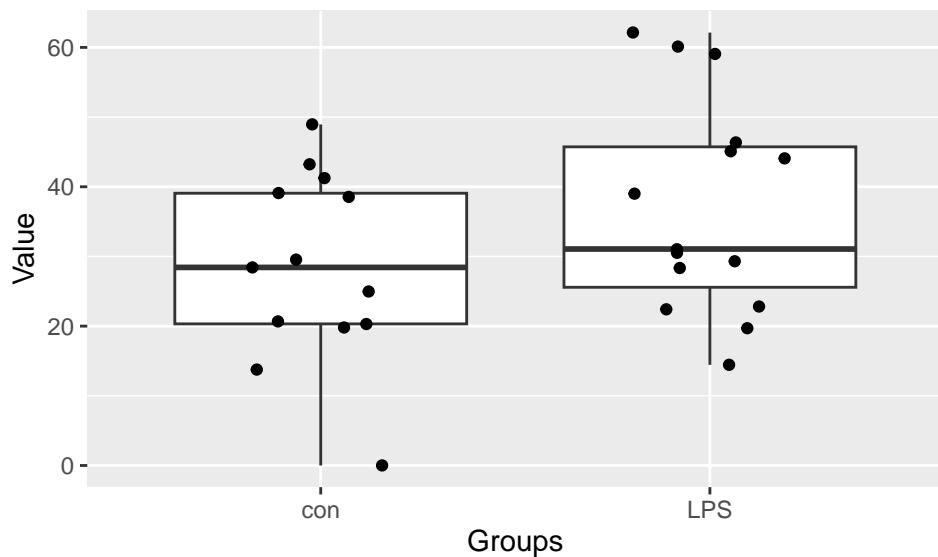
Fig3_C.Barnes maze_Probe test_Duration Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame': 28 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ subject : int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ group   : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ Duration: num 19.8 25 29.5 43.2 28.4 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = -1.5687, df = 25.964, p-value = 0.1288
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -19.896881 2.673506
## sample estimates:
## mean in group con mean in group LPS
## 28.35339 36.96508
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.129  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

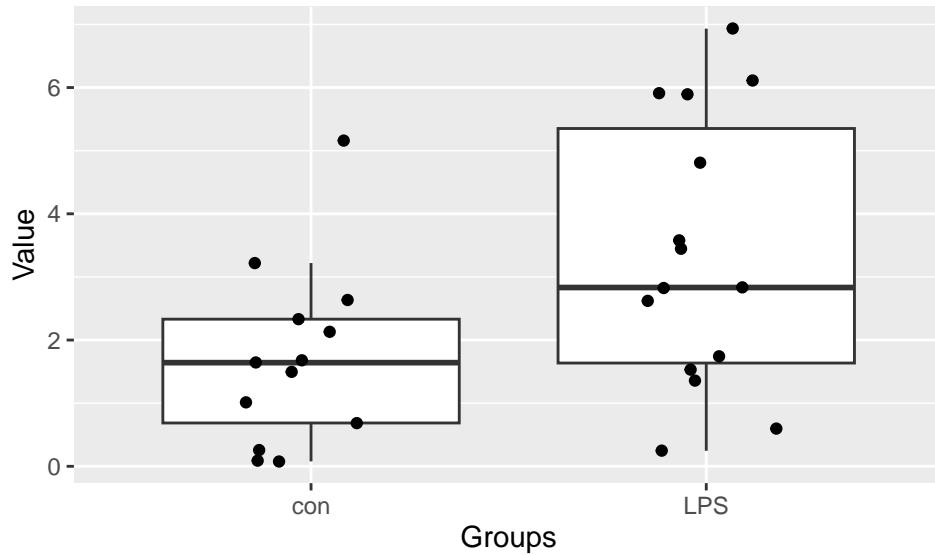
Fig3_C.Barnes maze_Probe test_Distance Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame': 28 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ subject : int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ group   : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ Distance: num 0.0783 0.2561 0.0864 1.679 1.6421 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = -2.4106, df = 24.581, p-value = 0.02375
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -3.0384817 -0.2373261
## sample estimates:
## mean in group con mean in group LPS
## 1.724300      3.362204
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.024  
## A statistically significant difference exist between groups
```

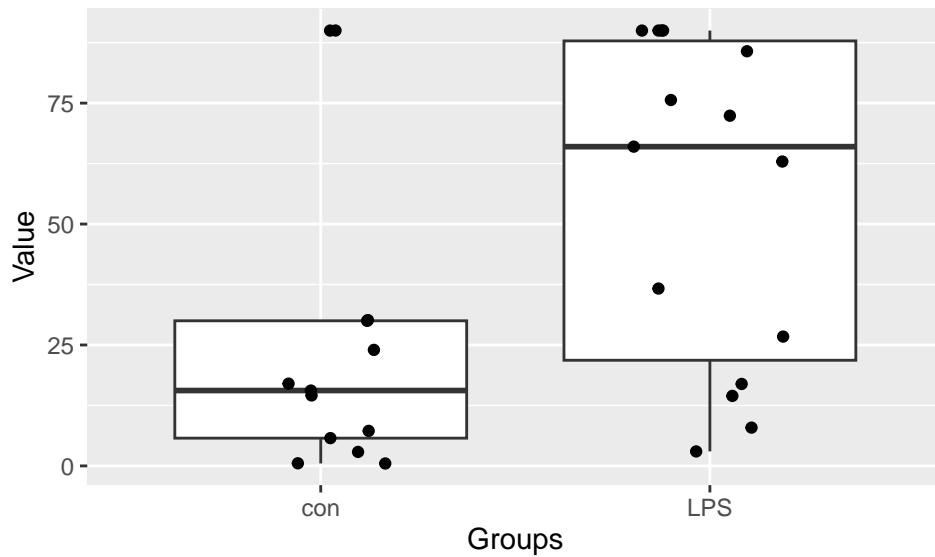
Fig3_C.Barnes maze_Probe test_Latency Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame': 28 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ group : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ Latency: num 0.534 2.903 0.5 14.581 15.582 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = -2.4719, df = 25.941, p-value = 0.02032
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -54.915542 -5.047479
## sample estimates:
## mean in group con mean in group LPS
## 25.24684      55.22835
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.02  
## A statistically significant difference exist between groups
```

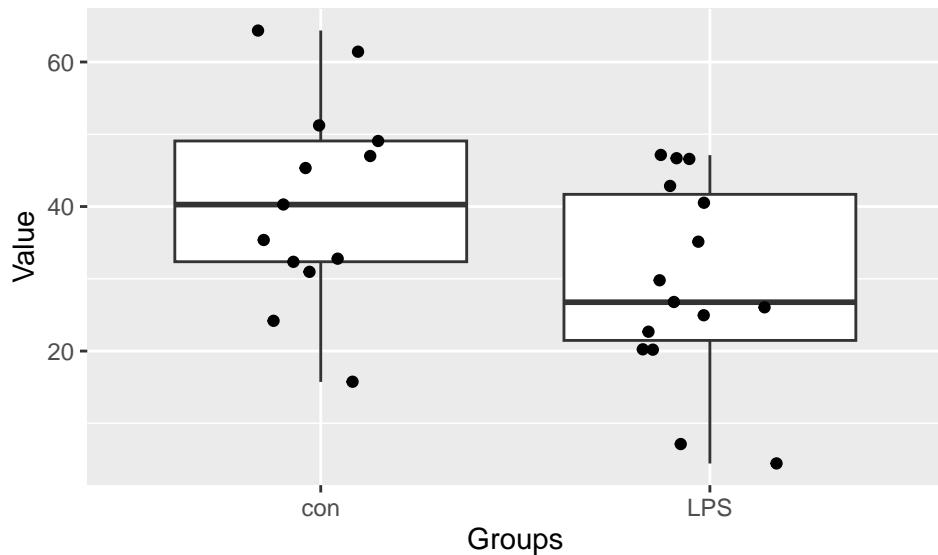
Fig3_D.Fear chamber test Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame': 28 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ subject : int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ group   : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ Freazing: num 51.2 40.3 30.9 15.7 45.3 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = 2.1588, df = 25.191, p-value = 0.04058
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.5269642 22.2098563
## sample estimates:
## mean in group con mean in group LPS
## 40.77308 29.40467
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.041  
## A statistically significant difference exist between groups
```

Figure4 Statistics

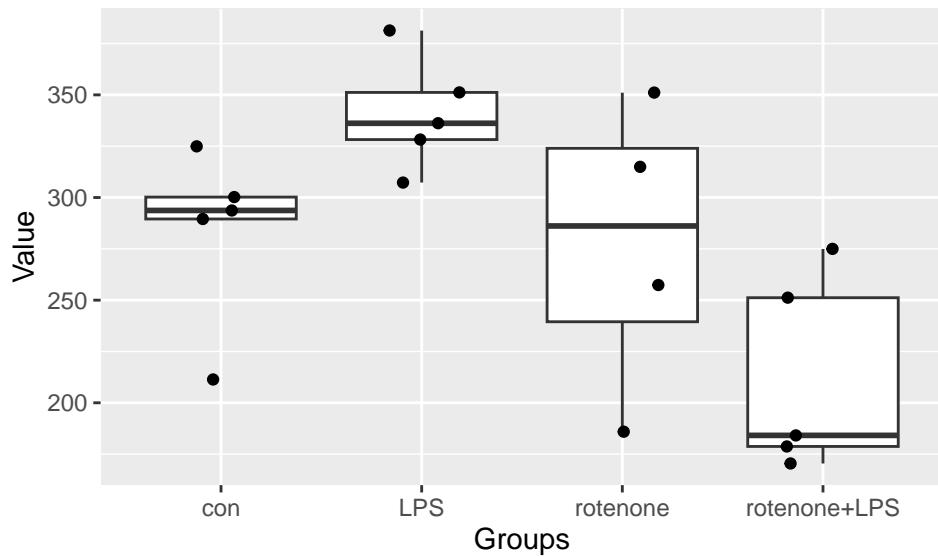
Fig4_B.young mice_rotenone_OCR_Basal Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame': 19 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ group : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ OCR   : num 294 211 290 300 325 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##          Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## d1[, 2]     3 41770  13923   5.949  0.007 **
## Residuals   15 35104    2340
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

## The result of anova is
## p = 0.007
## A statistically significant difference exist between groups
```

```
## Tukey multiple comparisons of means
## 95% family-wise confidence level
##
## Fit: aov(formula = d1[, 3] ~ d1[, 2], data = d1)
##
## $`d1[, 2]`
##          diff      lwr      upr     p adj
## LPS-con    56.892983 -31.28921 145.07518 0.2857524
## rotenone-con   -6.638199 -100.16954  86.89314 0.9968350
## rotenone+LPS-con  -72.057223 -160.23942  16.12497 0.1294538
## rotenone-LPS   -63.531182 -157.06253  30.00016 0.2468473
## rotenone+LPS-LPS  -128.950206 -217.13240 -40.76801 0.0037309
## rotenone+LPS-rotenone  -65.419024 -158.95037  28.11232 0.2257379
```

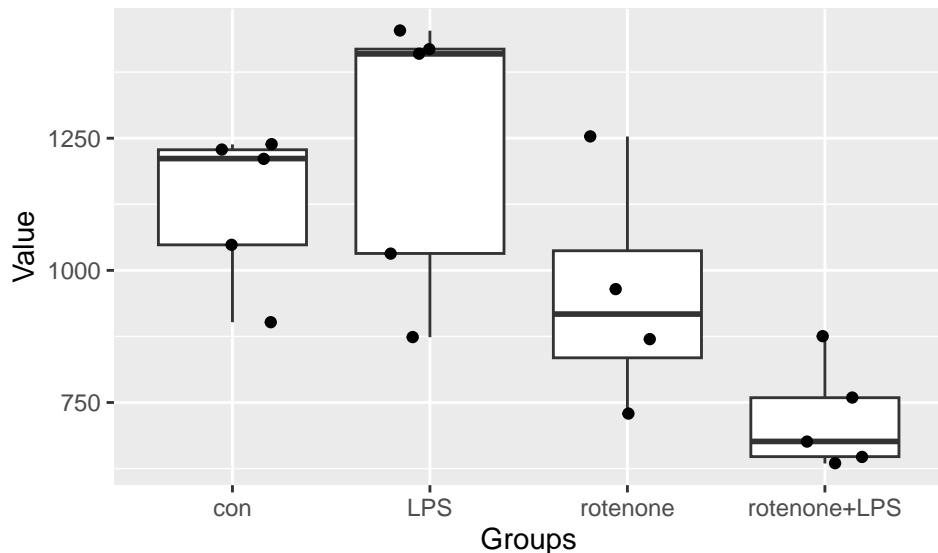
Fig4_B.young mice_rotenone_OCR_State3 Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame':   19 obs. of  3 variables:
## $ subject: int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ group  : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ OCR    : num  1238 902 1228 1211 1048 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##          Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## d1[, 2]     3 762191  254064   6.834 0.00401 **
## Residuals   15 557642   37176
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

## The result of anova is
## p = 0.004
## A statistically significant difference exist between groups
```

```
## Tukey multiple comparisons of means
## 95% family-wise confidence level
##
## Fit: aov(formula = d1[, 3] ~ d1[, 2], data = d1)
##
## $`d1[, 2]`
##          diff      lwr      upr     p adj
## LPS-con    111.7427 -239.7194  463.20489 0.7965979
## rotenone-con   -171.3073 -544.0892  201.47461 0.5623868
## rotenone+LPS-con   -407.0108 -758.4730  -55.54867 0.0208876
## rotenone-LPS   -283.0500 -655.8320   89.73189 0.1713149
## rotenone+LPS-LPS   -518.7536 -870.2157 -167.29140 0.0034534
## rotenone+LPS-rotenone -235.7035 -608.4854  137.07839 0.3015474
```

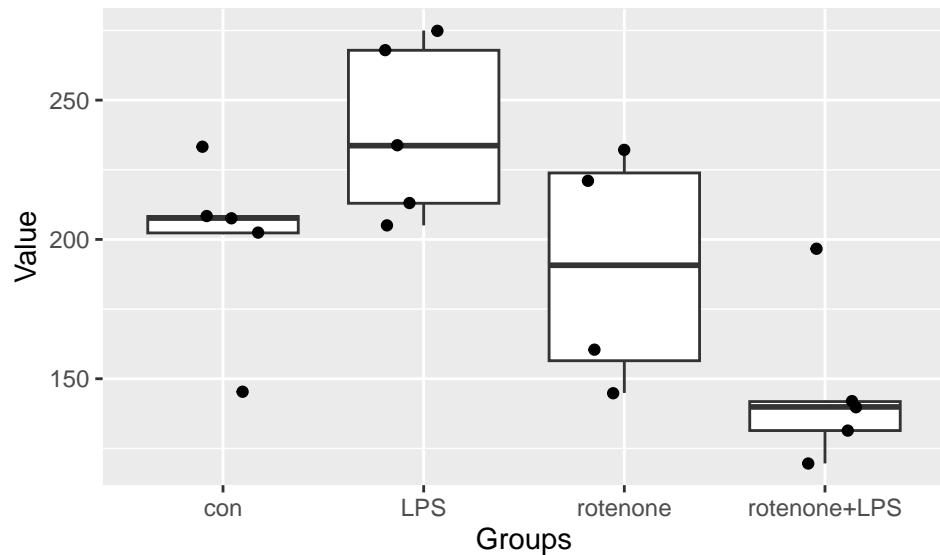
Fig4_B.young mice_rotenone_OCR_State4o Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame': 19 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ group : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ OCR   : num 233 145 208 202 208 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##          Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
## d1[, 2]     3 21878    7293     6.29 0.00562 **
## Residuals   15 17390    1159
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

## The result of anova is
## p = 0.006
## A statistically significant difference exist between groups
```

```
## Tukey multiple comparisons of means
## 95% family-wise confidence level
##
## Fit: aov(formula = d1[, 3] ~ d1[, 2], data = d1)
##
## $`d1[, 2]`
##          diff      lwr      upr     p adj
## LPS-con    39.557092 -22.50877 101.622952 0.2952808
## rotenone-con   -9.758186 -75.58897  56.072601 0.9729040
## rotenone+LPS-con  -53.467196 -115.53306  8.598665 0.1036416
## rotenone-LPS   -49.315278 -115.14606  16.515509 0.1797274
## rotenone+LPS-LPS  -93.024288 -155.09015 -30.958427 0.0030361
## rotenone+LPS-rotenone -43.709010 -109.53980  22.121777 0.2637949
```

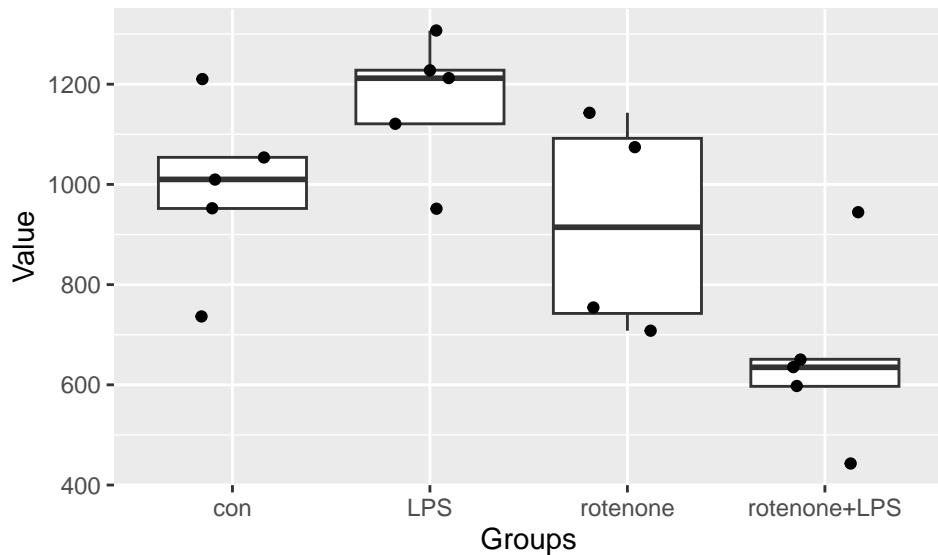
Fig4_B.young mice_rotenone_OCR_State3u Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame': 19 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ group : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ OCR   : int 1210 737 1010 1054 952 1121 1307 1228 1212 952 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##          Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
## d1[, 2]     3 673886 224629   7.153 0.00331 **
## Residuals   15 471032   31402
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

## The result of anova is
## p = 0.003
## A statistically significant difference exist between groups
```

```
## Tukey multiple comparisons of means
## 95% family-wise confidence level
##
## Fit: aov(formula = d1[, 3] ~ d1[, 2], data = d1)
##
## $`d1[, 2]`
##          diff      lwr      upr      p adj
## LPS-con     171.4 -151.6174  494.41742 0.4455817
## rotenone-con   -72.6 -415.2117  270.01172 0.9270814
## rotenone+LPS-con -338.4 -661.4174  -15.38258 0.0385709
## rotenone-LPS    -244.0 -586.6117   98.61172 0.2131421
## rotenone+LPS-LPS   -509.8 -832.8174 -186.78258 0.0019426
## rotenone+LPS-rotenone -265.8 -608.4117   76.81172 0.1583467
```

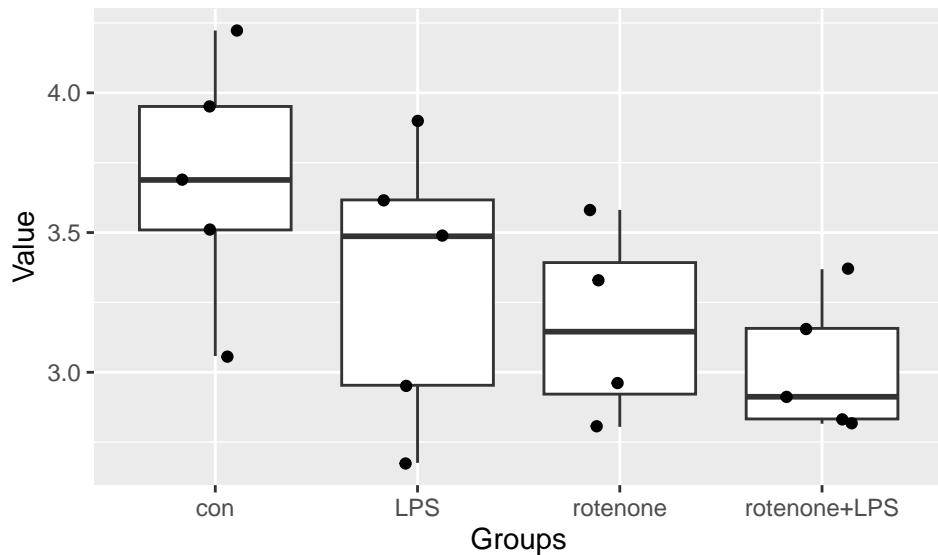
Fig4_C.young mice_rotenone_RCR Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame': 19 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ group : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ RCR    : num 4.22 3.51 3.69 3.95 3.06 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##          Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## d1[, 2]     3  1.216  0.4052   2.547  0.095 .
## Residuals   15  2.386  0.1591
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

## The result of anova is
## p = 0.0950
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

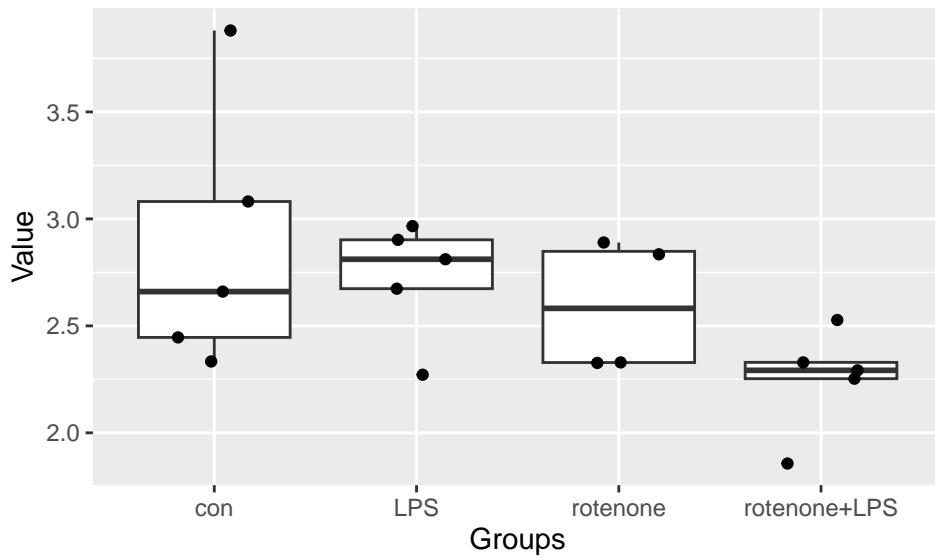
Fig4_C.young mice_rotenone_RCRu Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame': 19 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ group : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ RCRu  : num 3.88 2.45 2.66 3.08 2.33 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##           Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## d1[, 2]     3  1.074  0.3581   2.229  0.127
## Residuals  15  2.409  0.1606

## The result of anova is
## p = 0.1269
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

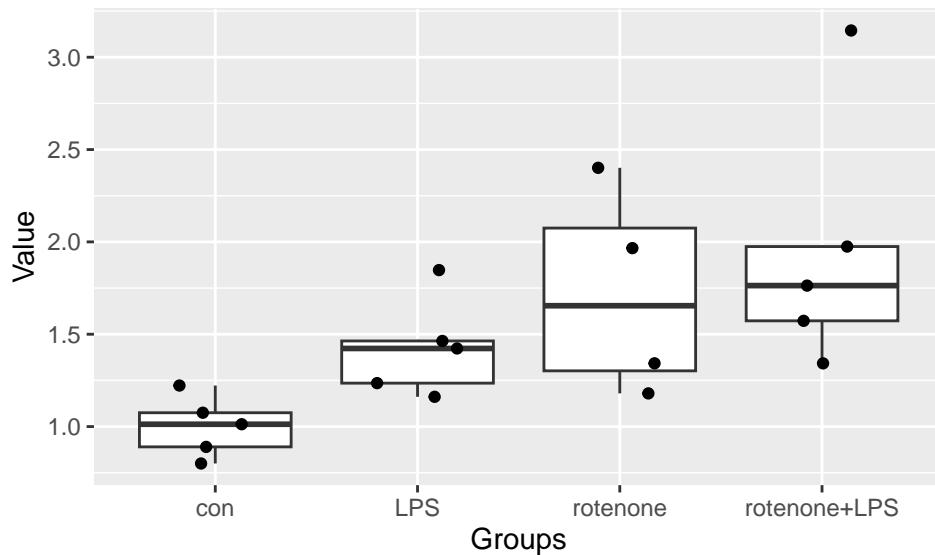
Fig4_D.young mice_rotenone_qPCR_TNFalpha Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame': 19 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ subject : int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ group   : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ TNFalpha: num 0.89 1.22 0.8 1.01 1.07 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##          Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## d1[, 2]     3  2.526  0.8419   3.797  0.033 *
## Residuals   15  3.326  0.2217
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

## The result of anova is
## p = 0.033
## A statistically significant difference exist between groups
```

```
## Tukey multiple comparisons of means
## 95% family-wise confidence level
##
## Fit: aov(formula = d1[, 3] ~ d1[, 2], data = d1)
##
## $`d1[, 2]`
##          diff      lwr      upr     p adj
## LPS-con    0.4260386 -0.4322830 1.284360 0.5007225
## rotenone-con 0.7223600 -0.1880275 1.632748 0.1453972
## rotenone+LPS-con 0.9595036  0.1011820 1.817825 0.0261478
## rotenone-LPS   0.2963214 -0.6140661 1.206709 0.7852047
## rotenone+LPS-LPS 0.5334650 -0.3248566 1.391787 0.3151799
## rotenone+LPS-rotenone 0.2371436 -0.6732439 1.147531 0.8749356
```

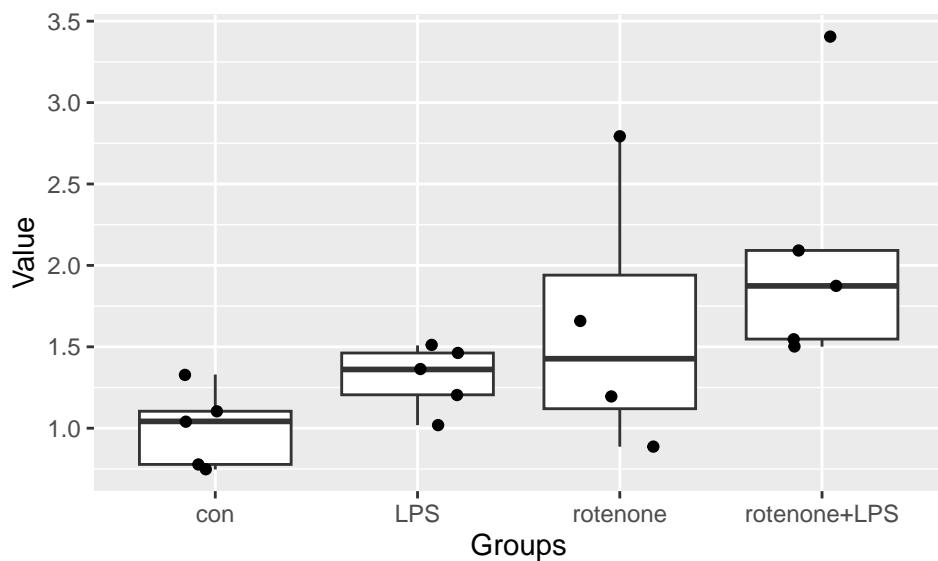
Fig4_D.young mice_rotenone_qPCR_IL-1beta Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame': 19 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ subject : int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ group   : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ IL.1beta: num 0.778 1.042 1.104 1.33 0.747 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##          Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## d1[, 2]     3  3.204   1.068   3.266 0.0509 .
## Residuals   15  4.905   0.327
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

## The result of anova is
## p = 0.0509
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

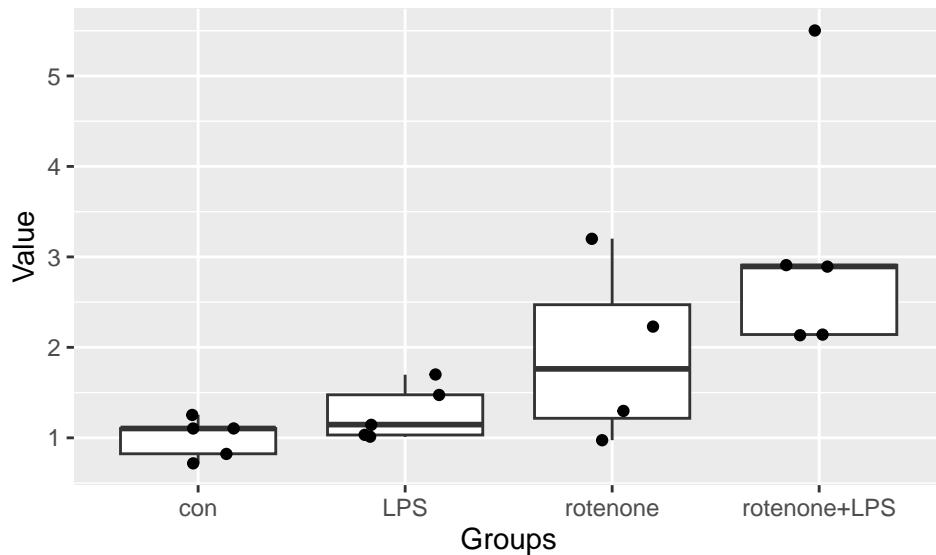
Fig4_D.young mice_rotenone_qPCR_IL-10 Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame': 19 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ group : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ IL.10 : num 0.716 1.103 1.103 1.254 0.824 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##          Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
## d1[, 2]      3 13.30   4.435   5.899 0.00724 **
## Residuals    15 11.28   0.752
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

## The result of anova is
## p = 0.007
## A statistically significant difference exist between groups
```

```
## Tukey multiple comparisons of means
## 95% family-wise confidence level
##
## Fit: aov(formula = d1[, 3] ~ d1[, 2], data = d1)
##
## $`d1[, 2]`
##          diff      lwr      upr     p adj
## LPS-con    0.2722066 -1.3083880 1.852801 0.9586713
## rotenone-con 0.9251435 -0.7513302 2.601617 0.4128830
## rotenone+LPS-con 2.1160458  0.5354512 3.696640 0.0075171
## rotenone-LPS  0.6529369 -1.0235368 2.329411 0.6818143
## rotenone+LPS-LPS 1.8438392  0.2632446 3.424434 0.0199147
## rotenone+LPS-rotenone 1.1909023 -0.4855714 2.867376 0.2149021
```

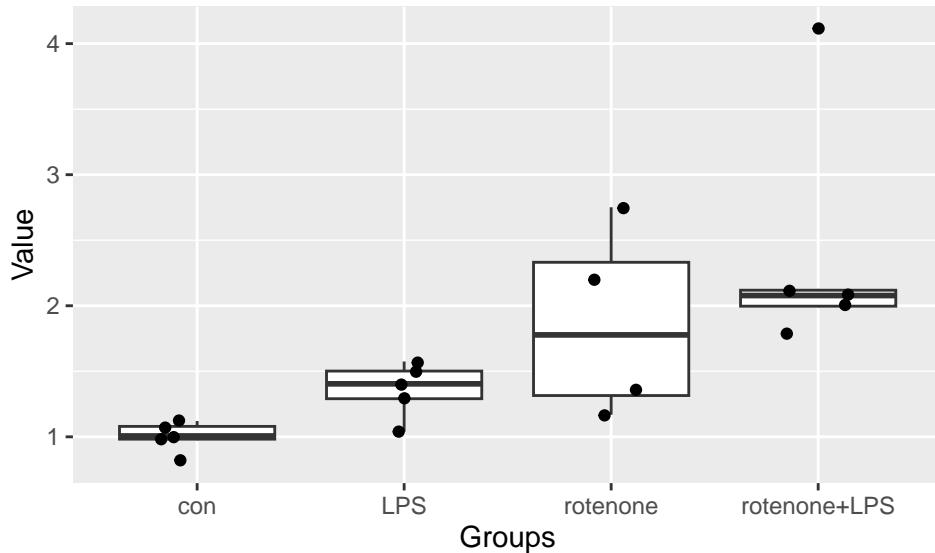
Fig4_D.young mice_rotenone_qPCR_IL-6 Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame': 19 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ group : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ IL.6   : num 0.812 1.006 1.12 1.08 0.982 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##          Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## d1[, 2]     3  5.674  1.8914   5.136 0.0122 *
## Residuals   15  5.525  0.3683
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

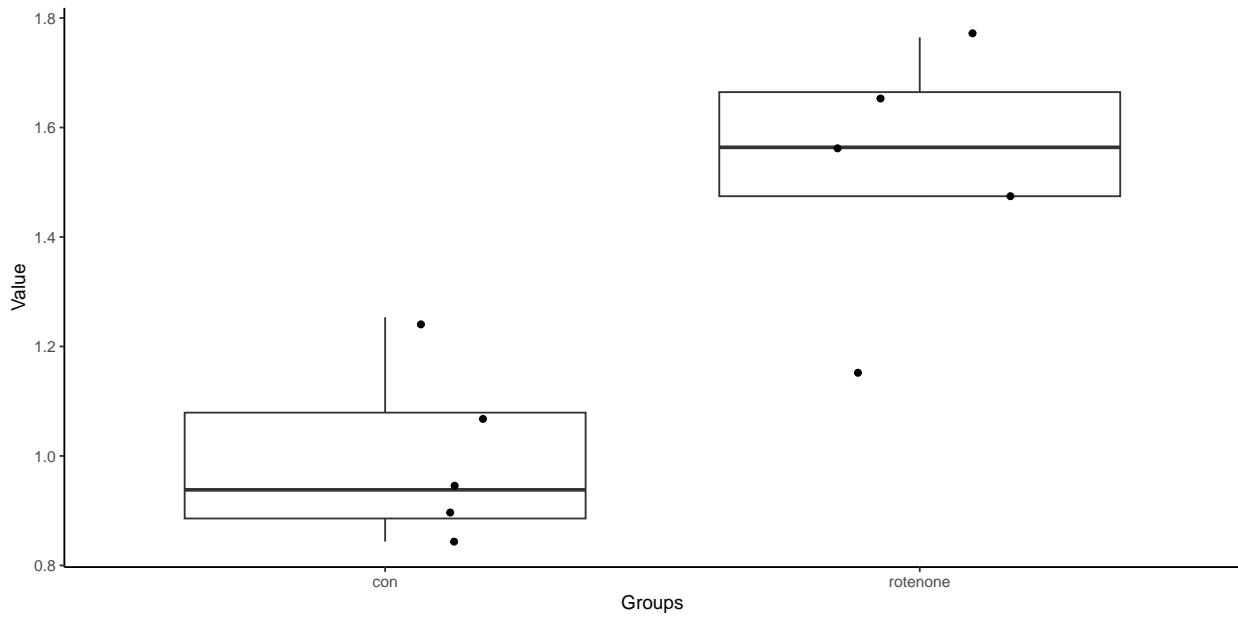
## The result of anova is
## p = 0.012
## A statistically significant difference exist between groups
```

```
## Tukey multiple comparisons of means
## 95% family-wise confidence level
##
## Fit: aov(formula = d1[, 3] ~ d1[, 2], data = d1)
##
## $`d1[, 2]`
##          diff      lwr      upr     p adj
## LPS-con    0.3620128 -0.7442230 1.468249 0.7825220
## rotenone-con 0.8689120 -0.3044283 2.042252 0.1870809
## rotenone+LPS-con 1.4188310  0.3125952 2.525067 0.0103405
## rotenone-LPS  0.5068992 -0.6664411 1.680239 0.6093547
## rotenone+LPS-LPS 1.0568182 -0.0494176 2.163054 0.0635486
## rotenone+LPS-rotenone 0.5499190 -0.6234213 1.723259 0.5469120
```

Fig4_E.Western blot_rotenone_NLRP3_Data analysis

Boohwi Hong

```
## Present data is ** Western blot_rotenone_NLRP3.csv **
##
## ** Data structure **
## 'data.frame': 10 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
## $ group : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ NLRP3 : num 0.844 0.886 0.938 1.253 1.079 ...
##
## ** Explorative data analysis with graphics**
```



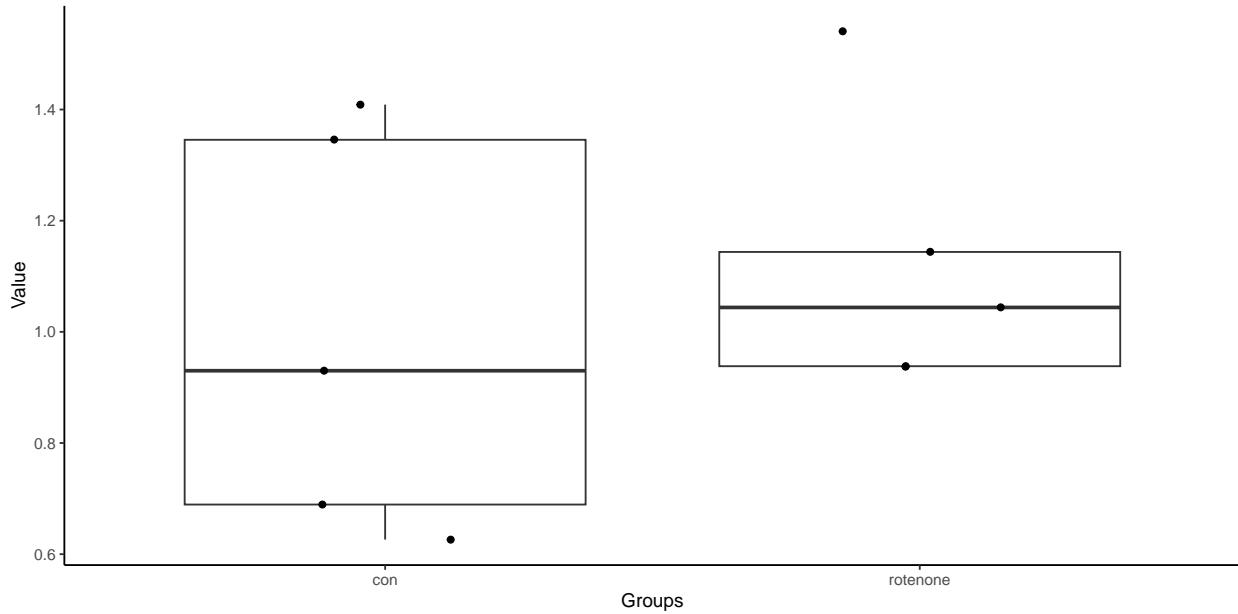
```
## 1. Normality assumption test by Shapiro_Wilk test is
##   p = 0.83
##   Normality assumption was not rejected
## 2. Equal variance test by Bartlett test is
##   p = 0.551
##   Equal variance assumption was not rejected
## 3. The result of anova is
##   p = 0.003
##   A statistically significant difference exist between groups
##
##   Tukey multiple comparisons of means
##   95% family-wise confidence level
##
```

```
## Fit: aov(formula = d1[, 3] ~ d1[, 2], data = d1)
##
## $`d1[, 2]`
##      diff      lwr      upr    p adj
## rotenone-con 0.5263294 0.2332297 0.8194291 0.003249
```

Fig4_E.Western blot_rotenone_pro-IL-1beta_Data analysis

Boohwi Hong

```
## Present data is ** Western blot_rotenone_pro-IL-1beta.csv **
##
## ** Data structure **
## 'data.frame': 10 obs. of 3 variables:
##   $ subject : int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
##   $ group   : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
##   $ IL.1beta: num 0.626 0.689 0.93 1.409 1.346 ...
##
## ** Explorative data analysis with graphics**
```

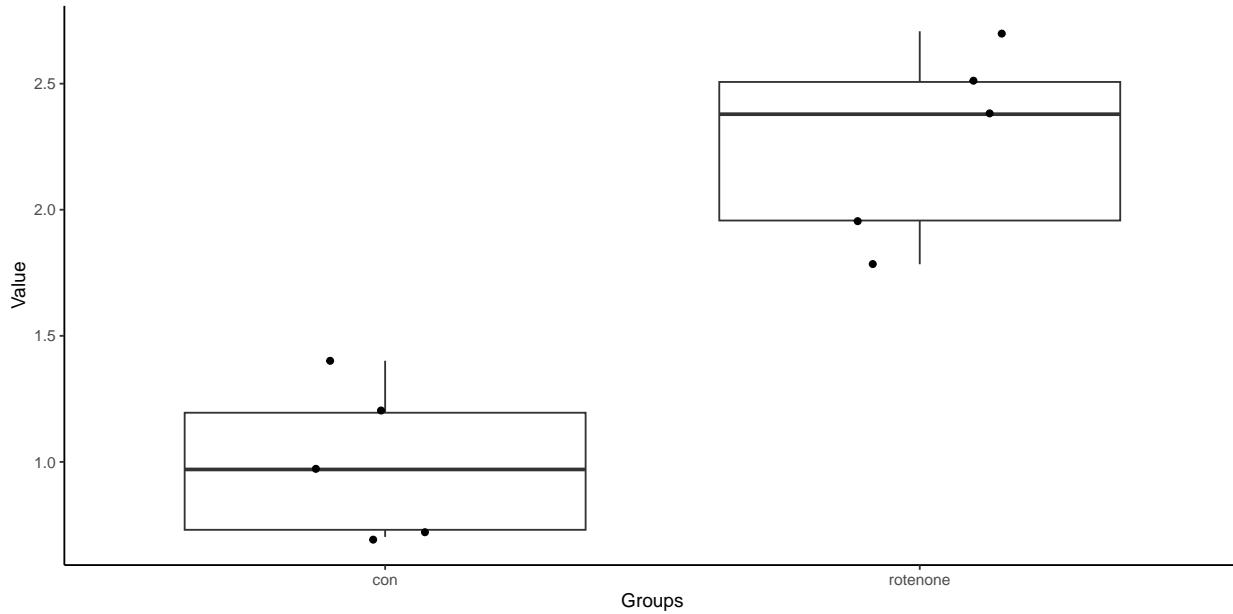


```
## 1. Normality assumption test by Shapiro_Wilk test is
##   p = 0.162
##   Normality assumption was not rejected
## 2. Equal variance test by Bartlett test is
##   p = 0.486
##   Equal variance assumption was not rejected
## 3. The result of anova is
##   p = 0.557
##   A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
##
```

Fig4_E.Western blot_rotenone_cleaved-caspase1 Data analysis

Boohwi Hong

```
## Present data is ** Western blot_rotenone_cleaved-caspase1.csv **
##
## ** Data structure **
## 'data.frame': 10 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ subject : int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
## $ group   : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ cleaved.caspase1: num 0.731 0.703 0.97 1.195 1.401 ...
##
## ** Explorative data analysis with graphics**
```



```
## 1. Normality assumption test by Shapiro_Wilk test is
## p = 0.44
## Normality assumption was not rejected
## 2. Equal variance test by Bartlett test is
## p = 0.641
## Equal variance assumption was not rejected
## 3. The result of anova is
## p = 0.000
## A statistically significant difference exist between groups
##
## Tukey multiple comparisons of means
## 95% family-wise confidence level
##
```

```
## Fit: aov(formula = d1[, 3] ~ d1[, 2], data = d1)
##
## $`d1[, 2]`
##          diff      lwr      upr     p adj
## rotenone-con 1.26687 0.7631849 1.770556 0.0004051
```

Barnes maze_primary latency Data analysis using R

Boohwi Hong

Package install

Data import

Data structure

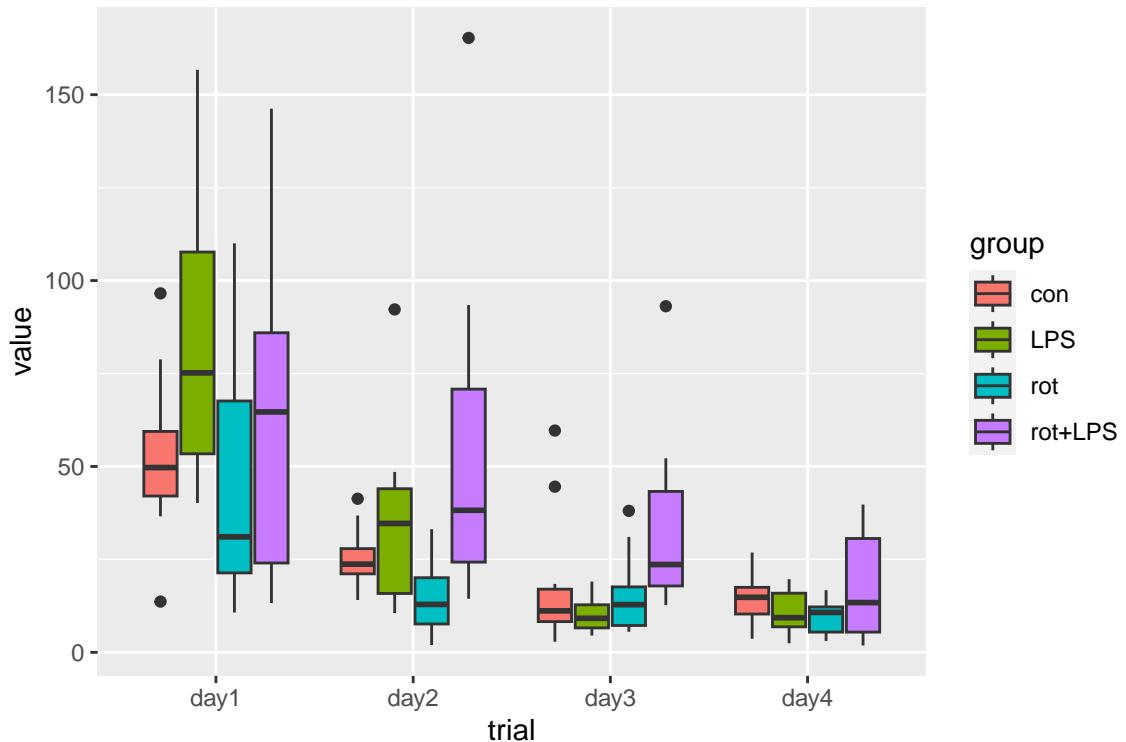
```
str(dd)
```

```
## 'data.frame': 172 obs. of 4 variables:  
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...  
## $ group : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...  
## $ trial : chr "day1" "day1" "day1" "day1" ...  
## $ value : num 49.7 57.1 38.3 45.9 96.6 ...
```

```
shapiro.test(dd$value)
```

```
##  
## Shapiro-Wilk normality test  
##  
## data: dd$value  
## W = 0.78515, p-value = 1.287e-14
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



Model fit

```
## F1 LD F1 Model
## -----
## Check that the order of the time and group levels are correct.
## Time level: day1 day2 day3 day4
## Group level: con rot LPS rot+LPS
## If the order is not correct, specify the correct order in time.order or group.order.

##           Statistic df      p-value
## group      17.51155 3 5.545962e-04
## trial      140.23799 3 3.358494e-30
## group:trial 39.25930 9 1.034406e-05

##           Statistic      df      p-value
## group      6.504124 2.563998 4.982697e-04
## trial      52.554569 2.568909 1.783804e-29
## group:trial 3.235050 6.376109 2.826849e-03

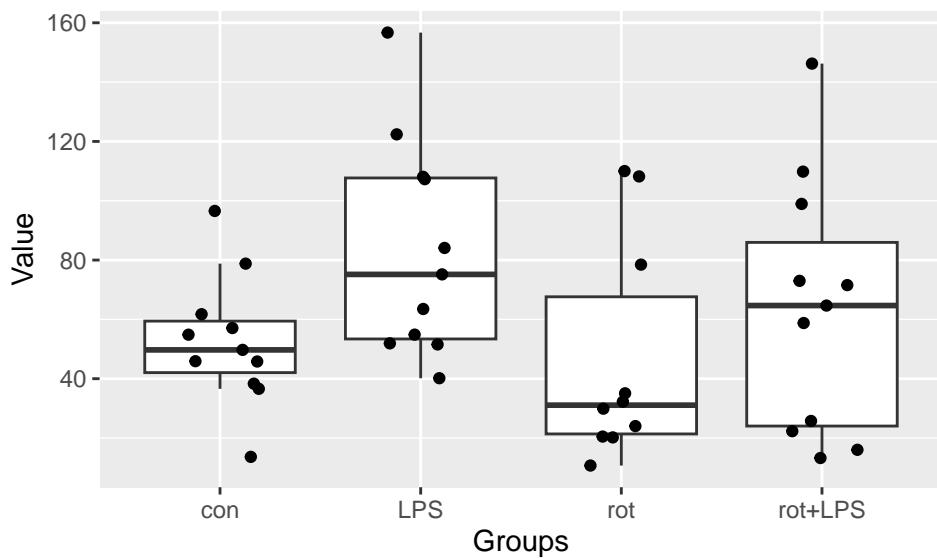
##           Statistic      df1      df2      p-value
## group     6.504124 2.563998 31.51396 0.002314232
```

Interpretation of result

```
## 1. Difference exist between groups  
## p = 0.000  
  
## 2. Difference exist between measurement points  
## p = 0.000  
  
## 3. Significant interaction exist between groups and measurement points  
## p = 0.003
```

Day 1

Explorative data analysis with graphics

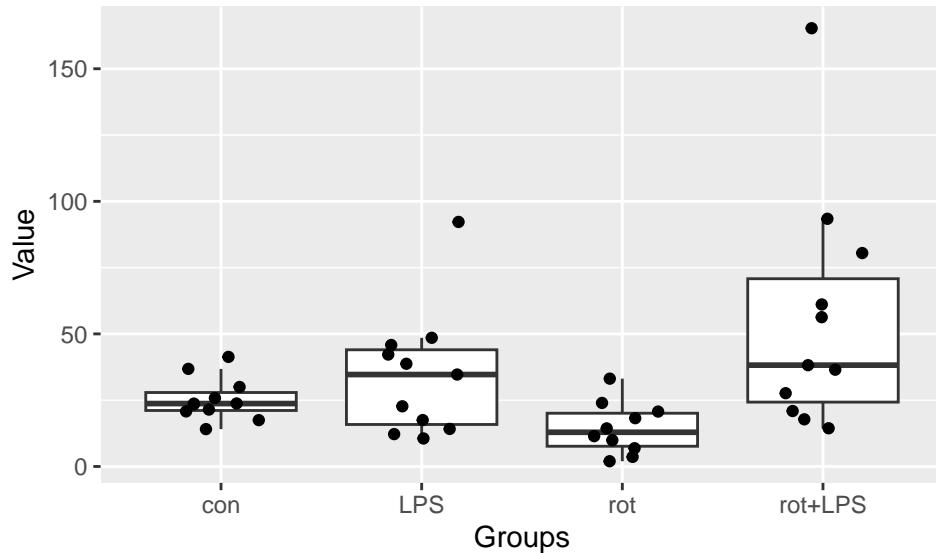


Result

```
## 1. Normality assumption test by Shapiro_Wilk test is  
## p = 0.047  
## Normality assumption was rejected  
## 2. The result of Kruskall_Wallis test:  
## p = 0.101  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

Day 2

Explorative data analysis with graphics



Result

```
## 1. Normality assumption test by Shapiro_Wilk test is
##   p = 0
##   Normality assumption was rejected
## 2. The result of Kruskall_Wallis test:
##   p = 0.005
##   A statistically significant difference exist between groups

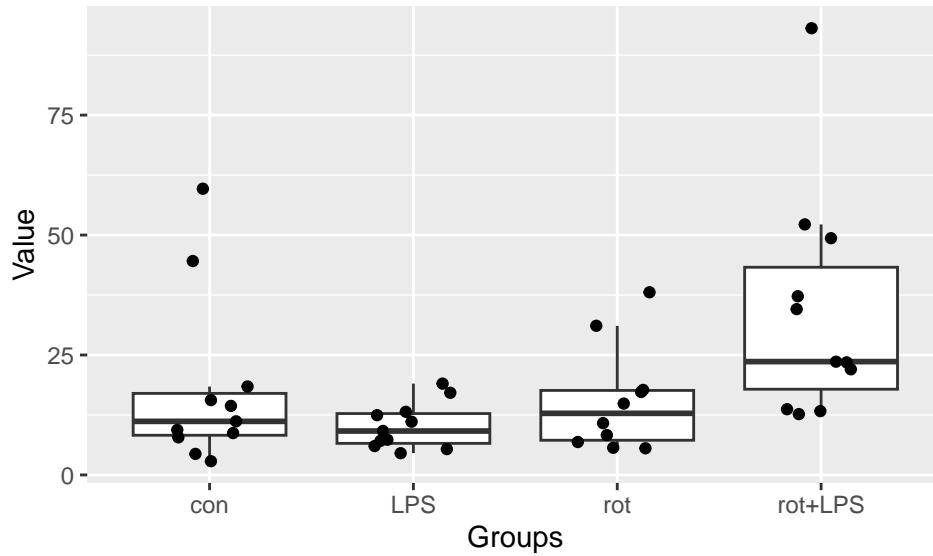
## Dunn (1964) Kruskal-Wallis multiple comparison

##   p-values adjusted with the Benjamini-Hochberg method.

##      Comparison          Z      P.unadj      P.adj
## 1    con - LPS -0.4414607 0.6588794943 0.658879494
## 2    con - rot  1.9734941 0.0484392981 0.096878596
## 3    LPS - rot  2.4043156 0.0162027771 0.048608331
## 4 con - rot+LPS -1.5960503 0.1104775669 0.165716350
## 5 LPS - rot+LPS -1.1545896 0.2482585406 0.297910249
## 6 rot - rot+LPS -3.5310797 0.0004138671 0.002483202
```

Day 3

Explorative data analysis with graphics



Result

```
## 1. Normality assumption test by Shapiro_Wilk test is
##   p = 0
##   Normality assumption was rejected
## 2. The result of Kruskall_Wallis test:
##   p = 0.006
##   A statistically significant difference exist between groups

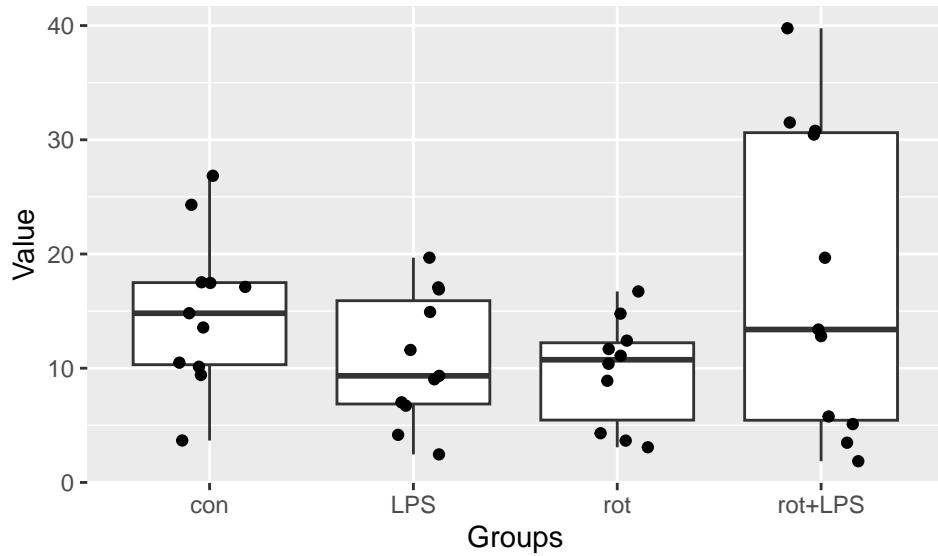
## Dunn (1964) Kruskal-Wallis multiple comparison

##   p-values adjusted with the Benjamini-Hochberg method.

##      Comparison          Z      P.unadj      P.adj
## 1    con - LPS  1.00177624 0.3164516737 0.474677511
## 2    con - rot -0.01988407 0.9841358518 0.984135852
## 3    LPS - rot -0.99751758 0.3185133449 0.382216014
## 4 con - rot+LPS -2.37709617 0.0174495380 0.052348614
## 5 LPS - rot+LPS -3.37887241 0.0007278378 0.004367027
## 6 rot - rot+LPS -2.29992425 0.0214525117 0.042905023
```

Day 4

Explorative data analysis with graphics



Result

```
## 1. Normality assumption test by Shapiro_Wilk test is
##   p = 0.757
##   Normality assumption was not rejected
## 2. Equal variance test by Bartlett test is
##   p = 0.004
##   Equal variance assumption was rejected
## 3. The result of Welch ANOVA is
##   p = 0.119
##   A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

Fig4_F.Barnes maze primary length Data analysis using R

Boohwi Hong

Package install

Data import

Data structure

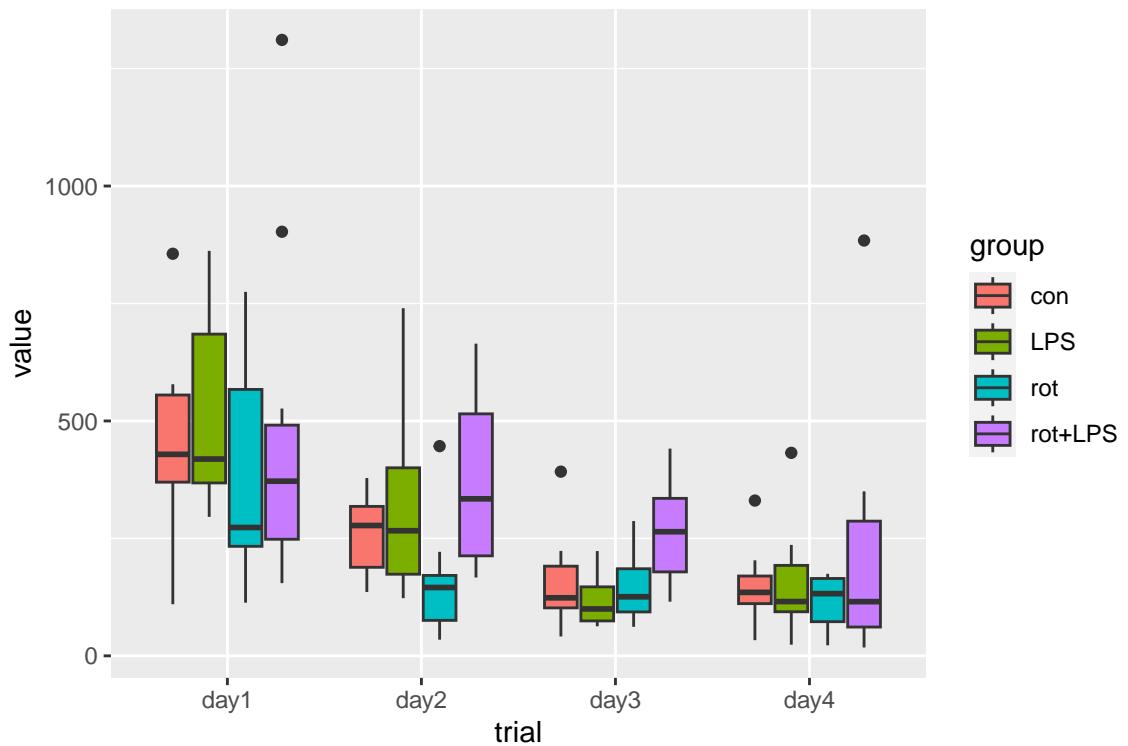
```
str(dd)

## 'data.frame': 172 obs. of 4 variables:
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ group  : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ trial  : chr "day1" "day1" "day1" "day1" ...
## $ value  : num 503 578 361 418 856 ...

shapiro.test(dd$value)

##
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



Model fit

```
## F1 LD F1 Model
## -----
## Check that the order of the time and group levels are correct.
## Time level: day1 day2 day3 day4
## Group level: con rot LPS rot+LPS
## If the order is not correct, specify the correct order in time.order or group.order.

##           Statistic df      p-value
## group      22.64569 3 4.786603e-05
## trial      78.15374 3 7.638369e-17
## group:trial 43.74437 9 1.573046e-06

##           Statistic      df      p-value
## group      7.091432 2.865242 1.239577e-04
## trial      37.504403 2.614484 1.893424e-21
## group:trial 2.117680 6.297660 4.484102e-02

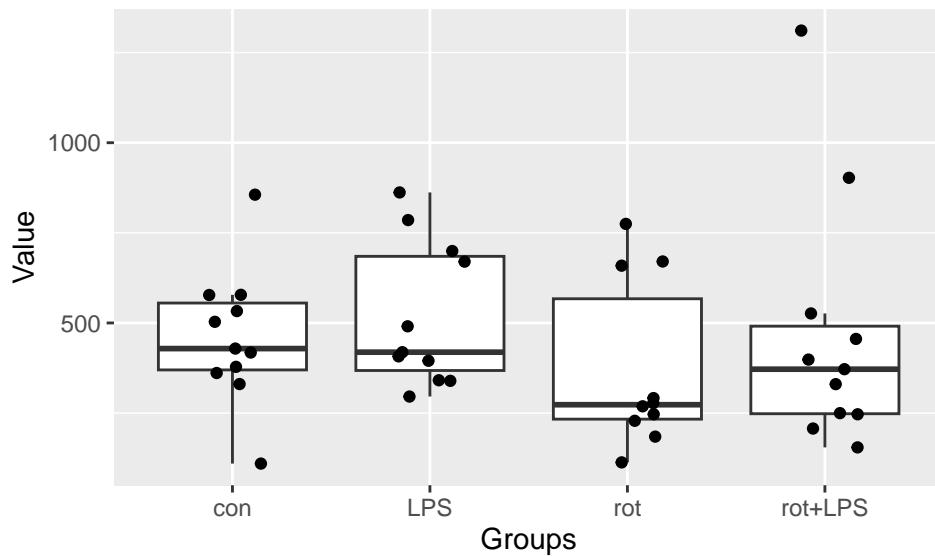
##           Statistic      df1      df2      p-value
## group     7.091432 2.865242 36.8894 0.0008215044
```

Interpretation of result

```
## 1. Difference exist between groups  
## p = 0.000  
  
## 2. Difference exist between measurement points  
## p = 0.000  
  
## 3. Significant interaction exist between groups and measurement points  
## p = 0.045
```

Day 1

Explorative data analysis with graphics

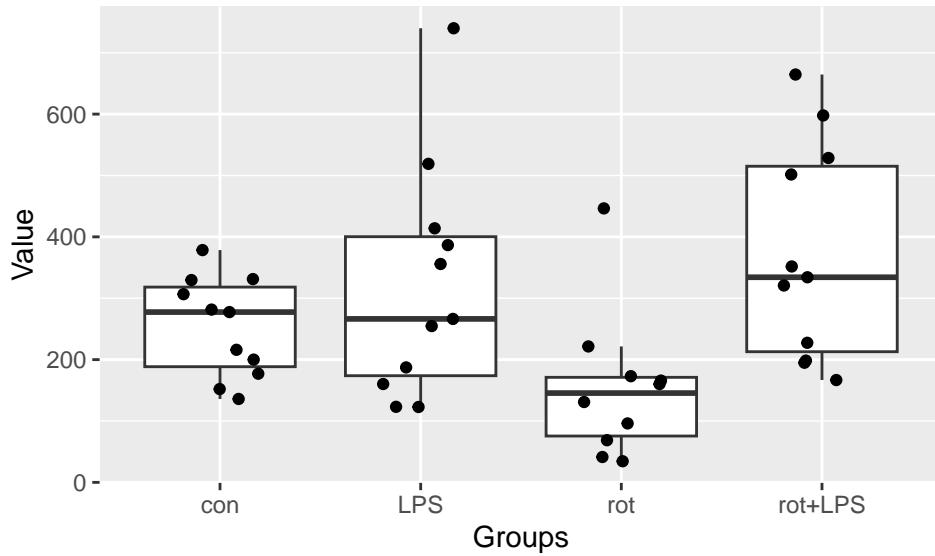


Result

```
## 1. Normality assumption test by Shapiro_Wilk test is  
## p = 0.001  
## Normality assumption was rejected  
## 2. The result of Kruskall_Wallis test:  
## p = 0.212  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

Day 2

Explorative data analysis with graphics



Result

```
## 1. Normality assumption test by Shapiro_Wilk test is
##   p = 0.044
##   Normality assumption was rejected
## 2. The result of Kruskall_Wallis test:
##   p = 0.008
##   A statistically significant difference exist between groups

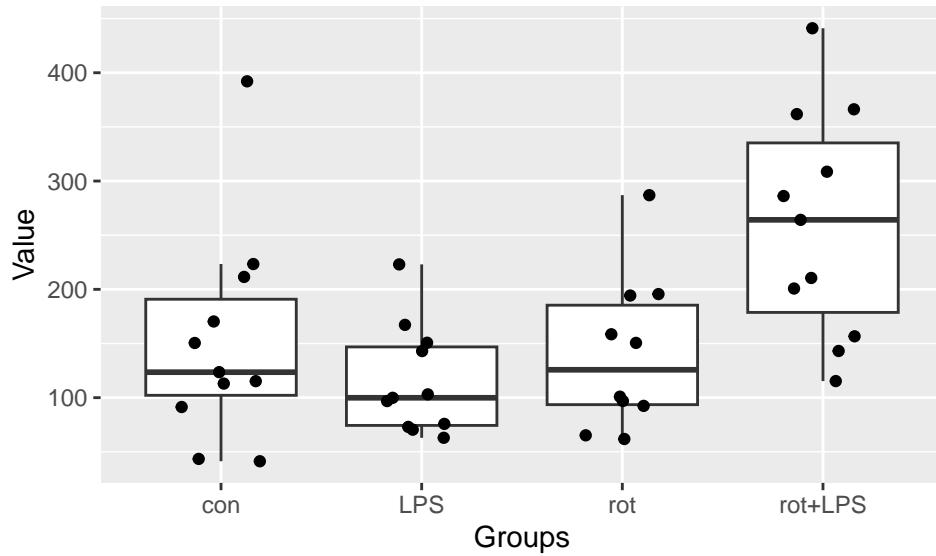
## Dunn (1964) Kruskal-Wallis multiple comparison

##   p-values adjusted with the Benjamini-Hochberg method.

##      Comparison          Z      P.unadj      P.adj
## 1    con - LPS -0.4923985 0.6224376649 0.622437665
## 2    con - rot  1.9867501 0.0469500935 0.093900187
## 3    LPS - rot  2.4672819 0.0136143147 0.040842944
## 4 con - rot+LPS -1.3583407 0.1743556114 0.261533417
## 5 LPS - rot+LPS -0.8659422 0.3865218726 0.463826247
## 6 rot - rot+LPS -3.3123549 0.0009251411 0.005550846
```

Day 3

Explorative data analysis with graphics



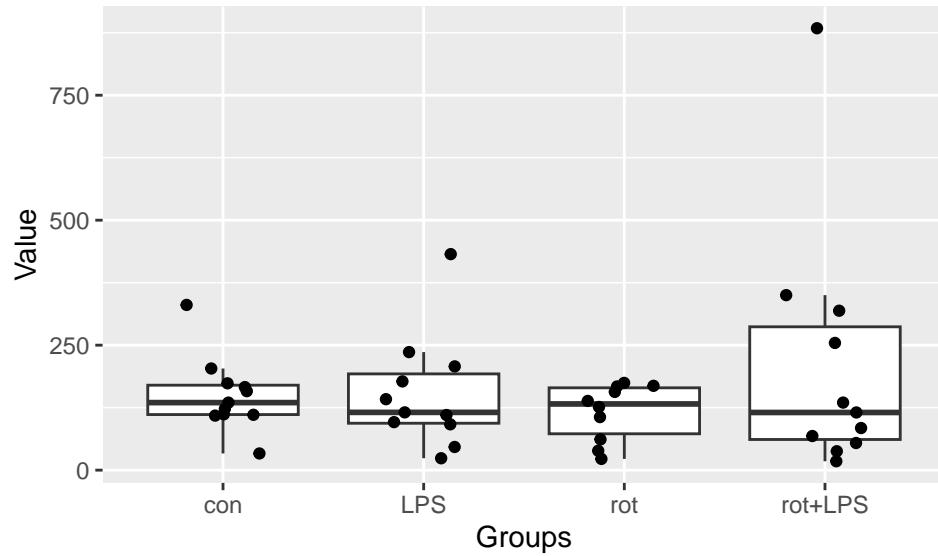
Result

```
## 1. Normality assumption test by Shapiro_Wilk test is
##   p = 0.11
##   Normality assumption was not rejected
## 2. Equal variance test by Bartlett test is
##   p = 0.123
##   Equal variance assumption was not rejected
## 3. The result of anova is
##   p = 0.001
##   A statistically significant difference exist between groups

##   Tukey multiple comparisons of means
##   95% family-wise confidence level
##
## Fit: aov(formula = d1[, 3] ~ d1[, 2], data = d1)
##
## $`d1[, 2]`
##          diff      lwr      upr    p adj
## LPS-con -37.25072 -133.74400 59.24257 0.7296070
## rot-con  -11.98749 -110.86368 86.88870 0.9879215
## rot+LPS-con 107.17708 10.68380 203.67037 0.0244320
## rot-LPS    25.26322 -73.61297 124.13941 0.9019594
## rot+LPS-LPS 144.42780 47.93452 240.92108 0.0014330
## rot+LPS-rot 119.16458 20.28839 218.04077 0.0127491
```

Day 4

Explorative data analysis with graphics



Result

```
## 1. Normality assumption test by Shapiro_Wilk test is
##   p = 0
##   Normality assumption was rejected
## 2. The result of Kruskall_Wallis test:
##   p = 0.913
##   A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

Fig4_F.Barnes maze_primary errors Data analysis using R

Boohwi Hong

Package install

Data import

Data structure

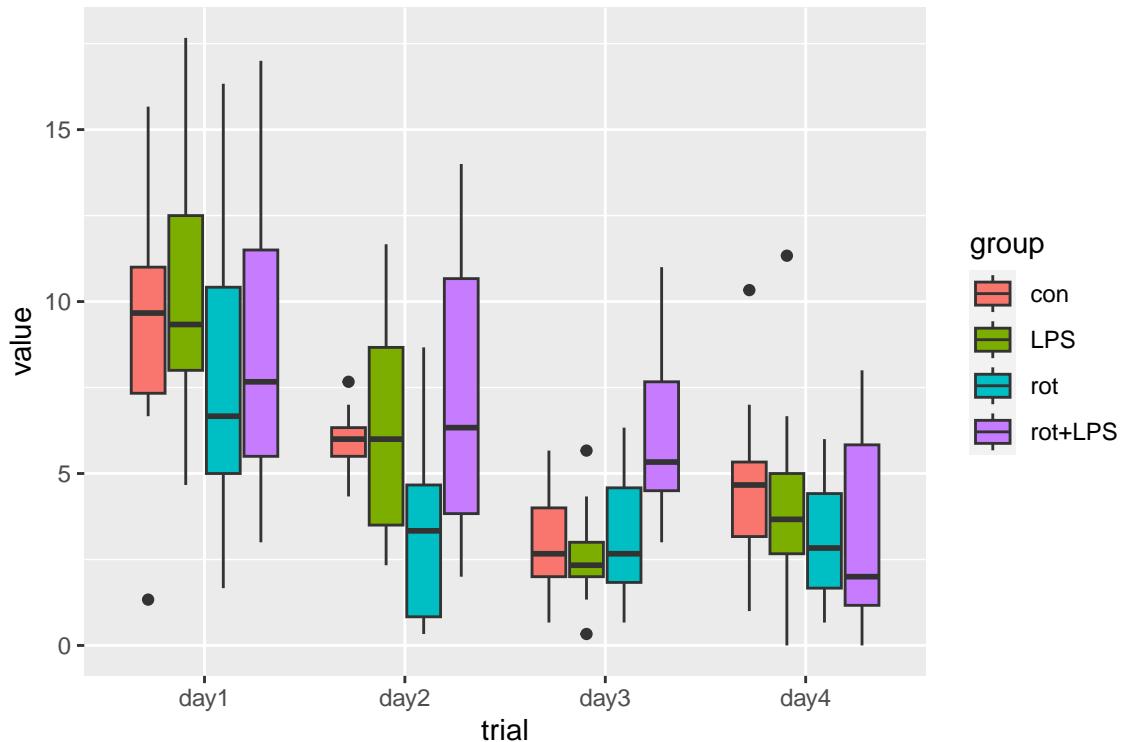
```
str(dd)

## 'data.frame': 172 obs. of 4 variables:
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ group  : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ trial  : chr "day1" "day1" "day1" "day1" ...
## $ value  : num 9.67 12 6.67 7 15.67 ...

shapiro.test(dd$value)

## 
## Shapiro-Wilk normality test
## 
## data: dd$value
## W = 0.93412, p-value = 4.343e-07
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



Model fit

```
## F1 LD F1 Model
## -----
## Check that the order of the time and group levels are correct.
## Time level: day1 day2 day3 day4
## Group level: con rot LPS rot+LPS
## If the order is not correct, specify the correct order in time.order or group.order.

##           Statistic df      p-value
## group      14.53811 3 2.257102e-03
## trial      68.25298 3 1.009909e-14
## group:trial 34.79023 9 6.487847e-05

##           Statistic      df      p-value
## group      3.982147 2.481627 1.205689e-02
## trial      27.380497 2.769167 1.579823e-16
## group:trial 2.350883 6.998083 2.127205e-02

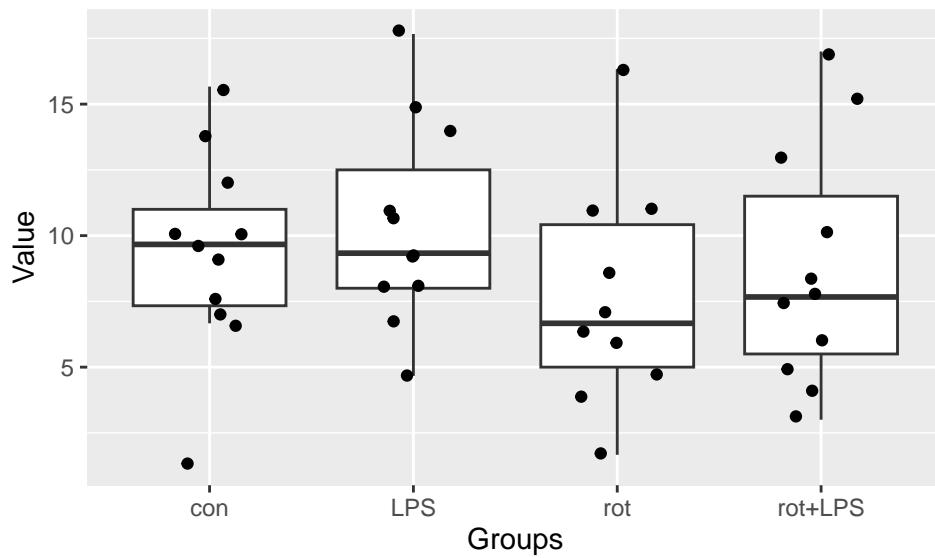
##           Statistic      df1      df2      p-value
## group      3.982147 2.481627 30.17444 0.0221079
```

Interpretation of result

```
## 1. Difference exist between groups  
## p = 0.012  
  
## 2. Difference exist between measurement points  
## p = 0.000  
  
## 3. Significant interaction exist between groups and measurement points  
## p = 0.021
```

Day 1

Explorative data analysis with graphics

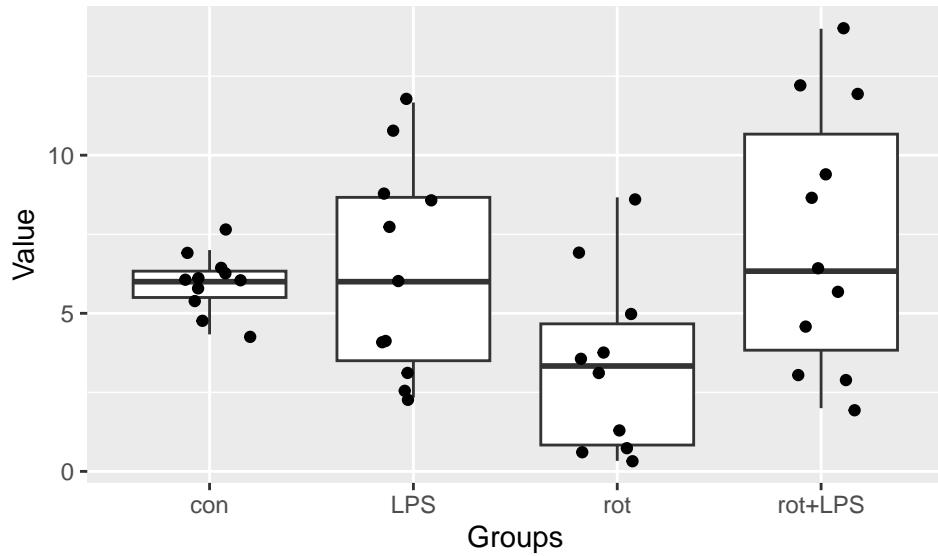


Result

```
## 1. Normality assumption test by Shapiro_Wilk test is  
## p = 0.347  
## Normality assumption was not rejected  
## 2. Equal variance test by Bartlett test is  
## p = 0.930  
## Equal variance assumption was not rejected  
## 3. The result of anova is  
## p = 0.5065  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

Day 2

Explorative data analysis with graphics

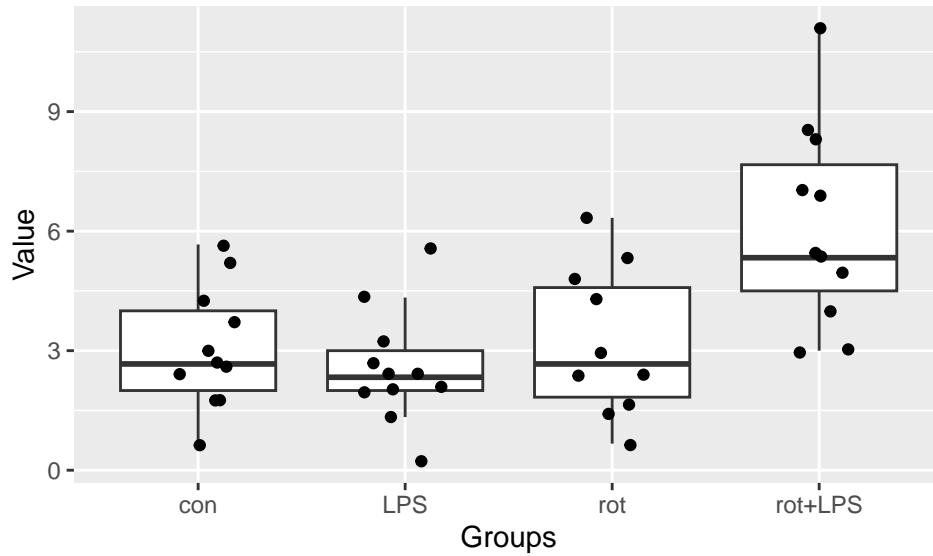


Result

```
## 1. Normality assumption test by Shapiro_Wilk test is
##   p = 0.365
##   Normality assumption was not rejected
## 2. Equal variance test by Bartlett test is
##   p = 0.001
##   Equal variance assumption was rejected
## 3. The result of Welch ANOVA is
##   p = 0.066
##   A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

Day 3

Explorative data analysis with graphics



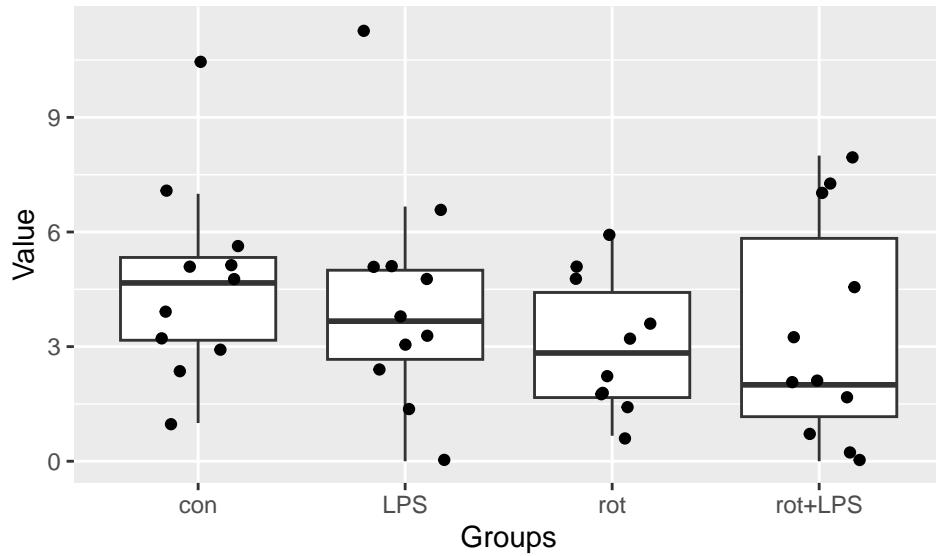
Result

```
## 1. Normality assumption test by Shapiro_Wilk test is
##   p = 0.347
##   Normality assumption was not rejected
## 2. Equal variance test by Bartlett test is
##   p = 0.298
##   Equal variance assumption was not rejected
## 3. The result of anova is
##   p = 0.000
##   A statistically significant difference exist between groups

## Tukey multiple comparisons of means
## 95% family-wise confidence level
##
## Fit: aov(formula = d1[, 3] ~ d1[, 2], data = d1)
##
## $`d1[, 2]`
##      diff      lwr      upr    p adj
## LPS-con -0.4848485 -2.6535179 1.683821 0.9314656
## rot-con  0.1393939 -2.0828309 2.361619 0.9982743
## rot+LPS-con 3.0909091  0.9222397 5.259578 0.0025009
## rot-LPS   0.6242424 -1.5979824 2.846467 0.8744954
## rot+LPS-LPS 3.5757576  1.4070882 5.744427 0.0004239
## rot+LPS-rot 2.9515152  0.7292903 5.173740 0.0052201
```

Day 4

Explorative data analysis with graphics



Result

```
## 1. Normality assumption test by Shapiro_Wilk test is
##   p = 0.09
##   Normality assumption was not rejected
## 2. Equal variance test by Bartlett test is
##   p = 0.435
##   Equal variance assumption was not rejected
## 3. The result of anova is
##   p = 0.4623
##   A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

Fig4_H.Barnes maze_Probe test_duration_percent Data analysis

Boohwi Hong

Package install

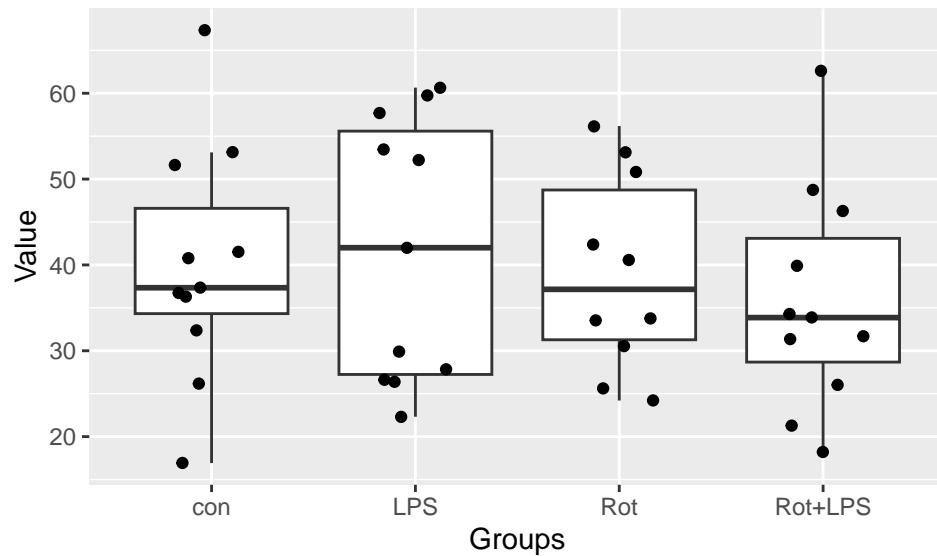
Data import

Data structure

```
str(d1)
```

```
## 'data.frame':   43 obs. of  3 variables:  
## $ subject : int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...  
## $ group   : chr  "con" "con" "con" "con" ...  
## $ Duration: num  16.9 51.7 26.2 37.3 41.5 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



Easystat function developed by S. Park (available at <https://rpubs.com/goodlebang>)

Statistical Result

```
easystat(d1)
```

```
## 1. Normality assumption test by Shapiro_Wilk test is
##   p = 0.185
##   Normality assumption was not rejected
## 2. Equal variance test by Bartlett test is
##   p = 0.846
##   Equal variance assumption was not rejected
## 3. The result of anova is
##   p = 0.7753
##   A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

Fig4_H.Barnes maze_Probe test_path length Data analysis

Boohwi Hong

Package install

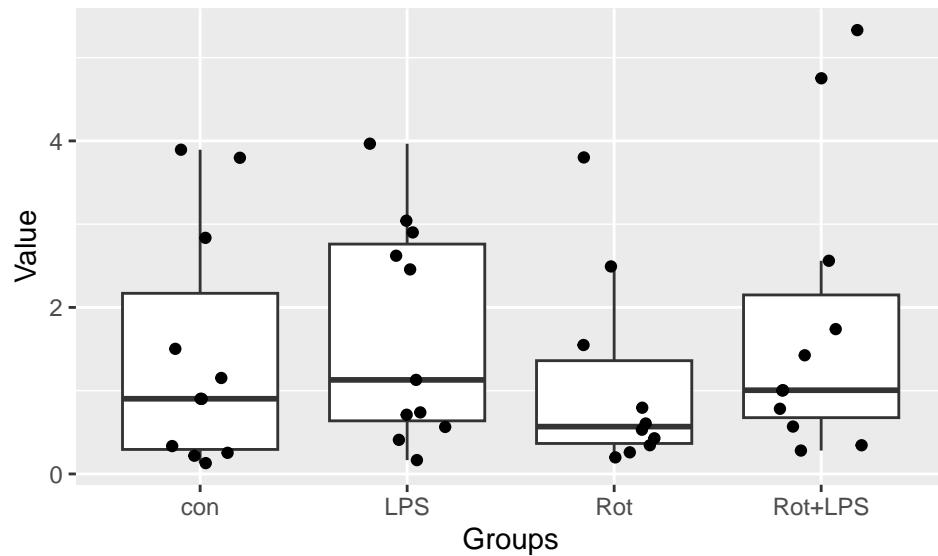
Data import

Data structure

```
str(d1)
```

```
## 'data.frame': 43 obs. of 3 variables:  
## $ subject : int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...  
## $ group   : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...  
## $ Duration: num 2.836 0.903 0.219 3.894 0.335 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



Easystat function developed by S. Park (available at <https://rpubs.com/goodlebang>)

Statistical Result

```
easystat(d1)
```

```
## 1. Normality assumption test by Shapiro_Wilk test is
##   p = 0
##   Normality assumption was rejected
## 2. The result of Kruskall_Wallis test:
##   p = 0.577
##   A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

Fig4_H.Barnes maze_Probe test_latency Data analysis

Boohwi Hong

Package install

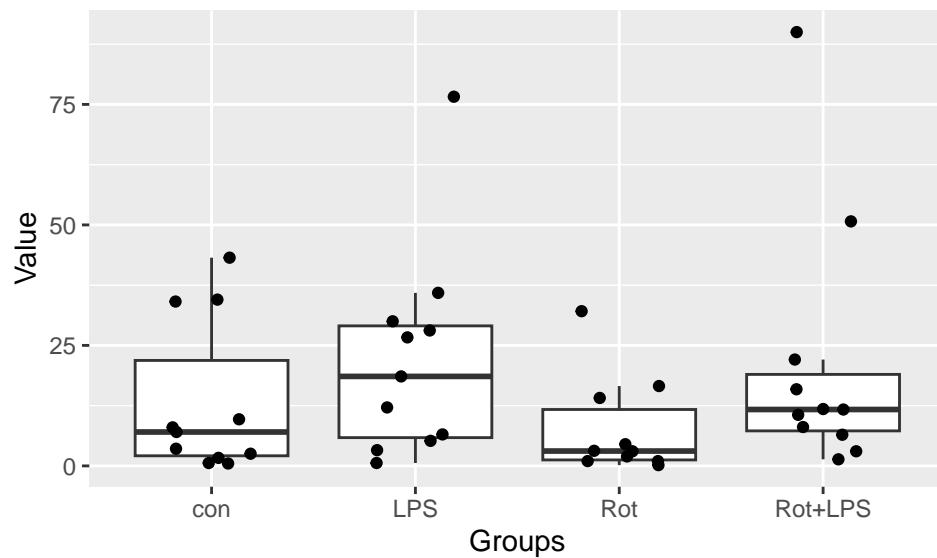
Data import

Data structure

```
str(d1)
```

```
## 'data.frame': 43 obs. of 3 variables:  
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...  
## $ group : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...  
## $ Latency: num 34.5 7.03 0.6 43.2 1.67 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



Easystat function developed by S. Park (available at <https://rpubs.com/goodlebang>)

Statistical Result

```
easystat(d1)
```

```
## 1. Normality assumption test by Shapiro_Wilk test is
##   p = 0
##   Normality assumption was rejected
## 2. The result of Kruskall_Wallis test:
##   p = 0.148
##   A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

Fig4_IFear chamber_freezing_percent Data analysis

Boohwi Hong

Package install

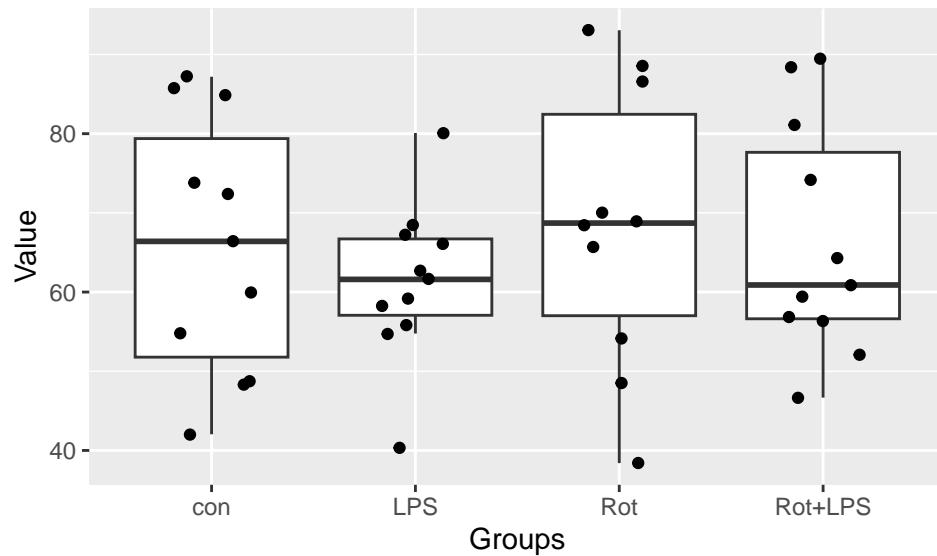
Data import

Data structure

```
str(d1)
```

```
## 'data.frame': 43 obs. of 3 variables:  
## $ subject : int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...  
## $ group   : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...  
## $ freezing: num 85.7 60 87.2 66.4 73.9 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



Easystat function developed by S. Park (available at <https://rpubs.com/goodlebang>)

Statistical Result

```
easystat(d1)
```

```
## 1. Normality assumption test by Shapiro_Wilk test is
##   p = 0.236
##   Normality assumption was not rejected
## 2. Equal variance test by Bartlett test is
##   p = 0.363
##   Equal variance assumption was not rejected
## 3. The result of anova is
##   p = 0.7439
##   A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

Figure5 Statistics

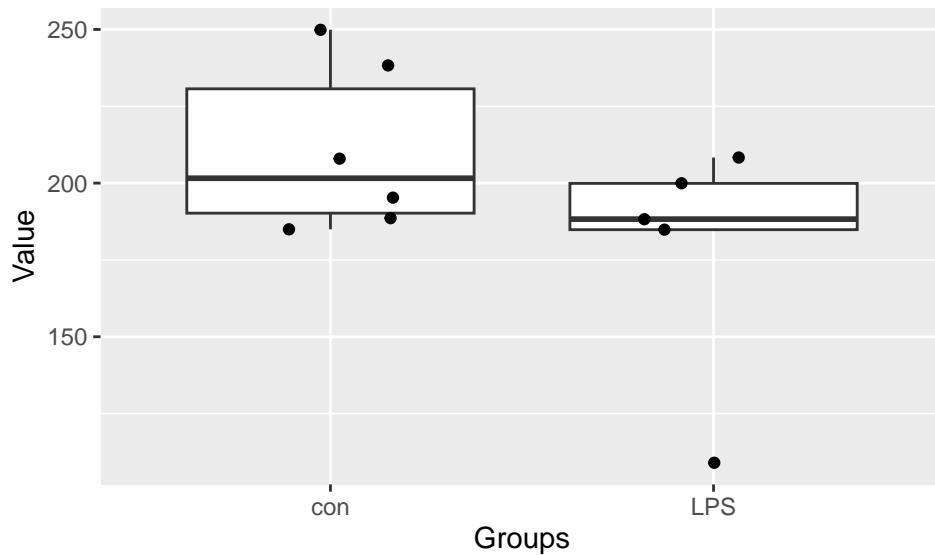
Fig5_B.LPS post12days_OCR_Basal Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)
```

```
## 'data.frame': 11 obs. of 4 variables:  
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...  
## $ group : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...  
## $ OCR   : num 189 250 195 185 208 ...  
## $ X     : logi NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##  
## Welch Two Sample t-test  
##  
## data: value by group  
## t = 1.5625, df = 6.8941, p-value = 0.1628  
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0  
## 95 percent confidence interval:  
## -16.95547 82.40801  
## sample estimates:  
## mean in group con mean in group LPS  
## 210.8103 178.0841
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.163  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

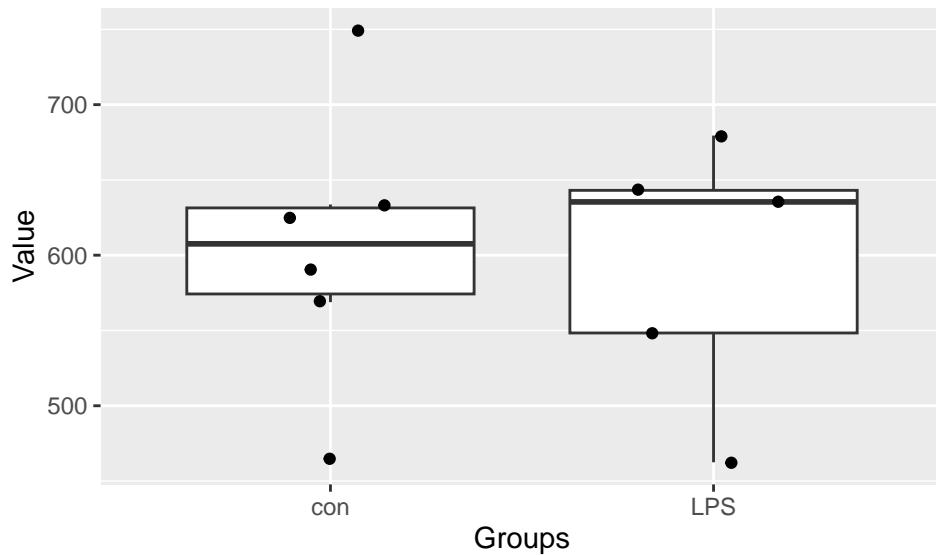
Fig5_B.LPS post 12days_OCR_State3 Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)
```

```
## 'data.frame': 11 obs. of 4 variables:  
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...  
## $ group : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...  
## $ OCR   : num 591 750 634 625 465 ...  
## $ X     : logi NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##  
## Welch Two Sample t-test  
##  
## data: value by group  
## t = 0.21207, df = 8.8176, p-value = 0.8369  
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0  
## 95 percent confidence interval:  
## -112.4321 135.6123  
## sample estimates:  
## mean in group con mean in group LPS  
## 605.3309 593.7408
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.837  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

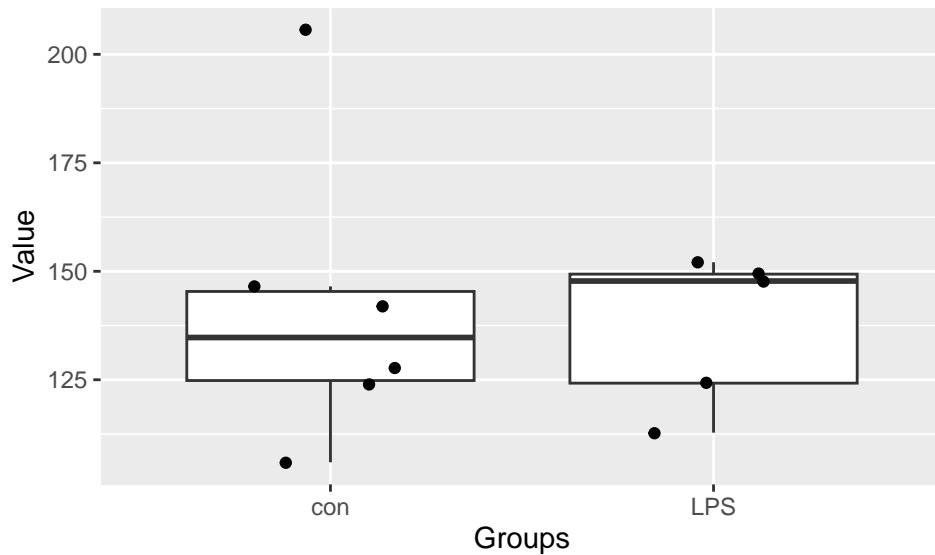
Fig5_B.LPS post 12days_OCR_State4o Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame': 11 obs. of 4 variables:
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ group : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ OCR   : num 147 206 142 128 106 ...
## $ X     : logi NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = 0.29025, df = 7.7, p-value = 0.7793
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -32.68473 42.02457
## sample estimates:
## mean in group con mean in group LPS
## 141.9135 137.2436
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.779  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

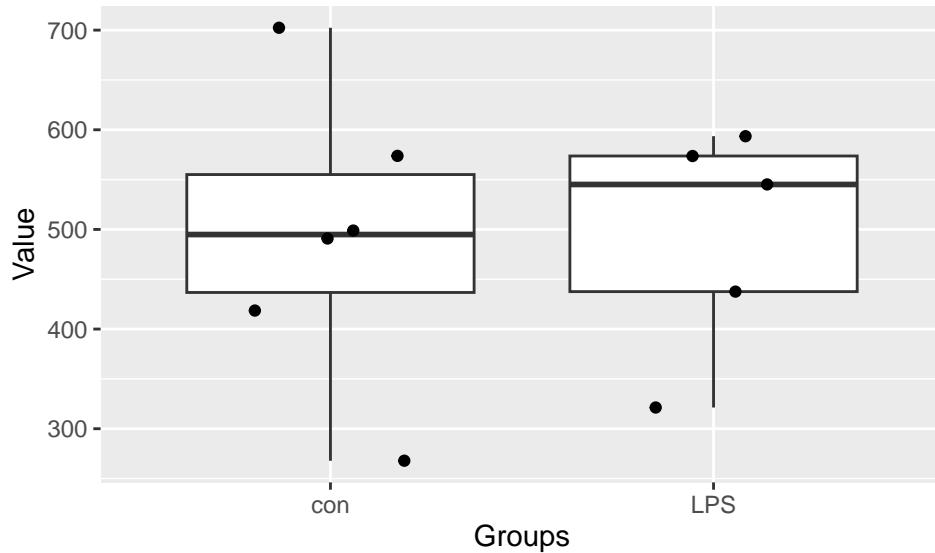
Fig5_B.LPS post 12days_OCR_State3u Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)
```

```
## 'data.frame': 11 obs. of 4 variables:  
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...  
## $ group : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...  
## $ OCR   : num 491 702 574 499 268 ...  
## $ X     : logi NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##  
## Welch Two Sample t-test  
##  
## data: value by group  
## t = -0.027627, df = 8.9816, p-value = 0.9786  
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0  
## 95 percent confidence interval:  
## -179.6095 175.2767  
## sample estimates:  
## mean in group con mean in group LPS  
## 492.0783 494.2447
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.979  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

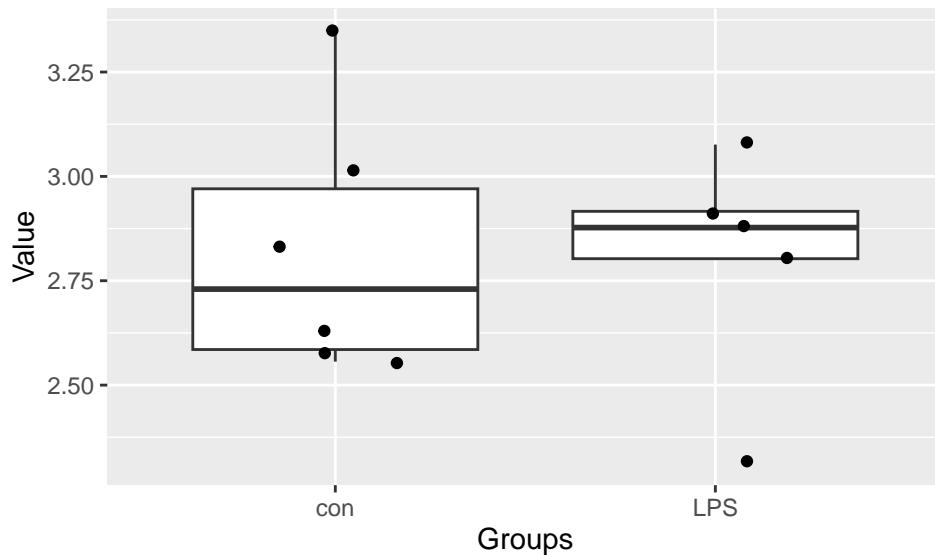
Fig5_C.LPS post 12days_RCR Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame':   11 obs. of  3 variables:
## $ subject: int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ group  : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ RCR    : num  2.84 2.57 3.02 3.35 2.56 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = 0.15724, df = 8.8622, p-value = 0.8786
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.3830683  0.4401533
## sample estimates:
## mean in group con mean in group LPS
##           2.825541          2.796999
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.879  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

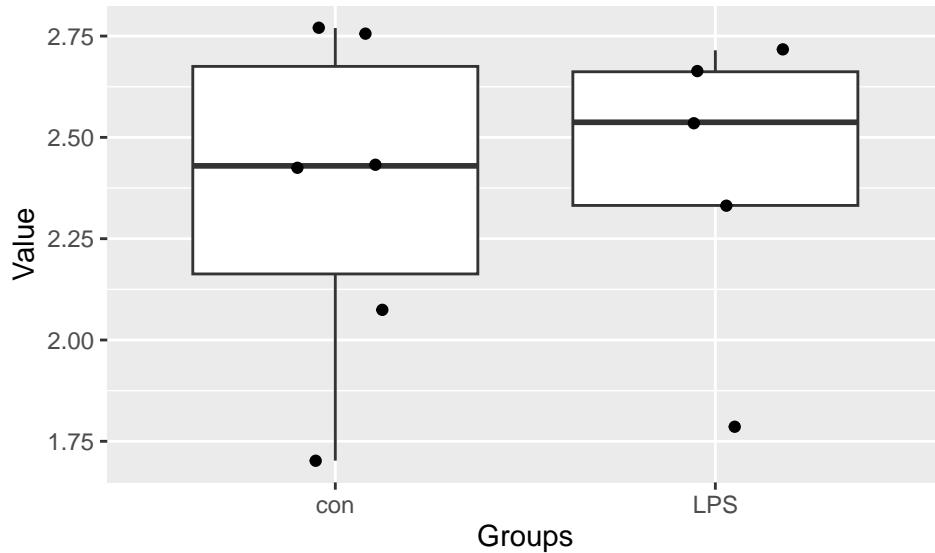
Fig5_C.LPS post 12days_RCRu Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)
```

```
## 'data.frame': 11 obs. of 4 variables:  
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...  
## $ group : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...  
## $ RCRu  : num 2.42 2.44 2.77 2.76 1.7 ...  
## $ X     : logi NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##  
## Welch Two Sample t-test  
##  
## data: value by group  
## t = -0.18985, df = 8.8747, p-value = 0.8537  
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0  
## 95 percent confidence interval:  
## -0.5858532 0.4953106  
## sample estimates:  
## mean in group con mean in group LPS  
## 2.360459 2.405730
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.854  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

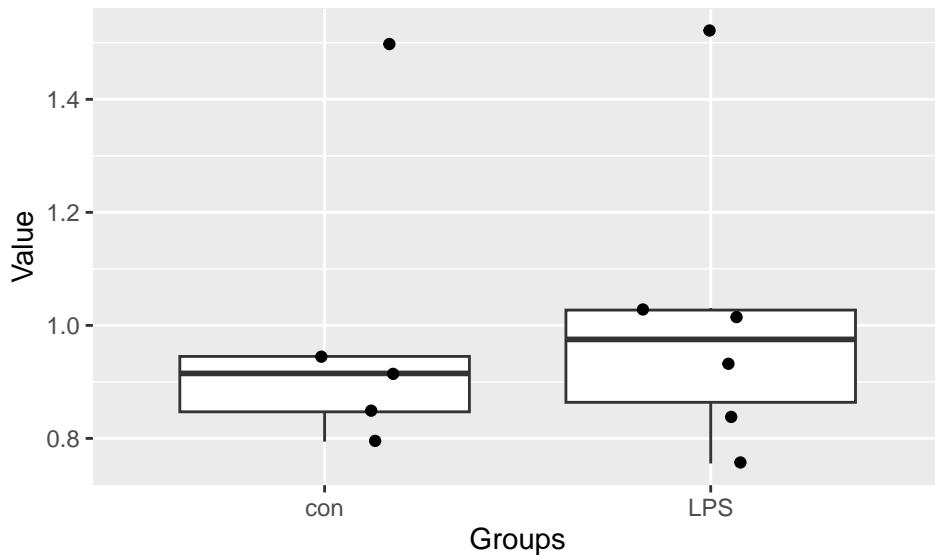
Fig5_D.LPS post12days_Western Blot_ATP5A Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame': 11 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ group : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ ATP5A : num 1.499 0.915 0.794 0.847 0.945 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = -0.096501, df = 8.4178, p-value = 0.9254
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.4003083 0.3678833
## sample estimates:
## mean in group con mean in group LPS
## 1.000000 1.016212
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.925  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

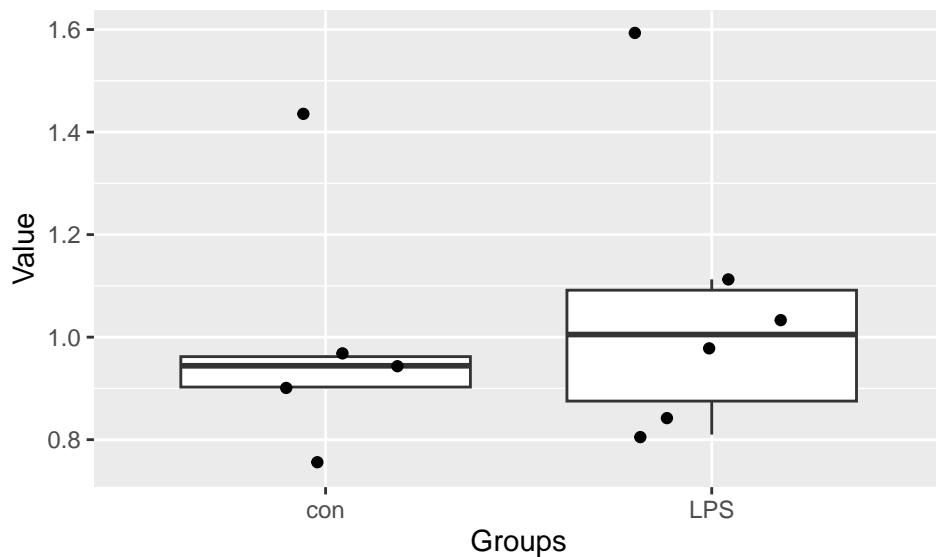
Fig5_D.LPS post12days_Western Blot_UQCRC2 Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame': 11 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ group : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ UQCRC2 : num 1.442 0.962 0.75 0.903 0.944 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = -0.37111, df = 8.8859, p-value = 0.7192
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.4344562 0.3122043
## sample estimates:
## mean in group con mean in group LPS
## 1.000000 1.061126
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.719  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

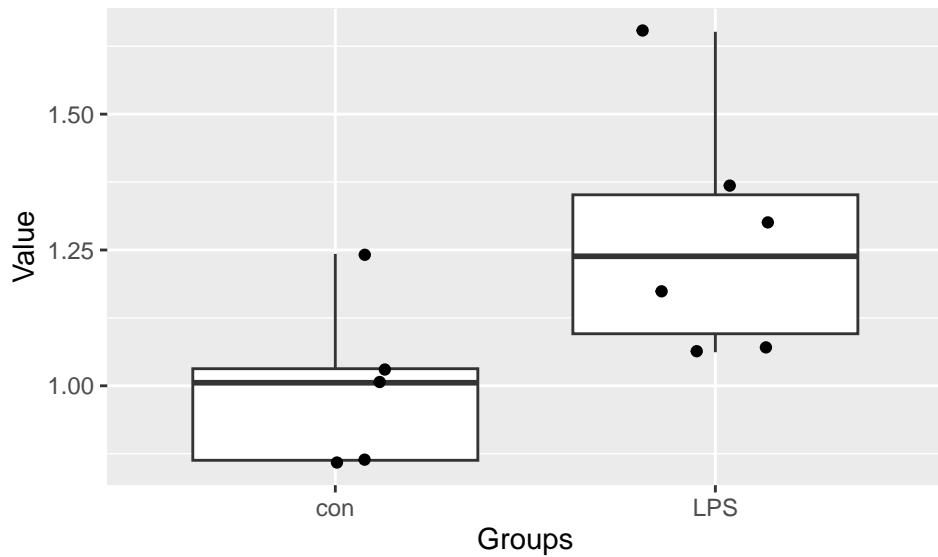
Fig5_D.LPS post12days_Western Blot_SDHB Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame':   11 obs. of  3 variables:
## $ subject: int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ group  : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ SDHB   : num  1.243 1.006 0.857 0.863 1.032 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = -2.3563, df = 8.8241, p-value = 0.04339
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.53256966 -0.01004734
## sample estimates:
## mean in group con mean in group LPS
##           1.000000          1.271308
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.043  
## A statistically significant difference exist between groups
```

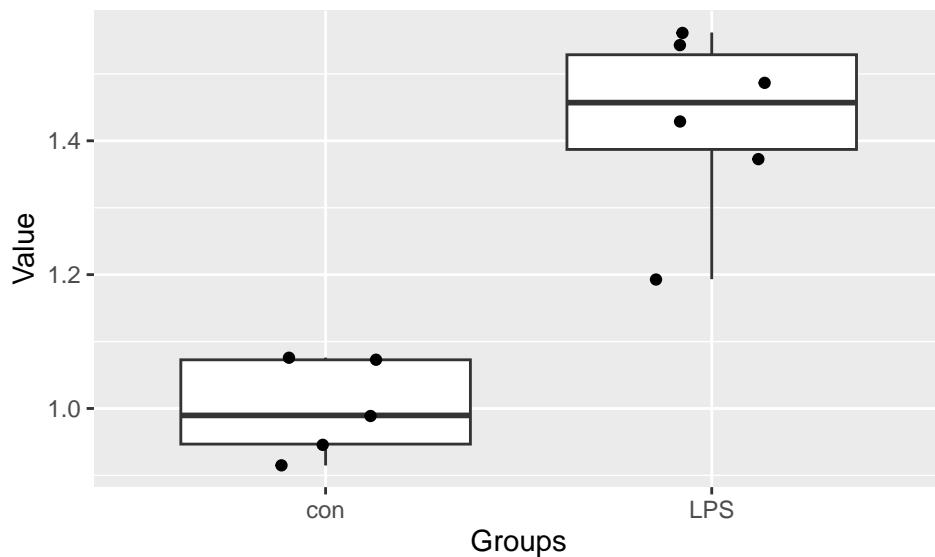
Fig5_D.LPS post12days_Western Blot_NDUFB8 Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame': 11 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ group : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ NDUFB8 : num 0.947 1.073 0.915 1.076 0.99 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = -6.6908, df = 7.8733, p-value = 0.0001657
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.5798256 -0.2819721
## sample estimates:
## mean in group con mean in group LPS
## 1.000000 1.430899
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0  
## A statistically significant difference exist between groups
```

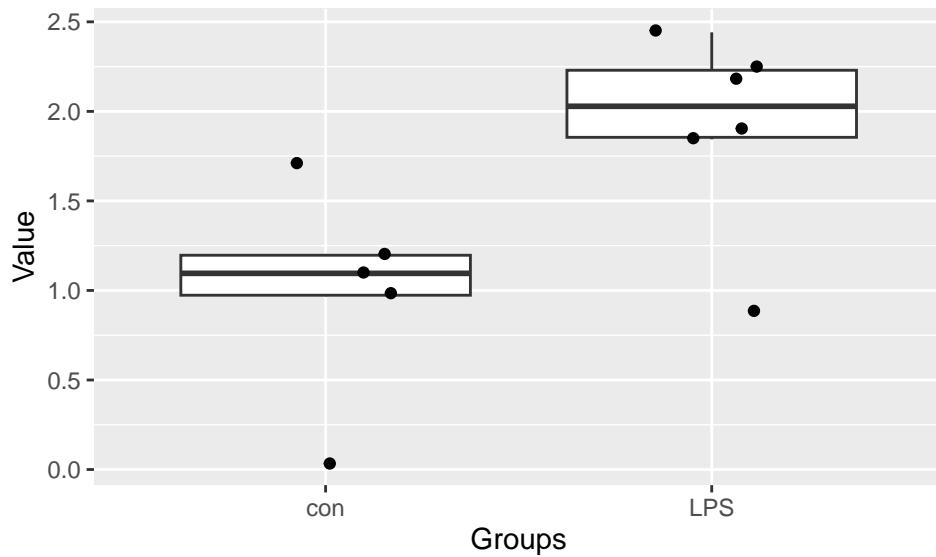
Fig5_E.LPS post12days_qPCR_TNFalpha Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame':   11 obs. of  3 variables:
## $ subject : int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ group   : chr  "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ TNFalpha: num  0.0408 0.9734 1.1966 1.6939 1.0954 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = -2.5837, df = 8.3429, p-value = 0.03134
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -1.7172062 -0.1036434
## sample estimates:
## mean in group con mean in group LPS
##           1.000000          1.910425
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.031  
## A statistically significant difference exist between groups
```

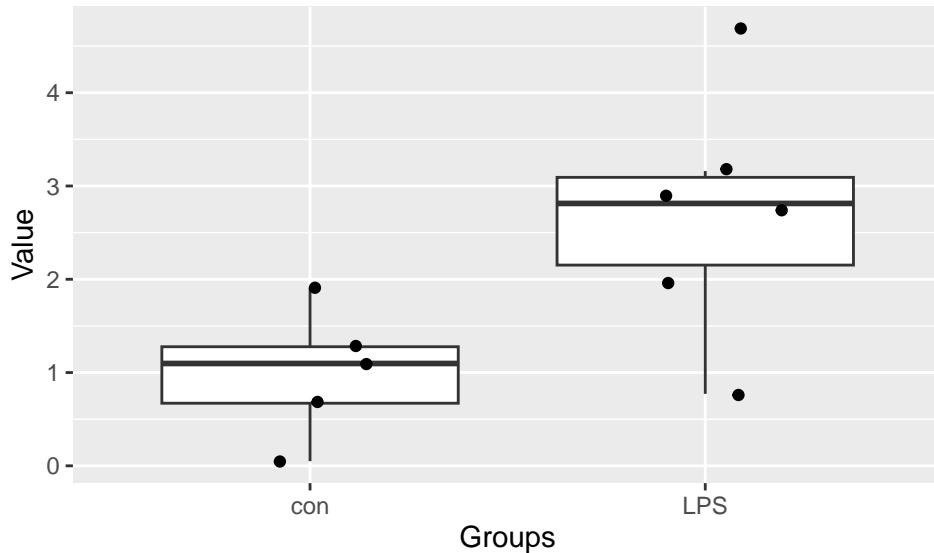
Fig5_E.LPS post12days_qPCR_IL-1beta Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame':   11 obs. of  3 variables:
## $ subject : int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ group   : chr  "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ IL.1beta: num  0.0496 0.6713 1.2766 1.9053 1.0972 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = -2.7683, df = 7.8542, p-value = 0.0248
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -3.1176097 -0.2790193
## sample estimates:
## mean in group con mean in group LPS
##           1.000000          2.698314
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.025  
## A statistically significant difference exist between groups
```

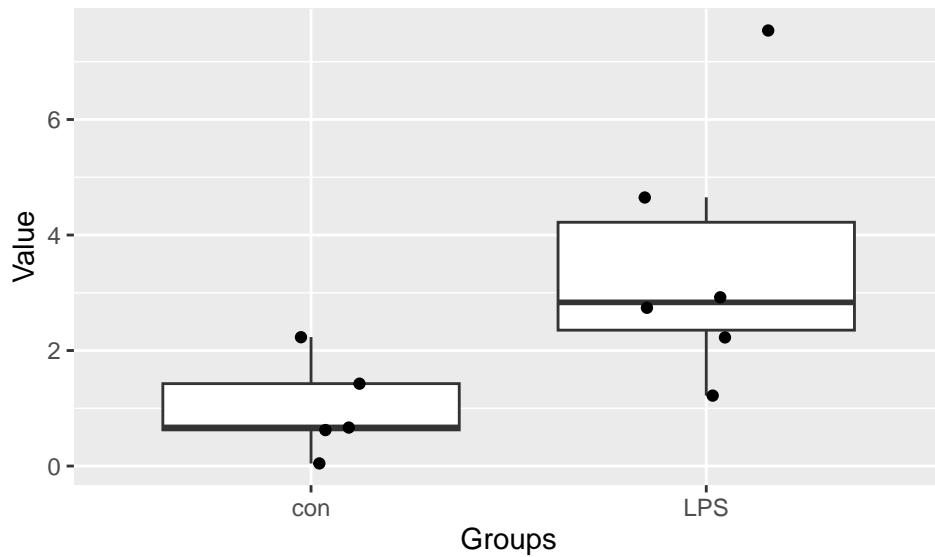
Fig5_E.LPS post12days_qPCR_IL-10 Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame': 11 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ group : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ IL.10 : num 0.0443 0.6266 1.4268 2.2333 0.6691 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = -2.5659, df = 6.6022, p-value = 0.03914
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -4.9301722 -0.1710328
## sample estimates:
## mean in group con mean in group LPS
## 1.000000 3.550603
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.039  
## A statistically significant difference exist between groups
```

Fig5_E.LPS post12days_qPCR_IL-6 Data analysis

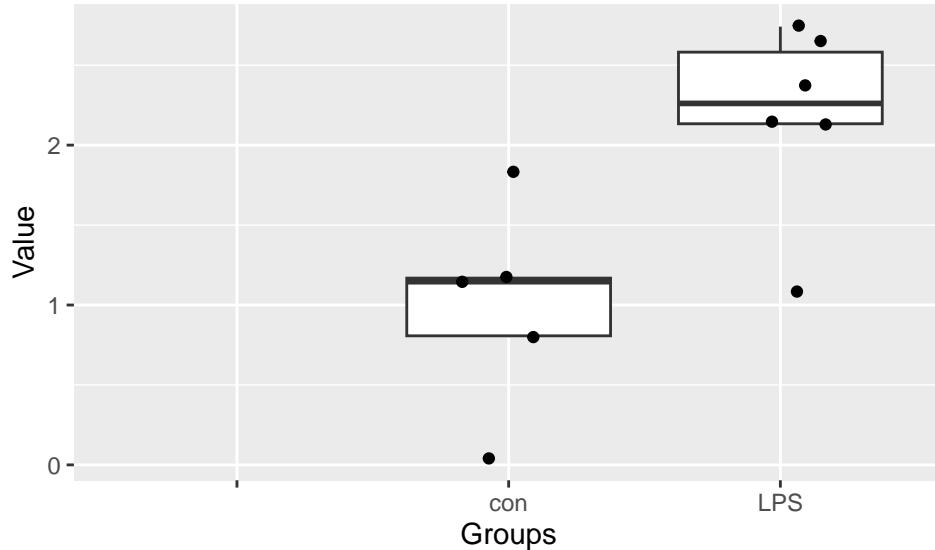
Data structure

```
str(d1)
```

```
## 'data.frame': 12 obs. of 3 variables:  
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...  
## $ group : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...  
## $ IL.6   : num 0.0392 0.8073 1.1459 1.8392 1.1683 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics

```
## Warning: Removed 1 rows containing non-finite values ('stat_boxplot()').  
  
## Warning: Removed 1 rows containing missing values ('geom_point()').
```



```
##  
## Welch Two Sample t-test  
##  
## data: value by group  
## t = -3.1209, df = 8.2748, p-value = 0.01363  
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0  
## 95 percent confidence interval:
```

```
## -2.0606989 -0.3152477
## sample estimates:
## mean in group con mean in group LPS
## 1.000000 2.187974

## The result of t-test:
## p = 0.014
## A statistically significant difference exist between groups
```

SFigure3 Statistics

SFig3_A.Weight change_old mice Data analysis

Boohwi Hong

Package install

Data import

Data structure

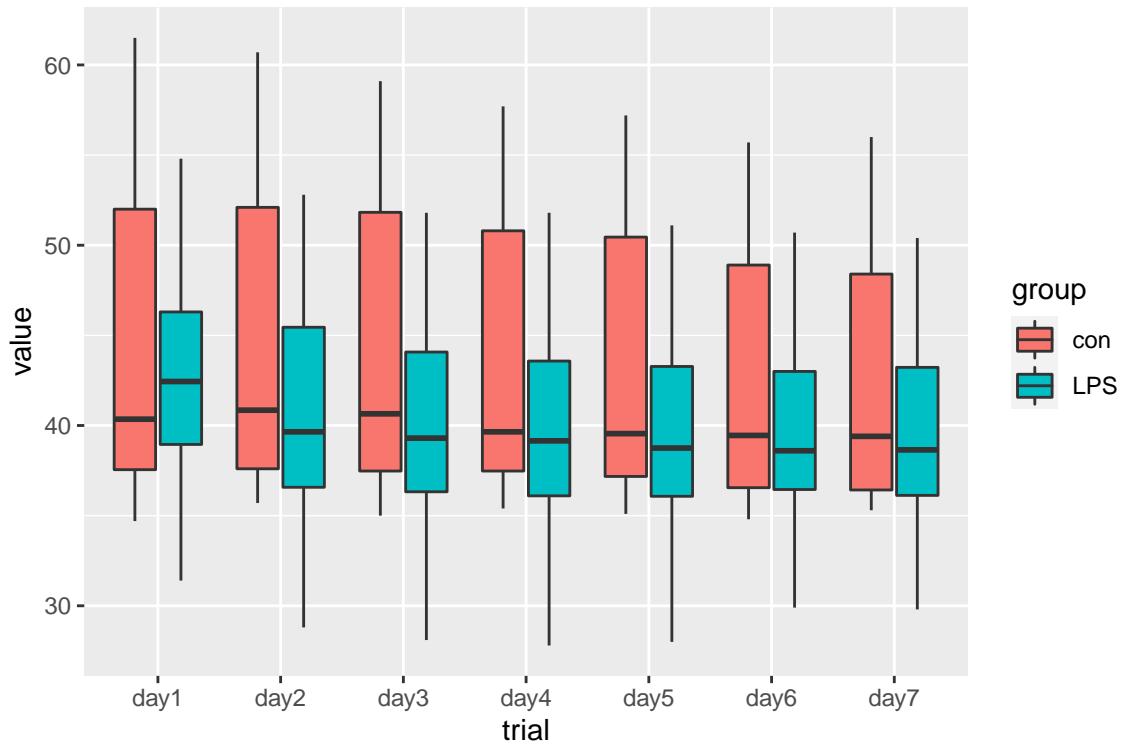
```
str(d1)
```

```
## 'data.frame': 168 obs. of 4 variables:  
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...  
## $ group : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...  
## $ trial : chr "day1" "day1" "day1" "day1" ...  
## $ value : num 58.8 37.7 36.2 50.6 41.4 46.4 34.7 56.2 37.1 61.5 ...
```

```
shapiro.test(d1$value)
```

```
##  
## Shapiro-Wilk normality test  
##  
## data: d1$value  
## W = 0.91534, p-value = 2.68e-08
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



Model fit

```
## F1 LD F1 Model
## -----
## Check that the order of the time and group levels are correct.
## Time level: day1 day2 day3 day4 day5 day6 day7
## Group level: con LPS
## If the order is not correct, specify the correct order in time.order or group.order.

##           Statistic df      p-value
## group      0.5648481 1 4.523134e-01
## trial      66.0676676 6 2.610687e-12
## group:trial 27.4589490 6 1.187700e-04

##           Statistic      df      p-value
## group      0.5648481 1.000000 4.523134e-01
## trial      19.7575777 3.150668 2.510144e-13
## group:trial  5.2076801 3.150668 1.099718e-03

##           Statistic df1      df2      p-value
## group 0.5648481    1 21.37913 0.4605076
```

Interpretation of result

```
## 1. Difference do not exist between groups  
## p = 0.452  
  
## 2. Difference exist between measurement points  
## p = 0.000  
  
## 3. Significant interaction exist between groups and measurement points  
## p = 0.001
```

SFigure4 Statistics

SFig4_B.Weight change_young mice

Data analysis using R

Boohwi Hong

Package install

Data import

Data structure

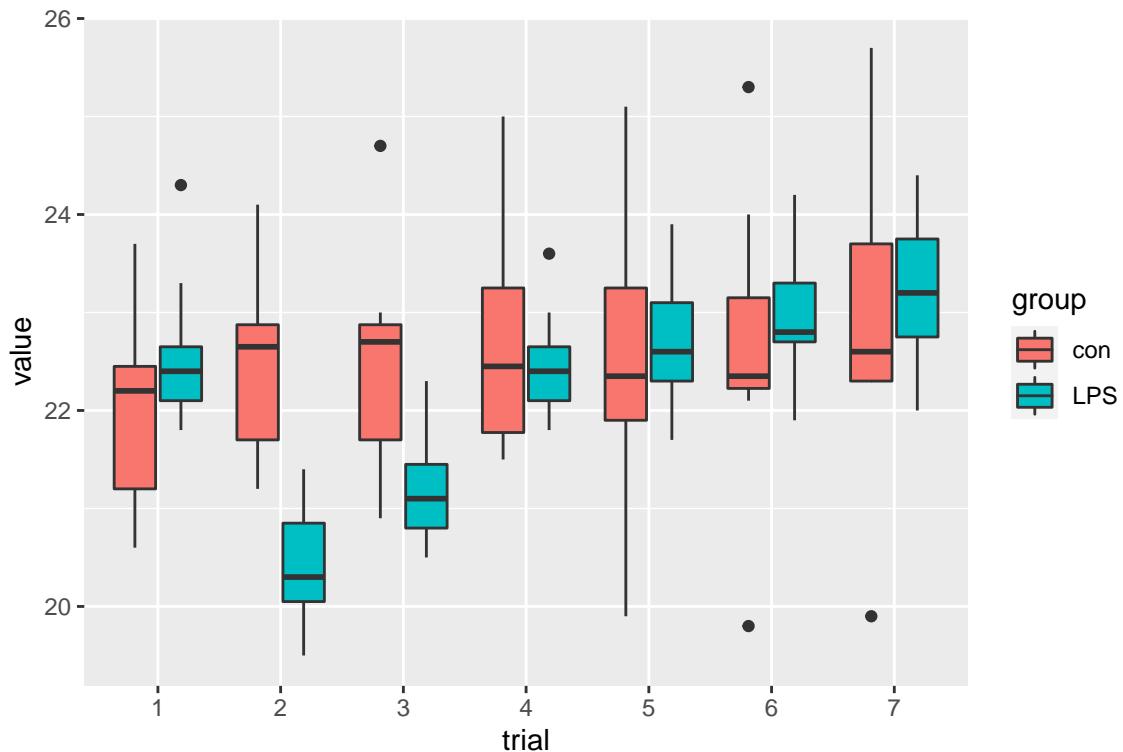
```
str(d1)
```

```
## 'data.frame': 147 obs. of 4 variables:  
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...  
## $ group : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...  
## $ trial : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...  
## $ value : num 22.3 22.6 22.5 22.1 22.2 20.9 20.8 22.2 23.7 20.6 ...
```

```
shapiro.test(d1$value)
```

```
##  
## Shapiro-Wilk normality test  
##  
## data: d1$value  
## W = 0.98605, p-value = 0.1453
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



Model fit

```
## F1 LD F1 Model
## -----
## Check that the order of the time and group levels are correct.
## Time level: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
## Group level: con LPS
## If the order is not correct, specify the correct order in time.order or group.order.

##           Statistic df      p-value
## group      0.2433831 1 6.217733e-01
## trial     243.7402435 6 8.920105e-50
## group:trial 166.6527361 6 2.305558e-33

##           Statistic      df      p-value
## group      0.2433831 1.000000 6.217733e-01
## trial     34.8836471 2.423213 1.069379e-18
## group:trial 25.5893804 2.423213 7.798253e-14

##           Statistic df1      df2      p-value
## group 0.2433831    1 13.62635 0.6296289
```

Interpretation of result

```
## 1. Difference do not exist between groups  
## p = 0.622  
  
## 2. Difference exist between measurement points  
## p = 0.000  
  
## 3. Significant interaction exist between groups and measurement points  
## p = 0.000
```

SFig4_C.Barnes maze_Primary Latency

Data analysis using R

Boohwi Hong

Package install

Data import

Data structure

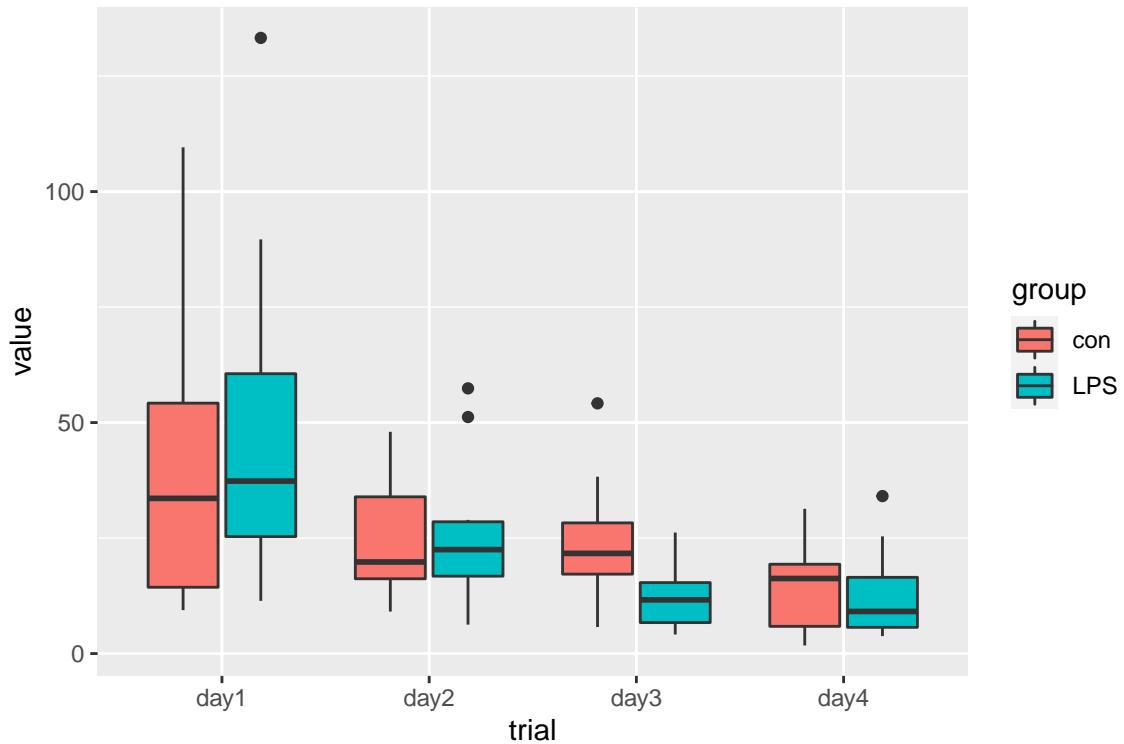
```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame':   104 obs. of  4 variables:
## $ subject: int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ group  : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ trial   : chr "day1" "day1" "day1" "day1" ...
## $ value   : num  109.6 54.2 86.8 22.5 12.5 ...

shapiro.test(d1$value)

##
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



Model fit

```
## F1 LD F1 Model
## -----
## Check that the order of the time and group levels are correct.
## Time level: day1 day2 day3 day4
## Group level: con LPS
## If the order is not correct, specify the correct order in time.order or group.order.

##           Statistic df      p-value
## group      0.9161287 1 3.384935e-01
## trial      25.9708385 3 9.672436e-06
## group:trial 10.9809187 3 1.182950e-02

##           Statistic      df      p-value
## group      0.9161287 1.000000 3.384935e-01
## trial      13.5174527 2.442487 1.396969e-07
## group:trial  2.6711862 2.442487 5.760378e-02

##           Statistic df1      df2      p-value
## group 0.9161287    1 19.72832 0.3500769
```

Interpretation of result

```
## 1. Difference do not exist between groups  
## p = 0.338  
  
## 2. Difference exist between measurement points  
## p = 0.000  
  
## 3. Significant interaction do not exist between groups and measurement points  
## p = 0.058
```

SFig4_C.Barnes maze_Primary Length

Data analysis using R

Boohwi Hong

Package install

Data import

Data structure

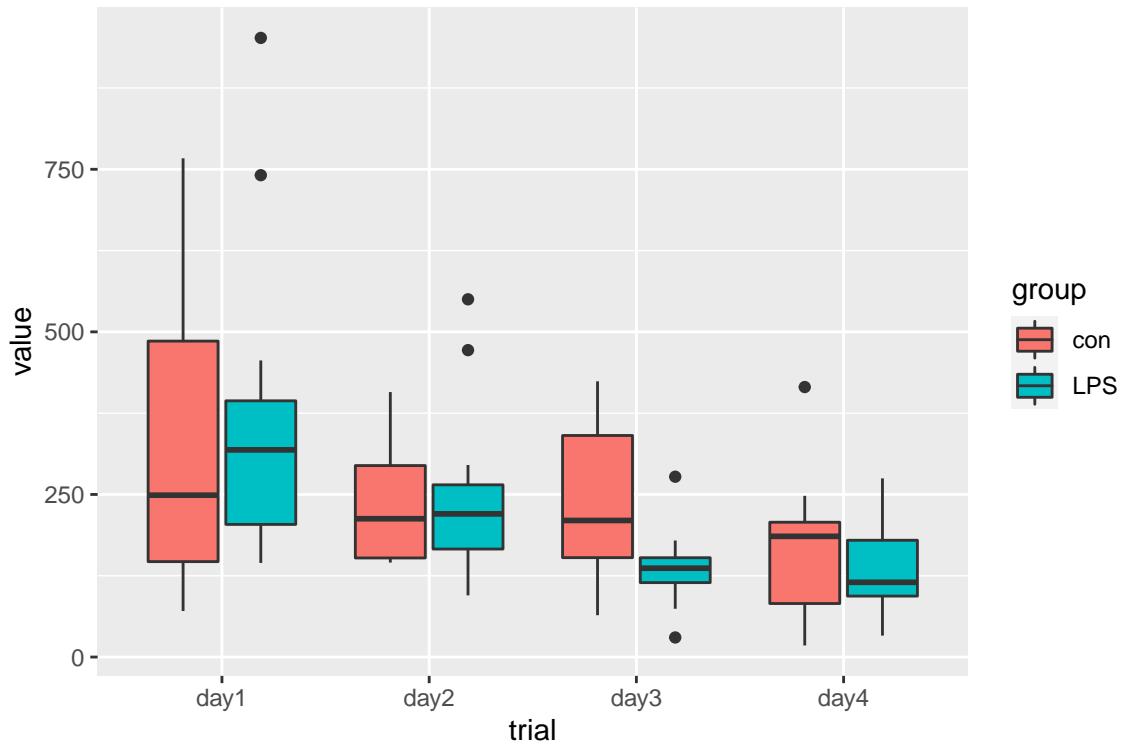
```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame':   104 obs. of  4 variables:
## $ subject: int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ group  : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ trial   : chr "day1" "day1" "day1" "day1" ...
## $ value   : num  767 486 586 159 147 ...

shapiro.test(d1$value)

##
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



Model fit

```
## F1 LD F1 Model
## -----
## Check that the order of the time and group levels are correct.
## Time level: day1 day2 day3 day4
## Group level: con LPS
## If the order is not correct, specify the correct order in time.order or group.order.

##           Statistic df      p-value
## group      1.46433 1 0.2262423495
## trial     16.96125 3 0.0007198289
## group:trial 11.59238 3 0.0089182821

##           Statistic      df      p-value
## group      1.464330 1.000000 2.262423e-01
## trial      8.791257 2.513427 3.329876e-05
## group:trial 3.251618 2.513427 2.809445e-02

##           Statistic df1      df2      p-value
## group     1.46433 1 19.36389 0.2408078
```

Interpretation of result

```
## 1. Difference do not exist between groups  
## p = 0.226  
  
## 2. Difference exist between measurement points  
## p = 0.000  
  
## 3. Significant interaction exist between groups and measurement points  
## p = 0.028
```

SFig4_C.Barnes maze_Primary errors

Data analysis using R

Boohwi Hong

Package install

Data import

Data structure

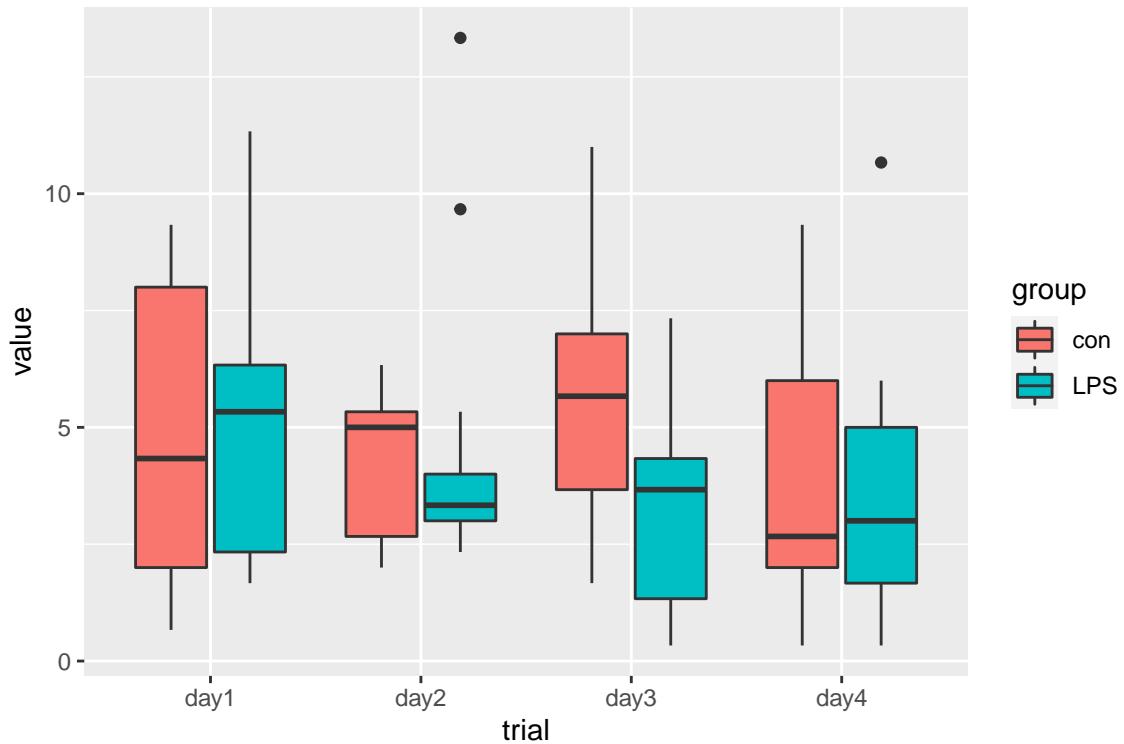
```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame': 104 obs. of 4 variables:
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ group : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ trial : chr "day1" "day1" "day1" "day1" ...
## $ value : num 9.33 8 4.33 3 4.67 ...

shapiro.test(d1$value)

## 
## Shapiro-Wilk normality test
## 
## data: d1$value
## W = 0.94974, p-value = 0.0006048
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



Model fit

```
## F1 LD F1 Model
## -----
## Check that the order of the time and group levels are correct.
## Time level: day1 day2 day3 day4
## Group level: con LPS
## If the order is not correct, specify the correct order in time.order or group.order.

##           Statistic df   p-value
## group      1.705706 1 0.1915435
## trial      3.351822 3 0.3404949
## group:trial 7.509166 3 0.0573234

##           Statistic      df   p-value
## group      1.705706 1.000000 0.1915435
## trial      1.008550 2.318053 0.3736065
## group:trial 2.106059 2.318053 0.1134237

##           Statistic df1      df2   p-value
## group     1.705706    1 20.50936 0.2060027
```

Interpretation of result

```
## 1. Difference do not exist between groups  
## p = 0.192  
  
## 2. Difference do not exist between measurement points  
## p = 0.374  
  
## 3. Significant interaction do not exist between groups and measurement points  
## p = 0.113
```

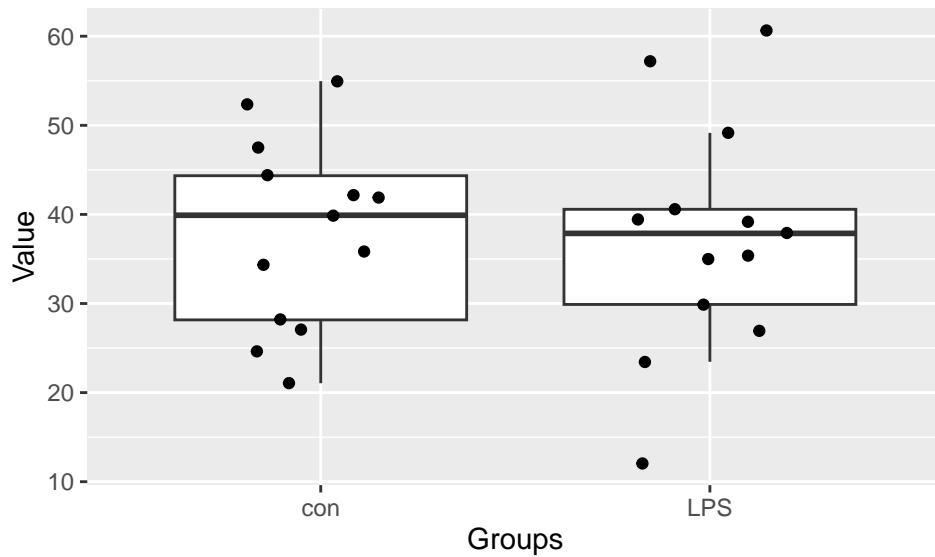
SFig4_D.Barnes maze_Probe test_Duration Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame': 26 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ subject : int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ group   : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ Duration: num 21.1 42.2 44.3 52.3 55 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = 0.12109, df = 22.951, p-value = 0.9047
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -9.165815 10.305399
## sample estimates:
## mean in group con mean in group LPS
## 38.01158      37.44178
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.905  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

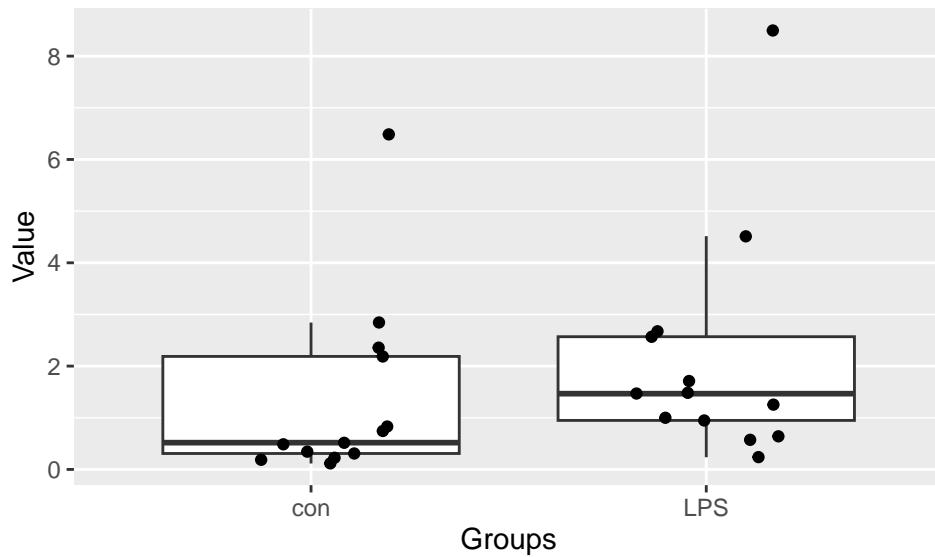
SFig4_D.Barnes maze_Probe test_Distance Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame': 26 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ subject : int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ group   : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ Distance: num 2.844 2.188 0.227 0.518 0.828 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = -0.96519, df = 22.975, p-value = 0.3445
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -2.404897 0.874766
## sample estimates:
## mean in group con mean in group LPS
## 1.356096 2.121161
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.344  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

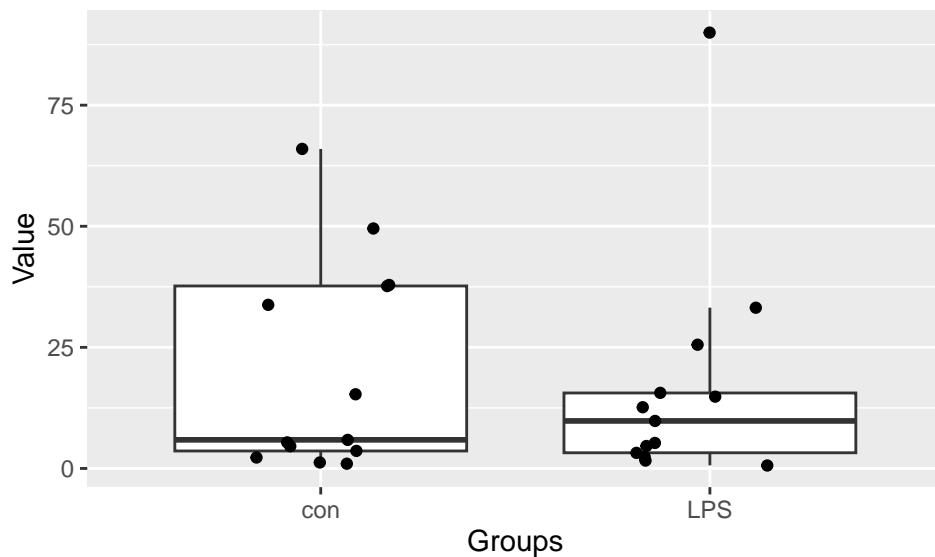
SFig4_D.Barnes maze_Probe test_Latency Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame': 26 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ subject: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ group : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ Latency: num 33.8 15.31 1 3.6 4.57 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = 0.38116, df = 23.8, p-value = 0.7065
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -15.19927 22.08109
## sample estimates:
## mean in group con mean in group LPS
## 20.31990 16.87898
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.706  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```

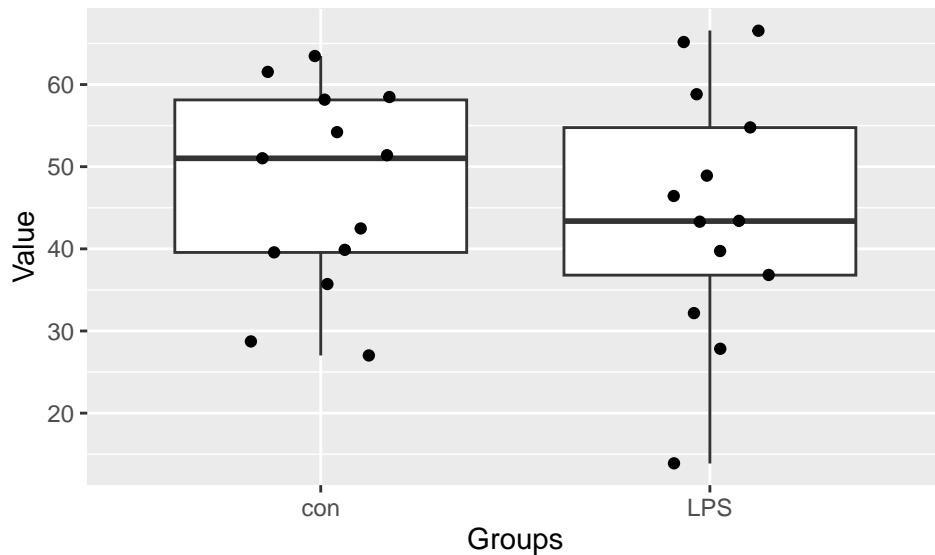
SFig4_E.Fear chamber test Data analysis

Data structure

```
str(d1)

## 'data.frame': 26 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ subject : int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ group   : chr "con" "con" "con" "con" ...
## $ Freezing: num 63.5 58.1 27 61.5 51.4 ...
```

Explorative data analysis with graphics



```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: value by group
## t = 0.4854, df = 23.103, p-value = 0.632
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group con and group LPS is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -8.512873 13.734412
## sample estimates:
## mean in group con mean in group LPS
## 47.04923      44.43846
```

```
## The result of t-test:  
## p = 0.632  
## A statistically significant difference do not exist between groups
```