

Supplementary Material

Supplemental Table 1 | qPCR primer list.

Housekeeping gene	Forward primer sequence (5'-3')	Reverse primer sequence (5'-3')
<i>Gapdh</i>	TGGATCTGACGTGCCGC	TGCCTGCTTCACCACCTTC

Negative control gene	Forward primer sequence (5'-3')	Reverse primer sequence (5'-3')
<i>Gfp</i>	GAAGCGCGATCACATGGT	CCATGCCGAGAGTGATCC

GPCR-encoding genes	Forward primer sequence (5'-3')	Reverse primer sequence (5'-3')
<i>Adcyap1r1</i>	TATGGACTTCAAGCACCGGC	TCTTGCTCAGGATGGACAGC
<i>Adora2a</i>	GTTAGGTAGGCAGAGGGACAGG	CTGCGATTGCTTCCCTCTCTG
<i>Adora2b</i>	GGAACCGAGACTTCCGCTAC	GACTGAGAGTAGACTGCGCC
<i>Adrb1</i>	CTACAACGACCCCAAGTGCT	ACGTAGAAGGAGACGACGGA
<i>Adrb2</i>	TACACAGGGGAGCCAACAC	TCAACGCTAAGGCTAGGCAC
<i>Adrb3</i>	CAGGCTCTGTGCTCTGGTTA	GAGGAGACAGGGATGAAACCTC
<i>Agtr1a</i>	CTTAGGGTTGGAACCTGCGG	TCATCCAGTCCCTCCCAACT
<i>Bdkrb1</i>	CCGCTACAGGTTGCTGGTAT	TTGACGGAACGCAGAAGGAA
<i>Cckar</i>	ACTGCCAAGTCCACGTTCAA	TCATCTGGGCGTTCAAAA
<i>Chrm2</i>	ACTGCCATTGCGGCTTCTA	TATTCTGCTCTGCTCGCCC
<i>Chrm4</i>	GCCTCTGGCTAGTTCCGCC	TCGCCATGCTGAACCCAAC
<i>Drd2</i>	GACACCACTCAAGGGCAACT	ATCCATTCTCCGCCCTGTTCA

<i>Drd5</i>	CGAACCTACGCCATCTCCTC	GCGCGTAGGTCACTATCA
<i>Gabbr2</i>	ACAGGCGATTCCAGTTACA	CGTAGGCGGTGGTTTCTGA
<i>Gpr3</i>	ATCTACGCCCTTCGCAACCA	CGGGACCGGAATGGAATCTT
<i>Gpr65</i>	CATGGGCTACGCAATACCCT	TGTTTCCGTGGCTGGTTG
<i>Gpr68</i>	ACGATACCAGCCCAGTGTG	CACCTAACCAAGTCCTCTGGC
<i>Grm4</i>	TACCAAGTACCAACGTCGCAA	GCATCCGCTCTATTCTGAGGT
<i>Grm8</i>	TGTGCTCCTAACGGGATT	GATGATTGTGTCAGGTGCCG
<i>Hcar1</i>	AGTGTGAAGGAAACCGTGGG	CGCTTTCTCAGCCATGCAA
<i>Hcar2</i>	GCAGGCCATCATTCTTGCTT	GCCTCGCCATTTTGGTCAT
<i>Hrh3</i>	TTAGAGCATCAACCCGGCAG	CACTCCAGTCCACCAACGA
<i>Htr7</i>	GTGGTAAAATGGAAACCGA	CCATTCTGCCTCACGGGTA
<i>Lpar2</i>	GGCAGATGACTTGACTTCGC	GCCTCCCTGAATGTTGCTC
<i>Oprd1</i>	TGGATGCTTTGGGTTCT	AAACAAAGGGTCTCGGTGCT
<i>Oprl1</i>	TCCTCAGGCACACCAAGATG	GAAGGGCAGTGTCAAGCAAGA
<i>P2ry12</i>	AACGCCAGTGTCAATTGCTG	TCTCCTTTATTCTTGCAGTGAC
<i>Pthr1</i>	AGCGAGTGCCTCAAGTTCAT	TCCCACGGTAGATCATGC
<i>S1pr5</i>	AACTCGCTGCTGAATCCCAT	GGAGGAGTCTGGTTGCAGG
<i>Tacr1</i>	AGGTGTCTGGGGTTCTTA	CCTAGAAGTGACAGGTGACCA

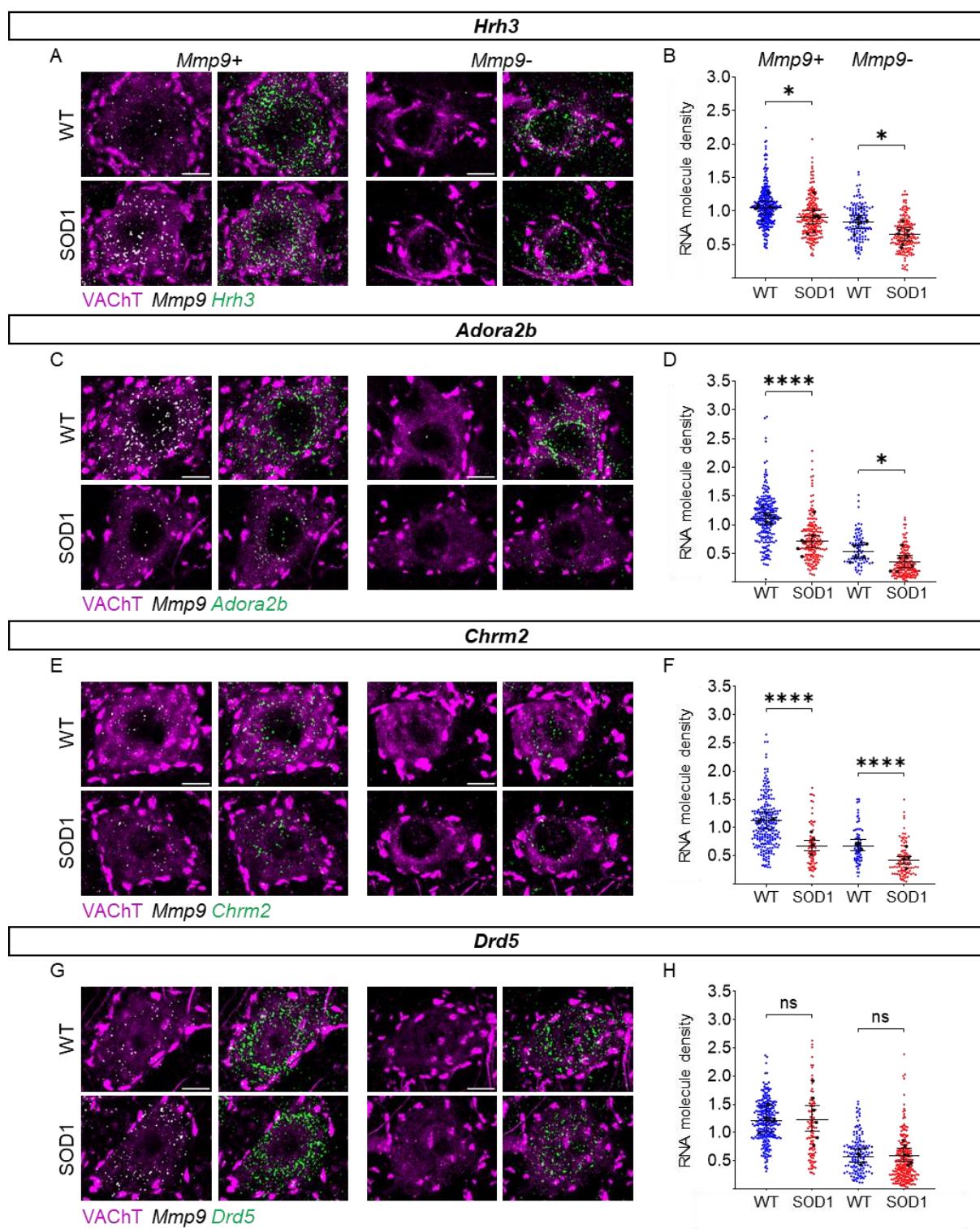
Immediate-early genes	Forward primer sequence (5'-3')	Reverse primer sequence (5'-3')

$\Delta FosB$	AGGCAGAGCTGGAGTCGGAGAT	GCCGAGGACTTGAACTTCACTCG
<i>Arc</i>	GCACAAAAGCCATGACCCAT	TCTCCCTAGTCCCCAGGGC
<i>c-Fos</i>	CCTGCCCTTCTCAACGAC	GCTCCACGTTGCTGATGCT
<i>Egr1</i>	GCCGAGCGAACAAACCCTAT	TCCACCATGCCCTCTCATT
<i>Egr2</i>	GTTGACTGTCACTCCAAGAAATGG	AGCGCAGCCCTGTAGGC
<i>NPas4</i>	GCTATACTCAGAAGGTCCAGAAGGC	TCAGAGAATGAGGGTAGCACAGC

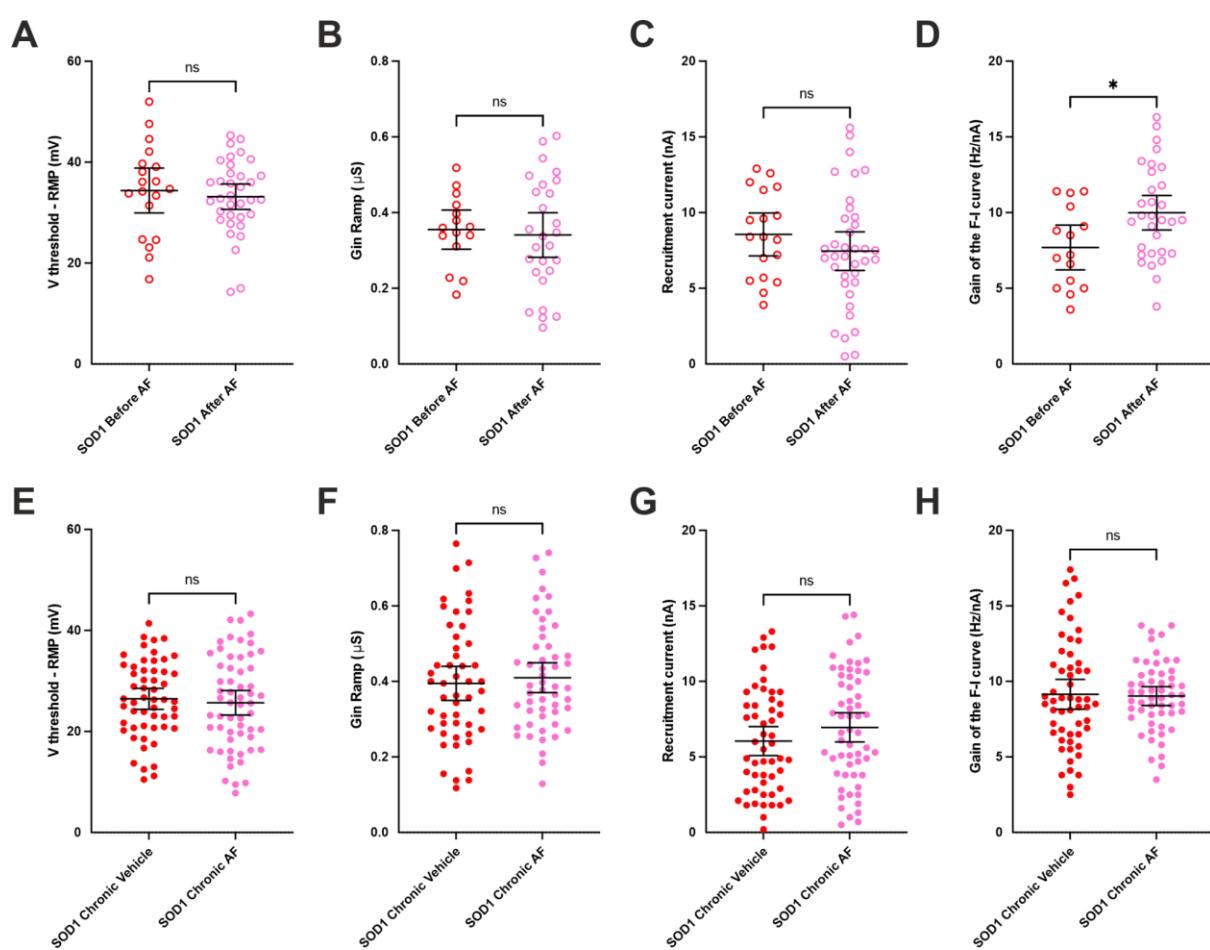
Ion channel-encoding genes	Forward primer sequence (5'-3')	Reverse primer sequence (5'-3')
<i>Cacna1d</i> (isof.1)	GCTCGGTGGCTGTATTTCAA	CCGTGCTTCTACCGCACTT
<i>Cacna2d3</i>	GCAGATCGCAGGAAGCTTG	ACGGGAGATTCCGCTCATC
<i>Hcn1</i>	CGTGAAGCATGACCGAGAGA	GTAGACTGGCGGAGATTGGG
<i>Hcn2</i>	CATCCACACCAAAGCCATGC	CCCGCCTCTTAAGCTACCTA
<i>Kcna1</i>	TGCTGTGTGCTCAATCT	TCTCCGAACTGGACACTTGC
<i>Kcna2</i>	TACCCATCTGCAAGGGCAACG	CGACTTGAGGAGGAGGTGGA
<i>Kcnab1</i>	TCTTGGACTGGTCCCCTACC	AGATTCCCCTACCCAGCAT
<i>Kcnb1</i>	GAGAGGGCGTGGCTAAGAAG	GCCCTCTGGTCCATTCCA
<i>Kcnj14</i>	GCCGAGGACAGACCTGAACAC	ACTGGGGGTTCCCTGCTCA
<i>Kcnn3</i>	ATCCACCGTCATCCTGCTTG	GTAGGTCATGGCTATCCGCC
<i>Kcnn2</i>	ACAAGGCGTCGCTGTATTCT	CTGTATTCCTGGCGTGGT

<i>Kcnq2</i>	GCCATTTGTACGTGCCCTT	TAGAAGACAGCGTCGTGTC
<i>Kcnq3</i>	AGTCTTGCTTCCCTGGTGATT	TCGTCCCTGCATTTGGCTGATA
<i>Kcnq5</i>	GCAGGCCACCAGACTAAAGGA	CTGCCGCTTCCAATTCCAAA
<i>Kcnt2</i>	CTGTGCACTAAAAGCAATACAGT	AGCATTTCACATCCATGACT
<i>Scn1a</i>	TACAGAAGCAGACCGTAGGC	TGTGATTAGCATCATTGGGCT
<i>Scn8a</i>	CCTTCTTACGAGACCCGTGG	ACCCTGAAAGTGCCTAGAGC
<i>Tmem16f</i>	TGGAACCCTGATCTCGCTG	TTGCTGTAGCTAACGGTGT
<i>Trpm5</i>	GAATGGGGACTACAGAGGCTG	CGAATGTTCCCTGTGGAGGC

Supplementary Figure



Supplemental Figure 1 | Additional disease-driven transcriptional changes in pre-symptomatic SOD1 MNs at single-molecule single-MN resolution. A, C, E, G) Representative confocal images of individual p45 WT and SOD1 *Mmp9+* and *Mmp9-* MNs for *Hrh3*, *Adora2b*, *Chrm2* and *Drd5* ISH, respectively. MNs are identified by VACHT+ C-boutons and diffuse cytoplasmic signal (magenta); cytoplasmic spots define single mRNA molecules of *Mmp9* (white) or the GPCRs of interest (green). Scale bar=10 μ m. B, D, F, H) Quantification of the density of single mRNA molecules of *Hrh3* (B), *Adora2b* (D), *Chrm2* (G) and *Drd5* (H) per MN cross-section area. In each dot plot, small dots correspond to individual MNs, whereas large dots indicate individual mouse means; the error bar delineates the overall mean and corresponding 95% confidence interval (for *Chrm2* and *Drd5* it is back-propagated from the log scale). N = 4-6 mice per genotype group. * p <0.05, ** p <0.01, *** p <0.001, **** p <0.0001, ns - non significant.



Supplemental Figure 2 | Replication of acute and prolonged delivery of adrenergic β_2/β_3 agonists on a different cohort. **A-H)** Electrophysiological properties were obtained from slow ramps of current, as in Figure 3 and 7 but were performed in Poznan. **A-D)** Effect of the acute treatment on Voltage threshold - resting membrane potential (**A**), ramp input conductance (**B**), recruitment current (**C**), gain of the F-I relationship (**D**), in MNs from SOD1 mice. **E-H)** Effect of the chronic treatment on Voltage threshold - resting membrane potential (**E**), ramp input conductance (**F**), recruitment current (**G**), gain of the F-I relationship (**H**), in MNs from SOD1 mice. In all graphs, each point represents one MN and the mean \pm 95% CI are shown. Significances on top bars are for treatment effects. N = 7 Acute SOD1 mice and N = 11 Chronic SOD1 mice. * $p<0.05$, ** $p<0.01$, *** $p<0.001$, **** $p<0.0001$, ns - non significant.