

Contraceptive Effectiveness and Obesity

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Contraception Research Branch



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Disclosures:

NICHD has a Collaborative Research and Development Agreement (CRADA) with HRA Pharma (Paris, France).

The goal of the CRADA is to develop Ulipristal Acetate (CDB-2914) for therapeutic indications.

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Types of Obesity – Benign vs At-risk

- Healthy normal weight BMI 18.5 24.9 kg/m²
 - 0 1 metabolic syndrome component:
 - 1) Triglycerides ≥150 mg/dl
 - 2) HDL < 50 mg/dl and/or use of lipid-lowering medication
 - 3) Glucose ≥100 mg/dl
 - 4) Hypertension and/or use of anti-hypertensive medication
- As of 2012, ~32% of reproductive age women are obese.

Ogden CL et al. Prevalence of Childhood and Adult Obesity in the United States, 2011-2012 . JAMA. 2014;311:806-814

- Benign (Metabolically healthy) obesity BMI ≥30 kg/m²
 0 1 metabolic syndrome component (include in contraceptive clinical trials?)
- At Risk (Unhealthy) obesity BMI ≥30 kg/m²

≥ 2 metabolic syndrome components (exclude from contraceptive clinical trials!)

Bleil ME, et al. Pubertal Timing, Androgens, and Obesity Phenotypes in Women at Midlife. J Clin Endocrinol Metab. 2012 97: E1948–52

Midlife for women is age 25-45. Midlife for men?

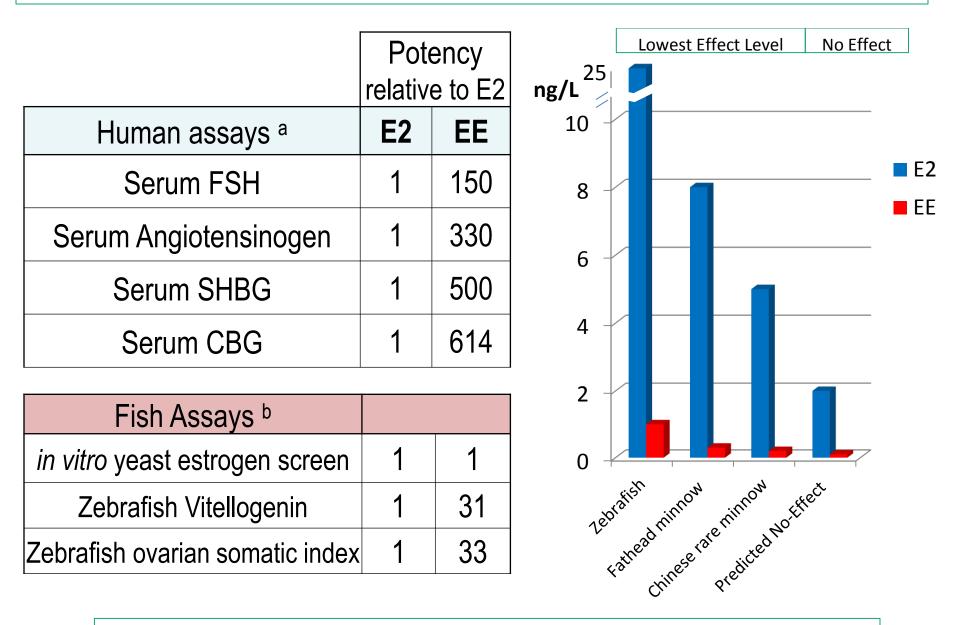


Risk of Venous Thromboembolism: with Hormonal Contraceptives containing Ethinyl Estradiol (EE), with Obesity or with Pregnancy

-	R.R	<u>Incidence</u>
Young women in general population	1	1- 5 /10,000/y
Use of COCs	2.5-5.5*	3-15 /10,000/y
Low EE dose COC (BMI 20-25)	2	
Low EE dose COC (BMI 30-35)	4	
Low EE dose COC (BMI ≥35)	8	
Pregnancy:		
Pregnant Women (BMI ≤25)	12	
During Pregnancy		5-20 /10,000/y
Post Partum		40-65 /10,000/y
Pregnant Women (BMI ≥30)	30	
May be a higher PE vs DVT rate in obes	se pregnant w	vomen
*de Bastos M et al. Combined oral contracentives:	venous thrombosis Cochrane	Database of Systematic Reviews 2014 Issue 3

*de Bastos M, et al. Combined oral contraceptives: venous thrombosis. Cochrane Database of Systematic Reviews 2014, Issue 3

POTENCY OF ETHINYL-ESTRADIOL COMPARED WITH ESTRADIOL



^a Mashchak *et al.* Comparison of pharmacodynamic properties of estrogen formulations. 1982 *Am J Obstet Gynecol* 144:511-18. ^b Caldwell *et al.* Predicted-no-effect concentrations for the steroid estrogens... 2012 *Environ Toxicol Chem* 31:1396-1406.

Conundrum for Providers:

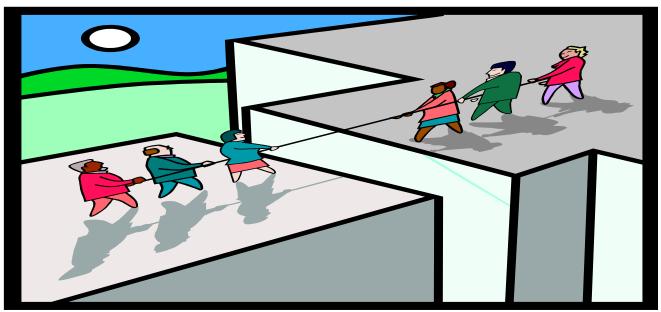
- ? Provide higher EE dose COCs (30 µg) -
 - THOUGHT to have higher risk of VTE in obese women but
 - MAY be more effective at preventing pregnancy?

OR

- ? Provide lower EE dose COCs (20µg)-
 - MAY be less effective but THOUGHT to have lower risk of VTE?
 OR

? Provide POPs

> MAY be less effective but HAVE lower risk of VTE?





BMI or Weight?

- Some studies report loss of effect at higher weights rather than BMI.
- BMI is not known for some studies



Contraceptive Patch Studies

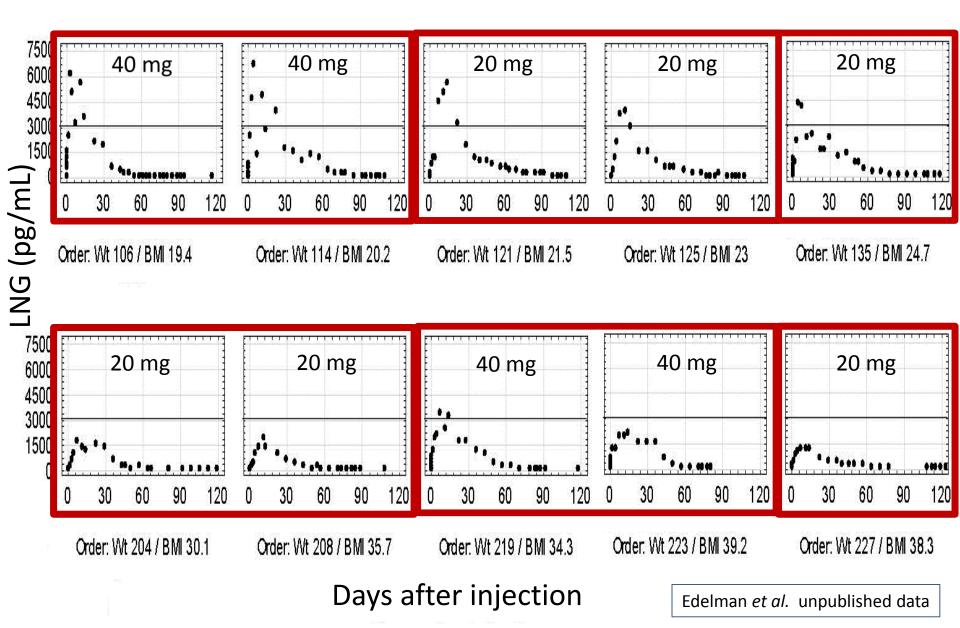
Patch studies:

Norelgestromin (150µg)/EE (20µg) - 15 pregnancies in 3319 women

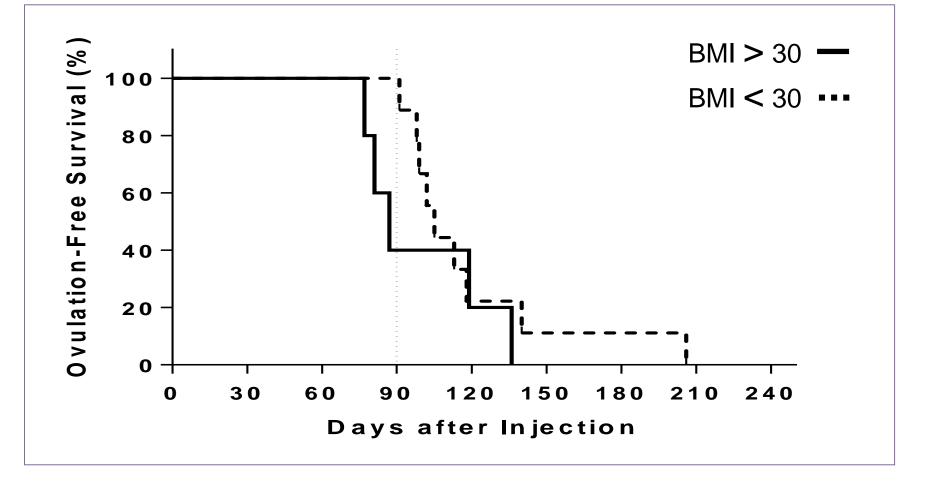
- Failures were clustered in higher weight women
 - 20% of women weighed ≥74 kg (163 lbs) but
 60% (9) of the 15 pregnancies occurred in these women
 - > 3% of the study population weighed ≥90 kg (198 lbs)
 5 pregnancies
 - body weight in a proportional hazards model p<0.001

Zieman M, Guillebaud J, Weisberg E, Shangold GA, Fisher AC, Creasy GW Contraceptive efficacy and cycle control with the Ortho Evra[™]/Evra[™] transdermal system: the analysis of pooled data. *Fertil Steril*. 2002 77:S13-18.

PK Study for IM Injection of Levonorgestrel Butanoate



Treatment Day of Return to Ovulation



Edelman et al. unpublished data



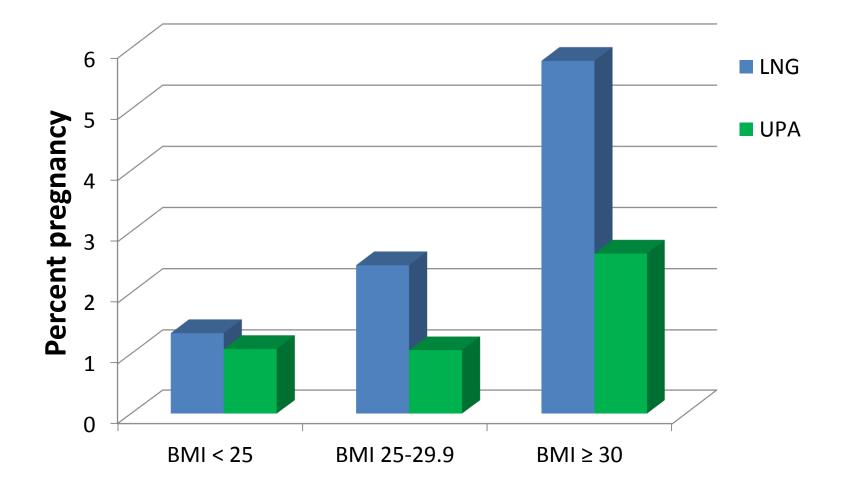
Levonorgestrel Contraceptive Vaginal Rings

Efficacy of LNG rings releasing 20 µg/d

	Pregnancy rate %
Overall pregnancy rate	3.7
Women ~40 kg	1.8
Women ~80 kg	9.8

Koetsawang S *et al.* Microdose intravaginal levonorgestrel contraception: a multicentre clinical trial. III. The relationship between pregnancy rate and body weight. World Health Organization. Task Force on Long-Acting Systemic Agents for Fertility Regulation. Contraception. 1990 Feb;41(2):143-50.

Pregnancy following EC Treatment Stratified by BMI



Glasier A1, Cameron ST, Blithe D, Scherrer B, Mathe H, Levy D, Gainer E, Ulmann A. Can we identify women at risk of pregnancy despite using emergency contraception? Data from randomized trials of ulipristal acetate and levonorgestrel. *Contraception*. 2011, 84:363-367.

Contraceptive Effectiveness and Obesity – FDA meta-analysis

7 Studies of COCs

- DES (150)/EE (20,10)
- LNG (100)/EE (20,10)
- LNG (150) EE (20,25,30)
 LNG (150) EE (10)
- LNG (90)/EE (20)
- NET (800)/EE (25)
- NETA (1000)/EE (10)
- NGM (180,215,250)/EE(25)
 NGM (180,250)/EE (25)
 NGM (60, 180/EE (20)

<u>% Obese</u>	<u>mean BMI</u>	<u>IRR</u>
29.9 (NR)	36.9	2.44
25.7 (NR)	36.1	1.29
28.3 (NR)	36.3	1.67
21.7 (NR)	35.5	1.98
14.0 (≤35)	32.4	1.72
16.3 (≤35)	32.3	0.64*
8.5 (≤35)	32.1	0.89*

* High Pearl Index in non-obese group

Yamazaki M, Dwyer K, Sohban M, Davis D, Kim MJ, Soule L, Willett G, Yu C. Effect of obesity on the effectiveness of hormonal contraceptives: an individual participant data meta-analysis. *Contraception* 2015 Nov (5) 92:445-452

Cochrane Review: Hormonal Contraceptives and Obesity* -Top Tier Methods

- Copper IUD or LNG IUS (not reviewed) likely not a problem
- Etonogestrel implants ok within initial 3 year window (if not challenged by increased metabolism of the progestin)
- LNG implants effective for up to 7 years but first failures were observed in higher weight women. Sivin et al. Contraception 2001 64: 43-49

-LNG Implants and Efavirenz

Scarsi K, et al. Efavirenz- but not nevirapine-based antiretroviral therapy decreases exposure to the levonorgestrel released from a sub-dermal contraceptive implant. J Int AIDS Soc. 2014 Nov 2;17(4 Suppl)

-Etonogestrel and ARV

Vieira CS, *et al*. Effect of antiretroviral therapy including lopinavir/ritonavir or efavirenz on etonogestrel-releasing implant pharmacokinetics in HIV-positive women. *J Acquir Immune Defic Syndr*. 2014 Aug 1;66(4):378-85

Landolt NK *et al.* Significant decrease of ethinylestradiol with nevirapine, and of etonogestrel with efavirenz in HIV-positive women. *J Acquir Immune Defic Syndr.* 2014 Jun 1;66(2):e50-2.

- $\uparrow \downarrow$ CYP 3A4 enzyme
- \uparrow amount of fat tissue where lipophilic steroids can accumulate
- \uparrow adipose metabolism

* Lopez LM, Grimes DA, Chen M, Otterness C, Westhoff C, Edelman A, Helmerhorst FM. Hormonal contraceptives for contraception in overweight or obese women. *Cochrane Database of Systematic Reviews* 2013, Issue 4. Art. No.: CD008452.

Cochrane Review – Mid Tier

• Injectables ok (IM or SubQ) within the three month window. Additional months?

• COCs – depends on the product...studies disagree

both high dose (30 μg EE/150 μg LNG) & low dose (20 μg EE/100 μg LNG)
 ---less effective in FDA meta analysis

Yamazaki M, Dwyer K, Sohban M, Davis D, Kim M-J, Soule L, Willett G, Yu C. Effect of obesity on the effectiveness of hormonal contraceptives: an individual participant data meta-analysis. *Contraception* 2015, Aug 4. pii: S0010-7824(15)00508-9

-shorter or no pill free interval may improve efficacy, but follicular activity more frequently observed in obese women - more at risk of ovulation if pills are missed. Edelman AB *et al.* Correcting oral contraceptive pharmacokinetic alterations due to obesity: a randomized controlled trial. *Contraception*. 2014 90:550-6.

• Rings

- -LNG rings lost effectiveness in higher weight women
- –Etonogestrel/EE contraceptive vaginal rings appear to remain above threshold levels for up to 6 weeks

Dragoman M, *et al.* Contraceptive vaginal ring effectiveness is maintained during 6 weeks of use: a prospective study of normal BMI and obese women. *Contraception.* 2013 87:432-6

Patch – significant loss of effectiveness at higher weights

Zieman M, *et al.* Contraceptive efficacy and cycle control with the Ortho Evra™/Evra™ transdermal system: the analysis of pooled data. *Fertil Steril.* 2002 77:S13-18.

Drug-Drug Interactions -Are Obese Women Closer to the Edge?

- Antibiotics and OCs
- Implants and Efavirenz

Reproductive-age women in 2015?

- Concomitant meds associated with metabolic syndrome components and contraceptives?
- Anti- depressant meds and contraceptives?
- Stimulant meds for ADHD, etc?
- Obesity blood levels and any drug that tips them over the threshold for effectiveness?

Bariatric Surgery

After malabsorptive surgery

- COCs - Medical Eligibility Criteria = 3

based on predicted lower absorption rate of COCs

Clinical Trials.gov:

PI: **Anne Burke -** Impact of Gastric Bypass Surgery on the Pharmacokinetics of Oral Contraceptive Hormones. Johns Hopkins Bayview Medical Center Baltimore, Maryland, United States

PI: **Anne Bachelot -** Pharmacological Evaluation of Hormonal Contraceptive Treatments in Obese Women Before and After **Bariatric** Surgery. Hôpital Ambroise Paré; Pitié Salpetriere Hospital Paris, France



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