## Supplementary files

## Media used for experiments

#### Culture medium (CM)

Medium containing RPMI 1640 (Gibco 72400-021), penicillin/streptomycin (Gibco 15140-122), Fungizone (E.R. Squibb & Sons Ltd 49182), 10% heat-inactivated human AB serum (Sigma-Aldrich H4522-100ML), and 6,000 IU/mL IL-2 (Proleukin ®, Novartis 004184).

# Tumor medium (R10)

Medium containing RPMI 1640, penicillin/streptomycin, 10% fetal bovine serum (Gibco 10270-106), and Solucortef (Pfizer H02AB09).

## Enzyme digest medium

Medium containing RPMI 1640, penicillin/streptomycin, 1mg/mL collagenase (Sigma-Aldrich), and 0.0125 mg/mL dornase alpha (Pulmozyme, Roche 148213).

# Antibodies used for flow cytometry

Antibody and fluorochrome	Provider	Catalog no.
7AAD PerCP	<b>BD</b> Biosciences	559925
BTLA PE	<b>BD</b> Biosciences	558485
CCR7 FITC	R&D systems	FAB197F
CCR7 PE-Cy7	<b>BD</b> Biosciences	557648
CD127 Pe-Cy7	<b>BD</b> Biosciences	560822
CD137 APC	Biolegend	309810
CD137 PE	<b>BD</b> Biosciences	555956
CD16 FITC	DAKO	F7011
CD25 BV421	<b>BD</b> Biosciences	564033
CD27 PE	<b>BD</b> Biosciences	340425
CD28 APC	<b>BD</b> Biosciences	559770
CD3 AmCyan	<b>BD</b> Biosciences	339186
CD3 BV510	<b>BD</b> Biosciences	740202
CD3 FITC	<b>BD</b> Biosciences	345763
CD4 APC	<b>BD</b> Biosciences	345771
CD4 BV510	<b>BD</b> Biosciences	562970
CD4 PerCP	<b>BD</b> Biosciences	345770
CD45RA APC	<b>BD</b> Biosciences	550855
CD45RA FITC	<b>BD</b> Biosciences	335039
CD45RO PE	<b>BD</b> Biosciences	347967
CD56 PE	<b>BD</b> Biosciences	345810
CD56 PE Cy7	<b>BD</b> Biosciences	557747
CD57 FITC	<b>BD</b> Biosciences	555619
CD62L APC	<b>BD</b> Biosciences	559772
CD62L APC Cy7	BioLegend	304814
CD69 Pe-Cy7	<b>BD</b> Biosciences	557745
CD8 BV421	<b>BD</b> Biosciences	562428
CD8 PB	DAKO	PB984
CD8 PerCP	<b>BD</b> Biosciences	345774
FoxP3 PE	eBioscience	12-4776-42
Gamma-Delta TCR PE	Biolegend	331212
LAG3 FITC	LS Biosciences	LS-B2237
PD1 Pe-Cy7	<b>BD</b> Biosciences	561272
TIM3 APC	eBioscience	17-3109-42

#### Supplementary figure legend

### Figure S1

Bar plot showing median expansion time of Young TILs for each sarcoma subtype. Each open circle represents one patient sample.

## Figure S2

Scatter plot showing percentage of  $\alpha\beta$  T cells,  $\gamma\delta$  T cells, and NK cells in the Young TIL and REP TIL populations, and scatter plot showing percentage of naïve T cells (CD3+CD45RO-CCR7+), central memory T cells (CD3+CD45RO+CCR7+), effector memory T cells (CD3+CD45RO+CCR7-), and effector T cells (CD3+CD45RO-CCR7-) in the Young TIL and REP TIL populations.

#### **Figure S3**

Microscope images of established tumor cell lines. The described malignant characteristics were also present in the tumor at the time of surgery. **A**) Photograph showing many vacuolated "lipoblast-like/lipoblast" pleomorphic cells in a sample from a pleomorphic liposarcoma (SAR-30). **B**) Photograph showing pleomorphic cell population with many mitotic figures in a sample from an inflammatory myofibroblastic sarcoma (SAR-26). **C**) Photograph showing mononuclear and multinuclear giant cells in a sample from an undifferentiated pleomorphic sarcoma (SAR-14).

### Figure S4

Additional phenotypic data of TIL stimulated with CD3, 41BB or a combination of these. **A**) Scatter plot showing percentage of  $\gamma\delta$  T cells in the Young TIL populations for the four analyte groups. **B**) Scatter plot showing percentage of  $\alpha\beta$  T cells in the REP TIL populations for the four analyte groups. **C**) Bar plots showing median percentage of CD4<sup>+</sup> and CD8+ T cells expressing CD27, CD28, 4-1BB, PD-1, LAG3, BTLA, and TIM-3 in REP TILs stimulated with only IL-2 (white), IL-2+anti-CD3 (blue), IL-2+4-1BB (black), and IL-2+anti-CD3+4-1BB (red). Each dot represents one patient sample. **D-G**) Bar plots showing median NPX values as measures of CCL4, CD70, CSF-1, and CD83 concentrations in the supernatants on day 5 of expansion. Each open circle represents one patient sample.

## Figure S5

Graph showing an example of cytolysis from a TIL sample with high reactivity (SAR-26) as a function of time using xCelligence. In this sample we tested if PD-1 blocking, LAG3 blocking, or 4-1BB stimulation had any effect on cytolysis. The arrow indicates the time point of addition of the REP TILs.

## Figure S6

FACS plots showing gating strategies for TIL phenotype analyses.