Salmonella-Mediated Tumor Regression Involves Targeting of Tumor Myeloid Suppressor Cells causing a Shift to M1-like Phenotype and Reduction in Suppressive Capacity

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Supplementary Figure 1

SFigure 1. Selective expansion of Gr-1⁺ splenic myeloid cells following Salmonella treatment. The percentage (panels *A*-*C*) and absolute cell counts (panels *D*-*F*) of CD11b⁺Gr-1^{high} (panels *A*, *D*), CD11b⁺Gr-1^{Inter} (panels *B*, *E*), and CD11b⁺Gr-1^{-/low} (panels *C*, *F*) were determined by FACS staining with specific mAbs in non-treated or Salmonella-treated mice at day 8 post treatment. Each data point represents the mean \pm SEM of 3 mice per group. Asterisks denote statistically significant differences between the indicated groups (****, *p*<0.0001; ***, *p*<0.001; **, *p*<0.01; *, *p*<0.05). The results are representative of 3 independent experiments.

Supplementary Figure 2



SFigure 2. Upregulation of myeloid activation markers on splenic cells after Salmonella-treatment. This analysis is based on the FACS staining profiles shown in Figure 3. The data are depicted as the mean fluorescent intensity (MFI) of MHC class II (panel *A*), CD80 (panel *B*), CD86 (panel *C*), CD40 (panel *D*) and Sca-1 (panel *E*) proteins on CD11b⁺Gr-1^{high} and CD11b⁺Gr-1^{Inter} myeloid populations in non-treated or at day 8 post Salmonella treatment. Asterisks denote statistically significant differences between the non-treated and Salmonella-treated groups for each myeloid subpopulation (****, p < 0.0001; ***, p < 0.001; **, p < 0.01). The results are representative of 3 independent experiments.

Supplementary Figure 3



SFigure 3. Expansion and activation profile of Gr-1^+ myeloid cells in tumor tissue following Salmonella treatment. The percentages of CD11b⁺Gr-1⁺ (panel *A*) and CD11b⁺Gr-1⁻ (panels *B*) among tumor infiltrating cells were determined by staining with specific mAbs in non-treated or Salmonella-treated mice at day 8 post treatment. Each data point represents the mean ± SEM of 3 mice per group. (*C-G*) Expression of myeloid activation markers MHC class II, CD80, CD86, Sca-1, and CD40, respectively, on intratumoral myeloid cells. The data are depicted as the mean fluorescent intensity of each of the indicated proteins on CD11b⁺Gr-1⁺ and CD11b⁺Gr-1⁻ myeloid populations in non-treated or Salmonella-treated mice. Asterisks denote statistically significant differences between the non-treated and Salmonella-treated groups for each myeloid subpopulation (**, *p*<0.01; *, *p*<0.05). The results are representative of 2 independent experiments.