

Reporting Summary

Nature Portfolio wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Portfolio policies, see our [Editorial Policies](#) and the [Editorial Policy Checklist](#).

Statistics

For all statistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.

n/a | Confirmed

- The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement
- A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly
- The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided
Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.
- A description of all covariates tested
- A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons
- A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)
- For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. F , t , r) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and P value noted
Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.
- For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings
- For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes
- Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d , Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated

Our web collection on [statistics for biologists](#) contains articles on many of the points above.

Software and code

Policy information about [availability of computer code](#)

Data collection
CyTOF® Software v7.1 (Standard Bio tools, USA)
BD FACSDiva™ (BD Biosciences, NJ, USA)
Viedoc v.4 (Viedoc Technologies AB, Uppsala, Sweden)

Data analysis
R v.4.1.2
cytofkit2 v.0.99.80
cyCombine v.0.2.10
FlowJo v.10.8.1 (Tree Star Inc, OR, USA)

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Portfolio [guidelines for submitting code & software](#) for further information.

Data

Policy information about [availability of data](#)

All manuscripts must include a [data availability statement](#). This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A description of any restrictions on data availability
- For clinical datasets or third party data, please ensure that the statement adheres to our [policy](#)

Data generated from this study will be available upon reasonable request. The data is subject to patient confidentiality, and the transfer of data will require approval from the Regional Committee for Medical and Health Research Ethics South-East Norway. Requests should be made to the corresponding author (jonky@ous-hf.no).

Research involving human participants, their data, or biological material

Policy information about studies with [human participants or human data](#). See also policy information about [sex, gender \(identity/presentation\), and sexual orientation](#) and [race, ethnicity and racism](#).

Reporting on sex and gender	Self-reported gender is provided in Table 1. All but one patient identified as female. This imbalance is due to the disease studied. All healthy donors identified as females.
Reporting on race, ethnicity, or other socially relevant groupings	Not used in this manuscript.
Population characteristics	A total of 104 patients with metastatic HER2- BC (mean age=54 years, range=29-75 years, female=103) and 20 age- and gender-matched healthy donors (HD; mean age=50.5 years, range=42-71 years, all females) were included in the study. Disease state at the time of sampling was stage IV and the study cohort comprised 57 HR+BC and 47 TNBC patients. Seventy-two patients received previous (neo) adjuvant chemotherapy and 55 patients received CDK4/6 inhibitors.
Recruitment	The patients were included in the study from Oslo University Hospital (OUH), Stavanger University Hospital, and St. Olavs Hospital, Norway. Material from the BC patients was obtained as part of patient recruitment for two clinical trials (ALICE NCT03164993; ICON NCT03409198).
Ethics oversight	The study was approved by the Norwegian Medicines Agency, Institutional Review Board and Regional Committees for Medical Research Ethics (2016/1750, 2017/1283). Written informed consent was obtained from all patients. The HD were anonymized. The trials were conducted in compliance with the World Medical Association Declaration of Helsinki.

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

Field-specific reporting

Please select the one below that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.

Life sciences Behavioural & social sciences Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences

For a reference copy of the document with all sections, see nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf

Life sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Sample size	No sample size calculation was performed for CyTOF analysis. PBMCs from patients entering into two clinical trials (ALICE NCT03164993; ICON NCT03409198) were retrospectively analyzed by mass cytometry and flowcytometry.
Data exclusions	No data was excluded from the analysis.
Replication	Experiments were performed on a single cohort and were not replicated.
Randomization	No randomization was performed. PBMCs from patients entering into two clinical trials (ALICE NCT03164993; ICON NCT03409198) were retrospectively analyzed by mass cytometry and flowcytometry.
Blinding	Previous treatment information was not blinded.

Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.

Materials & experimental systems

Methods

- n/a Involved in the study
- Antibodies
- Eukaryotic cell lines
- Palaeontology and archaeology
- Animals and other organisms
- Clinical data
- Dual use research of concern
- Plants

- n/a Involved in the study
- ChIP-seq
- Flow cytometry
- MRI-based neuroimaging

Antibodies

- Antibodies used Flow antibodies used: CD3-BUV395 (RRID:AB_2744382, BD Biosciences), CD4-BV510 (RRID:AB_2869877, BD Biosciences), CD25-BV605 (RRID:AB_2800963, BioLegend), Foxp3-PE (RRID:AB_1944444, ThermoFisher), IFNy-FITC (RRID:AB_465415, ThermoFisher), CD45-A488 (#304017, Biolegend), CD3-Pacific blue (#300431, Biolegend), CD4-PE (#344606, Biolegend), CD127-BV786 (#563324, BD biosciences), CD14-PE-Cy7 (#325618, Biolegend), CD33-BV711 (#303424, Biolegend), HLA-DR-BV650 (#307650, Biolegend). Antibodies used in mass cytometry: Details are provided in supplementary table 1 of the manuscript.
- Validation All primary antibodies were commercially available.

Eukaryotic cell lines

Policy information about [cell lines and Sex and Gender in Research](#)

- Cell line source(s) State the source of each cell line used and the sex of all primary cell lines and cells derived from human participants or vertebrate models.
- Authentication Describe the authentication procedures for each cell line used OR declare that none of the cell lines used were authenticated.
- Mycoplasma contamination Confirm that all cell lines tested negative for mycoplasma contamination OR describe the results of the testing for mycoplasma contamination OR declare that the cell lines were not tested for mycoplasma contamination.
- Commonly misidentified lines (See [ICLAC](#) register) Name any commonly misidentified cell lines used in the study and provide a rationale for their use.

Palaeontology and Archaeology

- Specimen provenance Provide provenance information for specimens and describe permits that were obtained for the work (including the name of the issuing authority, the date of issue, and any identifying information). Permits should encompass collection and, where applicable, export.
- Specimen deposition Indicate where the specimens have been deposited to permit free access by other researchers.
- Dating methods If new dates are provided, describe how they were obtained (e.g. collection, storage, sample pretreatment and measurement), where they were obtained (i.e. lab name), the calibration program and the protocol for quality assurance OR state that no new dates are provided.
- Tick this box to confirm that the raw and calibrated dates are available in the paper or in Supplementary Information.
- Ethics oversight Identify the organization(s) that approved or provided guidance on the study protocol, OR state that no ethical approval or guidance was required and explain why not.

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

Animals and other research organisms

Policy information about [studies involving animals](#); [ARRIVE guidelines](#) recommended for reporting animal research, and [Sex and Gender in Research](#)

- Laboratory animals For laboratory animals, report species, strain and age OR state that the study did not involve laboratory animals.
- Wild animals Provide details on animals observed in or captured in the field; report species and age where possible. Describe how animals were

Wild animals	<i>caught and transported and what happened to captive animals after the study (if killed, explain why and describe method; if released, say where and when) OR state that the study did not involve wild animals.</i>
Reporting on sex	<i>Indicate if findings apply to only one sex; describe whether sex was considered in study design, methods used for assigning sex. Provide data disaggregated for sex where this information has been collected in the source data as appropriate; provide overall numbers in this Reporting Summary. Please state if this information has not been collected. Report sex-based analyses where performed, justify reasons for lack of sex-based analysis.</i>
Field-collected samples	<i>For laboratory work with field-collected samples, describe all relevant parameters such as housing, maintenance, temperature, photoperiod and end-of-experiment protocol OR state that the study did not involve samples collected from the field.</i>
Ethics oversight	<i>Identify the organization(s) that approved or provided guidance on the study protocol, OR state that no ethical approval or guidance was required and explain why not.</i>

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

Clinical data

Policy information about [clinical studies](#)

All manuscripts should comply with the ICMJE [guidelines for publication of clinical research](#) and a completed [CONSORT checklist](#) must be included with all submissions.

Clinical trial registration	<i>Provide the trial registration number from ClinicalTrials.gov or an equivalent agency.</i>
Study protocol	<i>Note where the full trial protocol can be accessed OR if not available, explain why.</i>
Data collection	<i>Describe the settings and locales of data collection, noting the time periods of recruitment and data collection.</i>
Outcomes	<i>Describe how you pre-defined primary and secondary outcome measures and how you assessed these measures.</i>

Dual use research of concern

Policy information about [dual use research of concern](#)

Hazards

Could the accidental, deliberate or reckless misuse of agents or technologies generated in the work, or the application of information presented in the manuscript, pose a threat to:

No	Yes	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Public health
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	National security
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Crops and/or livestock
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Ecosystems
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any other significant area

Experiments of concern

Does the work involve any of these experiments of concern:

No	Yes	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Demonstrate how to render a vaccine ineffective
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Confer resistance to therapeutically useful antibiotics or antiviral agents
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Enhance the virulence of a pathogen or render a nonpathogen virulent
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Increase transmissibility of a pathogen
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Alter the host range of a pathogen
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Enable evasion of diagnostic/detection modalities
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Enable the weaponization of a biological agent or toxin
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Any other potentially harmful combination of experiments and agents

Plants

Seed stocks	Report on the source of all seed stocks or other plant material used. If applicable, state the seed stock centre and catalogue number. If plant specimens were collected from the field, describe the collection location, date and sampling procedures.
Novel plant genotypes	Describe the methods by which all novel plant genotypes were produced. This includes those generated by transgenic approaches, gene editing, chemical/radiation-based mutagenesis and hybridization. For transgenic lines, describe the transformation method, the number of independent lines analyzed and the generation upon which experiments were performed. For gene-edited lines, describe the editor used, the endogenous sequence targeted for editing, the targeting guide RNA sequence (if applicable) and how the editor was applied.
Authentication	Describe any authentication procedures for each seed stock used or novel genotype generated. Describe any experiments used to assess the effect of a mutation and, where applicable, how potential secondary effects (e.g. second site T-DNA insertions, mosaicism, off-target gene editing) were examined.

ChIP-seq

Data deposition

- Confirm that both raw and final processed data have been deposited in a public database such as [GEO](#).
- Confirm that you have deposited or provided access to graph files (e.g. BED files) for the called peaks.

Data access links <i>May remain private before publication.</i>	For "Initial submission" or "Revised version" documents, provide reviewer access links. For your "Final submission" document, provide a link to the deposited data.
Files in database submission	Provide a list of all files available in the database submission.
Genome browser session (e.g. UCSC)	Provide a link to an anonymized genome browser session for "Initial submission" and "Revised version" documents only, to enable peer review. Write "no longer applicable" for "Final submission" documents.

Methodology

Replicates	Describe the experimental replicates, specifying number, type and replicate agreement.
Sequencing depth	Describe the sequencing depth for each experiment, providing the total number of reads, uniquely mapped reads, length of reads and whether they were paired- or single-end.
Antibodies	Describe the antibodies used for the ChIP-seq experiments; as applicable, provide supplier name, catalog number, clone name, and lot number.
Peak calling parameters	Specify the command line program and parameters used for read mapping and peak calling, including the ChIP, control and index files used.
Data quality	Describe the methods used to ensure data quality in full detail, including how many peaks are at FDR 5% and above 5-fold enrichment.
Software	Describe the software used to collect and analyze the ChIP-seq data. For custom code that has been deposited into a community repository, provide accession details.

Flow Cytometry

Plots

Confirm that:

- The axis labels state the marker and fluorochrome used (e.g. CD4-FITC).
- The axis scales are clearly visible. Include numbers along axes only for bottom left plot of group (a 'group' is an analysis of identical markers).
- All plots are contour plots with outliers or pseudocolor plots.
- A numerical value for number of cells or percentage (with statistics) is provided.

Methodology

Sample preparation	PBMCs from BC patients and HD were isolated using LymphoPrep density-gradient centrifugation (Abbott Rapid Diagnostics, Norway), and cryopreserved in liquid nitrogen until flowcytometry assays. Freshly obtained tumor biopsies from mBC patients were mechanically chopped and then dissociated in a buffer (containing collagenase-IV; 1mg/ml, hyaluronidase; 1mg/ml, DNase-I (50 µg/ml), and 10% FBS in DMEM F12 medium) at 37°C water bath for 45 minutes. Single Cell suspensions were then filtered, washed with PBS and subjected to flow cytometry.
--------------------	---

Instrument	BD LSR II, BD FACSymphony A5 flow cytometer (BD Biosciences)
Software	BD FACSDiva™ (BD Biosciences, NJ, USA), FlowJo v.10.8.1 (Tree Star Inc, OR, USA)
Cell population abundance	No cell sorting was performed.
Gating strategy	For flow cytometry on tumor biopsies, cells were identified on FSC-A and SSC-A. Cell doublets exclusion was done using SSC-A and SSC-W, and dead cells were further excluded by live-dead dye (eF780, ThermoFisher). Immune cell subsets were identified as CD4+ T cells (CD3+CD4+CD8-), CD3+CD4- T cells (CD3+CD4-), Regulatory T cells (CD3+CD4+CD25+CD127-), B-cells (CD3-CD19+), NK cells (CD3-CD56+), Macrophages (CD14+CD15-) and Mo-MDSCs (CD14+HLADR-). For Tregs estimation by flow, Total PBMCs were gated using live-dead dye (eFluor780) and lymphocytes were identified by FSC-A and SSC-A and cell doublets were excluded based on SSCA and SSC-H. Tregs were defined as CD3+CD4+CD25+Foxp3+.

Tick this box to confirm that a figure exemplifying the gating strategy is provided in the Supplementary Information.

Magnetic resonance imaging

Experimental design

Design type	<i>Indicate task or resting state; event-related or block design.</i>
Design specifications	<i>Specify the number of blocks, trials or experimental units per session and/or subject, and specify the length of each trial or block (if trials are blocked) and interval between trials.</i>
Behavioral performance measures	<i>State number and/or type of variables recorded (e.g. correct button press, response time) and what statistics were used to establish that the subjects were performing the task as expected (e.g. mean, range, and/or standard deviation across subjects).</i>

Acquisition

Imaging type(s)	<i>Specify: functional, structural, diffusion, perfusion.</i>
Field strength	<i>Specify in Tesla</i>
Sequence & imaging parameters	<i>Specify the pulse sequence type (gradient echo, spin echo, etc.), imaging type (EPI, spiral, etc.), field of view, matrix size, slice thickness, orientation and TE/TR/flip angle.</i>
Area of acquisition	<i>State whether a whole brain scan was used OR define the area of acquisition, describing how the region was determined.</i>
Diffusion MRI	<input type="checkbox"/> Used <input type="checkbox"/> Not used

Preprocessing

Preprocessing software	<i>Provide detail on software version and revision number and on specific parameters (model/functions, brain extraction, segmentation, smoothing kernel size, etc.).</i>
Normalization	<i>If data were normalized/standardized, describe the approach(es): specify linear or non-linear and define image types used for transformation OR indicate that data were not normalized and explain rationale for lack of normalization.</i>
Normalization template	<i>Describe the template used for normalization/transformation, specifying subject space or group standardized space (e.g. original Talairach, MNI305, ICBM152) OR indicate that the data were not normalized.</i>
Noise and artifact removal	<i>Describe your procedure(s) for artifact and structured noise removal, specifying motion parameters, tissue signals and physiological signals (heart rate, respiration).</i>
Volume censoring	<i>Define your software and/or method and criteria for volume censoring, and state the extent of such censoring.</i>

Statistical modeling & inference

Model type and settings	<i>Specify type (mass univariate, multivariate, RSA, predictive, etc.) and describe essential details of the model at the first and second levels (e.g. fixed, random or mixed effects; drift or auto-correlation).</i>
Effect(s) tested	<i>Define precise effect in terms of the task or stimulus conditions instead of psychological concepts and indicate whether ANOVA or factorial designs were used.</i>
Specify type of analysis:	<input type="checkbox"/> Whole brain <input type="checkbox"/> ROI-based <input type="checkbox"/> Both
Statistic type for inference	<i>Specify voxel-wise or cluster-wise and report all relevant parameters for cluster-wise methods.</i>

(See [Eklund et al. 2016](#))

Models & analysis

n/a | Involved in the study

 Functional and/or effective connectivity Graph analysis Multivariate modeling or predictive analysis

Functional and/or effective connectivity

Report the measures of dependence used and the model details (e.g. Pearson correlation, partial correlation, mutual information).

Graph analysis

Report the dependent variable and connectivity measure, specifying weighted graph or binarized graph, subject- or group-level, and the global and/or node summaries used (e.g. clustering coefficient, efficiency, etc.).

Multivariate modeling and predictive analysis

Specify independent variables, features extraction and dimension reduction, model, training and evaluation metrics.