

## Supplementary Materials

### Supplementary Tables

**Table S1.** Treatment information.

**Table S2.** Patient Characteristics after imputation of missing values.

**Table S3.** Univariate and multivariate associations between fifteen candidates markers and rapid progression in patients with PM/DM-ILD.

### Supplementary Figures

**Figure S1.** The pattern of missing values.

**Figure S2.** The multicollinearity of final model was assessed by tolerance (A) and variance inflation factor (B).

**Figure S3.** Dominance analysis assessed the relative importance of each independent predictor within the prediction model.

**Figure S4.** Sensitivity analyses verify the model's robustness.

**Figure S5.** Comparative assessments against previous models.

**Table S1.** Treatment information.

Treatment	Overall (N = 418)	Survivors (N = 327)	Non-Survivors (N = 91)	P value
Corticosteroid	418 (100%)	327 (100%)	91 (100%)	1.000
IVIG	71 (17%)	24 (7.3%)	47 (52%)	<0.001
IVCY	234 (56%)	184 (56%)	50 (55%)	0.822
Tacrolimus	102 (24%)	71 (22%)	31 (34%)	0.015
Cyclosporin	72 (17%)	57 (17%)	15 (16%)	0.832
Tofacitinib	50 (12%)	31 (9.5%)	19 (21%)	0.003
Treatment				0.635
Corticosteroid alone	52 (12%)	42 (13%)	10 (11%)	
Combined therapy	366 (88%)	285 (87%)	81 (89%)	

Note: Data are given as n (%). IVIG, intravenous immunogloblin; IVCY, intravenous cyclophosphamide.

**Table S2.** Patient Characteristics after imputation of missing values.

Characteristic	Overall (N = 418)	Development (N = 282)	Validation (N = 136)	P value
Age	56.0 (50.0-65.8)	55.5 (50.0-66.0)	56.0 (50.0-65.0)	0.496
Gender				0.811
Female	264 (63%)	177 (63%)	87 (64%)	
Male	154 (37%)	105 (37%)	49 (36%)	
Smoke	99 (24%)	73 (26%)	26 (19%)	0.127
Cough	350 (84%)	234 (83%)	116 (85%)	0.548
Breathless	375 (90%)	252 (89%)	123 (90%)	0.734
Fever				0.404
Absent	288 (69%)	198 (70%)	90 (66%)	
Present	130 (31%)	84 (30%)	46 (34%)	
Heliotrope sign				0.058
Absent	355 (85%)	233 (83%)	122 (90%)	
Present	63 (15%)	49 (17%)	14 (10%)	
Gotttron sign				0.434
Absent	219 (52%)	144 (51%)	75 (55%)	
Present	199 (48%)	138 (49%)	61 (45%)	
Myasthenia				0.600
Absent	335 (80%)	224 (79%)	111 (82%)	
Present	83 (20%)	58 (21%)	25 (18%)	
Arthralgia				0.135
Absent	326 (78%)	214 (76%)	112 (82%)	
Present	92 (22%)	68 (24%)	24 (18%)	
HRCT				0.258
NSIP	156 (37%)	100 (35%)	56 (41%)	
OP or UIP	262 (63%)	182 (65%)	80 (59%)	
MDA5				0.228
Negative	272 (65%)	178 (63%)	94 (69%)	
Positive	146 (35%)	104 (37%)	42 (31%)	
RO52				0.072
Negative	161 (39%)	117 (41%)	44 (32%)	
Positive	257 (61%)	165 (59%)	92 (68%)	
WBC	7.4 (5.4-10.0)	7.2 (5.4-10.0)	7.7 (5.4-10.0)	0.724
PLT	226.5 (173.0-285.8)	227.0 (173.3-295.3)	226.0 (172.0-276.8)	0.467
Lymphocyte	1.1 (0.8-1.7)	1.2 (0.7-1.7)	1.1 (0.8-1.7)	0.840
CD3 <sup>+</sup> CD4 <sup>+</sup> T	0.4 (0.2-0.6)	0.4 (0.2-0.6)	0.3 (0.2-0.5)	0.132
LDH	299.0 (237.0-429.0)	293.5 (233.3-409.0)	320.5 (246.5-439.3)	0.069
CRP	6.7 (3.8-21.4)	6.7 (3.8-20.7)	6.7 (3.9-21.6)	0.805

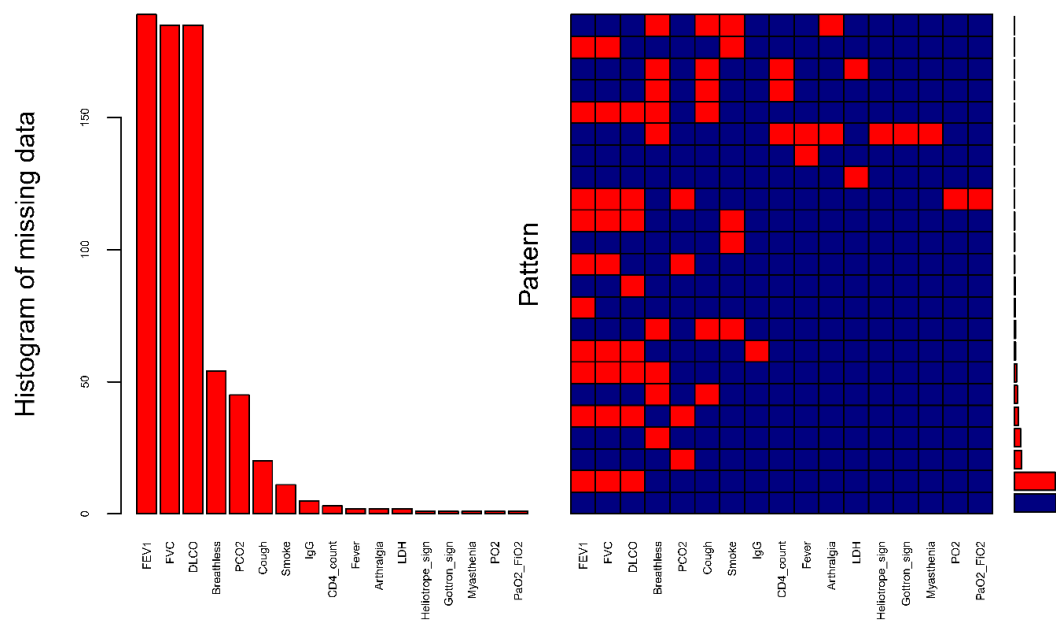
<b>IgG</b>	11.9 (9.6-14.7)	12.3 (9.7-14.8)	11.3 (9.2-14.5)	0.083
<b>ESR</b>	27.5 (16.0-44.0)	28.0 (16.0-45.8)	26.0 (13.0-41.5)	0.158
<b>CK</b>	49.0 (30.0-101.8)	46.5 (30.0-93.5)	55.0 (32.8-123.8)	0.142
<b>FVC%</b>	61.1 (49.5-71.0)	61.2 (50.8-71.2)	59.1 (46.3-68.7)	0.141
<b>FEV1%</b>	67.5 (55.9-76.1)	67.7 (56.3-75.8)	67.1 (54.6-76.9)	0.552
<b>DLCO%</b>	50.3 (41.0-64.6)	50.6 (41.9-65.1)	50.1 (39.8-63.2)	0.391
<b>PO2</b>	73.0 (64.0-85.0)	73.0 (64.0-86.0)	71.5 (63.8-82.8)	0.459
<b>PCO2</b>	35.3 (32.7-39.7)	35.5 (33.0-39.6)	35.1 (32.1-39.8)	0.621
<b>PaO2/FiO2</b>	310.0 (220.3-376.0)	319.0 (221.0-380.0)	305.0 (218.8-376.0)	0.249

Note: Data are given as median (IQR) or n (%). A Gottron’s sign and inverse Gottron’s sign were pooled in data collection. Abbreviations: WBC, white blood counts; PLT, platelets; LDH, lactate CT, CRP, C-reactive protein; IgG, immunoglobulin G; computed tomography; ESR, Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate; CK, creatine kinase; FVC%, forced vital capacity predicted; DLCO%, diffusing capacity of the lung for carbon monoxide predicted; FiO2, fraction of inspiration O2; MDA5, melanoma differentiation-associated gene 5; HRCT, high-resolution computed tomography; NSIP, nonspecific interstitial pneumonia; OP, organizing pneumonia; UIP, usual interstitial pneumonitis.

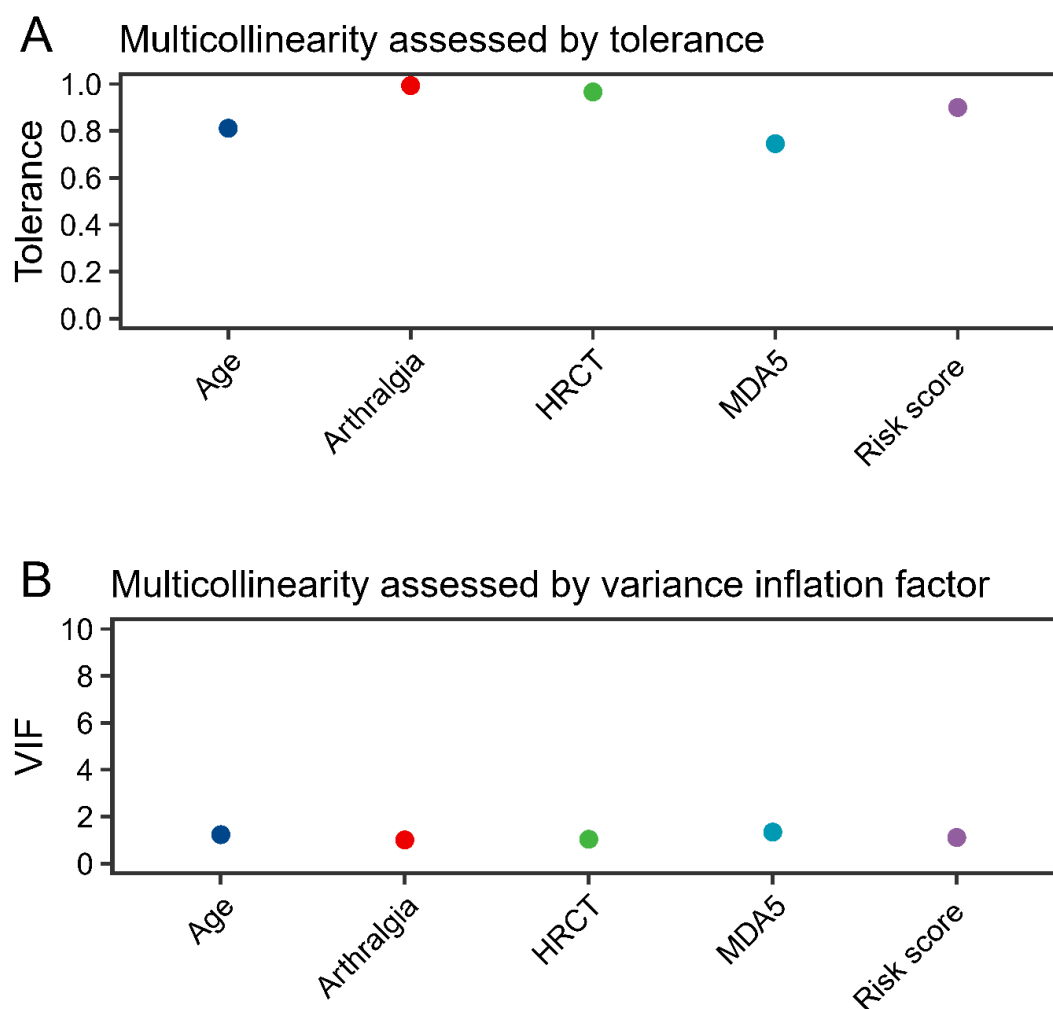
**Table S3.** Univariate and multivariate associations between fifteen candidates markers and rapid progression in patients with PM/DM-ILD.

Variable	Univariate Logistic Regression		Multivariate Logistic Regression*	
	OR (95% CI)	P value	OR (95% CI)	P value
WBC	1.01 (0.98-1.05)	0.532	-	-
PLT	1.00 (1.00-1.00)	0.420	-	-
Lymphocyte	0.26 (0.14-0.46)	<0.001	-	-
CD3 <sup>+</sup> CD4 <sup>+</sup> T	0.01 (0.00-0.07)	<0.001	0.09 (0.02-0.48)	0.005
LDH	1.00 (1.00-1.00)	<0.001	1.00 (1.00-1.00)	0.013
CRP	1.03 (1.01-1.04)	<0.001	1.01 (1.00-1.03)	0.071
IgG	0.99 (0.93-1.06)	0.792	-	-
ESR	1.02 (1.01-1.03)	0.001	-	-
CK	1.00 (1.00-1.00)	0.159	1.00 (1.00-1.00)	0.056
FVC%	0.96 (0.92-1.00)	0.035	-	-
FEV1%	0.97 (0.93-1.01)	0.186	-	-
DLCO%	0.98 (0.94-1.01)	0.138	-	-
PO <sub>2</sub>	0.95 (0.94-0.97)	<0.001	-	-
PCO <sub>2</sub>	0.87 (0.81-0.93)	<0.001	-	-
PaO <sub>2</sub> /FiO <sub>2</sub>	0.99 (0.98-0.99)	<0.001	0.99 (0.99-1.00)	<0.001

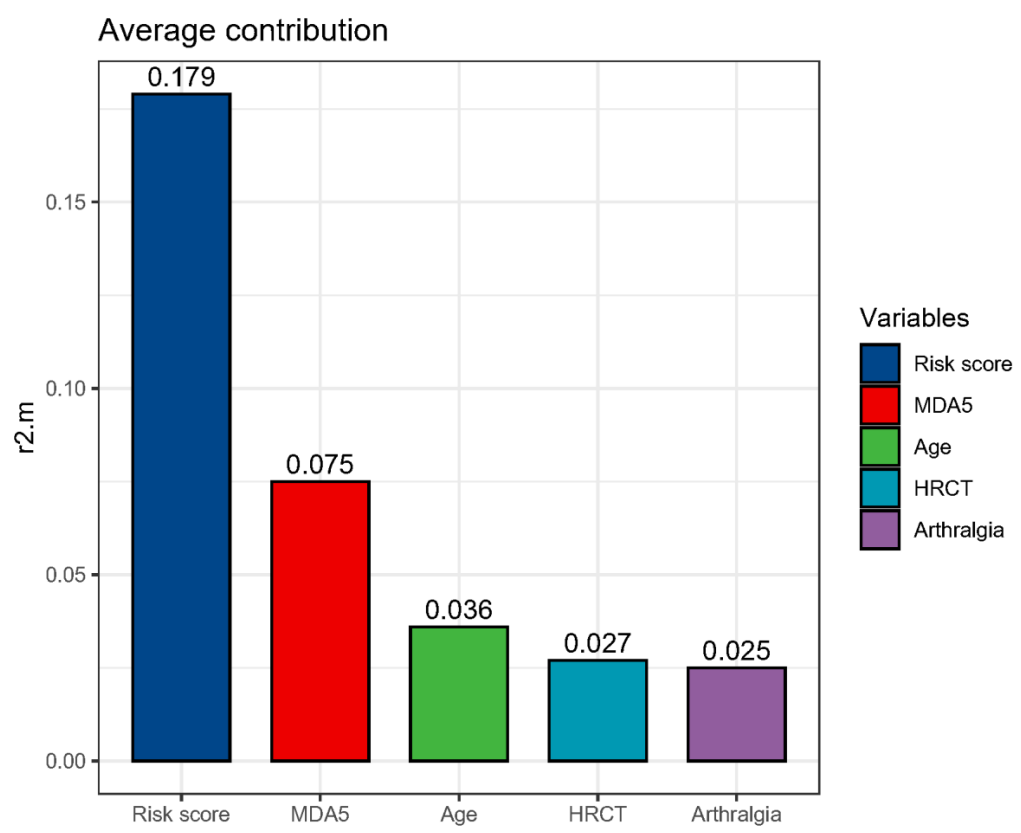
**Notes:** A stepwise multivariate logistic regression model guided by Akaike’s information criterion (AIC) as the stopping criterion was conducted and the results of final multivariate logistic regression model were given.  
**Abbreviations:** PM/DM-ILD, polymyositis/dermatomyositis-associated interstitial lung disease; WBC, white blood counts; PLT, platelets; LDH, lactate dehydrogenase; CRP, C-reactive protein; IgG, immunoglobulin G; ESR, Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate; CK, creatine kinase; FVC%, forced vital capacity predicted; DLCO%, diffusing capacity of the lung for carbon monoxide predicted; FiO<sub>2</sub>, fraction of inspiration O<sub>2</sub>.



**Figure S1.** The pattern of missing values.

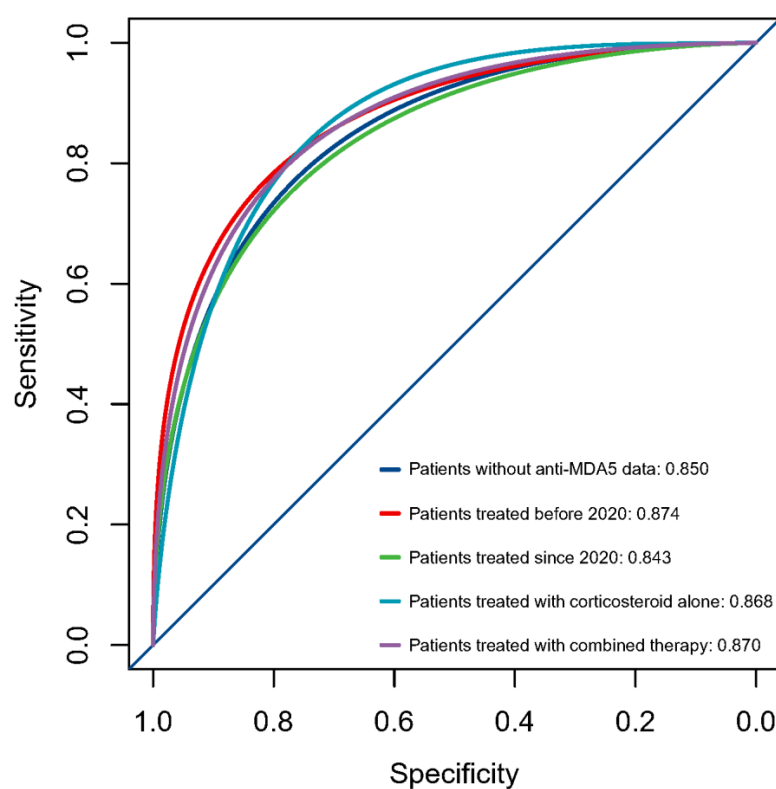


**Figure S2.** The multicollinearity of final model was assessed by tolerance (A) and variance inflation factor (B).

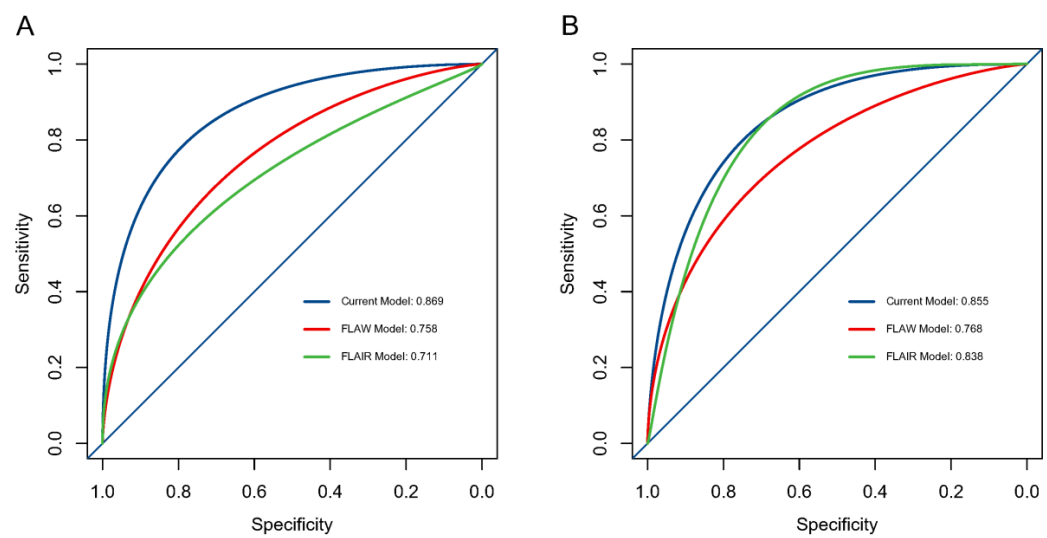


**Figure S3.** Dominance analysis assessed the relative importance of each independent predictor within the prediction model.





**Figure S4.** Sensitivity analyses verify the model's robustness.



**Figure S5.** Comparative assessments against previous models.